

$$\textcircled{1} \quad D = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & p \\ p & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$f(x, y) = \frac{1}{2\pi\sqrt{|D|}} e^{-\frac{[x, y] D^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}}{2}}$$

by comparing we get

$$\text{cov}(X, Y) = D_{12} = p$$

OR

$$E(xy) = E(Y E(X|Y))$$

$$E(X|Y) \sim N(py, 1-p^2)$$

$$E(Y^2 p) = p E(Y^2) = p \int \frac{x^2 e^{-x^2}}{\sqrt{2\pi}} = 1 \cdot p$$

$$[E(xy) = p]$$

$$\text{cov}(X, Y) = E(xy) - E(X)E(Y) = p$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{l} X \sim N(0, 1) \\ Y \sim N(0, 1) \\ X|Y=y_1 \sim N(py_1, 1-p^2) \end{array} \right]$$



(2)

$$\min(x, y) = \frac{x + y - |x - y|}{2}$$

$$E(\min(x, y)) = \frac{E(x) + E(y) - E(|x - y|)}{2} = \frac{-E(|x - y|)}{2}$$

$$E(|x - y|) = \int_0^{\infty} \frac{t e^{t^2/4(1-p)}}{\sqrt{\pi(1-p)}} dt = \int_0^{\infty} \frac{2(1-p)}{\sqrt{\pi(1-p)}} e^{-x} dx$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{1-p}{\pi}} \times 2$$

$$E(\min(x, y)) = -\sqrt{\frac{1-p}{\pi}}$$



$$(3) \quad U = (X+Y)$$

$$V = X-Y$$

$$x+y > 0$$

$$U = X+Y$$

$$V = X-Y$$

 $\Rightarrow$ 

$$X = \frac{U+V}{2}$$

$$Y = \frac{U-V}{2}$$

$$|J| = 1/2$$

$$f(u,v) = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2\pi\sqrt{1-p^2}} \right) e^{-\left( \frac{u^2}{4(1+p)} + \frac{v^2}{4(1-p)} \right)} \quad |u > 0$$

when  $x+y < 0$

$$U = -X-Y$$

$$V = X-Y$$

 $\Rightarrow$ 

~~$$X = \frac{V-U}{2}$$~~

$$Y = -\frac{(U+V)}{2}$$

$$|J| = \begin{vmatrix} -1/2 & 1/2 \\ -1/2 & -1/2 \end{vmatrix} = 1/2$$

~~$$f(u,v) = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2\pi\sqrt{1-p^2}} \right) e^{-\left( \frac{(v-u)^2}{2} + \frac{(u+v)^2}{2} - 2p \frac{(u-v)}{2} \right)}$$~~

$$f(u,v) = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2\pi\sqrt{1-p^2}} \right) e^{-\frac{\left( \frac{(v-u)^2}{2} + \frac{(u+v)^2}{2} - 2p \frac{(u-v)(v+u)}{4} \right)}{2(1-p^2)}}$$

$$f(u,v) = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2\pi\sqrt{1-p^2}} \right) e^{-\frac{u^2}{4(1+p)} - \frac{v^2}{4(1-p)}} \quad |u > 0$$



adding both we get

$$f(u, v) = \frac{1}{2\pi\sqrt{1-p^2}} e^{-\frac{u^2}{4(1+p)}} e^{-\frac{v^2}{4(1-p)}}$$

$$f(u) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{v^2}{4(1-p)}} dy \times \frac{e^{-\frac{u^2}{4(1+p)}}}{2\pi\sqrt{1-p^2}} \quad |u > 0$$

$$f(u) = \frac{e^{-\frac{u^2}{4(1+p)}}}{\sqrt{4(1+p)}} \quad |u > 0$$