

10.3.2.4.2: Consistency of Linear Equations

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1 Question

2 Solution

- Matrix Representation
- LU Factorization
- Update Equations
- LU Decomposition Result
- Solving $Ax = b$

3 Graphical Representation

Question

Is the following pair of linear equations consistent or inconsistent? If consistent, obtain the solution graphically.

$$\begin{aligned}x - y &= 8, \\ 3x - 3y &= 16.\end{aligned}$$

Matrix Representation

The system can be represented in matrix form:

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 3 & -3 \end{bmatrix}, \quad b = \begin{bmatrix} 8 \\ 16 \end{bmatrix}, \quad x = \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}.$$

LU Factorization Using Update Equations

- Given a matrix **A** of size $n \times n$, LU decomposition is performed row by row and column by column.
- The update equations are as follows:

Step-by-Step Procedure

① Initialization:

- ▶ Start by initializing \mathbf{L} as the identity matrix $\mathbf{L} = \mathbf{I}$ and \mathbf{U} as a copy of \mathbf{A} .

② Iterative Update:

- ▶ For each pivot $k = 1, 2, \dots, n$:
 - ① Compute the entries of \mathbf{U} using the first update equation.
 - ② Compute the entries of \mathbf{L} using the second update equation.

③ Result:

- ▶ After completing the iterations, the matrix \mathbf{A} is decomposed into $\mathbf{L} \cdot \mathbf{U}$, where \mathbf{L} is a lower triangular matrix with ones on the diagonal, and \mathbf{U} is an upper triangular matrix.

Update for $U_{k,j}$ (Entries of U)

For each column $j \geq k$, the entries of U in the k -th row are updated as:

$$U_{k,j} = A_{k,j} - \sum_{m=1}^{k-1} L_{k,m} \cdot U_{m,j}, \quad \text{for } j \geq k.$$

This equation computes the elements of the upper triangular matrix \mathbf{U} by eliminating the lower triangular portion of the matrix.

Update for $L_{i,k}$ (Entries of L)

For each row $i > k$, the entries of L in the k -th column are updated as:

$$L_{i,k} = \frac{1}{U_{k,k}} \left(A_{i,k} - \sum_{m=1}^{k-1} L_{i,m} \cdot U_{m,k} \right), \quad \text{for } i > k.$$

This equation computes the elements of the lower triangular matrix \mathbf{L} , where each entry in the column is determined by the values in the rows above it.

LU Decomposition Result

Using code, we compute:

$$L = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad U = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Solving $Ax = b$

Forward Substitution: Solve $Ly = b$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 8 \\ 16 \end{bmatrix}.$$

- $y_1 = 8$.
- $3y_1 + y_2 = 16 \implies y_2 = -8$.

Back Substitution: Solve $Ux = y$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 8 \\ -8 \end{bmatrix}.$$

- First row: $x - y = 8$.
- Second row: $0 = -8$ (contradiction).

Conclusion: The system is inconsistent.

Graphical Representation

