# $Inclass\_assignment\_R\_markdown$

#### Arpan

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### Question 1

#### Explain the following

- a. YAML header A YAML header is an important component at the beginning of an R Markdown document. It is enclosed between triple dashes (—) and uses YAML syntax to define various parameters and configuration options. This header serves multiple purposes, including specifying document metadata (such as title, author, and date), setting the output format (e.g., HTML, PDF, or Word), customizing document appearance (themes, table of contents), defining parameters for use throughout the document, and specifying bibliography details.
- b. Literate programming Literate programming is a way of writing code that focuses on making it easy for people to understand. It combines natural language with code snippets to explain how programs work. This approach helps create clear documentation and makes it easier for programmers to grasp the logic behind the code. It also allows for two types of output: one for computers to run and another for humans to read. This method has inspired tools such as R Markdown, which are widely used in science and data analysis.

#### Question 2

Take the code you wrote for coding challenge 3, question 5, and incorporate it into your R markdown file. Some of you have already been doing this, which is great! Your final R markdown file should have the following elements.

- a. At the top of the document, make a clickable link to the manuscript where these data are published. The link is here:
- b. Noel, Z.A., Roze, L.V., Breunig, M., Trail, F. 2022. Endophytic fungi as promising biocontrol agent to protect wheat from Fusarium graminearum head blight. Plant Disease. https://doi.org/10.1094/PDIS-06-21-1253-RE
- c. Read the data using a relative file path with na.strings option set to "na". This means you need to put the Mycotoxin.csv file we have used for the past two weeks into your directory, which git tracks.
- d. Make a separate code chunk for the figures plotting the DON data, 15ADON, and Seedmass, and one for the three combined using ggarrange.

Manuscript link: https://doi.org/10.1094/PDIS-06-21-1253-RE

```
library(ggpubr)

#Reading the data and converting "na" strings to NA values
datum=read.csv("Data_Visualization_class1/MycotoxinData.csv",na.strings="na")

# Convert categorical variables to factors
datum$Treatment=as.factor(datum$Treatment) # Convert treatment column to a categorical variable
datum$Cultivar=as.factor(datum$Cultivar)# Convert cultivar column to a categorical variable
datum$BioRep=as.factor(datum$BioRep) # Convert biological replicate column to a categorical variable

#Using colour blind palette
cbbPalette <- c( "#E69F00", "#56B4E9", "#009E73", "#F0E442", "#0072B2", "#D55E00", "#CC79A7", "#000000")
```

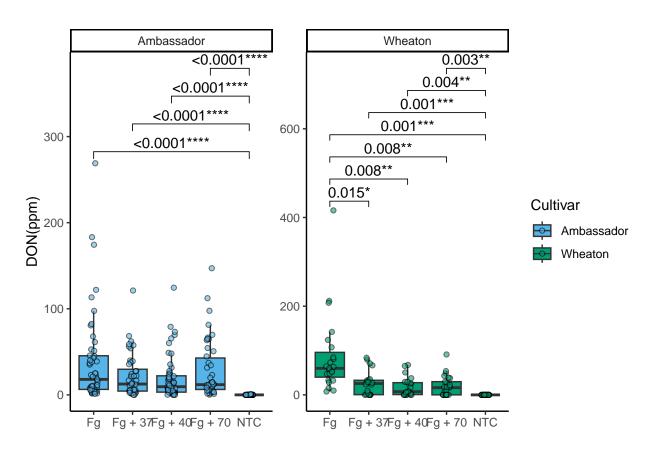
#### DON

## ('stat\_pwc()').

```
plot1<-ggplot(datum, aes(Treatment,DON,fill=Cultivar))+
    geom_boxplot(outlier.shape = NA)+ #adding boxplot in figure but removing outliers(the black dots that
    geom_point(position=position_jitterdodge(dodge.width=0.9),shape=21,alpha=0.6)+#Adding jitter points o
    scale_fill_manual(values = cbbPalette[c(2, 3)])+#filling the points and boxplots Cultivar with two co
    xlab("")+#Changing x label
    ylab("DON(ppm)")+#Changing y label
    facet_wrap(~Cultivar,scales="free")+#faceting by cultivar
    theme_classic() + #Using classic theme
    geom_pwc(aes(group=Treatment),method="t.test",label="{p.adj.format}{p.adj.signif}",hide.ns=T)#Using g
plot1

## Warning: Removed 8 rows containing non-finite outside the scale range
## ('stat_boxplot()').</pre>
## Warning: Removed 8 rows containing non-finite outside the scale range
```

## Warning: Removed 8 rows containing missing values or values outside the scale range
## ('geom\_point()').

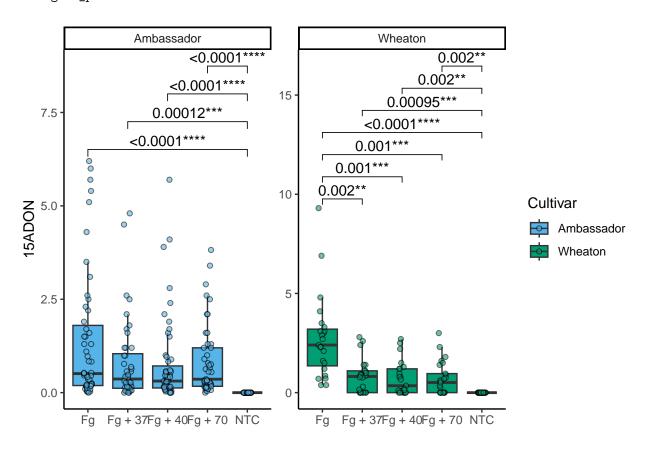


#### 15ADON

```
# Change the y-variable to plot X15ADON and MassperSeed_mg. The y-axis label should now be "15ADON" and
plot2<-ggplot(datum, aes(Treatment,X15ADON,fill=Cultivar))+#Changing y variable to X15DON
geom_boxplot(outlier.shape = NA)+
geom_point(position=position_jitterdodge(dodge.width=0.9),shape=21,alpha=0.6)+
scale_fill_manual(values = cbbPalette[c(2, 3)])+
xlab("")+
ylab("15ADON")+#Changing the label as per y variable used
facet_wrap(~Cultivar,scales="free")+
theme_classic()+
geom_pwc(aes(group=Treatment),method="t.test",label="{p.adj.format}{p.adj.signif}",hide.ns=T)
plot2

## Warning: Removed 10 rows containing non-finite outside the scale range
## ('stat_boxplot()').</pre>
## Warning: Removed 10 rows containing non-finite outside the scale range
## ('stat_pwc()').
```

## Warning: Removed 10 rows containing missing values or values outside the scale range
## ('geom\_point()').



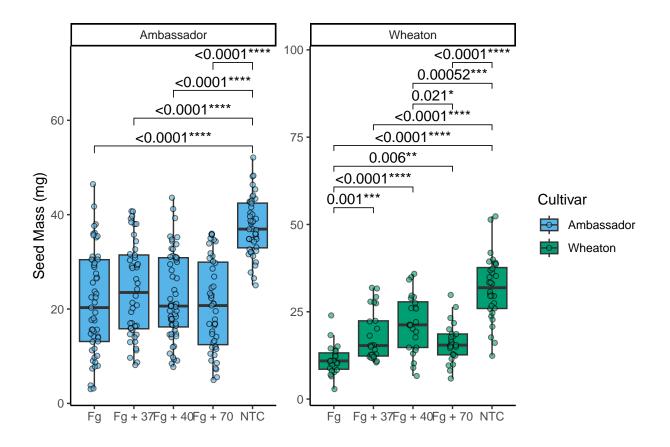
#### Seed mass

```
plot3<-ggplot(datum, aes(Treatment, MassperSeed_mg,fill=Cultivar))+#Changing y variable to MassperSpeed_
geom_boxplot(outlier.shape = NA)+
geom_point(position=position_jitterdodge(dodge.width=0.9),shape=21,alpha=0.6)+
scale_fill_manual(values = cbbPalette[c(2, 3)])+
xlab("")+
ylab("Seed Mass (mg)")+#Changing y label as per y variable used
facet_wrap(-Cultivar,scales="free")+
theme_classic()+
geom_pwc(aes(group=Treatment),method="t.test",label="{p.adj.format}{p.adj.signif}",hide.ns=T)
plot3

## Warning: Removed 2 rows containing non-finite outside the scale range
## ('stat_boxplot()').

## Warning: Removed 2 rows containing non-finite outside the scale range
## ('stat_pwc()').

## Warning: Removed 2 rows containing missing values or values outside the scale range
## ('geom_point()').</pre>
```



#### Combined

```
# combining all three figures into one with three columns and one row.
figure <- ggarrange(plot1,plot2,plot3,labels = c("A","B","C"),nrow = 1,ncol = 3, common.legend = T)

## Warning: Removed 8 rows containing non-finite outside the scale range
## ('stat_boxplot()').

## Warning: Removed 8 rows containing mon-finite outside the scale range
## ('stat_pwc()').

## Warning: Removed 8 rows containing missing values or values outside the scale range
## ('geom_point()').

## Warning: Removed 8 rows containing non-finite outside the scale range
## ('stat_boxplot()').

## Warning: Removed 8 rows containing non-finite outside the scale range
## ('stat_pwc()').

## Warning: Removed 8 rows containing missing values or values outside the scale range
## ('geom_point()').</pre>
```

```
## Warning: Removed 10 rows containing non-finite outside the scale range
## ('stat_boxplot()').

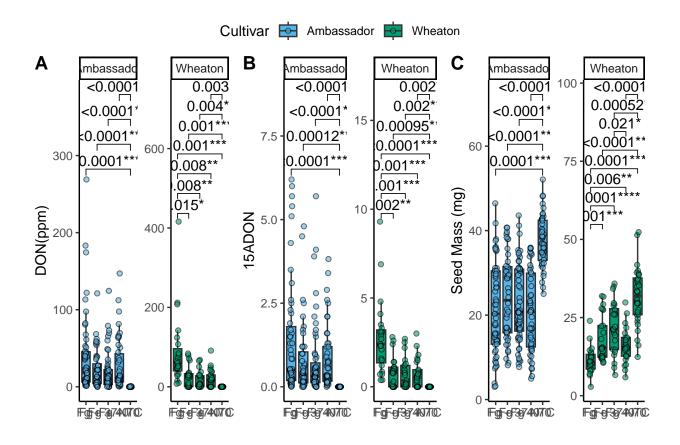
## Warning: Removed 10 rows containing non-finite outside the scale range
## ('stat_pwc()').

## Warning: Removed 10 rows containing missing values or values outside the scale range
## ('geom_point()').

## Warning: Removed 2 rows containing non-finite outside the scale range
## ('stat_boxplot()').

## Warning: Removed 2 rows containing non-finite outside the scale range
## ('stat_pwc()').

## Warning: Removed 2 rows containing missing values or values outside the scale range
## ('geom_point()').
```



## Question 3

figure

Knit your document together in the following formats: a. .docx (word document) OR .pdf with a table of contents Link for my pdf file b. GitHub flavored markdown (.md file). Link for my md file

### Question 4

Push the .docx or .pdf and .md files to GitHub inside a directory called Coding Challenge 4. DONE

## Question 5

Now edit, commit, and push the README file for your repository and include the following elements.

- a. A clickable link in your README to your GitHub flavored .md file
- b. A file tree of your GitHub repository.

DONE

## Question 6

Please provide me a clickable link to your GitHub Link to my Github