Stateful Applications With Kubernetes and Cloud SQL

- Creating DB with cloud sql
- Setting up Kubernetes
- Deploying an Application
- Examining fault tolerance

## The application

Simple hello world happy birthday application

Description: saves/updates the given user's name and date of birth in the database

Request: PUT /hello/<username> { "dateOfBirth" : "YYYY-MM-DD" }

Response: 204 No Content

App checks username is all letters and date of birth is larger or equal to today.

Description: returns hello happy birthday message for given user

```
a. If username's birthday is in N day(s):
```

```
"messege": "Hello <username>! Your birthday is in N day(s)!"
}
```

b. If username's birthday is today:

```
"messege": "Hello <username>! Your birthday is today!"
}
```

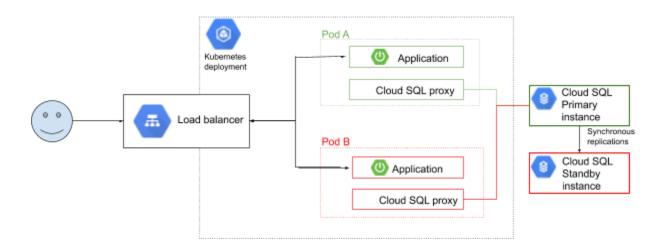
### Goals:

- Handle traffic
- Low maintenance
- (Almost) always available

### High availability:

- Use a **primary** instance (master) and a **standby** instance in different zones.
- Backed by a regional **persistent disk** that uses **synchronous replication** to sync any writes.
- When an unhealthy instance is detected, the standby instance is promoted.
- Failovers typically take ~60s from once triggered.

### Solution architecture:



- The end user is interacting through a load balancer, the load balancer is going to be distributing traffic between the pods.
- Pods, the atomic unit is inside a deployment.
- The deployment manages the pods for us.
- The load balancer is going to direct traffic to the pods.
- Pods are connected to the cloud sql instance.
- The Cloud SQL instance had HA so it has asynchronous replication to a standby instance.
- The "sidecar" pattern:



#### Prerequisites

The steps described in this document require installations of several tools and the proper configuration of authentication to allow them to access your GCP resources.

## **Cloud Project**

If you do not have a Google Cloud account, please signup for a free trial <a href="here">here</a>. You'll need access to a Google Cloud Project with billing enabled. See <a href="here">Creating and Managing Projects</a> for creating a new project. To make cleanup easier it's recommended to create a new project.

## Required GCP APIs

The following APIs will be enabled:

Compute Engine API

https://console.developers.google.com/apis/api/compute.googleapis.com/

#### Service Networking API

https://console.developers.google.com/apis/api/servicenetworking.googleapis.com/

#### Cloud SQL Admin API

https://console.developers.google.com/apis/api/sqladmin.googleapis.com/

#### Kubernetes engine api

https://console.developers.google.com/apis/api/container.googleapis.com/

## To deploy everything:

#### Tools

When not using Cloud Shell, the following tools are required:

- Access to an existing Google Cloud project.
- Bash and common command line tools (Make, etc.)
- Terraform v0.12.3+
- gcloud v255.0.0+
- kubectl that matches the latest generally-available GKE cluster version.

#### Install Terraform

Terraform is used to automate the manipulation of cloud infrastructure. Its <u>installation</u> <u>instructions</u> are also available online.

#### Install Cloud SDK

The Google Cloud SDK is used to interact with your GCP resources. <u>Installation instructions</u> for multiple platforms are available online.

#### Install kubectl CLI

The kubectl CLI is used to interteract with both Kubernetes Engine and Kubernetes in general. <u>Installation instructions</u> for multiple platforms are available online.

## Authenticate gcloud

Prior to running this demo, ensure you have authenticated your gcloud client by running the following command: gcloud auth login

# Configure gcloud settings

Run gcloud config list and make sure that compute/zone, compute/region and core/project are populated with values that work for you. You can choose a <u>region and zone near you</u>. You can set their values with the following commands:

# Where the region is us-central1 gcloud config set compute/region us-central1

Updated property [compute/region].
# Where the zone inside the region is us-central1-c
gcloud config set compute/zone us-central1-c

Updated property [compute/zone].
# Where the project name is my-project-name gcloud config set project my-project-name

Updated property [core/project].

## Deploy everything:

Prerequisite:

Create terraform/terraform.tfvars

As follows:

# GCP Settings
gcp\_location = your\_gcp\_location
gcp\_zone = your\_gcp\_zone
gcp\_auth\_file = "account.json"
app\_project = your\_gcp\_project\_name
initial\_node\_count = 3
machine\_type = "n1-standard-1"

Terraform init
Terraform apply -auto-approve

#create secret vault as a sidecar #init with your secrets Kubctl create -f terraform/secrets.yaml

#deploy app container & cloud sql proxy Kubectl create -f terraform/deployment.yaml

#deploy load balancer
Kubctl create -f terraform/loadbalancer.yaml

#deploy autoscaler for zero downtime Kubctl create -f terraform/autoscaler.yaml

To Destroy:

Terraform destroy -auto-approve