

Binnen-Buiten-Thermostaat

Schema:

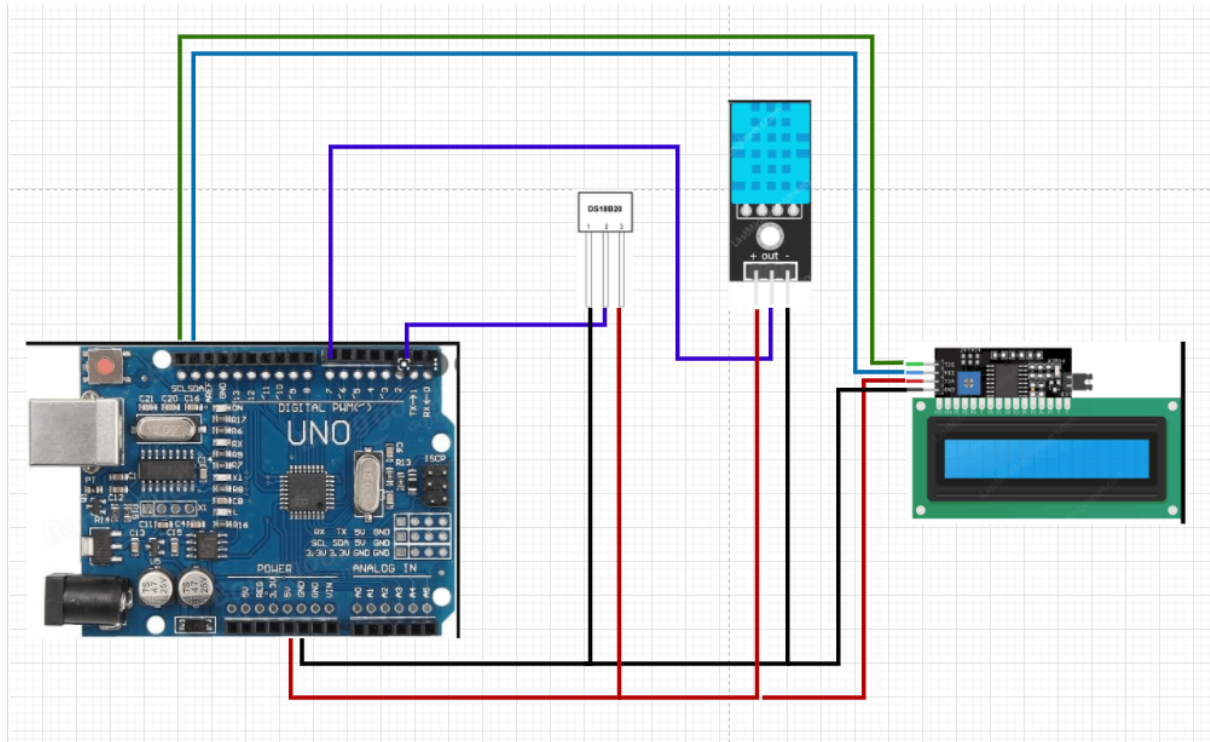
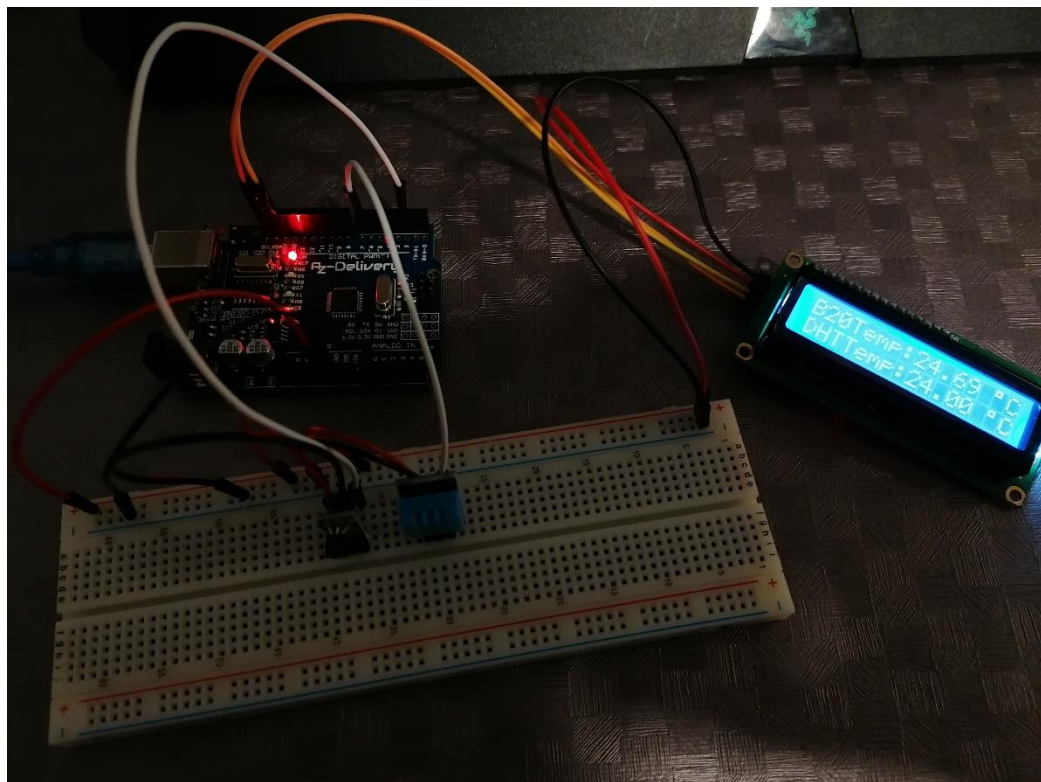


Foto:

De foto is een beetje donker omdat men camera moest focussen op de lcd om de tekst te zien



Code:

```
#include <Wire.h>

#include <LiquidCrystal_I2C.h>

#include <DHT.h>

#include <DHT_U.h>

#include <OneWire.h>

#include <DallasTemperature.h>

#define dhtpin 7

#define DHTTYPE DHT11

// Data wire is plugged into digital pin 2 on the Arduino

#define ONE_WIRE_BUS 2

// Setup a oneWire instance to communicate with any OneWire device

OneWire oneWire(ONE_WIRE_BUS);

// Pass oneWire reference to DallasTemperature library

DallasTemperature sensors(&oneWire);

DHT dht (dhtpin, DHT11);

LiquidCrystal_I2C lcd(0x27, 16, 2);

float DHT11Temp = 0;

float B20Temp = 0;

void setup(void)

{

    sensors.begin(); // Start up the library

    Serial.begin(9600);

    dht.begin();

    lcd.init();

    lcd.init();

    lcd.backlight();

}
```

```
void loop(void)
{
  // Send the command to get temperatures
  sensors.requestTemperatures();

  //print the temperature in Celsius
  B20Temp = sensors.getTempCByIndex(0);
  DHT11Temp = dht.readTemperature();

  lcd.setCursor(0, 0);
  lcd.print("B20Temp:");
  lcd.setCursor(8, 0);
  lcd.print(B20Temp);
  lcd.setCursor(14,0);
  lcd.print((char)223);
  lcd.setCursor(15,0);
  lcd.print("C");
  lcd.setCursor(0, 1);
  lcd.print("DHTTemp:");
  lcd.setCursor(8, 1);
  lcd.print(DHT11Temp);
  lcd.setCursor(14,1);
  lcd.print((char)223);
  lcd.setCursor(15,1);
  lcd.print("C");

  delay(500);
}
```