

Analysis of Population in West Bengal

According to the 2011 Census, West Bengal had a population of 9.13 Crores, showing an increase from 8.02 Crores in the 2001 census. The most recent census data reports a total population of 91,276,115, comprising 46,809,027 males and 44,467,088 females. In 2001, the total population stood at 80,176,197, with 41,465,985 males and 38,710,212 females. The population growth rate for the last decade was 13.84 percent, a decrease from the 17.84 percent growth rate in the previous decade. As of 2011, West Bengal's population accounts for 7.54 percent of India's total population, down from 7.79 percent in 2001

West Bengal Population 2023 (Projected)

The projected population of West Bengal in 2023 reflects the evolving demographic landscape of this Indian state. Changes in population trends play a crucial role in shaping the region's social, economic, and political dynamics.

Year	Projected Population
2011	9.13 Crores
2021	10.22 Crores
2022	10.33 Crores
2023	10.42 Crores

West Bengal Population By Religion

Hinduism stands as the predominant religion, as the hindu population in West Bengal boasts a significant majority with approximately 70.54% of the population adhering to this faith. Following closely behind is Islam, with approximately 27.01% of the population identifying as Muslims in West Bengal. Minority religions in the state include Christianity, followed by 0.72% of the population, Jainism, Sikhism, and Buddhism, each with a 0.07% following. Additionally, around 1.03% of the population has reported practicing 'Other Religions,' while approximately 0.25% have declared having 'No Particular Religion.' These statistics highlight the diverse religious landscape of West Bengal, with a significant Hindu population and a substantial Muslim population in West Bengal.

Description	Percentage
Hindu	70.54 %
Muslim	27.01 %
Other religion	1.03 %
Christian	0.72 %

West Bengal Population Data

West Bengal, a culturally rich state in eastern India, boasts a diverse population representing various religions and backgrounds. This demographic diversity is characterized by a majority of Hindus, followed by significant Muslim, Christian, Sikh, Jain, and Buddhist communities, among others, making it a fascinating mosaic of cultures and beliefs.

Description	Population (as per Census 2011)	Population (as per Census 2001)
Approximate Population	9.13 Crores	8.02 Crore
Actual Population	91,276,115	80,176,197
Male	46,809,027	41,465,985
Female	44,467,088	38,710,212
Population Growth	13.84%	17.84%
Percentage of Total Population	7.54%	7.79%
Sex Ratio	950	934
Child Sex Ratio	956	960
Density per sq.km.	1,028	903
Area(Km ²)	88,752	88,752
Total Child Population (0-6 Age)	10,581,466	11,414,222
Literacy	76.26 %	68.64 %
Male Literacy	81.69 %	77.02 %
Female Literacy	70.54 %	59.61 %

District Wise Population of West Bengal

West Bengal's population is distributed across its districts, each with its unique demographic composition. These districts showcase the state's rich diversity, both in terms of population density and cultural heterogeneity. From densely populated urban centers to serene rural landscapes, West Bengal's district-wise population reflects a tapestry of lifestyles and traditions.

District Name	Population (as per Census 2011)	Increase
North Twenty Four Parganas	10,009,781	12.04 %
South Twenty Four Parganas	8,161,961	18.17 %
Barddhaman	7,717,563	11.92 %
Murshidabad	7,103,807	21.09 %
Paschim Medinipur	5,913,457	13.86 %

Hugli	5,519,145	9.46 %
Nadia	5,167,600	12.22 %
Purba Medinipur	5,095,875	15.36 %
Haora	4,850,029	13.50 %
Kolkata	4,496,694	-1.67 %
Maldah	3,988,845	21.22 %
Jalpaiguri	3,872,846	13.87 %
Bankura	3,596,674	12.65 %
Birbhum	3,502,404	16.15 %
Uttar Dinajpur	3,007,134	23.15 %
Puruliya	2,930,115	15.52 %
Koch Bihar	2,819,086	13.71 %
Darjiling	1,846,823	14.77 %
Dakshin Dinajpur	1,676,276	11.52 %

Urban Population in West Bengal

Approximately 31.87% of West Bengal's total population resides in urban areas, and this urban population has experienced a notable 29.72% growth between 2001 and 2011. The trend suggests a continued urban expansion. In these urban regions, the sex ratio stands at 944 females for every 1000 males. Moreover, the average literacy rate in West Bengal's urban areas is a commendable 84.78%.

Rural Population in West Bengal

Approximately 68.13% of West Bengal's total population resides in the rural expanses of the state. During the decade from 2001 to 2011, the rural population in West Bengal witnessed a growth rate of 7.68%. In these rural regions, the female-to-male sex ratio per 1000 males stands at 953, reflecting gender diversity. Furthermore, the average literacy rate in West Bengal's rural areas is 72.13%, highlighting the importance of education in these communities.