



DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

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Worksheet-8

Student Name: Arpit Anand

UID: 23BCS12710

Branch: BE - CSE

Section/Group: KRG-3(A)

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1.Aim: Develop a program and analyze complexity to implement 0-1 Knapsack using Dynamic Programming.

2.Objective: To implement the 0-1 Knapsack problem using Dynamic Programming (Bottom-Up Tabulation) and analyze its time and space complexity for efficient problem solving.

3.Requirements (Hardware/Software): Online Java compiler.

4.Algorithm :

1. Input number of items n, weight array wt[], value array val[], and capacity W.
2. Create a table dp[n+1][W+1].
3. Initialize first row and first column as 0.
4. For each item i = 1 to n:
 - For each capacity w = 1 to W:
 - a) If $wt[i-1] \leq w$, set $dp[i][w] = \max(val[i-1] + dp[i-1][w - wt[i-1]], dp[i-1][w])$.
 - b) Else set $dp[i][w] = dp[i-1][w]$.
 - 1. Return $dp[n][W]$ as the maximum value.
 - 2. End.

5.Procedure:

```
class Main {  
    static int knapSack(int W, int wt[], int val[], int n) {  
        int dp[][] = new int[n+1][W+1];  
        for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {  
            for (int w = 1; w <= W; w++) {  
                if (wt[i-1] <= w) {  
                    dp[i][w] = Math.max(val[i-1] + dp[i-1][w - wt[i-1]], dp[i-1][w]);  
                } else {  
                    dp[i][w] = dp[i-1][w];  
                }  
            }  
        }  
        return dp[n][W];  
    }  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        int val[] = {60, 100, 120};  
        int wt[] = {10, 20, 30};  
        int W = 50;  
        int n = val.length;  
        int result = knapSack(W, wt, val, n);  
        System.out.println("Maximum value: " + result);  
        System.out.println("Time Complexity: O(n * W)");  
        System.out.println("Space Complexity: O(n * W)");  
    }  
}
```

Time Complexity : Best Case: $O(n \cdot w)$

Space complexity : $O(n \cdot w)$

Output:

```
Output  
Maximum value: 220  
Time Complexity: O(n * W)  
Space Complexity: O(n * W)  
==== Code Execution Successful ====  
Clear
```

Learning Outcomes :

1. Understand the application of Dynamic Programming to solve optimization problems like 0-1 Knapsack..
2. Gain the ability to analyze time and space complexities of DP-based solutions.
3. Develop skills to implement efficient algorithms in Java using bottom-up tabulation.