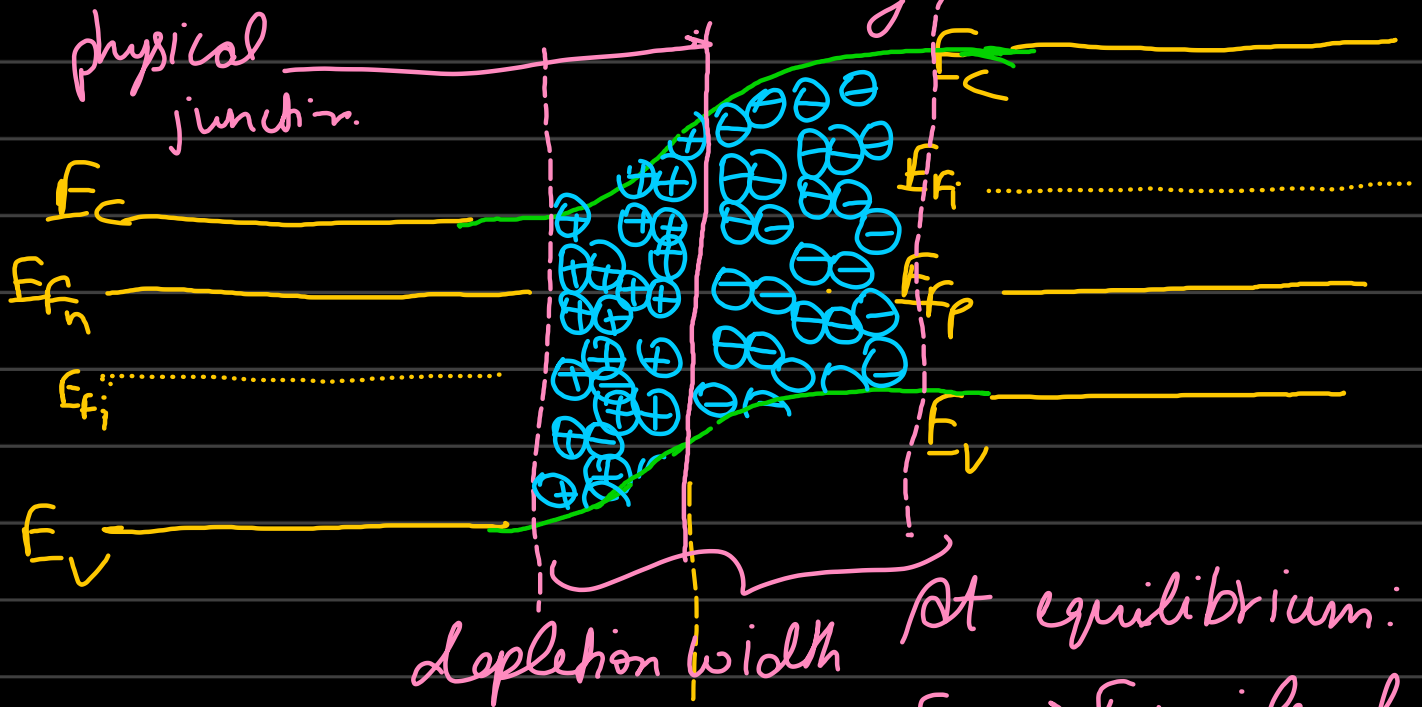


Lecture 19

Semiconducting Devices



$$n = N_c e^{-(E_c - E_F)/kT}$$

$$p = N_v e^{-(E_F - E_v)/kT}$$

Poisson's Equation: $-\nabla^2 \phi = \rho$

{ Gauss Law }

$$-\nabla^2 V = \rho$$

$$-\frac{dV}{dx} = E$$

\Rightarrow

$$\frac{dE}{dx} = \rho$$

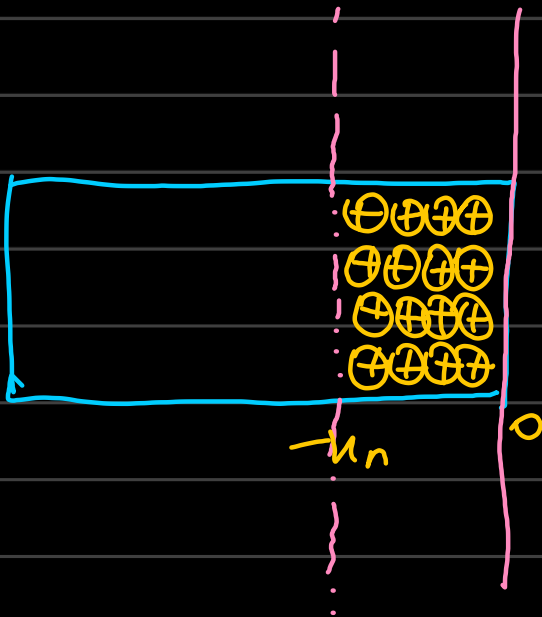
$\rho \hookrightarrow$ charge density enclosed.

$\epsilon_0 = 1$ in vacuum } \downarrow Gauss Law

n-side: N_D^+ : no. of donors.

p-side: N_A^- : total no. of acceptors.

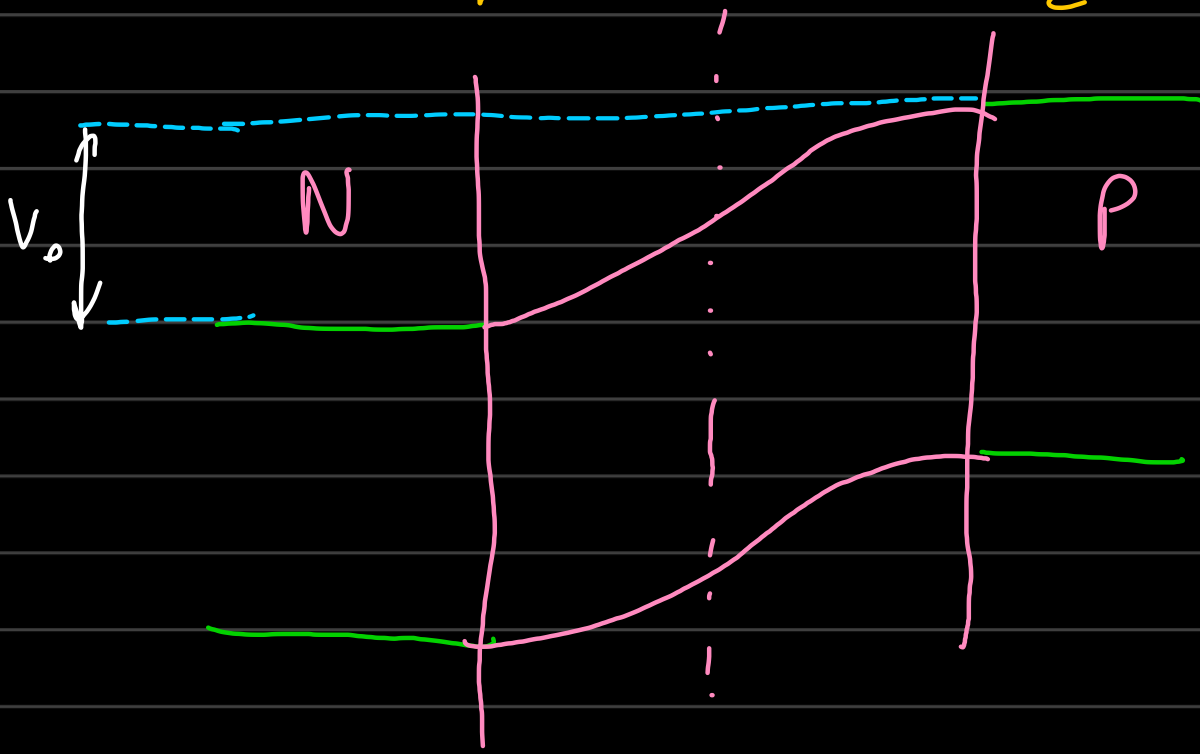
$$\frac{dE}{dx} = q \left[\overbrace{p-n}^{\text{+ve charged}} + \overbrace{N_D - N_A}^{\text{-ve charged}} \right]$$

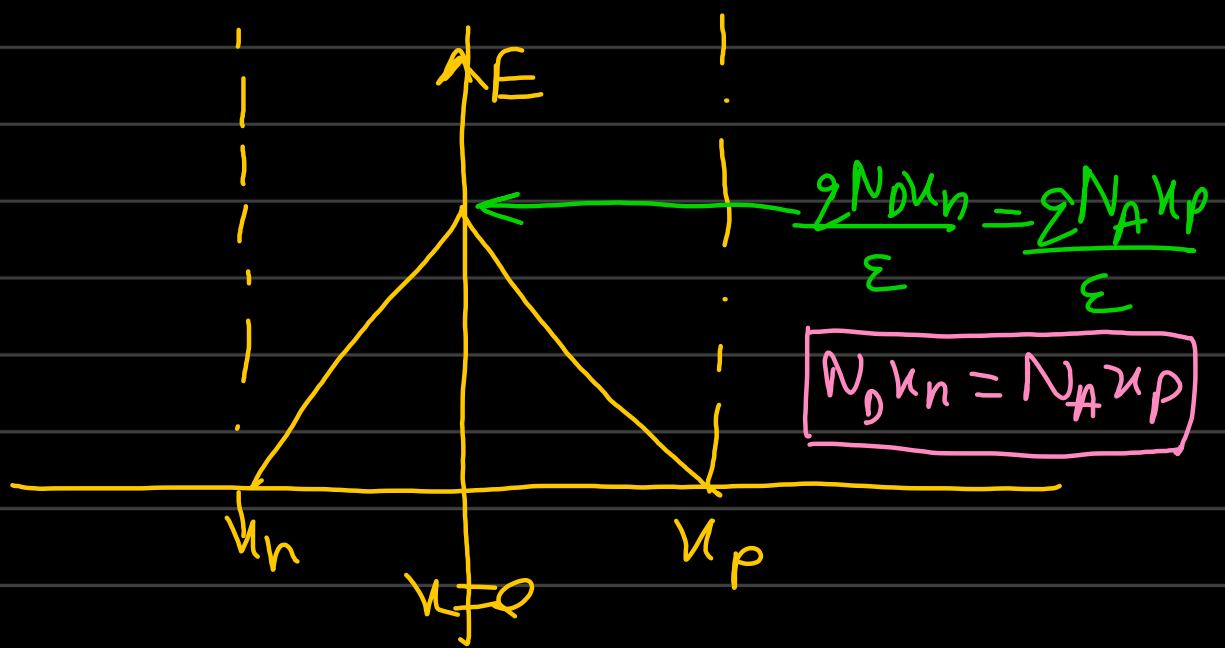


$$\frac{dE}{dx} = \frac{q[N_D]}{\epsilon}$$

$p=n=0$ {in depletion width}
 $N_A=0$ {n-type semi conductor}

$$E \Big|_{x=0}^{-x_n} = \int_{-x_n}^0 \frac{qN_D}{\epsilon} dx = \frac{qN_D x_n}{\epsilon}$$





Built-in Potential

$$V_0 = \text{area under curve}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times (x_p + x_n) \times E_{\text{max}}$$

$$V_0 = \frac{(x_p + x_n)}{2} \frac{2N_D x_n}{\epsilon}$$

entire of band
bending

$$V_0 = \frac{1}{2} \omega E_{\text{max}}$$

$$\omega = x_p + x_n$$

$$E_{\text{max}} = \frac{2N_D x_n}{\epsilon}$$

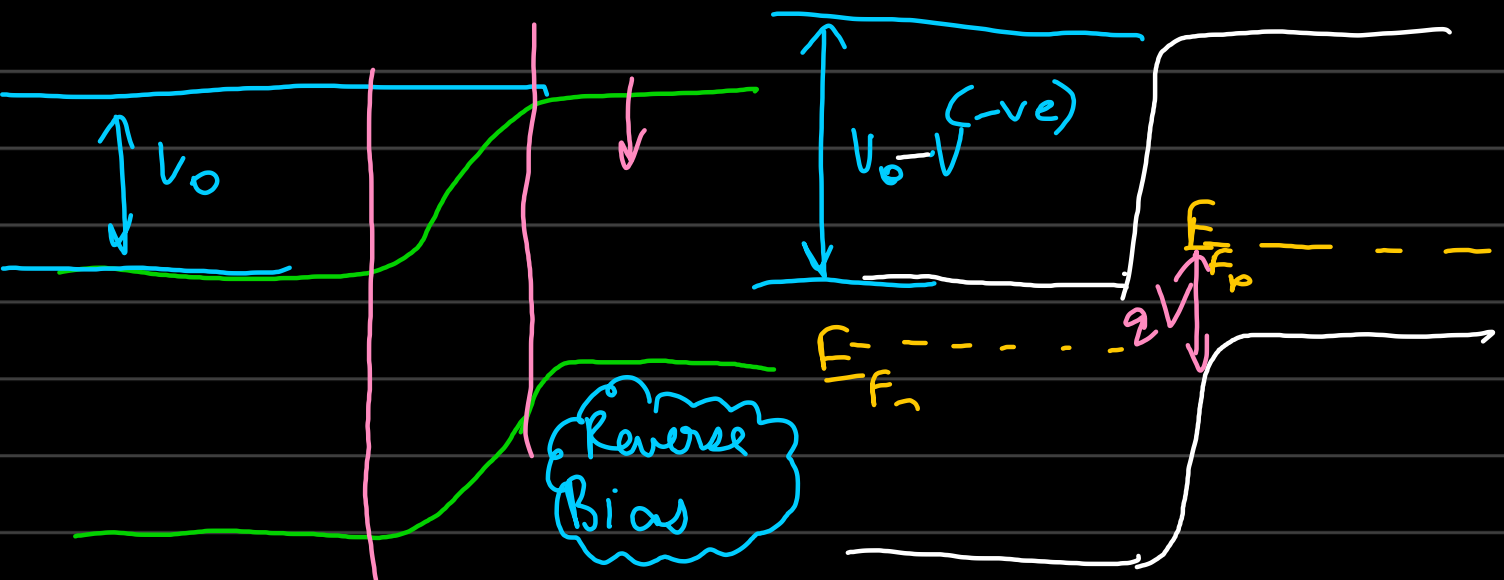
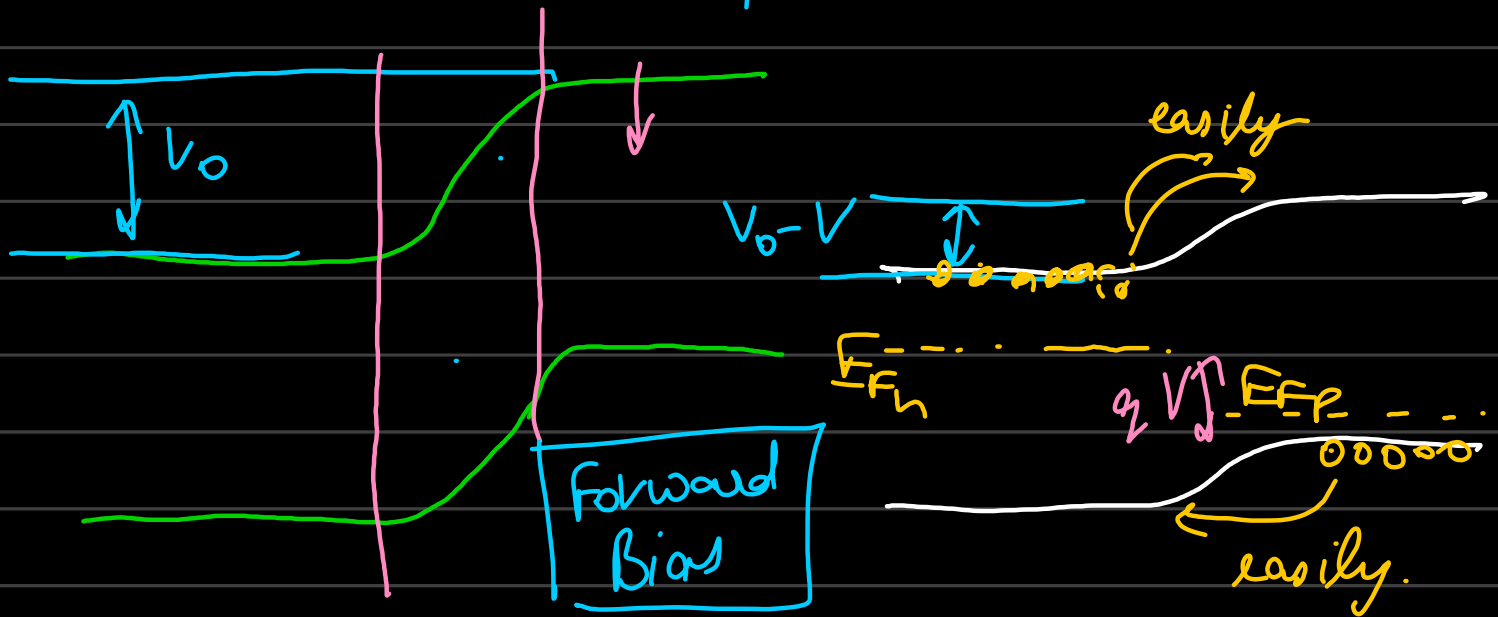
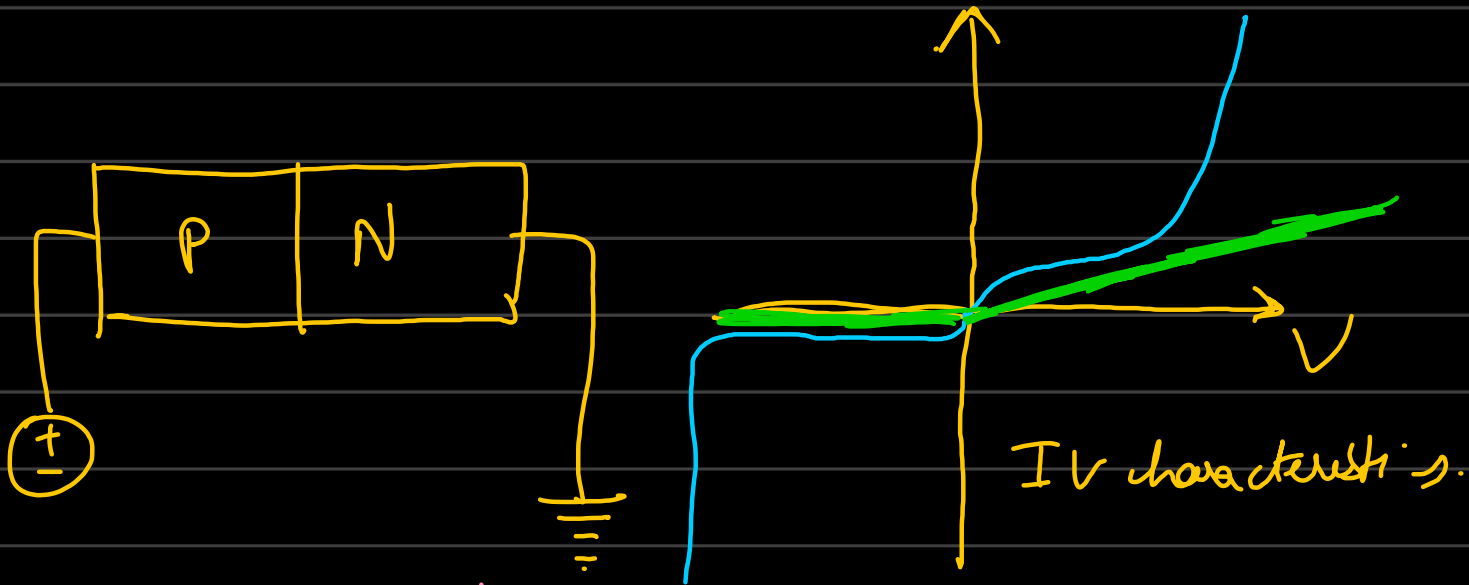
$$N_D x_n = N_A x_p$$

$$V_0 = \frac{e N_A N_D \omega^2}{2 \epsilon (N_A + N_D)}$$

$$I = I_0 [e^{\beta V} - 1]$$

$\beta = \frac{q}{kT}$

↓
due to diffusion



$$\text{for } T=0: \underbrace{\frac{dE_F}{dn} \neq 0 \quad \frac{\Delta E_F}{\Delta n} \neq 0}_{\text{during junction performance.}}$$

$$\phi = E_{\text{vac}} - E_{\text{Fermi}} = \text{work func}$$

$$\chi = E_{\text{vac}} - E_{\text{conduction}} = \text{electron affinity.}$$