Control Flow & Logical Operators

Our Goals

- Be able to talk about the execution of a program
- Be able to structure a program using control flow statements
- Identify and use both comparison and logical operators effectively

Execution of a program

Conditionals

- Conditional statements execute or skip parts of a program based on the value of an expression
- These are the decision points of your code, or the "branches"
- They rely quite heavily on boolean(ish) values

- This is the fundamental control statement that allows Javascript to make decisions
- This is roughly how it works

```
if ( expression ) {
    // statement(s)
}

if ( true ) {
    console.log( "This will run" );
}

if ( false ) {
    console.log( "This won't" );
}
```

```
if ( expression ) {
      // statement(s)
} else {
      // statement(s)
}

if ( true ) {
      console.log( "This will run" );
} else {
      console.log( "This won't" );
}

if ( !false ) {
      console.log( "The opposite is true" );
}
```

Comparison Operators

Operator	Meaning	Examples
==	Equality	4 == "4";
===	Strict Equality	42 === 42;
!=	Inequality	1 != "5";
!==	Strict Inequality	8 !== 2;
>	Greater than	6 > 4;
>=	Greater than or equal to	84 >= 84;
<	Less than	1 < 9;
<=	Less than or equal to	11 <= 12;

Equality vs. Strict Equality

That is, a comparison between == and ===.

Always use threequals!

Remember that one equals sign is assignment

Logical Operators

Operator	Meaning	Examples
&&	AND	1 === 1 && 2 === 2
11	OR	true false
!	NOT	!false

```
if ( 5 > 4 ) {
      console.log( "Yes, it is!" );
}

var myNumber = 42;
if ( myNumber === 42 ) {
      console.log( "Equal" );
}

if ( 3 >= 2 && 7 === 7 ) {
      console.log( "Yep" );
}

if ( false || true ) {
      console.log( "Yep" );
}
```

```
var age = 42;
if ( age >= 18 ) {
    console.log( "You can vote" );
} else {
    console.log( "You can't" );
}
```

More complex If statements

```
if ( someCondition ) {
} else if ( someOtherCondition ) {
} else {
}

if ( 4 === 3 ) {
    console.log( "First statement" );
} else if ( 42 !== 42 ) {
    console.log( "Second statement" );
} else {
    console.log( "Third statement" );
}
```

More complex If statements

```
var age = 42;
if (age >= 35) {
    console.log('You can vote AND hold any place in government!');
} else if (age >= 25) {
    console.log('You can vote AND run for the Senate!');
} else if (age >= 18) {
    console.log('You can vote!');
} else {
    console.log('You have no voice in government!');
}
```

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Have a crack at these exercises

This is your homework