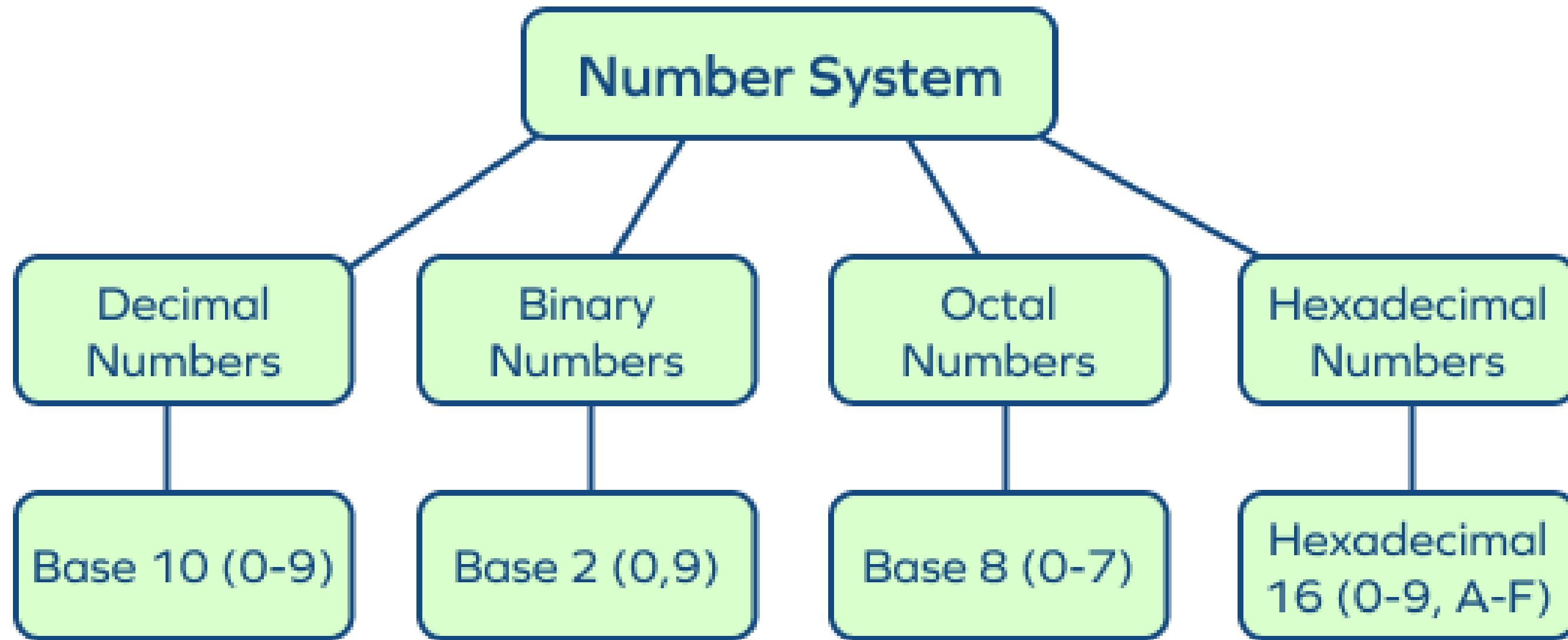




# NUMBER SYSTEM

- A number system is a system of representing numbers.
- The number system is a way to represent numbers using a collection of symbols and guidelines.



## Convert Binary to Decimal Numbers

- First, write the given binary number and count the powers of 2 from right to left (powers starting from 0)
- Now, write each binary digit (right to left) with the corresponding powers of 2 from (right to left), such that first binary digit (MSB) will be multiplied with the greatest power of 2.
- Add all the products in the above step
- The final answer will be the required decimal number

- Binary number (1101) base2 into a decimal number :

$$\begin{aligned} &1 \times 2^3 + 1 \times 2^2 + 0 \times 2^1 + 1 \times 2^0 \\ &= 8 + 4 + 0 + 1 \\ &= 13 \end{aligned}$$

- binary number 1001 to a decimal number :

$$\begin{aligned} (1001)_{\text{base } 2} &= (1 \times 2^3) + (0 \times 2^2) + (0 \times 2^1) + (1 \times 2^0) \\ &= 8 + 0 + 0 + 1 \\ &= (9)_{10} \end{aligned}$$

- (1101001)base2 into an equivalent decimal number.

$$\begin{aligned} (1101001)_2 &= (1 \times 2^6) + (1 \times 2^5) + (0 \times 2^4) + (1 \times 2^3) + (0 \times 2^2) + (0 \times 2^1) + (1 \times 2^0) \\ &= 64 + 32 + 0 + 8 + 0 + 0 + 1 \\ &= (105)_{10} \end{aligned}$$

- (11110111)base2 into base-10 number system :

$$\begin{aligned}(11110111)_2 &= (1 \times 2^7) + (1 \times 2^6) + (1 \times 2^5) + (1 \times 2^4) + (0 \times 2^3) + (1 \times 2^2) + (1 \times 2^1) + (1 \times 2^0) \\&= 128 + 64 + 32 + 16 + 0 + 4 + 2 + 1 \\&= (247)_{10}\end{aligned}$$

## Decimal to Binary

- decimal number 294 into a binary number :  $(294_{10}) = (100100110)_{base2}$ .
- $160_{10} = (10100000)_{base2}$
- 195.25 into binary :
  1. binary equivalent of 195 is 11000011.
  2. fraction part :

Multiply 0.25 by 2 and observe the resulting integer and fractional parts. Renew multiplying the resultant fractional part by 2 until we get a resulting fractional part equal to zero.

Then we need to write the integer parts from the results of each multiplication to make the equivalent binary number.

$$0.25 \times 2 = 0 + 0.5$$

$$0.5 \times 2 = 1 + 0$$

Here, 0.25 is equivalent to the binary number 0.01.

- convert 6.986 into binary :  
110.11111100
- Binary of 0.125 :  $0.125(\text{base } 10) = 0.001(\text{base } 2)$
- decimal number 10.16 into binary :  
 $0.16(\text{base } 10) = 0.00101$



## Octal Number System

- **Octal Number System** has a base of eight and uses the numbers from 0 to 7
- The octal numbers, in the number system, are usually represented by binary numbers when they are grouped in pairs of three.

### Decimal to Octal Number conversion

- Decimal number is divided by 8 each time, it yields or gives a remainder.
- The first remainder we get is the least significant digit(LSD) and the last remainder is the most significant digit(MSD).
- CONVERT 560 (DECIMAL) INTO OCTAL :  $560_{10} = (1060)_{\text{base}8}$

- Convert 0.52 into an octal number :

The fraction part of the decimal number has to be multiplied by 8.

$$0.52 \times 8 = 0.16 \text{ with carry } 4$$

$$0.16 \times 8 = 0.28 \text{ with carry } 1$$

$$0.28 \times 8 = 0.24 \text{ with carry } 2$$

$$0.24 \times 8 = 0.92 \text{ with carry } 1$$

So, for the fractional octal number, we read the generated carry from up to down.

Therefore, 4121 is the octal number.

## Octal to Decimal conversion

- convert (2158)base 8 into decimal :

$$\begin{aligned} 2158 &= 2 \times 8^2 + 1 \times 8^1 + 5 \times 8^0 \\ &= 2 \times 64 + 1 \times 8 + 5 \times 1 = 128 + 8 + 5 \\ &= 14110 \end{aligned}$$

- convert (125) base 8 into decimal :

$$\begin{aligned} 1258 &= 1 \times 8^2 + 2 \times 8^1 + 5 \times 8^0 \\ &= 1 \times 64 + 2 \times 8 + 5 \times 1 = 64 + 16 + 5 \\ &= 8510 \end{aligned}$$

- convert octal (141.14)base8) into decimal :

$$\begin{aligned}(141.14)_8 &= 1 \times 8^2 + 4 \times 8^1 + 1 \times 8^0 + 1 \times 8^{-1} + 4 \times 8^{-2} \\ &= 1 \times 8^2 + 4 \times 8^1 + 1 \times 8^0 + 1 \times 8^{-1} + 4 \times 8^{-2} \\ &= 16 + 42 + 1 + 0.125 + 0.25 = 16 + 42 + 1 + 0.125 + 0.25 \\ &= 21.375 = 21.375\end{aligned}$$

Hence,  $(141.14)_8 = 21.375_{10}$

# Hexadecimal Number System

- base value equal to 16.
- Hexadecimal numbers are represented by only 16 symbols. These symbols or values are 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, A, B, C, D, E and F. Each digit represents a decimal value.
- For example, A is equal to 10
- B - 11
- C -12
- D - 13
- E -14
- F- 15

## Hexadecimal to Decimal Conversion

- Convert 7CF (hex) to decimal :  $7CF = (7 \times 16^2) + (12 \times 16^1) + (15 \times 16^0)$   
 $= (7 \times 256) + (12 \times 16) + (15 \times 1)$   
 $= 1792 + 192 + 15$   
 $= 1999$
- (1DA6)16 to decimal :  $(1DA6)_{base16} = (1 \times 16^3) + (13 \times 16^2) + (10 \times 16^1) + (6 \times 16^0)$   
 $= (1 \times 4096) + (13 \times 256) + (10 \times 16) + (6 \times 1)$   
 $= 4096 + 3328 + 160 + 6$   
 $= 7590$       Therefore,  $(1DA6)_{16} = (7590)_{10}$

- (E8B)<sub>16</sub> to decimal system :  $(E8B)_{16} = (14 \times 16^2) + (8 \times 16^1) + (11 \times 16^0)$   
 $= (14 \times 256) + (8 \times 16) + (11 \times 1)$   
 $= 3584 + 128 + 11$   
 $= 3723$  Therefore, (E8B)<sub>BASE 16</sub> = (3723) <sub>BASE 10</sub>

## Decimal to Hexadecimal Conversion

- Firstly divide the number by 16
- Take the quotient and divide again by 16
- The remainder left will produce the hex value
- Repeats the steps until the quotient has become 0

Convert  $(242)_{10}$  into hexadecimal :  $(242)_{10} = (F2)_{16}$ .

16		242	
<hr/>			
16		15	2 $\rightarrow$ 2
<hr/>			
		0	15 $\rightarrow$ F



# Convert Hexadecimal To Octal

- Consider the given hexadecimal number
  - First count the number of digits in the number
  - If  $n$  is the position of the digit from the right end then multiply each digit with  $16^{n-1}$
  - Add the terms after multiplication
  - Resultant is the equivalent decimal form
  - Divide the decimal number with 8
  - Note down the remainder
  - Repeat the previous two steps with the quotient, until the quotient is zero
- Write the remainders in reverse order
- The obtained number is the required result

## Another Method to Convert Hex to Octal

- For each given hexadecimal number digit, write the equivalent binary number. If any of the binary equivalents are less than 4 digits, add 0's to the left side.
- Combine and make the groups of binary digits from right to left, each containing 3 digits. Add 0's to the left if there are less than 3 digits in the last group.
- Find the octal equivalent of each binary group.

**Convert 1BC16 into an octal number.**

Solution: Given, 1BC16 is a hexadecimal number.

1  $\rightarrow$  0001, B  $\rightarrow$  1011, C  $\rightarrow$  1100

Now group them from right to left, each having 3 digits.

000, 110, 111, 100

000 $\rightarrow$ 0, 110  $\rightarrow$ 6, 111 $\rightarrow$ 7, 100 $\rightarrow$ 4

Hence, 1BC16 = 6748

Find the equivalent octal form of (C1)base16.

Solution: Given, a hexadecimal number is C1

$$C1_{16} = (C \times 16^1) + (1 \times 16^0) = C \times 16 + 1 \times 1 = 12 \times 16 + 1 = 192 + 1$$

$$C1_{16} = 193 \text{ (Decimal form)}$$

Now we have to convert this decimal to octal number;

Hexadecimal to octal example

The octal number is 3018

Hence,  $C1_{16} = 301_8$

8		<u>193</u>	
8		<u>24</u>	-- 1
8		<u>3</u>	-- 0
8		<u>0</u>	-- 3

## **Practice Questions**

**Convert ABCD<sub>16</sub> to equivalent octal form.**

**Convert 912<sub>16</sub> to equivalent octal form.**

**Convert 2<sub>16</sub> to equivalent octal form.**

**Convert 10<sub>16</sub> to equivalent octal form**

Find the equivalent octal form of (105) base16

Solution: Given, a hexadecimal number is 105.

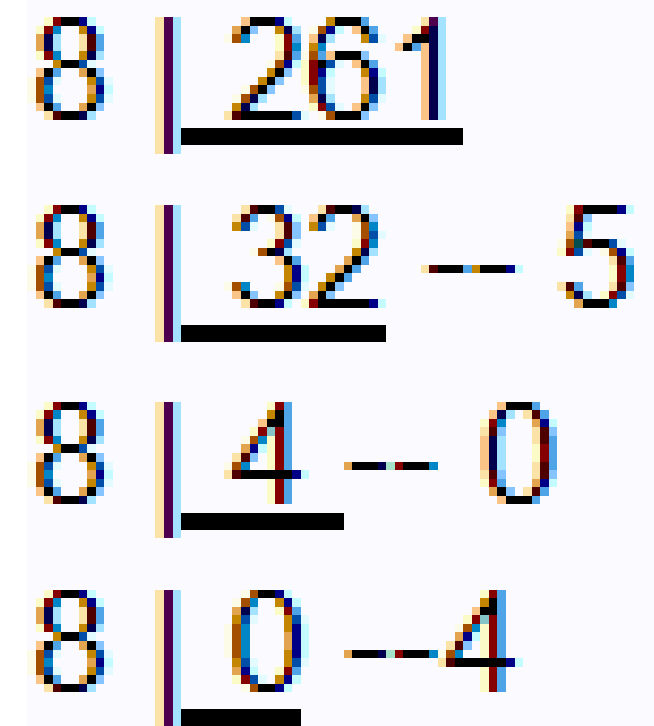
$$105_{16} = (1 \times 16^2) + (0 \times 16^1) + (5 \times 16^0)$$

$$= 1 \times 256 + 0 \times 16 + 5 \times 1$$

$$= 256 + 0 + 5$$

$$= 261(\text{Decimal form})$$

Now we have to convert this decimal to equivalent octal; (405)base 8



Handwritten conversion of decimal 261 to octal 405 using the division-by-8 method:

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 8 & 261 \\ \hline 8 & 32 - 5 \\ 8 & 4 - 0 \\ 8 & 0 - 4 \end{array}$$