

How to do it...

Let's write the intruder detection script that can generate a report to intruders by using a authentication logfile as follows:

```
#!/bin/bash
#Filename: intruder_detect.sh
#Description: Intruder reporting tool with auth.log input
AUTHLOG=/var/log/auth.log

if [[ -n $1 ]];
then
    AUTHLOG=$1
    echo Using Log file : $AUTHLOG
fi

LOG=/tmp/valid.$$$.log
grep -v "invalid" $AUTHLOG > $LOG
users=$(grep "Failed password" $LOG | awk '{ print $(NF-5) }' | sort |
uniq)

printf "%-5s|%-10s|%-10s|%-13s|%-33s|s\n" "Sr#" "User" "Attempts" "IP
address" "Host_Mapping" "Time range"

ucount=0;

ip_list="$(egrep -o "[0-9]+\.[0-9]+\.[0-9]+\.[0-9]+" $LOG | sort |
uniq)"

for ip in $ip_list;
do
    grep $ip $LOG > /tmp/temp.$$.log

    for user in $users;
    do
        grep $user /tmp/temp.$$.log> /tmp/$$.log
        cut -c-16 /tmp/$$.log > $$$.time
        tstart=$(head -1 $$$.time);
        start=$(date -d "$tstart" "+%s");
```

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tend=$(tail -1 $$time);
end=$(date -d "$tend" "+%s")

limit=$(( $end - $start ))

if [ $limit -gt 120 ];
then
    let ucount++;

    IP=$(egrep -o "[0-9]+\.[0-9]+\.[0-9]+\.[0-9]+" /tmp/$$.log |
head -1 );

    TIME_RANGE="$tstart-->$tend"

    ATTEMPTS=$(cat /tmp/$$.log|wc -l);

    HOST=$(host $IP | awk '{ print $NF }' )

    printf "%-5s|%-10s|%-10s|%-10s|%-33s|%-s\n" "$ucount" "$user"
"$ATTEMPTS" "$IP" "$HOST" "$TIME_RANGE";
fi
done
done

rm /tmp/valid.$$log /tmp/$$.log $$time /tmp/temp.$$log 2> /dev/null

```

A sample output is as follows:

```

slynux@slynux-laptop:~$ ./intruder_detect.sh sampleauth.log
Using Log file : sampleauth.log

```

Sr#	User	Attempts	IP address	Host Mapping	Time range
1	alice	3	203.110.250.34	attk1.foo.com	Oct 29 05:28:59 -->Oct 29 05:31:59
2	bob1	3	203.110.251.31	attk2.foo.com	Oct 29 05:21:52 -->Oct 29 05:29:52
3	bob2	3	203.110.250.34	attk1.foo.com	Oct 29 05:22:59 -->Oct 29 05:25:52
4	gvraju	20	203.110.251.31	attk2.foo.com	Oct 28 04:37:10 -->Oct 29 05:19:09
5	root	21	203.110.253.32	attk3.foo.com	Oct 29 05:18:01 -->Oct 29 05:37:01