

Intro to ML 22 / 23



Lab 01 - Introduction

Outline

1. Colab
2. Anaconda / Package Manager
3. Azure Machine
4. IDE
5. Github
6. Classification with scikit-learn

Link to [Colab Notebook](#)

Colab

<https://colab.research.google.com/>

- Make a copy of the notebook on your Drive
- Jupyter notebook environment hosted by Google
- No setup required (basically)
- Allows running code on GPU (12 hour maximum of GPU runtime)

+ Code + Text

2. GPU
3. TPU

(x) For Deep Learning appl

[30] ✓ # What device a
print(x.device)

cpu

[31] # Is GPU availa
print(torch.cuda

False

[CUDA](#) is the API used to

- Run all Ctrl+F9
- Run before Ctrl+F8
- Run the focused cell Ctrl+Enter
- Run selection Ctrl+Shift+Enter
- Run after Ctrl+F10
- Interrupt execution Ctrl+M |
- Restart runtime Ctrl+M .
- Restart and run all
- Disconnect and delete runtime
- Change runtime type
- Manage sessions
- View runtime logs

Js) as they are highly optimized for solving this kind of problems.

[37] x = torch.tensor([1, 2, 3], device="cuda")

```
-----
RuntimeError                                Traceback (most recent call last)
<ipython-input-37-80eb36bcf9d4> in <module>
----> 1 x = torch.tensor([1, 2, 3], device="cuda")

/usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages/torch/cuda/_init_.py in _lazy_init()
    227     if 'CUDA_MODULE_LOADING' not in os.environ:
    228         os.environ['CUDA_MODULE_LOADING'] = 'LAZY'
--> 229     torch._C._cuda_init()
    230     # Some of the queued calls may reentrantly call _lazy_init();
    231     # we need to just return without initializing in that case.
```

RuntimeError: No CUDA GPUs are available

SEARCH STACK OVERFLOW



+ Code + Text

✓ RAM
Disk

For Deep Learning applications, is better to run code on GPUs (or TPUs) as they are highly optimized for solving this kind of problems.



```
[30] # What device are we using?  
print(x.device)
```

cpu

```
[31] # Is GPU available?  
print(torch.cuda.is_available())
```

False

[CUDA](#) is the API used to access NVIDIA GPUs (i.e. all the gpus)

```
[37] x = torch.tensor([1, 2, 3], device="cuda")
```

```
RuntimeError                                Traceback (most recent call last)  
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RuntimeError: No CUDA GPUs are available

[SEARCH STACK OVERFLOW](#)

Notebook settings

Hardware accelerator

GPU

GPU class

Standard

Want access to premium GPUs?

[Purchase additional compute units](#)☐ Omit code cell output when saving this notebook

Cancel

Save



Anaconda

Anaconda is a package and environment manager

- Create virtual environments
- Easily install packages and dependencies

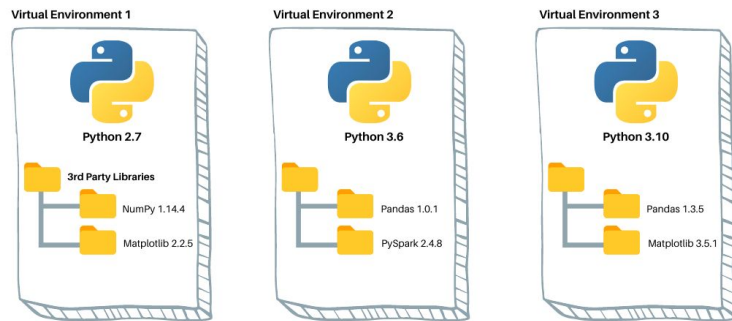
Install Anaconda



Anaconda

What is a virtual environment?

- it is an isolated environment virtually created on your machine



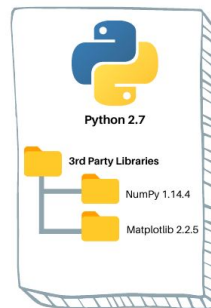
dataquest.io

Anaconda

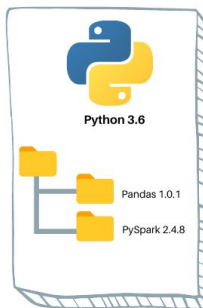
Use virtual environment for each different project, it will make it easier:

- keep the dependencies separated
- share your configuration with others
- reproduce what you were doing

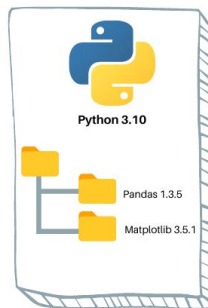
Virtual Environment 1



Virtual Environment 2



Virtual Environment 3



Anaconda

Basic commands

- create new env: `conda create --name lab01`
- activate env: `conda activate lab01`

Install packages you want, anaconda will take care off all the dependencies

Azure

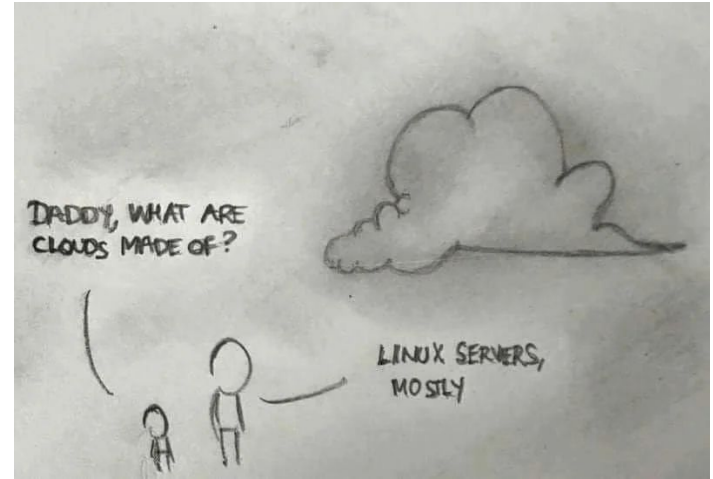
It is a cloud computing platform offered by Microsoft (other famous similar services are Google Cloud and Amazon AWS).

- You have access to a virtual machine on a cluster, you can run computational intensive code.
- You have to setup the machine
- You have access to 50 hrs of computing resources offered by DISI

Turn off your machine if you are not using it!

Azure

How to connect to the machine?



Once you are logged in, you can follow the anaconda step to set up your environment

Azure

Useful commands:

- `ssh yourusername@server`
- `scp` or `rsync` to transfer files to from the machine

```
rsync -r /your/local/path username@server:/your/remote/path
```

- Other useful commands
 - `cd, ls, mkdir, rm, cp`
 - <https://ubuntu.com/tutorials/command-line-for-beginners#1-overview>
 - <https://www.educative.io/blog/bash-shell-command-cheat-sheet>

IDE

Integrated Development Environment: will let you easily work with the above stuff.

- [VScode](#)
- [Pycharm](#)

PyCharm

Install:

<https://www.jetbrains.com/help/pycharm/installation-guide.html>

Pycharm professional is free for students, you have to apply here:

<https://www.jetbrains.com/community/education/#students>

Github

- Versioning of your code
- Share the code
- Make sure it is not lost

Use github! [Basic commands](#)

