Rockchip RK3588 Linux SDK Quick Start

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Preface

Overview

The document presents the basic usage of Rockchip RK3588 Linux SDK, aiming to help developers get started with RK3588 Linux SDK faster.

Intended Audience

This document (this guide) is mainly intended for:

Technical support engineers

Software development engineers

Chipset and System Support

Chip Name	Uboot	Kernel	Debian	Buildroot
	Version	Version	Version	Version
RK3588, RK3588S, RK3588M	2017.9	5.10	11	2021.11

Revision History

Date	Version	Author	Revision History
2022-01-15	V0.0.1	Caesar Wang	Initial version
2022-04-14	V0.1.0	Caesar Wang	Beta version
2022-04-21	V0.1.1	Caesar Wang	Beta version 0.1.1
2022-05-20	V1.0.0	Caesar Wang	Release version
2022-06-20	V1.0.1	Caesar Wang	Update SDK to v1.0.1

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1. Set up an Development Environment

It is recommended to use Ubuntu 20.04 for compilation. Other Linux versions may need to adjust the software package accordingly. In addition to the system requirements, there are other hardware and software requirements. Hardware requirements: 64-bit system, hard disk space should be greater than 40G. If you do multiple builds, you will need more hard drive space

Software requirements: Ubuntu 20.04 system:

Please install software packages with below commands to setup SDK compiling environment:

```
sudo apt-get install git ssh make gcc libssl-dev liblz4-tool expect \
   g++ patchelf chrpath gawk texinfo chrpath diffstat binfmt-support \
   qemu-user-static live-build bison flex fakeroot cmake gcc-multilib \
   g++-multilib unzip device-tree-compiler ncurses-dev
```

It is recommended to use Ubuntu 20.04 system or higher version for development. If you encounter an error during compilation, you can check the error message and install the corresponding software packages accordingly.

Considering the time cost of setting up the customer's development environment, we also provide the image mode of cross compiler docker for customer verification, so as to shorten the time-consuming of setting up the compilation environment.

Reference documents Docker/Rockchip_Developer_Guide_Linux_Docker_Deploy_EN.pdf.

The compatibility test results of docker compilation image system are as follows:

OS Vesion	Docker Version	Doading	Image build
ubuntu 21.10	20.10.12	pass	pass
ubuntu 21.04	20.10.7	pass	pass
ubuntu 18.04	20.10.7	pass	pass
fedora35	20.10.12	pass	NR (not run)

2. Software Development Guide

2.1 Development Guide

Aiming to help engineers get started with SDK development and debugging faster,

"Rockchip_Developer_Guide_Linux_Software_CN.pdf" is released with the SDK, please refer to the documents under the project's docs/ directory, which will be continuously improved and updated.

2.2 Chip Datasheet

Aiming to help engineers get started with RK3588, RK3588S development and debugging faster. We have released "Rockchip_RK3588_Datasheet_V1.3-20220328.pdf" and "Rockchip_RK3588S_Datasheet_V1.3-20220310.pdf".

2.3 Debian Development Guide

Aiming to help engineers get started with RK3588 Debian development and debugging faster,

"Rockchip_Developer_Guide_Debian_CN.pdf" is released with the SDK, please refer to the documents under the project's docs/ApplicationNote directory, which will be continuously improved and updated.

2.4 UEFI Development Guide

Aiming to help engineers get started with UEFI development and debugging faster,

"Rockchip_Developer_Guide_UEFI_CN.pdf" and "Rockchip_Developer_Guide_Debian_ISO_Install_CN.pdf" is released with the SDK, please refer to the documents under the project's docs/ApplicationNote directory, which will be continuously improved and updated.

2.5 Third Party System Adaptation

Aiming to help engineers get started with Third Party System Adaptation faster,

"Rockchip_Developer_Guide_Third_Party_System_Adaptation_CN.pdf" is released with the SDK, please refer to the documents under the project's docs/ApplicationNote directory, which will be continuously improved and updated.

2.6 NPU Development Tool

The SDK NPU development tool includes following items:

RKNN-TOOLKIT2:

The development tools are in project directory <code>external/rknn-toolkit2</code>. Which is used for model conversion, model analysis, model performance evaluation functions, etc. Please refer to documents in the docs/directory for details.

- RKNNToolKit2_OP_Support-1.3.0.md
- RRKNNToolKit2_API_Difference_With_Toolkit1-1.3.0.md
<pre>Fockchip_Quick_Start_RKNN_Toolkit2_CN-1.3.0.pdf</pre>
<pre>Prockchip_Quick_Start_RKNN_Toolkit2_EN-1.3.0.pdf</pre>
├── Rockchip_User_Guide_RKNN_Toolkit2_CN-1.3.0.pdf
├── Rockchip_User_Guide_RKNN_Toolkit2_EN-1.3.0.pdf
├── changelog-1.3.0.txt
├── requirements_cp36-1.3.0.txt
└─ requirements_cp38-1.3.0.txt

RKNN API:

RKNN API development materials are in the project directory <code>external/rknpu2</code>, which is used to analysis the rknn model generated by RKNN-Toolkit2.

Please refer to documents in the docs/ directory for details.

```
├── Rockchip_Quick_Start_RKNN_SDK_V1.3.0_CN.pdf
├── Rockchip_RKNPU_User_Guide_RKNN_API_V1.3.0_CN.pdf
├── Rockchip_RKNPU_User_Guide_RKNN_API_V1.3.0_EN.pdf
```

2.7 Software Update History

Software release version upgrade history can be checked through project xml file by the following command:

```
.repo/manifests$ realpath rk3588_linux_release.xml
# e.g.:the printed version is v1.0.1 and the update time is 20220620
# <SDK>/.repo/manifests/rk3588_linux_release_v1.0.1_20220620.xml
```

Software release version updated information can be checked through the project text file by the following command:

```
.repo/manifests$ cat RK3588_Linux_SDK_Note.md
```

Or refer to the project directory:

```
<SDK>/docs/RK3588/RK3588_Linux_SDK_Note.md
```

3. Hardware Development Guide

Please refer to user guides in the project directory for hardware development:

RK3588 hardware design guide:

```
<SDK>/docs/RK3588/Hardware/Rockchip_RK3588_Hardware_Design_Guide_V1.0.pdf
<SDK>/docs/RK3588/Hardware/Rockchip_RK3588S_Hardware_Design_Guide_V1.1.pdf
```

RK3588 EVB hardware development guide:

```
<SDK>/docs/RK3588/Rockchip_RK3588_EVB_User_Guide_V1.0_CN.pdf
<SDK>/docs/RK3588/Rockchip_RK3588S_EVB_User_Guide_V1.0_CN.pdf
```

4. SDK Configuration Framework Introduction

4.1 SDK Project Directory Introduction

There are buildroot, debian, recovery, app, kernel, u-boot, device, docs, external and other directories in the SDK directory. Each directory or its sub-directories will correspond to a git project, and the commit should be done in the respective directory.

- app: stores application APPs like qcamera/qfm/qplayer/qseting and other applications.
- buildroot: root file system based on Buildroot (2021.11).
- debian: root file system based on Debian11.
- device/rockchip: stores board-level configuration for each chip and some scripts and prepared files for building and packaging firmware.
- docs: stores development guides, platform support lists, tool usage, Linux development guides, and so on.
- IMAGE: stores building time, XML, patch and firmware directory for each building.
- external: stores some third-party libraries, including audio, video, network, recovery and so on.
- kernel: stores kernel5.10 development code.
- · prebuilts: stores cross-building toolchain.
- rkbin: stores Rockchip Binary and tools.
- rockdev: stores building output firmware.
- tools: stores some commonly used tools under Linux and Windows system.
- u-boot: store U-Boot code developed based on v2017.09 version.
- uefi: store UEFI code developed based on edk2 v2.7 version.

4.2 SDK Board Level Configuration

Enter the project <SDK>/device/rockchip/rk3588 directory:

Board Configuration	Description
BoardConfig-rk3588-evb1-lp4-v10.mk	For RK3588 EVB1 with LPDDR4 development board
BoardConfig-rk3588-evb3-lp5-v10.mk	For RK3588 EVB3 with LPDDR5 development board
BoardConfig-rk3588-evb7-lp4-v10.mk	For RK3588 EVB7 with LPDDR4 development board
BoardConfig-rk3588s-evb1-lp4x-v10.mk	For RK3588S EVB1 with LPDDR4 development board
BoardConfig.mk	Default configuration

The first way:

Add board configuration file behind /build.sh , for example:

Select the board configuration of the RK3588 EVB1 with LPDDR4 development board:

./build.sh device/rockchip/rk3588/BoardConfig-rk3588-evb1-lp4-v10.mk

Select the board configuration of the RK3588 EVB3 with LPDDR5 development board:

./build.sh device/rockchip/rk3588/BoardConfig-rk3588-evb3-lp5-v10.mk

Select the board configuration of the **RK3588 EVB7 with single pmic on development board**:

```
./build.sh device/rockchip/rk3588/BoardConfig-rk3588-evb7-lp4-v10.mk
```

Select the board configuration of the **RK3588S EVB1 with LPDDR4 development board**:

```
./build.sh device/rockchip/rk3588/BoardConfig-rk3588s-evb1-lp4x-v10.mk
```

The second way:

```
rk3588$ ./build.sh lunch
processing option: lunch

You're building on Linux
Lunch menu...pick a combo:

0. default BoardConfig.mk
1. BoardConfig-ab-base.mk
2. BoardConfig-nvr.mk
3. BoardConfig-rk3588-evb1-lp4-v10.mk
4. BoardConfig-rk3588-evb3-lp5-v10.mk
5. BoardConfig-rk3588-evb7-lp4-v10.mk
6. BoardConfig-rk3588s-evb1-lp4x-v10.mk
7. BoardConfig-security-base.mk
8. BoardConfig.mk
```

4.3 Compilation Commands

Execute the command in the root directory: ./build.sh -h|help

```
rk3588$ ./build.sh -h
Usage: build.sh [OPTIONS]
Available options:
BoardConfig*.mk
                  -switch to specified board config
lunch
                   -list current SDK boards and switch to specified board config
uboot
                   -build uboot
          -build uefi
uefi
                  -build spl
spl
loader
                  -build loader
kernel
                  -build kernel
modules
                  -build kernel modules
                  -build toolchain
toolchain
rootfs
                  -build default rootfs, currently build buildroot as default
buildroot
                  -build buildroot rootfs
ramboot
                  -build ramboot image
multi-npu_boot
                  -build boot image for multi-npu board
                  -build yocto rootfs
yocto
debian
                   -build debian rootfs
pcba
                  -build pcba
recovery
                  -build recovery
                  -build uboot, kernel, rootfs, recovery image
                   -clean uboot, kernel, rootfs, recovery
cleanall
firmware
                   -pack all the image we need to boot up system
```

```
updateimg
                  -pack update image
                  -pack ab update otapackage image (update_ota.img)
otapackage
sdpackage
                  -pack update sdcard package image (update_sdcard.img)
                  -save images, patches, commands used to debug
save
allsave
                  -build all & firmware & updateimg & save
check
                  -check the environment of building
                 -see the current board building information
info
app/<pkg>
                 -build packages in the dir of app/*
external/<pkg>
                 -build packages in the dir of external/*
                 -create secureboot root keys
createkeys
security_rootfs
                 -build rootfs and some relevant images with security paramter
(just for dm-v)
                -build boot with security paramter
security_boot
security_uboot
                 -build uboot with security paramter
security_recovery -build recovery with security paramter
                 -check security paramter if it's good
security_check
Default option is 'allsave'.
```

View detailed build commands for some modules, for example: ./build.sh -h kernel

```
rk3588$ ./build.sh -h kernel
###Current SDK Default [ kernel ] Build Command###
cd kernel
make ARCH=arm64 rockchip_linux_defconfig
make ARCH=arm64 rk3588-evb1-lp4-v10-linux.img -j12
```

4.4 Automatic Build

Enter root directory of project directory and execute the following commands to automatically complete all build:

```
./build.sh all # Only build module code(u-Boot, kernel, Rootfs, Recovery)
# Need to execute ./mkfirmware.sh again for firmware package

./build.sh # Base on ./build.sh all
# 1. Add firmware package ./mkfirmware.sh
# 2. update.img package
# 3. Copy the firmware in the rockdev directory to the

IMAGE/***_RELEASE_TEST/IMAGES directory
# 4. Save the patches of each module to the

IMAGE/***_RELEASE_TEST/PATCHES directory
# Note: ./build.sh and ./build.sh allsave command are the same
```

It is Buildroot by default, you can specify rootfs by setting the environment variable RK_ROOTFS_SYSTEM. There are two types of system for RK_ROOTFS_SYSTEM: buildroot and debian.

If you need debain, you can generate it with the following command:

```
$export RK_ROOTFS_SYSTEM=debian
$./build.sh
```

4.5 Build and Package Each Module

4.5.1 U-boot Build

```
### U-Boot build command
./build.sh uboot

### To view the detailed U-Boot build command
./build.sh -h uboot
```

4.5.2 Kernel Build

```
### Kernel build command
./build.sh kernel
### To view the detailed Kernel build command
./build.sh -h kernel
```

4.5.3 Recovery Build

```
### Recovery build command
./build.sh recovery

### To view the detailed Recovery build command
./build.sh -h recovery
```

Note: Recovery is a unnecessary function, some board configuration will not be set

4.5.4 Buildroot Build

Enter project root directory and run the following commands to automatically complete compiling and packaging of Rootfs.

```
./build.sh rootfs
```

After compilations, rootfs.ext4 is generated in Buildroot directory "output/rockchip_rk3588/images".

4.5.5 Debian Building

```
./build.sh debian
```

Or enter debian/ directory:

```
cd debian/
```

Please refer to the readme.md in the directory for further building and Debian firmware generation.

(1) Building base Debian system

```
sudo apt-get install binfmt-support qemu-user-static live-build
sudo dpkg -i ubuntu-build-service/packages/*
sudo apt-get install -f
```

Build 64 bit Debian:

```
RELEASE=bullseye TARGET=desktop ARCH=arm64 ./mk-base-debian.sh
```

After building, linaro-bullseye-alip-xxxxx-1.tar.gz (xxxxx is timestamp generated) will be generated in "debian/":

FAQ:

• If you encounter the following problem during above building:

```
noexec or nodev issue /usr/share/debootstrap/functions: line 1450:
..../rootfs/ubuntu-build-service/bullseye-desktop-arm64/chroot/test-dev-null:
Permission denied E: Cannot install into target '/rootfs/ubuntu-build-service/buster-desktop-arm64/chroot' mounted with noexec or nodev
```

Solution:

```
mount -o remount, exec, dev xxx (xxx is the project directory), and then rebuild
```

In addition, if there are other building issues, firstly, please check that the building system is not ext2/ext4.

• Because building Base Debian requires to access to foreign websites, and when domestic networks access foreign websites, download failures often occur:

The live build is used by Debian, you can configure like below to change the image source to domestic:

```
+++ b/ubuntu-build-service/bullseye-desktop-arm64/configure
@@ -11,6 +11,11 @@ set -e
echo "I: create configuration"
export LB_BOOTSTRAP_INCLUDE="apt-transport-https gnupg"
lb config \
+ --mirror-bootstrap "https://mirrors.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/debian" \
+ --mirror-chroot "https://mirrors.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/debian" \
+ --mirror-chroot-security "https://mirrors.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/debian-security"
\
+ --mirror-binary "https://mirrors.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/debian" \
+ --mirror-binary-security "https://mirrors.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/debian-security"
--apt-indices false \
--apt-recommends false \
--apt-secure false \
```

If the package cannot be downloaded for other network reasons, there are pre-build packages shared on <u>Baidu</u> <u>Cloud Disk</u>, put it in the current directory, and then do the next step directly.

(2) Building rk-debian rootfs

Build 64bit Debian:

```
VERSION=debug ARCH=arm64 ./mk-rootfs-buster.sh
```

(3) Creating the ext4 image(linaro-rootfs.img)

```
./mk-image.sh
```

The linaro-rootfs.img will be generated.

4.5.6 Cross-Compilation

4.5.6.1 SDK Directory Built-in Cross-Compilation

The SDK prebuilts directory built-in cross-compilation are as follows:

Contents	Description
prebuilts/gcc/linux-x86/aarch64/gcc-arm-10.3-2021.07-x86_64-aarch64-none-linux-gnu	gcc arm 10.3.1 64-bit toolchain
prebuilts/gcc/linux-x86/arm/gcc-arm-10.3-2021.07-x86_64-arm-none-linux-gnueabihf	gcc arm 10.3.1 32-bit toolchain

4.5.6.2 Buildroot Built-in Cross-compilation

If you need to compile a single module or a third-party application, you need to configure the cross-compilation environment. For example, RK3588, its cross-compilation tool is located in the

buildroot/output/rockchip_rk3588/host/usr directory, you need to set the bin/ directory of the tool and the aarch64-buildroot-linux-gnu/bin/ directory as the environment variable, execute the script that automatically configures environment variables in the top-level directory::

```
source envsetup.sh
```

Enter the command to view:

```
cd buildroot/output/rockchip_rk3588/host/usr/bin
./aarch64-linux-gcc --version
```

The following information will be printed:

```
aarch64-linux-gcc.br_real (Buildroot 2018.02-rc3-gc6d04ba007) 10.3.0
```

For example, the qplayer module, commonly used compilation commands are as follows:

• To build rockchip-test

SDK\$make rockchip-test

· Rebuild rockchip-test

```
SDK $ make rockchip-test-rebuild
```

• Remove qplayer

```
SDK$make rockchip-test-dirclean
or
SDK$rm -rf /buildroot/output/rockchip_rk3588/build/rockchip-test-1.0
```

4.5.7 Firmware Package

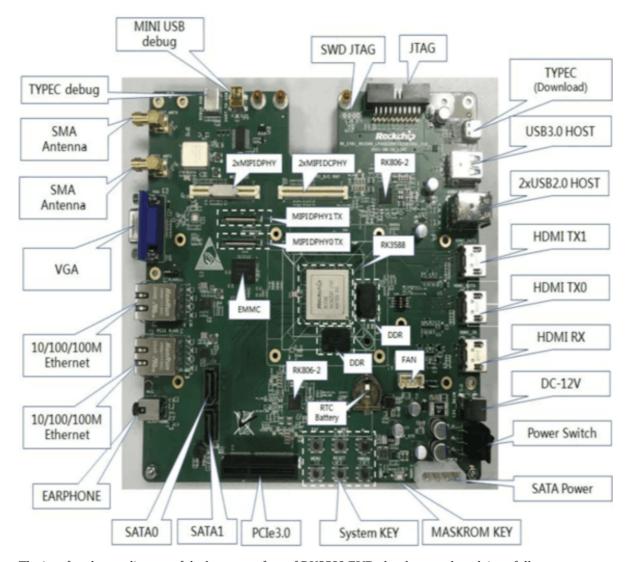
After compiling various parts of Kernel/U-Boot/Recovery/Rootfs above, enter root directory of project directory and run the following command to automatically complete all firmware packaged into rockdev directory:

Firmware generation:

```
./mkfirmware.sh
```

5. Upgrade Introduciton

The interface layout diagram of the top surface of RK3588 EVB sdevelopment board is as follows:



The interface layout diagram of the bottom surface of RK3588 EVB $\,$ development board $\,$ is as follows:

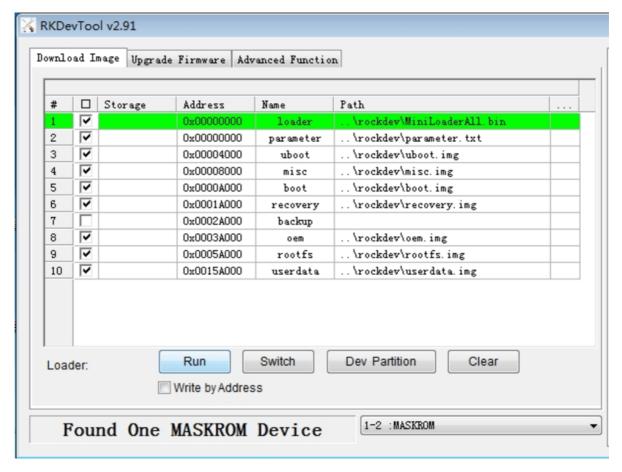


5.1 Windows Upgrade Introduction

SDK provides windows upgrade tool (this tool should be V291 or later version) which is located in project root directory:

tools/ |— windows/RKDevTool

As shown below, after compiling the corresponding firmware, device should enter MASKROM or BootROM mode for update. After connecting USB cable, long press the button "MASKROM" and press reset button "RST" at the same time and then release, device will enter MASKROM Mode. Then you should load the paths of the corresponding images and click "Run" to start upgrade. You can also press the "recovery" button and press reset button "RST" then release to enter loader mode to upgrade. Partition offset and flashing files of MASKROM Mode are shown as follows (Note: Window PC needs to run the tool as an administrator):



Note: Before upgrade, please install the latest USB driver, which is in the below directory:

```
<SDK>/tools/windows/DriverAssitant_v5.11.zip
```

5.2 Linux Upgrade Instruction

The Linux upgrade tool (Linux_Upgrade_Tool should be V2.1 or later versions) is located in "tools/linux" directory. Please make sure your board is connected to MASKROM/loader rockusb, if the compiled firmware is in rockdev directory, upgrade commands are as below:

```
sudo ./upgrade_tool ul -noreset rockdev/MiniLoaderAll.bin
sudo ./upgrade_tool di -p rockdev/parameter.txt
sudo ./upgrade_tool di -u rockdev/uboot.img
sudo ./upgrade_tool di -misc rockdev/misc.img
sudo ./upgrade_tool di -b rockdev/boot.img
sudo ./upgrade_tool di -recovery rockdev/recovery.img
sudo ./upgrade_tool di -oem rockdev/oem.img
sudo ./upgrade_tool di -rootfs rocdev/rootfs.img
sudo ./upgrade_tool di -userdata rockdev/userdata.img
sudo ./upgrade_tool rd
```

Or upgrade the whole update.img in the firmware

```
sudo ./upgrade_tool uf rockdev/update.img
```

Or in root directory, run the following command on the device to upgrade in MASKROM state:

5.3 System Partition Introduction

Default partition introduction (below is RK3588 EVB reference partition):

Number	Start (sector)	End (sector)	Size	Name
1	8389kB	12.6MB	4194kB	uboot
2	12.6MB	16.8MB	4194kB	misc
3	16.8MB	83.9MB	67.1MB	boot
4	83.9MB	218MB	134MB	recovery
5	218MB	252MB	33.6MB	bakcup
6	252MB	15.3GB	15.0GB	rootfs
7	15.3GB	15.4GB	134MB	oem
8	15.6GB	31.3GB	15.6GB	userdata

- uboot partition: for uboot.img built from uboot.
- misc partition: for misc.img built from recovery.
- boot partition: for boot.img built from kernel.
- recovery partition: for recovery.img built from recovery.
- backup partition: reserved, temporarily useless. Will be used for backup of recovery as in Android in future.
- rootfs partition: store rootfs.img built from buildroot or debian.
- oem partition: used by manufactor to store their APP or data, mounted in /oem directory
- userdata partition: store files temporarily generated by APP or for users, mounted in /userdata directory

6. RK3588 SDK Firmware

· Baidu Cloud Disk

Buildroot

Debian rootfs

• Microsoft OneDriver

Buildroot

Debian rootfs