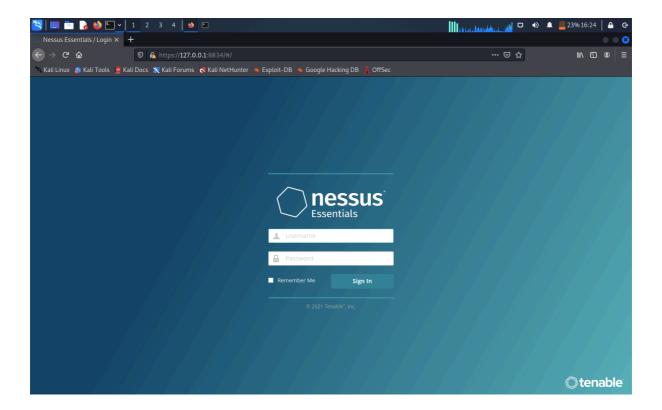
Nessus Essentials

In this lab, we will cover vulnerability scanning using Nessus Essentials. We will go through some of the main steps of vulnerability management lifecycle. We will use Nessus Essentials to scan local VMs(Windows 10 pro and Metasploitable) hosted on VMware Fusion, to discover vulnerabilities and their remedies. It categorizes the vulnerabilities based on the severity. For example, if the scanner determines the vulnerability as Critical, it requires an immediate action.

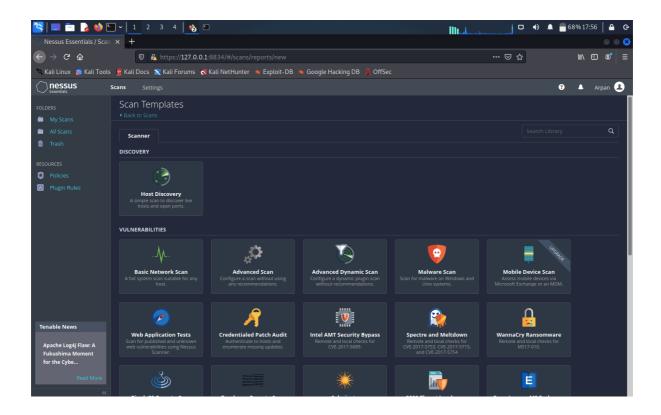
Installing the VM's -

We will be installing Kali linux, Windows 10 and Metasploitable VMs on VMware Fusion. We will install and configure Nessus Essentials in kali and run scans on Windows 10 and Metasploitable VMs and compare the results. Windows 10 VM is up to date so it is likely to show less or no vulnerabilities whereas Metasploitable is intentionally made vulnerable hence, it can show a lot of vulnerabilities.



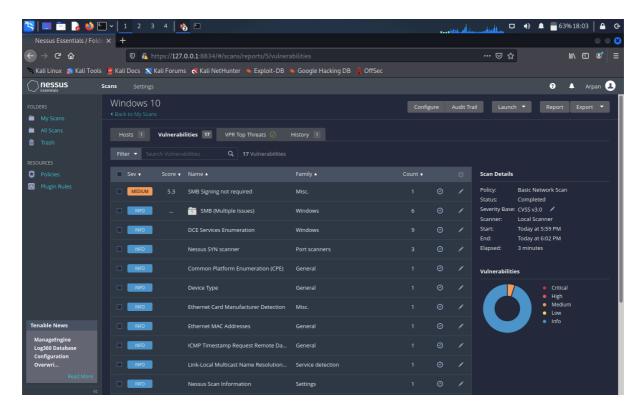
Installing Nessus Essentials -

Visit the tenable website, get the activation key by creating an account and download the suitable debian file for kali. Open kali terminal and use the command dpkg -i followed by the debian package to install Nessus essentials. Use command "sudo sytemctl start nessusd.service" to start Nessus. We can view the status using "sudo systemctl status nessusd.service". Access the web interface by navigating to the local host on port 8834 (save the url for future reference), click on advanced and accept the risk. Fill in the credentials and the activation key from the mail. It will take some time to finish initialising. Finally, we will be able to see the Nessus interface and the templates. Provide the IP addresses of the target machines and begin scanning.

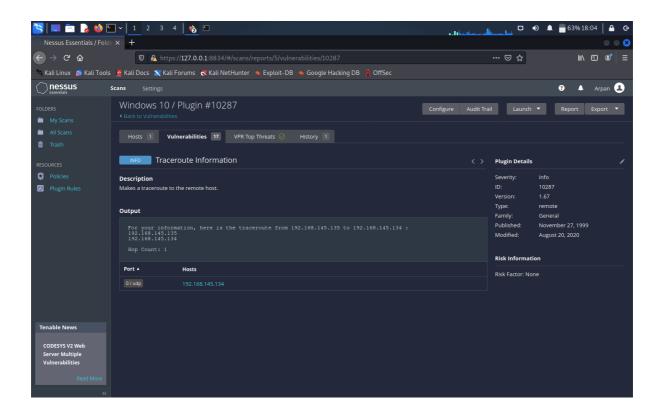


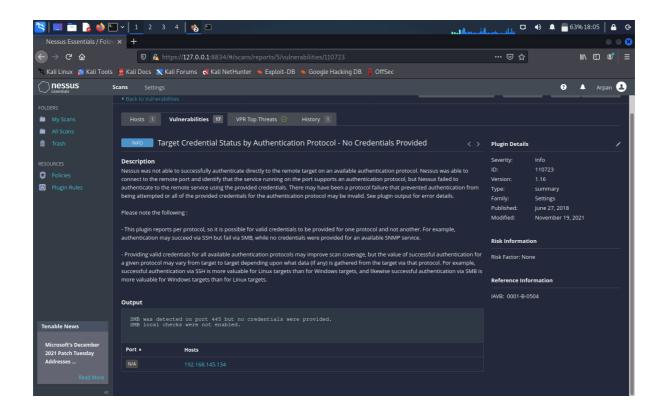
Running Scans on VMs -

First we will run a basic network scan on Windows 10 VM. It will list all the vulnerabilities that exist.

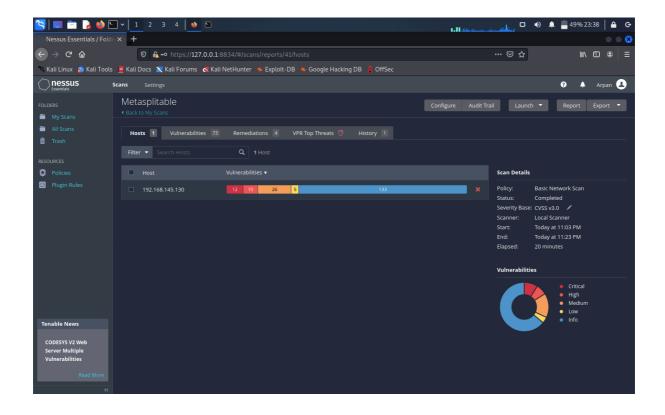


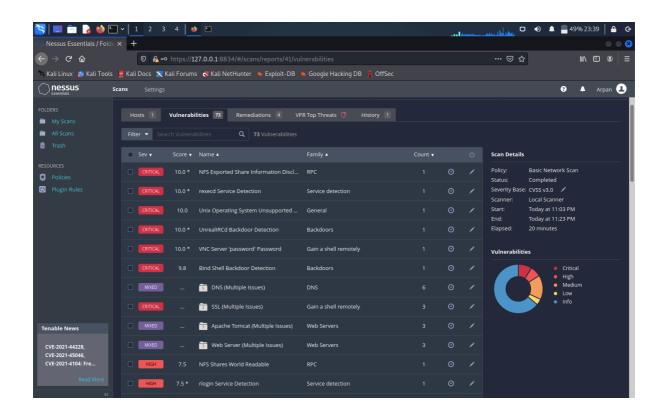
The scan lists the vulnerabilities and clicking on them describes the details of the vulnerabilities. For example - the screenshots below mentions the trace route information and target credential status by authentication protocol. This further helps in remediation of the vulnerabilities.

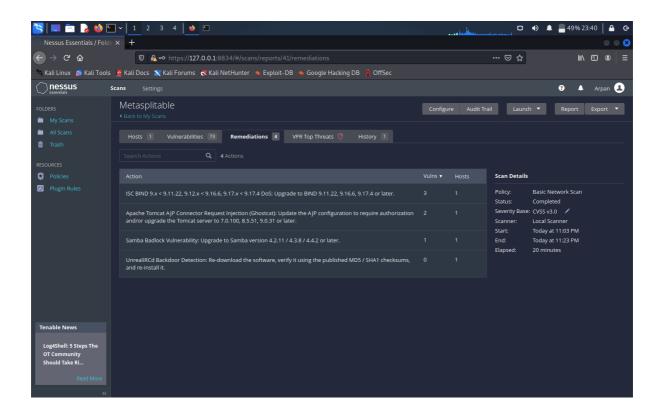




Now we will run scan on Metasploitable VM. We can see all the vulnerabilities and the severity levels. Looking at the report, we can find out how many critical vulnerabilities are present and how to remediate them. Usually the critical vulnerabilities are the ones which require immediate action.







We can compare the scans between these VMs and figure out ways to keep our machines secure. Running out of date softwares can result in the compromise of our machine whereas keeping it updated is usually the best way to remediate the vulnerabilities and make the machine more secure.