

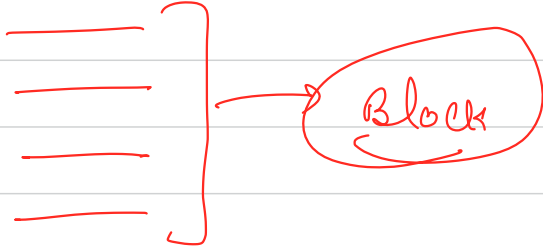

Agenda → Usage of conditionals in python
Usage of loops in python

Conditionals → Decision making process

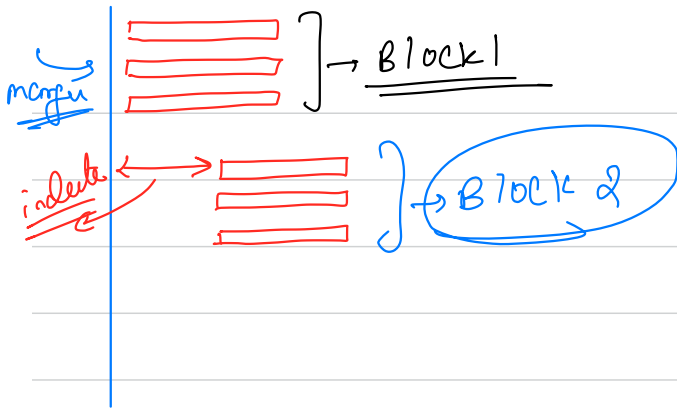
→ Statement → It is a syntactic unit, of a language that expresses some action to be carried out.

→ In python, generally one line of code represents one statement.

Blocks → some set of statements define one block of code



Indentation → a part of space given before a statement is called indentation.



we want a separate block

when we need to give separate

loops, condition

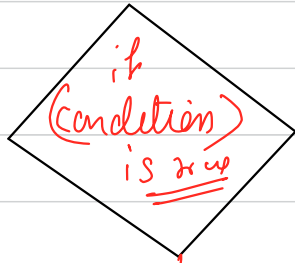
Conditionals / decision

Decision making statements



Based on some condition you do something

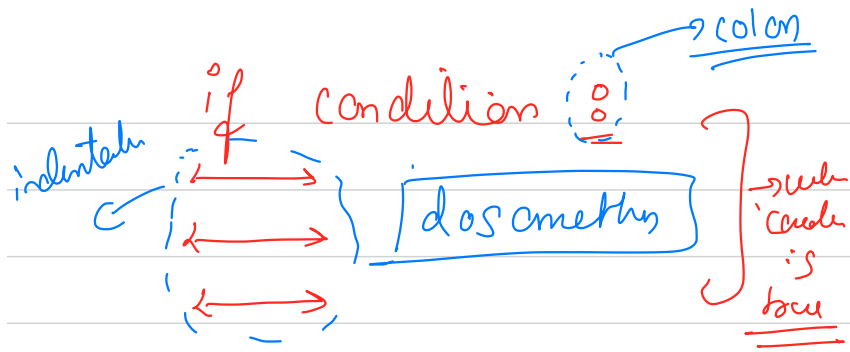
How to implement in python



False → do execute another
line

if (condition)
do some

else
do something



else :

↔

↔ do something

↔

We write if condition & then start a new block by giving a colon after if statement & include a new block

if implies the rule that for the statement to be executed when condition is true, they need to be in a separate block

if we want to execute something specific when condition is false use 'else'

Q → We are building something like a calculator.



User gave us a and b and an operator

Now if need to check whether the operator is + or - or * or /.

operator → + a + b

operator → - a - b

operator → * a * b

operator → / a / b

multiple ifs

if operator == '+'
a+b

if operator == '-'
a-b
:
:
:
:

Instead of ifs we can
use ply

if condition1 is true :
do something

elif → else if

elif condition2 is true:
do something

elif condition3 is true
do something
else :
do something

if condition 1 is true :
do something

~~elif condition 1 is true:~~
~~do something~~

~~elif condition 3 is true~~
~~do something~~

~~else :~~
~~do something~~

if condition 1 is true :
do something

~~if condition 1 is true:~~
~~do something~~

~~if condition 3 is true~~
~~do something~~

~~if :~~
~~do something~~

any level of nesting inside if elif & else

To put one level nesting we need to have it inside the block of above conditional

→ checked first → true

```
48 if 10 > 5:
49     if 5 < 3: → check → false
50         print("first nested if")
51     elif 4 > 2: → check → true
52         if 3 < 4: → check → true
53             print("second nested if inside elif")
54         else:
55             print("else inside first elif")
56     elif 17 > 8:
57         print("second elif")
58     else:
59         print("else")
60 elif 4 % 2 == 0:
61     print("end")
62
```

ans

There is no rule that we always need else for if & if.

there is no rule that we always need else for if.

How do you give repeated command in english

while I am outside, please complete HW.

↓
context of
repetition in english

while → "Jab tak"

→ In python, we write loops using while

Loops in python

while Condition :



do this()



if / while
condition
checked again & again
check once

```
3 i = 1
4
5 while i < 10:
6     print("value")
7     i = i + 1
```

True < 10

| i | output |
|----|-----------------|
| 1 | value of i is 1 |
| 2 | value of i is 2 |
| 3 | value of i is 3 |
| 4 | value of i is 4 |
| 9 | value of i is 9 |
| 10 | |

Qⁿ Given 3 angles, check if they can be 3 angles of a valid triangle.