



Worksheet-2

Student Name: Arpit Anand

UID: 23BCS12710

Branch: BE-CSE

Section/Group: KRG-3(A)

Semester: 5

Subject Name: DAA

Date of Performance: 29/07/2025

Subject Code: 23CSH-301

1.Aim: Develop a program for implementation of power function and determine that complexity should be $O(\log n)$.

2.Objective: To calculate x^n efficiently using recursion with $O(\log n)$ time complexity by applying fast exponentiation, including handling of negative powers and base cases.

3.Requirements (Hardware/Software):

Byte XL.

4.Procedure:

```
Public class powerfunc{
    Public static double power (double x,int n){ if
        (n == 0) return 1;
        if (n < 0) {
            x=1/x; n
            = -n;
        }
        Double half=power(x, n/2); if
        (n % 2 == 0)
            Return half*half;
        else
            Return x*half* half;
```

```

    }
    Public static void main(String[]args){
        System.out.println(power(2, 10));
        System.out.println(power(5,0));
        System.out.println(power(2,-3));
        System.out.println(power(3,5));
        System.out.println(power(10,2));
    }
}

```

Algorithm:

1. Start
2. Input:base x,exponent n.
3. If $n==0$,return 1.
4. If $n < 0$, set $x=1/x$ and $n = -n$.
5. Compute $half=power(x, n/2)$ recursively.
6. If n is even, return $half * half$.
7. Else(n is odd),return $x*half* half$.
8. End

Time Complexity: $O(\log n)$

Space complexity: $O(\log n)$

Output:

Output

Clear

1024.0
1.0
0.125
243.0
100.0

Learning Outcomes:

1. Learned how to calculate powers using recursion instead of repeated multiplication.
2. Understood how dividing the problem into halves makes the program faster ($O(\log n)$).
3. Learned to handle negative powers and base cases correctly in code.