Formulae of Charmed Meson in Recombination Model

Huanjing Gong, * (Dated: July 4, 2023)

Utility:

$$S^{q}(p) = \int \frac{dq}{q} \sum_{i} F_{i}(q) Quench F(q) S_{i}^{q}(p/q) Quench S(p), \quad \text{if q=c, then i=charm, gluon.}$$
 (1)

$$SS^{q_1q_2}(p_1, p_2) = \int \frac{dq}{q} \sum_{i} F_i(q) Quench F(q) S_i^{q_1}(p_1/q) Quench S(p_1) S_i^{q_2}(\frac{p_2}{q - p_1}) Quench S(p_2), \tag{2}$$

if q=c, then i=charm, gluon.

$$R_M(p_1, p_2, p) = \frac{g_M}{B(a+1, b+1)} \left(\frac{p_1}{p}\right)^{a+1} \left(\frac{p_2}{p}\right)^{b+1} \delta\left(\frac{p_1}{p} + \frac{p_1}{p} - 1\right), \text{ in which } \frac{a+1}{b+1} \approx \frac{m_1}{m_2}.$$

$$\text{for } D^0, \frac{a+1}{b+1} = \frac{1}{5}, \text{ for } D_s, \frac{a+1}{b+1} = \frac{3}{10}.$$

$$(3)$$

$$xD_i^M(x) = \int_0^x \frac{dx_1}{x_1} \int_0^x \frac{dx_2}{x_2} \{S_i^q(x_1), S_i^{\overline{q'}}(x_2)\} R_M(x_1, x_2, x), \tag{4}$$

$$QuenchF(q) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{(3.5 - q)/0.5}},$$
(5)

$$QuenchS(q) = 1 - e^{-(q/0.5)^2}, (6)$$

$$QuenchD(q) = 1 - e^{-q^2}. (7)$$

 J/ψ :

$$\frac{dN_{J/\psi}^{TT}}{p_T dp_T} = \frac{g_{J/\psi} C_c^2 p_T}{4m_T^{J/\psi}} e^{-p_T/T_c},\tag{8}$$

$$\frac{dN_{J/\psi}^{TS}}{p_T dp_T} = \frac{g_{J/\psi} C_c}{2m_T^{J/\psi}} e^{-p_T/2T_c} \mathcal{S}^c(p_T/2), \tag{9}$$

$$\frac{dN_{J/\psi}^{SS^{1j}}}{p_T dp_T} = \frac{g_{J/\psi}}{p_T m_T^{J/\psi}} \mathcal{S} \mathcal{S}^{c\bar{c}}(p_T/2, p_T/2), \tag{10}$$

$$\frac{dN_{J/\psi}^{SS^{2j}}}{p_T dp_T} = \frac{g_{J/\psi} \Gamma}{p_T m_T^{J/\psi}} \mathcal{S}^c(p_T/2) \mathcal{S}^{\bar{c}}(p_T/2). \tag{11}$$

 D^0 :

$$\frac{dN_{D^0}^{TT}}{p_T dp_T} = \frac{5g_{D^0} C_q C_c}{p_0 p_T^6} \int_0^{p_T} dp_1 p_1 e^{-p_1/T_q} (p_T - p_1) e^{-(p_T - p_1)/T_c} (p_T - p_1)^4, \tag{12}$$

$$\frac{dN_{D^0}^{TS}}{p_T dp_T} = \frac{5g_{D^0}}{p_0 p_T^6} \int_0^{p_T} dp_1 p_1 (p_T - p_1)^4 [C_q e^{-p_1/T_q} S^c(p_T - p_1) + C_c(\frac{p_T}{p_1} - 1) e^{-(p_T - p_1)/T_c} S^{\bar{u}}(p_1)], \tag{13}$$

$$\frac{dN_{D^0}^{SS^{1j}}}{p_T dp_T} = \frac{1}{m_T^{D^0}} \int \frac{dq}{q^2} \sum_{i=g,c} F_i(q) Quench F(q) D_i^{D^0}(p_T/q) Quench D(p_T), \tag{14}$$

$$\frac{dN_{D^0}^{SS^{2j}}}{p_T dp_T} = \frac{5g_{D^0} \Gamma}{m_T^{D^0} p_T^6} \int_0^{p_T} dp_1 (p_T - p_1)^4 \mathcal{S}^{\bar{u}}(p_1) \mathcal{S}^c(p_T - p_1). \tag{15}$$

^{*}Electronic address: gonghuanjing@stu.scu.edu.cn

 D_s :

$$\frac{dN_{D_s}^{TT}}{p_T dp_T} = \frac{660 g_{D_s} C_s C_c}{p_0 p_T^{13}} \int_0^{p_T} dp_1 p_1 e^{-p_1/T_s} (p_T - p_1) e^{-(p_T - p_1)/T_c} p_1^2 (p_T - p_1)^9, \tag{16}$$

$$\frac{dN_{D_s}^{TS}}{p_T dp_T} = \frac{660 g_{D_s}}{p_0 p_T^{13}} \int_0^{p_T} dp_1 p_1^3 (p_T - p_1)^9 [C_s e^{-p_1/T_s} S^c(p_T - p_1) + C_c(\frac{p_T}{p_1} - 1) e^{-(p_T - p_1)/T_c} S^{\bar{s}}(p_1)], \tag{17}$$

$$\frac{dN_{D_s}^{TS}}{p_T dp_T} = \frac{660g_{D_s}}{p_0 p_T^{13}} \int_0^{p_T} dp_1 p_1^3 (p_T - p_1)^9 [C_s e^{-p_1/T_s} S^c(p_T - p_1) + C_c(\frac{p_T}{p_1} - 1) e^{-(p_T - p_1)/T_c} S^{\bar{s}}(p_1)], \qquad (17)$$

$$\frac{dN_{D_s}^{SS^{1j}}}{p_T dp_T} = \frac{1}{m_T^{D_s}} \int \frac{dq}{q^2} \sum_{i=g,c} F_i(q) Quench F(q) D_i^{D_s}(p_T/q) Quench D(p_T), \qquad (18)$$

$$\frac{dN_{D_s}^{SS^{2j}}}{p_T dp_T} = \frac{660g_{D_s}\Gamma}{m_T^{D_s}p_T^{13}} \int_0^{p_T} dp_1 p_1^2 (p_T - p_1)^9 \mathcal{S}^{\bar{s}}(p_1) \mathcal{S}^c(p_T - p_1). \tag{19}$$

RESULTS

2023.07.04

Despite violating ratio of mass, we set $\frac{a+1}{b+1} = \frac{2}{3}$ for D^0 , like Kaon, and $\frac{a+1}{b+1} = \frac{3}{4}$ for D_s owing to smaller ratio of mass. The parameters and results are following.

TABLE I: Parameters used in v16, in which γ_0 and q_0 are only for charm quark.

	C_q	T_q	C_s	T_s	C_c	T_c	γ_0	q_0	$g_{J/\psi}$	g_{D^0}	g_{D_s}
2.76 TeV	23.2	0.39	11.0	0.51	0.8	0.68	3.0	7.0	1.0	9.9	1.0
5.02 TeV	22.0	0.42	10.0	0.545	0.5	0.83	3.0	7.0	1.0	2.3	1.0

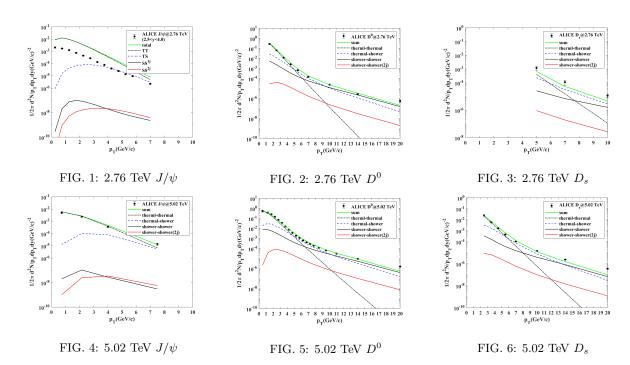


FIG. 7: Results of parameters in Tab.I.