AROOBA

Task

With online sales gaining popularity, tech companies are exploring ways to improve their sales by analyzing customer behavior and deriving insights about product trends. Furthermore, e-commerce websites make it easier for customers to find the products that they require without much scavenging. Therefore, as a part of this assignment, you, as a Performance Marketing Analyst, are required to extract data and gather insights for an e-commerce company

Marketing plan

Having a marketing plan for your business is essential

 it gives direction to advertising strategy, sales strategy, customer support strategy, etc.

It provides a timeframe and implementation for the marketing strategies built.

Marketing plan?

Overall, the main items a marketing plan solve are:

- Establishing measurable goals
- Actionable consistency for business strategy
- Working within a budget for clear financials and detailed expenditure
- Improves your relationship with customers
- Helps businesses to gain new investors
- It is a powerful motivator for marketing team

Introduction

- Calculate the revenue of each month
- Find the product under each category
- Find the event type
- Find the max brand of each month
- Find the top 10 user

Total revenue of October

Find the total revenue generated due to purchases made in October.

SELECT ROUND(SUM(price),2) as TotalRev_October

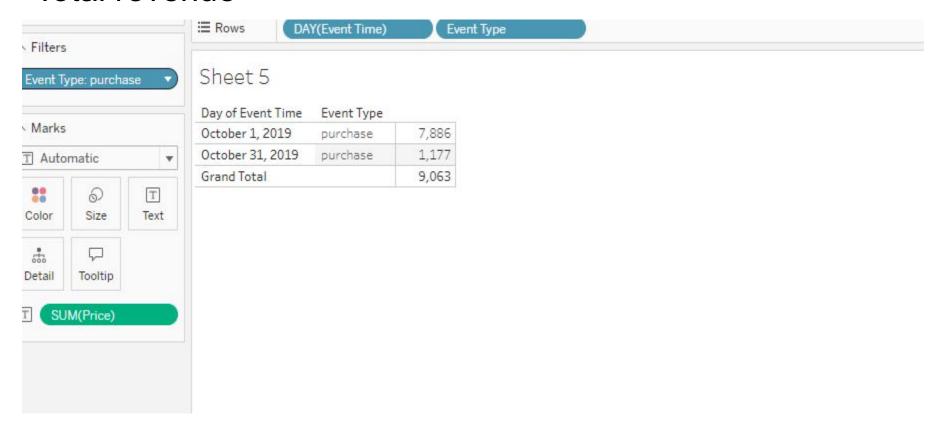
FROM table

WHERE event_type = 'purchase' AND

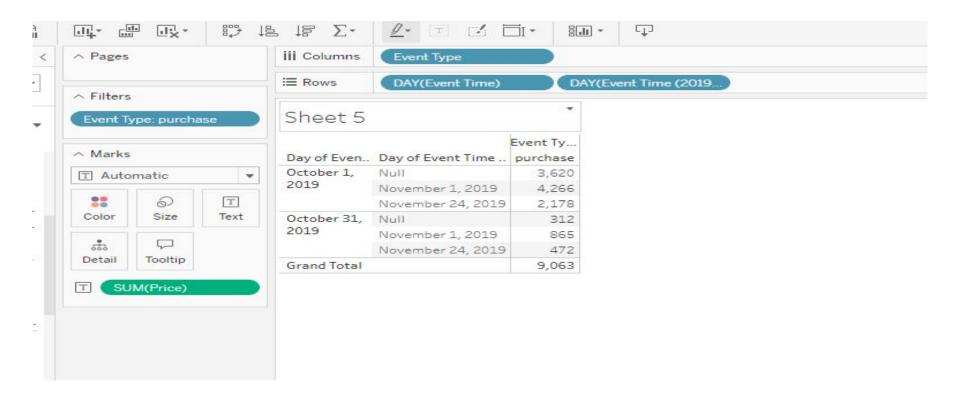
date_format(event_time, 'MM') = 10;

We see that the Total Revenue in the month of 'October 2019' is xxxx

Total revenue



Compare the month



Result

• We observe that the sum of purchases (Revenue) in the month of 'November 2019' is higher than that of 'October 2019'.

We can infer that the month of November has performed better than October.

Find the product category

Find distinct categories of products. Categories with null category code can be ignored.

SELECT DISTINCT SPLIT(category_code,'\\.')[0] AS Category_List FROM table;

- We observe 6 different categories present namely; furniture, appliances, accessories, apparel, sport, stationery.
- The category_code column contained values, which were delimited by '.'. We use the SPLIT command to split and located the first index alone, which contained the main Category.

Query

Find the total number of products available under each category.

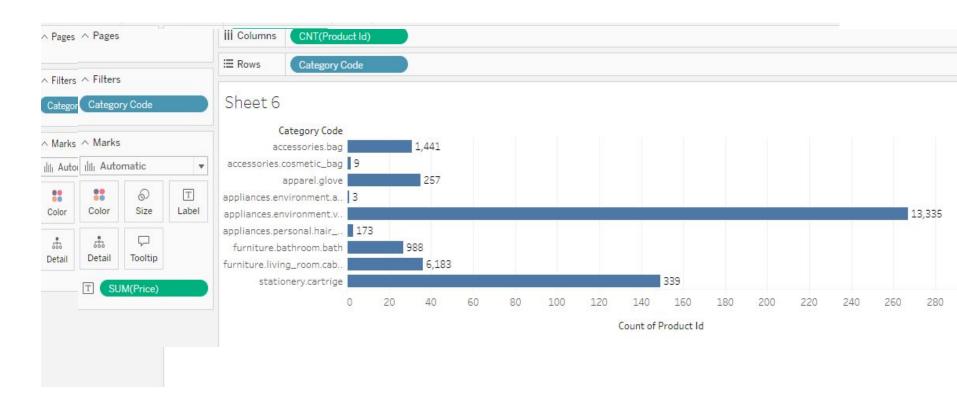
SELECT SPLIT(category_code,'\\.')[0] AS Category, COUNT(product_id) AS Total_Product_count

FROM table

GROUP BY SPLIT(category_code,'\\.')[0]

ORDER BY Total_Product_count DESC;

Metrics



Result

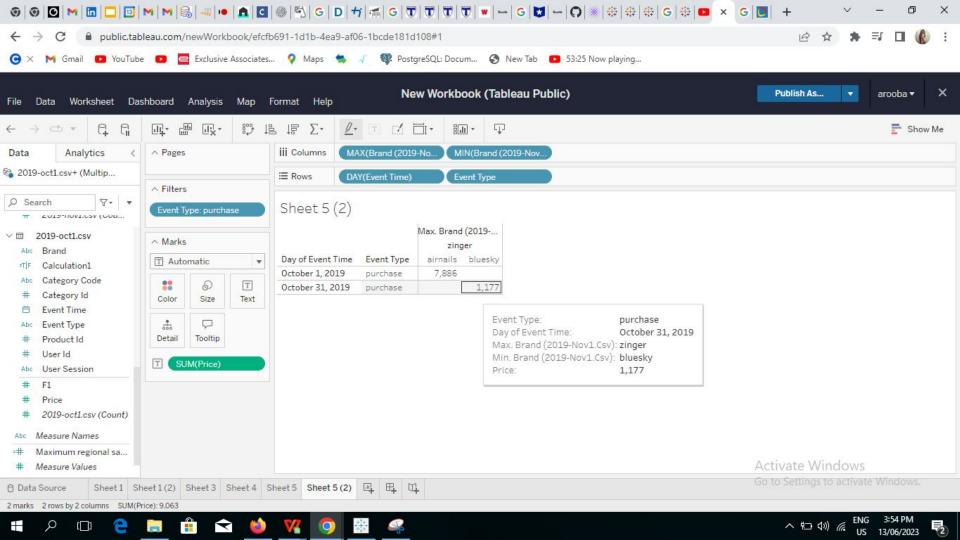
• We observe that, 'appliances' category has the highest number of cosmetic products available under it.

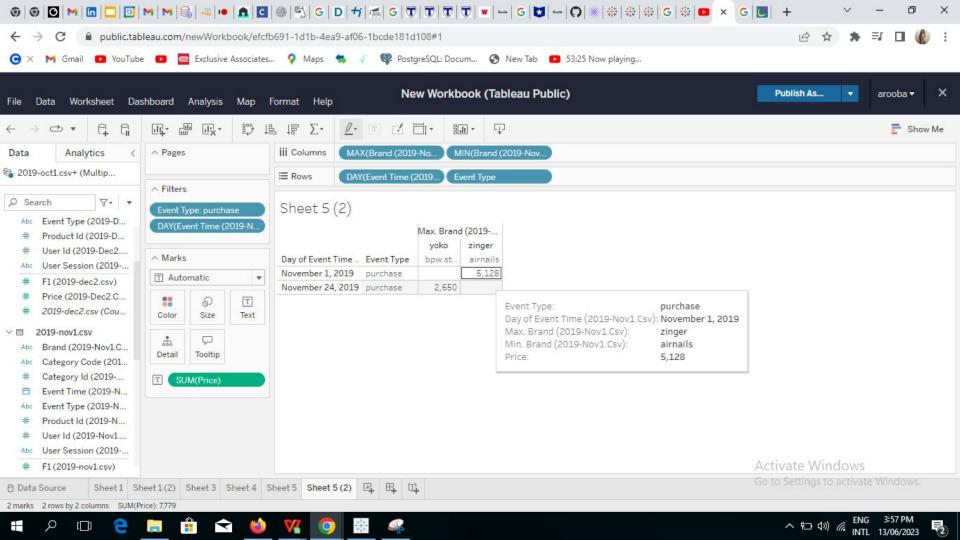
 We can see 'sports' category has the least cosmetic products under it. This make sense as sports category would not contain many cosmetic products.

Max value

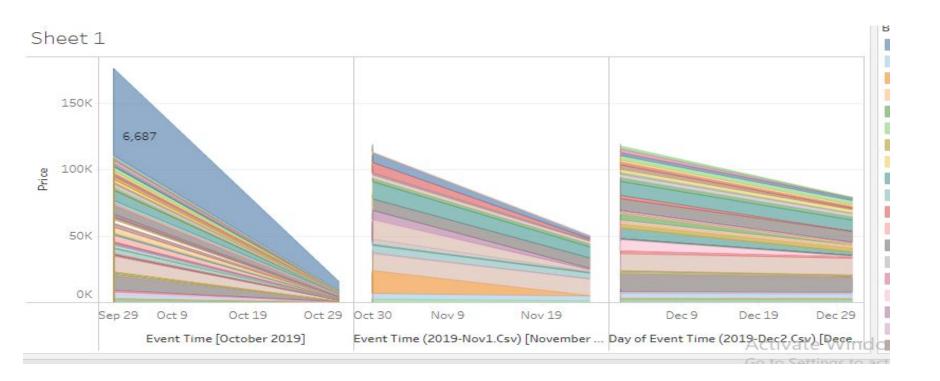
Which brand had the maximum sales in October and November combined?

```
SELECT brand, ROUND(SUM(price),2) as Total_sales
FROM table
WHERE event_type = 'purchase'
GROUP BY brand
ORDER BY Total_sales desc
LIMIT 5;
```



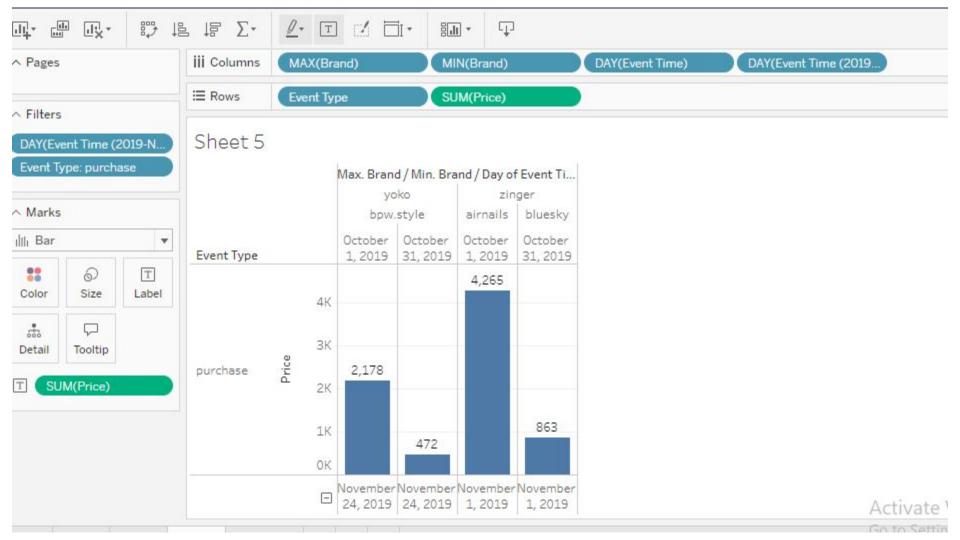


Get most used brand



Compare with all months





Top 10 users

Your company wants to reward the top 10 users of its website with a Golden Customer plan.

```
SELECT user_id, ROUND(SUM(price),2) as Total_money_spent
FROM table
WHERE event_type = 'purchase'
GROUP BY user_id
ORDER BY Total_money_spent DESC
LIMIT 10;
```

Top user

