2nd Assignment Subject: Physics II (Electrodynamics)

Date: 20th March 2017

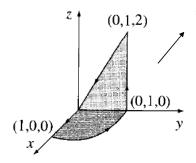
1. Compute the divergence and curl of the following vector fields.

(i)
$$\vec{F} = \rho (2 + \sin^2 \phi) \hat{\rho} + \rho \sin \phi \cos \phi \hat{\phi} + 3z\hat{z}$$

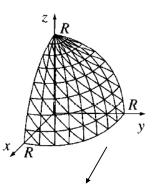
(ii)
$$\vec{F} = (r\cos\theta)\hat{r} + (r\sin\theta)\hat{\theta} + (r\sin\theta\cos\phi)\hat{\phi}$$

- 2. The vector field is given in Cartesian co-ordinate system, $\vec{A} = xy\,\hat{i} + (3x^2 + y)\,\hat{j}$. Write down the vector field in cylindrical co-ordinate system with $\hat{s}, \hat{\phi}, \hat{z}$ unit vectors.
- 3. Compute the line integral of

$$\mathbf{v} = (r\cos^2\theta)\,\hat{\mathbf{r}} - (r\cos\theta\sin\theta)\,\hat{\boldsymbol{\theta}} + 3r\,\hat{\boldsymbol{\phi}}$$
 around the path shown in Fig.



Check your answer, using Stokes' theorem

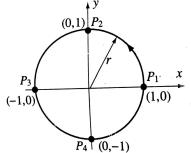


4. Check the divergence theorem for the function

$$\mathbf{v} = r^2 \cos \theta \,\hat{\mathbf{r}} + r^2 \cos \phi \,\hat{\boldsymbol{\theta}} - r^2 \cos \theta \sin \phi \,\hat{\boldsymbol{\phi}},$$

using as your volume one octant of the sphere of radius R Make sure vou include the *entire* surface.

5. Consider a vector field, $\vec{A} = -y\hat{i} + x\hat{j}$. Calculate closed line integ along a circular path of radius 1 in anti-clockwise direction.



6. Draw the following vector fields on XY plane.

(i)
$$\vec{V} = s \sin \phi \hat{\phi}$$

(ii)
$$\vec{V} = \cos\phi \hat{s} + \sin\phi \hat{\phi}$$