

# **AWS Storage**

Module 4



#### **Units**

- 4.1 AWS Storage Types
- 4.2 Amazon EC2 Instance Storage and Amazon Elastic Block Store (Amazon EBS)
- 4.3 Object Storage with Amazon S3
- 4.4 Choose the Right Storage Service
- 4.5 Hands-on Lab: Create an Amazon S3 Bucket

#### **OVERVIEW: MODULE 04**

### **AWS Storage**

#### **Learning Outcomes**

- Develop a comprehensive understanding of various AWS storage types and their characteristics
- Master the features and management of Amazon EC2 instance storage and Amazon EBS volumes
- Acquire in-depth knowledge of Amazon S3 as an object storage solution, including its components and features
- Learn how to choose the right storage service based on specific use cases and requirements
- Apply theoretical knowledge in a practical setting through the hands-on lab, reinforcing the ability to create and manage Amazon S3 buckets



#### **Lesson Learning Outcomes**

- Differentiate between various AWS storage services, including Amazon S3, Amazon EBS, Amazon Glacier, Amazon EFS, and others
- Recognize the specific use cases and characteristics of each storage service
- Grasp the concept of object storage, as exemplified by Amazon S3, and its suitability for scalable and durable storage of unstructured data
- Understand the purpose of block storage provided by Amazon EBS, including its role in providing persistent, high-performance storage for EC2 instances

#### **LESSON OVERVIEW**

#### **MODULE 4 AWS STORAGE**

#### **Lesson 4.1 AWS Storage Types**

- AWS Storage Overview
- Block Storage
- Object Storage
- File Storage





With AWS Cloud Computing, you can create, delete, and modify storage solutions within a matter of minutes

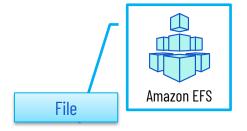


#### **AWS Storage Overview**

**AWS Storage** services are grouped into three categories:

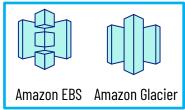
- File Storage: In file storage, data is stored as files in a hierarchy.
- Block Storage: In block storage, data is stored in fixedsize blocks.

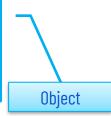
 Object Storage: In object storage, data is stored as objects in buckets.





Block

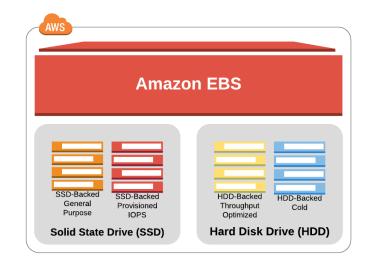






#### **Block Storage**

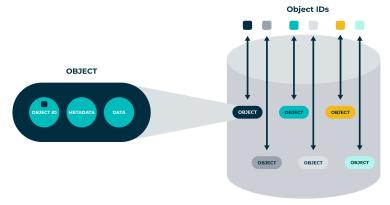
- AWS Block Storage is a technology that controls data storage and storage devices. It takes any data, like a file or database entry, and divides it into blocks of equal sizes. The block storage system then stores the data block on underlying physical storage in a manner that is optimized for fast access and retrieval.
- Amazon Elastic Block Store (EBS): Provides block-level storage volumes for use with Amazon EC2 instances.
- Amazon EC2 instance storage: Storage directly attached to EC2 instances.





#### **Object Storage**

- AWS in Object Storage, files are stored as objects. Objects, much like files, are treated as a single, distinct unit of data when stored. However, unlike file storage, these objects are stored in a bucket using a flat structure, meaning there are no folders, directories, or complex hierarchies.
- AWS S3 provides efficient object storage with a flat structure, offering scalability, accessibility, and versatility for diverse storage needs.

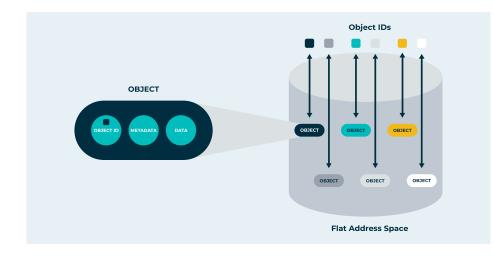


**Flat Address Space** 



#### **Object Storage**

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#### **File Storage**

**File Storage** is ideal when you require centralized access to files that must be easily shared and managed by multiple host computers. Typically, this storage is mounted onto multiple hosts, and requires file locking and integration with existing file system communication protocols.

- **Elastic File System (EFS):** Centralized file storage for Linux and Unix systems, facilitating collaboration with multi-host mounting and standard protocol integration.
- Amazon FSx for Windows: Tailored for Windows environments, providing efficient centralized file management for Windows
  applications and storage needs.
- **Amazon FSx for Lustre:** Designed for Unix-based systems, offering high-performance file storage ideal for HPC workloads, machine learning, and analytics.



#### SUMMARY

- ✓ Understanding different type of AWS Storage
- ✓ Gaining concept on Block Storage, Object Storage and File Storage
- ✓ When to use those Storage type



#### Resources

- <a href="https://docs.aws.amazon.com/whitepapers/latest/aws-overview/storage-services.html">https://docs.aws.amazon.com/whitepapers/latest/aws-overview/storage-services.html</a>
- https://aws.amazon.com/products/storage/
- https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AWSEC2/latest/UserGuide/Storage.html



#### **Lesson Learning Outcomes**

- The concept of Amazon EBS as a scalable and persistent block storage service that can be attached to EC2 instances
- Identify scenarios where instance store is suitable, such as temporary storage, caching, and scratch data that doesn't require persistent storage
- Should comprehend the concept of instance store, its ephemeral nature, and its association with the local storage physically attached to EC2 instances

#### **LESSON OVERVIEW**

#### **MODULE 4 AWS STORAGE**

#### Lesson 4.2 Amazon EC2 Instance Storage and Amazon Elastic Block Storage

- The Difference Between EC2 Instance Storage vs EBS
- Use Case of EC2 Instance Storage
- Use Cases of EBS





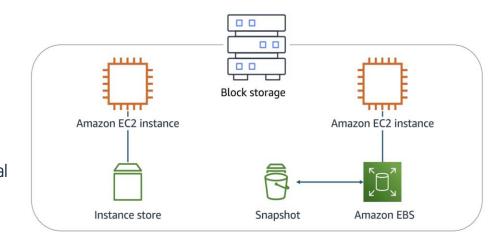
The unique characteristics of block storage make it the preferred option for transactional, mission-critical, and I/O-intensive applications



#### The Difference Between EBS vs EC2 Instance Storage

Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud (Amazon EC2) Instance Store provides temporary block-level storage for an instance. This storage is located on disks that are physically attached to the host computer.

As the name implies, **Amazon Elastic Block Store (Amazon EBS)** is block-level storage that you can attach to an Amazon EC2 instance. You can compare this to how you much attach an external drive to your laptop. This attachable storage is called an **EBS Volume**. EBS volumes act similarly to external drives in more than one way.





#### **Use Case of EBS**

**Amazon EBS** is useful when you must retrieve data quickly and have data persist long term. **Volumes** are commonly used in the following scenarios:

- Boot and Root volumes can be used to store an operating system
- As a storage layer for databases running on Amazon EC2 that will scale with your performance needs and provide consistent and low-latency performance



#### **Use Case of EC2 Instance Storage**

- **Instance Store** is ideal if you host applications that replicate data to other EC2 instances, such as Hadoop clusters. For these cluster-based workloads, having the speed of locally attached volumes and the resiliency of replicated data helps you achieve data distribution at high performance.
- It's also ideal for temporary storage of information that changes frequently, such as buffers, caches, scratch data, and other temporary content.



#### **SUMMARY**

- ✓ Understanding difference between EC2 Instance Storage and Elastic Block Storage
- ✓ When to use those block storages



#### Resources

- https://aws.amazon.com/ebs/
- https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AWSEC2/latest/UserGuide/AmazonEBS.html
- https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AWSEC2/latest/UserGuide/InstanceStorage.html



#### **Lesson Learning Outcomes**

- Define what Amazon S3 is and its fundamental purpose as a scalable object storage service in the cloud
- Differentiate between the various storage classes provided by Amazon S3, such as STANDARD, INTELLIGENT\_TIERING, ONEZONE\_IA, GLACIER
- Recognize S3's key components: buckets, objects, and URL for accessing data
- Implement proper access controls using S3 bucket policies, IAM (Identity and Access Management) roles, and Access Control Lists (ACLs)

#### **LESSON OVERVIEW**

#### **MODULE 4 AWS STORAGE**

#### Lesson 4.3 Object Storage with Amazon S3

- What is \$3?
- S3 Basis
- Classes of S3





Object storage is built for the cloud and delivers virtually unlimited scalability, high durability, and cost effectiveness



What is S3?

#### **Amazon S3 or Amazon Simple Storage Service**

- It provides developers and IT teams with secure, durable, highly scalable object storage
- It S3 is easy to use, the simple web services interfaces to store and retrieve any amount of data from anywhere on the web

## **Amazon S3**









#### S3 Basis

- It allows us to upload our files
- File can be 0 Byte to 5 TB
- Unlimited Storage
- File stored in Bucket
- Return 200 codes if uploaded successfully





#### **Classes of S3**





#### **SUMMARY**

- ✓ The characteristic of S3
- ✓ Concept of Bucket
- ✓ Different type of S3 object classes



#### Resources

- √ <a href="https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AmazonS3/latest/userguide/Welcome.html">https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AmazonS3/latest/userguide/Welcome.html</a>
- ✓ <a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Amazon\_S3">https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Amazon\_S3</a>
- √ <a href="https://aws.amazon.com/s3/whitepaper-best-practices-s3-performance/">https://aws.amazon.com/s3/whitepaper-best-practices-s3-performance/</a>



#### **Lesson Learning Outcomes**

- Distinguish among diverse AWS storage services, encompassing Amazon S3, Amazon EBS, Amazon Glacier, Amazon EFS, and additional offerings
- Comprehend the function of Amazon EBS block storage, elucidating its role in furnishing enduring, high-performance storage tailored for EC2 instances
- Comprehend the idea of object storage, illustrated by Amazon S3, and its appropriateness for the scalable and resilient storage of unstructured data

#### **LESSON OVERVIEW**

#### **MODULE 4 AWS STORAGE**

#### **Lesson 4.4 Choose the Right Storage Service**

Purpose Driven Right Storage Selection





Selecting the appropriate AWS storage service is contingent upon various factors, such as the specific requirements and characteristics of your workload



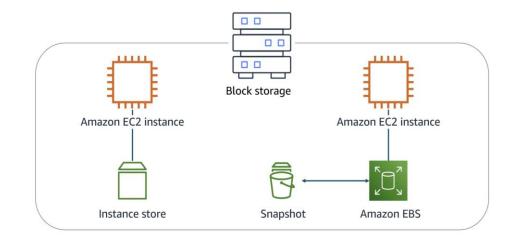
#### **Purpose Driven Right Storage Selection**

#### **Amazon EC2 instance store**

- Caching and Buffers
- Temporary Data and Scratch Space
- Stateless Applications

#### **Amazon EBS**

- Root Volume for EC2 Instances
- Applications and Database Storage
- Backup and Snapshots





#### **Purpose Driven Right Storage Selection**

#### **Amazon S3**

- Data Storage, Backup and long-time archiving
- Media and Web Object Content
- Static Website Hosting

#### **Amazon EFS**

- Shared File Storage for EC2 Instances
- Big Data and Analytics
- Container Storage for Docker and Kubernetes





Amazon Elastic File System



#### **SUMMARY**

- Understanding the use cases of different types of AWS Storage
- ✓ Comprehend the idea of object storage, illustrated by Amazon S3, and its appropriateness for the scalable and resilient storage of unstructured data



#### Resources

- √ <a href="https://docs.aws.amazon.com/whitepapers/latest/aws-overview/storage-services.html">https://docs.aws.amazon.com/whitepapers/latest/aws-overview/storage-services.html</a>
- ✓ <a href="https://aws.amazon.com/products/storage/">https://aws.amazon.com/products/storage/</a>
- ✓ <a href="https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AWSEC2/latest/UserGuide/Storage.html">https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AWSEC2/latest/UserGuide/Storage.html</a>





## **Hands-On Lab**

Create an Amazon S3 Bucket