

## Lab 1: Running Synthetic Traffic through a Network

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The purpose of this lab is to install gem5, and run two synthetic traffic traces through its NoC simulator Garnet2.0.

Follow the instructions here to setup gem5:

#apt update
#apt list --upgradable
#apt install build-essential git m4 scons zlib1g zlib1g-dev libprotobuf-dev protobuf-compiler libprotoc-dev libgoogle-perftools-dev python3-pydotplus python3-pydot-ng python3-pydot python3-dev python3-six python-is-python3 libboost-all-dev libpng-dev python-dev python python-six python3-pip python-pip libhdf5-serial-dev netcdf-bin libnetcdf-dev
\$ git clone https://gem5.googlesource.com/public/gem5
\$ scons build/X86/gem5.opt -j 4 --force-lto
./build/X86/gem5.opt --version
./build/X86/gem5.opt --build-info

### Part I: Uniform Random Traffic

You will run **uniform random traffic** at increasing injection rates through a 8x8 Mesh NoC for 10000 cycles, and plot the *latency-throughput* curve.

#### Command to Run:

```
./build/Garnet_standalone/gem5.opt  
configs/example/garnet_synth_traffic.py \  
--network=garnet2.0 \  
--num-cpus=64 \  
--num-dirs=64 \  
--topology=Mesh_XY \  
--mesh-rows=8 \  
--sim-cycles=10000 \  
--inj-vnet=0 \  
--injectionrate=0.02 \  
--synthetic=uniform_random
```

*The injection rate is in units of packets/node/cycle.*

## Command to Extract Network Stats:

`./my_scripts/extract_network_stats.sh`

```
echo > network_stats.txt
grep "packets_injected::total" m5out/stats.txt | sed
's/system.ruby.network.packets_injected::total\s*/packets_injected = /' >>
network_stats.txt
grep "packets_received::total" m5out/stats.txt | sed
's/system.ruby.network.packets_received::total\s*/packets_received = /' >>
network_stats.txt
grep "average_packet_queueing_latency" m5out/stats.txt | sed
's/system.ruby.network.average_packet_queueing_latency\s*/average_packet_queuei
ng_latency = /' >> network_stats.txt
grep "average_packet_network_latency" m5out/stats.txt | sed
's/system.ruby.network.average_packet_network_latency\s*/average_packet_network
_latency = /' >> network_stats.txt
grep "average_packet_latency" m5out/stats.txt | sed
's/system.ruby.network.average_packet_latency\s*/average_packet_latency = /' >>
network_stats.txt
grep "flits_injected::total" m5out/stats.txt | sed
's/system.ruby.network.flits_injected::total\s*/flits_injected = /' >>
network_stats.txt
grep "flits_received::total" m5out/stats.txt | sed
's/system.ruby.network.flits_received::total\s*/flits_received = /' >>
network_stats.txt
grep "average_flit_queueing_latency" m5out/stats.txt | sed
's/system.ruby.network.average_flit_queueing_latency\s*/average_flit_queueing_l
atency = /' >> network_stats.txt
grep "average_flit_network_latency" m5out/stats.txt | sed
's/system.ruby.network.average_flit_network_latency\s*/average_flit_network_lat
ency = /' >> network_stats.txt
grep "average_flit_latency" m5out/stats.txt | sed
's/system.ruby.network.average_flit_latency\s*/average_flit_latency = /' >>
network_stats.txt
grep "average_hops" m5out/stats.txt | sed
's/system.ruby.network.average_hops\s*/average_hops = /' >> network_stats.txt
```

This creates a **network\_stats.txt** file, which has the following stats (among others):

```
packets_injected      =      63945
packets_received      =      63862
average_packets_latency = 16.019495
...
average_hops = 3.34
```

*Note: The units for average\_packet\_latency is in cycles.*

*average\_packet\_latency is average\_packet\_queueing\_latency + average\_packet\_network\_latency. The injected and received packets will be slightly off since the simulation stops at 10,000 cycles at which point some packets are still in the network.*

**Goal:**

You need to increase the injection rate at intervals of 0.02, till it reaches 0.5. This will give you a total of 25 data points.

For each data point, add the *average\_packet\_latency* value in a file called **uniform\_random.txt** one after the other.

*For instance, uniform\_random.txt might look like this at the end of 25 runs*

```
5.67343
5.78787
5.88190
6.11213
...
...
...
700.4343
```

At the end, plot these values on a graph, with the x-axis representing injection rate going up in intervals of 0.02 up to 0.5, and the y axis representing the *average\_packet\_latency*.

You will notice that the latency values shoot up a lot after the network saturates, primarily due to the queueing delay. We will discuss this in class.

***IMPORTANT: In the graph, cut the y-axis off at 50, otherwise the low latency values will not be visible at all.***

Save the graph as **uniform\_random\_plot.pdf** or **uniform\_random\_plot.jpg** or **uniform\_random\_plot.png**

*If you do not want to manually run this 25 times, I would recommend writing a script to run this command with changing injection rates, running `extract_network_stats.sh`, and extracting the latency values you need into another file.*

**Part II: Shuffle Traffic**

You will run **shuffle traffic** at increasing injection rates through a 8x8 Mesh NoC for 100000 cycles, and plot the latency-throughput curve.

Essentially repeat Part I, but change `--synthetic` to **shuffle**. Create **shuffle.txt** and **shuffle.pdf/jpg/png** as before.

### Part III: Analysis

Create a file called [results.txt](#) with answers to the following questions:

**Q1:** Which of the two traffic patterns has a lower low-load latency?

**Q2:** Which of the two traffic patterns has a higher throughput?

**Q3:** Which of the two traffic patterns has a lower average hop count?

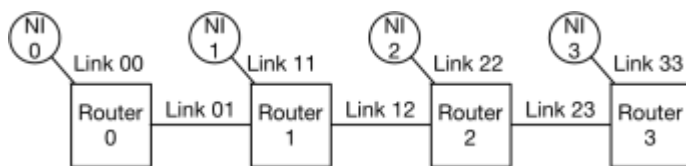
**Q4:** What is the pipeline delay through every router (in cycles)? The pipeline delay is the constant delay incurred by every router – irrespective of congestion. It is a positive integer.

***Hint for Q4:** You can estimate this from the average\_hops and average\_packet\_network\_latency fields in the `network_stats`.*

*The following figure shows how hops and network\_latency are estimated in Garnet.*

*The delay of every link in garnet is 1-cycle.*

*Note: average\_queueing\_delay is the delay at the source NI before the packet is injected into the network.*



**Suppose we send a packet from NI 0 to NI 3:**

**Network Latency** = Link00 + Router0 + Link01 + Router1 +  
Link12 + Router2 + Link23 + Router3 + Link33

**Hops** = 3 (Router 0 to Router 3)

In [results.txt](#), just add 4 lines with the responses.

*Do not add the question or the question number, or the grading script will not be able to parse your file.*

The following is an example of a valid result file:

```
uniform_rando
m
uniform_rando
m shuffle 2
```

### What to Submit:

**You need to submit 5 files in total:**

[uniform\\_random.txt](#)

[uniform\\_random\\_plot.pdf/jpg/png shuffle.txt](#)

[shuffle\\_plot.pdf/jpg/png results.txt](#)