#### VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

"JnanaSangama", Belgaum -590014, Karnataka.



## LAB REPORT on

## **BIG DATA ANALYTICS**

Submitted by

Arpit Suman (1BM19CS026)

in partial fulfillment for the award of the degree of BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING

COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING



**B.M.S. COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING** 

(Autonomous Institution under VTU)
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#### B. M. S. College of Engineering,

Bull Temple Road, Bangalore 560019

(Affiliated To Visvesvaraya Technological University, Belgaum)

#### **Department of Computer Science and Engineering**



#### **CERTIFICATE**

This is to certify that the Lab work entitled "BIG DATA ANALYTICS" carried out by **Arpit Suman (1BM19CS026)**, who is a bonafide student of **B. M. S. College of Engineering.** It is in partial fulfillment for the award of **Bachelor of Engineering in Computer Science and Engineering** of the Visvesvaraya Technological University, Belgaum during the year 2022. The Lab report has been approved as it satisfies the academic requirements in respect of a BIG DATA ANALYTICS - (20CS6PEBDA) work prescribed for the said degree.

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#### **Course Outcome**

CO1	Apply the concept of NoSQL, Hadoop or Spark for a given task.
CO2	Analyze the Big Data and obtain insight using data analytics mechanisms.
CO3	Design and implement Big data applications by applying NoSQL, Hadoop or Spark

## 1. DB operations using Cassandra - Employee:

```
## LAB 1 - Cassandra Commands
cqlsh> create keyspace students with replication = { 'class': 'SimpleStrategy', 'replication factor': 1 };
cqlsh> describe keyspaces;
students system_auth
                                                                       system_schema system_views
system_system_distributed system_traces system_virtual_schema cqlsh>
use students;
cqlsh:students> create table student_info( rollNo int primary key, name text, joinDate timestamp,
lastExamPerc double );
cqlsh:students> describe tables
student_info
cqlsh:students> describe table student
student_info students.
cqlsh:students> describe table student_info
CREATE TABLE students.student_info (
     rollno int PRIMARY KEY,
     joindate timestamp,
     lastexamperc double,
     name text
) WITH additional write policy = '99p'
     AND bloom_filter_fp_chance = 0.01
     AND caching = {'keys': 'ALL', 'rows_per_partition': 'NONE'}
     AND cdc = false
     AND comment = "
     AND\ compaction = \{'class': 'org.apache.cassandra.db.compaction. Size Tiered Compaction Strategy', and a size Tiered Compact
'max_threshold': '32', 'min_threshold': '4'}
     AND compression = {'chunk length in kb': '16', 'class':
'org.apache.cassandra.io.compress.LZ4Compressor'}
     AND crc_check_chance = 1.0
     AND default_time_to_live = 0
     AND extensions = {}
     AND gc_grace_seconds = 864000
```

```
AND gc_grace_seconds = 864000
  AND max index interval = 2048
  AND memtable_flush_period_in_ms = 0
  AND min index interval = 128
  AND read repair = 'BLOCKING'
  AND speculative retry = '99p';
cqlsh:students> begin batch insert into student_info(rollno, joindate, lastexamperc, name) values (1,
'2021-05-23', 90.0, 'Adam') insert into student info(rollno, joindate, lastexamperc, name) values (2,
'2021-05-22', 97.7, 'Eve') apply batch;
cqlsh:students> select * from student_info;
rollno | joindate
                            | lastexamperc | name
   1 | 2021-05-22 18:30:00.000000+0000 |
                                                90 | Adam
   2 | 2021-05-21 18:30:00.000000+0000 |
                                               97.7 | Eve
(2 rows)
cqlsh:students> update student_info set name = 'Micheal' where rollno = 1;
cqlsh:students> select * from student_info where rollno in (1,2);
rollno | joindate
                             | lastexamperc | name
   1 | 2021-05-22 18:30:00.000000+0000 |
                                                90 | Micheal
   2 | 2021-05-21 18:30:00.000000+0000 |
                                              97.7 | Eve
(2 rows)
cqlsh:students> create index on student_info(lastexamperc);
cqlsh:students> select rollno, name from student info limit 2;
rollno | name
   1 | Micheal
   2 | Eve
(2 rows)
cqlsh:students> create index on student_info(name);
cqlsh:students> update student info set name='Eve2', lastexamperc=100.0 where rollno=2;
cqlsh:students> select * from student_info;
```

```
cqlsh:students> create index on student_info(lastexamperc);
cqlsh:students> select rollno, name from student_info limit 2;
rollno | name
   1 | Micheal
   2 | Eve
(2 rows)
cqlsh:students> create index on student_info(name);
cqlsh:students> update student_info set name='Eve2', lastexamperc=100.0 where rollno=2;
cqlsh:students> select * from student_info;
rollno | joindate
                           | lastexamperc | name
   1 | 2021-05-22 18:30:00.000000+0000 | 90 | Micheal
   2 | 2021-05-21 18:30:00.000000+0000 | 100 | Eve2
(2 rows)
cqlsh:students> delete lastexamperc from student info where rollno=2;
cqlsh:students> select * from student_info;
rollno | joindate
                 | lastexamperc | name
   1 | 2021-05-22 18:30:00.000000+0000 | 90 | Micheal
   2 | 2021-05-21 18:30:00.000000+0000 | null | Eve2
(2 rows)
cqlsh:students> delete from student_info where rollno=2;
cqlsh:students> select * from student_info;
rollno | joindate
                           | lastexamperc | name
   1 | 2021-05-22 18:30:00.000000+0000 |
                                              90 | Micheal
(1 rows)
```

(2 rows)

### 2. DB operations using Cassandra - Library:

```
```sql
cglsh> create keyspace employee info with
replication={'class':'SimpleStrategy','replication_factor':1};
cqlsh> use employee_info;
cqlsh:employee info> create table employee details(emp id int, emp name text, designation text, doj
timestamp, salary double, dept name text, primary key(emp id,salary));
cglsh:employee info> describe table employee details;
CREATE TABLE employee info.employee details (
  emp id int,
  salary double,
  dept name text,
  designation text,
  doj timestamp,
  emp_name text,
  PRIMARY KEY (emp id, salary)
) WITH CLUSTERING ORDER BY (salary ASC)
  AND additional write policy = '99p'
  AND bloom_filter_fp_chance = 0.01
  AND caching = {'keys': 'ALL', 'rows_per_partition': 'NONE'}
  AND cdc = false
  AND comment = "
  AND compaction = {'class': 'org.apache.cassandra.db.compaction.SizeTieredCompactionStrategy',
'max threshold': '32', 'min threshold': '4'}
  AND compression = {'chunk length in kb': '16', 'class':
'org.apache.cassandra.io.compress.LZ4Compressor'}
  AND crc check chance = 1.0
  AND default_time_to_live = 0
  AND extensions = {}
  AND gc_grace_seconds = 864000
  AND max index interval = 2048
  AND memtable flush period in ms = 0
  AND min index interval = 128
  AND read_repair = 'BLOCKING'
  AND speculative_retry = '99p';
cqlsh:employee_info> begin batch insert into
employee_details(emp_id,emp_name,designation,doj,salary,dept_name) values
(100, 'tanya', 'manager', '2020-09-11', 30000, 'testing') insert into
employee details(emp id,emp name,designation,doj,salary,dept name) values
(111, 'sriram', 'associate', '2020-06-11', 25000, 'development') insert into
employee details(emp id,emp name,designation,doj,salary,dept name) values
(121, 'shiva', 'manager', '2020-01-03', 35000, 'hr') apply batch; cqlsh:employee_info>
select * from employee_details;
emp id | salary | dept name | designation | doj
  emp name
  111 | 25000 | development | associate | 2020-06-10 18:30:00.000000+0000 | sriram
  121 | 35000 |
                           manager | 2020-01-02 18:30:00.000000+0000 | shiva
  100 | 30000 |
                              manager | 2020-09-10 18:30:00.000000+0000 | tanya
                   testing |
```

```
cqlsh:employee_info> update employee_details set emp_name='shaan' where emp_id = 121 and
salary=35000;
cqlsh:employee_info> select * from employee_details;
emp_id | salary | dept_name | designation | doj
   | emp_name
   __+___+___+___+
  111 | 25000 | development | associate | 2020-06-10 18:30:00.000000+0000 | sriram
                    hr | manager | 2020-01-02 18:30:00.000000+0000 | shaan
  121 | 35000 |
  100 | 30000 |
                 testing | manager | 2020-09-10 18:30:00.000000+0000 | tanya
(3 rows)
cqlsh:employee_info> alter table employee_details add project text;
cqlsh:employee_info> update employee_details set project='chat app' where emp_id=111 and
salary=25000;
cqlsh:employee_info> update employee_details set project='campusx' where emp_id=121 and
salary=35000;
cqlsh:employee_info> update employee_details set project='canteen app' where emp_id=100 and
salary=30000;
cqlsh:employee_info> select * from employee_details;
emp_id | salary | dept_name | designation | doj
   | emp_name | project
   _+__+_+
  _+_
  111 | 25000 | development | associate | 2020-06-10 18:30:00.000000+0000 | sriram | chat
app
  121 | 35000 |
                    hr | manager | 2020-01-02 18:30:00.000000+0000 | shaan |
   campusx
  100 | 30000 | testing | manager | 2020-09-10 18:30:00.000000+0000 | tanya | canteen
app
(3 rows)
cqlsh:employee_info> insert into
employee_details(emp_id,emp_name,designation,doj,salary,dept_name)
values(113, 'sam', 'manager', '2020-09-09', 30000, 'testing') using ttl 30;
cqlsh:employee_info> select ttl(emp_name) from employee_details where emp_id=113 and
salary=30000;
ttl(emp_name)
      22
(1 rows)
cqlsh:employee_info> paging off;
Disabled Query paging.
cqlsh:employee_info> select * from employee_details where emp_id in (111,121,100) order by
salary;
emp_id | salary | dept_name | designation | doj
   | emp_name | project
  111 | 25000 | development | associate | 2020-06-10 18:30:00.000000+0000 | sriram | chat
app
  100 | 30000 | testing | manager | 2020-09-10 18:30:00.000000+0000 | tanya | canteen
app
```

hr | manager | 2020-01-02 18:30:00.000000+0000 | shaan |

campusx

(3 rows)

121 | 35000 |

## 3. MongoDB- CRUD Demonstration:

## BDA LAB-3

```
### MongoDB
```

```
1. Create a new collection
use Student
2. Insert a value
```json
db.Student.insert({
  "Name": "XYZ",
  "RollNo:": 1,
  "Age": 21,
  "ContactNo": "1234567890",
  "EmailId": "user1@lab.com"
})
3. Insert multiple values at once
```json
var MyStudents = [
    "Name": "ABC",
    "RollNo:": 3,
    "Age": 22,
    "ContactNo": "2234567890",
    "EmailId": "user2@lab.com"
  },
    "Name": "DEF",
    "RollNo:": 5,
    "Age": 21,
    "ContactNo": "3234567890",
    "EmailId" : "user3@lab.com"
  },
    "Name" : "GHI",
    "RollNo:": 7,
    "Age": 20,
    "ContactNo": "4234567890",
    "EmailId" : "user4@lab.com"
  },
    "Name": "JKL",
    "RollNo:": 10,
    "Age": 18,
```

```
"ContactNo": "5234567890",
    "EmailId": "user5@lab.com"
 },
]
db.Student.insert(MyStudents);
4. Print all current values
```json
db.getCollection('Student').find({}).forEach(printjson)
```json
{
       "_id" :
       ObjectId("606ad5a6e581cc0b904470a5"),
       "Name": "XYZ",
       "RollNo:": 1,
       "Age": 21,
       "ContactNo": "1234567890",
       "EmailId": "user1@lab.com"
}
{
       "_id" :
       ObjectId("606ad60fe581cc0b904470a6"),
       "Name": "ABC",
       "RollNo:": 3,
       "Age": 22,
       "ContactNo": "2234567890",
       "EmailId": "user2@lab.com"
}
{
       " id":
       ObjectId("606ad60fe581cc0b904470a7"),
       "Name": "DEF",
       "RollNo:": 5,
       "Age": 21,
       "ContactNo": "3234567890",
       "EmailId": "user3@lab.com"
}
{
       "_id" :
       ObjectId("606ad60fe581cc0b904470a8"),
       "Name": "GHI",
       "RollNo:": 7,
       "Age": 20,
       "ContactNo": "4234567890",
       "EmailId": "user4@lab.com"
}
{
       "_id":
```

ObjectId("606ad60fe581cc0b904470a9"),
"Name" : "JKL",

```
"RollNo:": 10,
  "Age": 18,
  "ContactNo": "5234567890",
  "EmailId": "user5@lab.com"
}
5. Update RollNo of a student
```json
db.Student.update(
{"RollNo:": 10},
{$set: { "EmailId" : "modified@lab.com"}});
```json
db.getCollection('Student').find({"RollNo:":10}).forEach(printjson)
```json
{
        "_id": ObjectId("606ad60fe581cc0b904470a9"),
        "Name" : "JKL",
        "RollNo:": 10,
        "Age": 18,
        "ContactNo": "5234567890",
        "EmailId": "modified@lab.com"
}
6. Update Name of a student
```json
db.Student.update(
{"Name" : "XYZ"},
{$set: { "Name" : "EcksWhyZee"}});
```ison
db.getCollection('Student').find({"Name": "EcksWhyZee"}).forEach(printjson)
```json
{
        "_id": ObjectId("606ad5a6e581cc0b904470a5"),
        "Name": "EcksWhyZee",
        "RollNo:": 1,
        "Age": 21,
        "ContactNo": "1234567890",
        "EmailId": "user1@lab.com"
}
7. Export to json
mongoexport --db testdb --collection Student --out C:\Users\shaan\Desktop\Exported\Student.json
```

```
```json
{"_id":{"$oid":"606ad5a6e581cc0b904470a5"},"Name":"EcksWhyZee","RollNo:":1.0,"Age":21.0,"Con
tactNo":"1234567890","EmailId":"user1@lab.com"}
{"_id":{"$oid":"606ad60fe581cc0b904470a6"},"Name":"ABC","RollNo:":3.0,"Age":22.0,"ContactNo":
"2234567890","EmailId":"user2@lab.com"}
{"_id":{"$oid":"606ad60fe581cc0b904470a7"},"Name":"DEF","RollNo:":5.0,"Age":21.0,"ContactNo":
"3234567890","EmailId":"user3@lab.com"}
{"_id":{"$oid":"606ad60fe581cc0b904470a8"},"Name":"GHI","RollNo:":7.0,"Age":20.0,"ContactNo":"
4234567890","EmailId":"user4@lab.com"}
{"_id":{"$oid":"606ad60fe581cc0b904470a9"},"Name":"JKL","RollNo:":10.0,"Age":18.0,"ContactNo":
"5234567890", "EmailId": "modified@lab.com"}
8. Drop Student
```json
db.getCollection('Student').drop()
9. Import from exported file
mongoimport --db testdb --collection Student C:\Users\shaan\Desktop\Exported\Student.json
```

## 4. Screenshot of Hadoop installed:

C:\Users\derek>hadoop version

Hadoop 3.3.0

Source code repository https://gitbox.apache.org/repos/asf/hadoop.git -r aa96f1871bfd858f9bac59cf2a81ec470da649af

Compiled by brahma on 2020-07-06T18:44Z

Compiled with protoc 3.7.1

From source with checksum 5dc29b802d6ccd77b262ef9d04d19c4

This command was run using /C:/hadoop-3.3.0/share/hadoop/common/hadoop-common-3.3.0.jar

## 5. Execution of HDFS Commands for interaction with Hadoop Environment:

**Hadoop Commands** 

To start with:

hduser@bmsce-Precision-T1700:~\$ start-all.sh

This script is Deprecated. Instead use start-dfs.sh and start-yarn.sh

Starting namenodes on [localhost]

hduser@localhost's password:

localhost: starting namenode, logging to /usr/local/hadoop/logs/hadoop-hduser-namenode-bmsce-

Precision-T1700.out

hduser@localhost's password:

localhost: starting datanode, logging to /usr/local/hadoop/logs/hadoop-hduser-datanode-bmsce-

Precision-T1700.out

Starting secondary namenodes [0.0.0.0]

hduser@0.0.0.0's password:

0.0.0.0: starting secondarynamenode, logging to /usr/local/hadoop/logs/hadoop-hduser-

secondarynamenode-bmsce-Precision-T1700.out

starting yarn daemons

starting resourcemanager, logging to /usr/local/hadoop/logs/yarn-hduser-resourcemanager-bmsce-

Precision-T1700.out

hduser@localhost's password:

localhost: starting nodemanager, logging to /usr/local/hadoop/logs/yarn-hduser-nodemanager-

bmsce-Precision-T1700.out

 $hduser@bmsce-Precision-T1700:^{\$} jps$ 

7097 DataNode

7802 NodeManager

12540 Jps

7469 ResourceManager

6925 NameNode

7310 SecondaryNameNode

Commands:

1:

hduser@bmsce-Precision-T1700:~\$ hdfs dfs -mkdir /hadoop

2:

hduser@bmsce-Precision-T1700:~\$ hdfs dfs -ls /

Found 1 item

drwxr-xr-x - hduser supergroup

0 2022-06-06 11:37 /hadoop

3:

hduser@bmsce-Precision-T1700:~\$ hdfs dfs -put /home/hduser/Desktop/hadoop.txt

/hadoop/hadoop.txt

hduser@bmsce-Precision-T1700:~\$ hdfs dfs -cat /hadoop/hadoop.txt

Hello, I'm Hadoop

4:

hduser@bmsce-Precision-T1700:~\$ hdfs dfs -copyFromLocal /home/hduser/Desktop/hadoop.txt

/hadoop/hadoop2.txt

hduser@bmsce-Precision-T1700:~\$ hdfs dfs -cat /hadoop/hadoop.txt

Hello, I'm Hadoop

5:

```
hduser@bmsce-Precision-T1700:~$ hdfs dfs -get /hadoop/hadoop1.txt
/home/hduser/Desktop/hd.txt
hduser@bmsce-Precision-T1700:~$ Is Desktop/hd.txt
Desktop/hd.txt
hduser@bmsce-Precision-T1700:~$ hdfs dfs -getmerge /hadoop/hadoop.txt /hadoop/hadoop2.txt
/home/hduser/Desktop/hd_merge.txt
hduser@bmsce-Precision-T1700:~$ Is Desktop/hd_merge.txt
Desktop/hd merge.txt
hduser@bmsce-Precision-T1700:~$ hdfs dfs -getfacl /hadoop
# file: /hadoop
# owner: hduser
# group: supergroup
user::rwx
group::r-x
other::r-x
6:
hduser@bmsce-Precision-T1700:~$ hdfs dfs -copyToLocal /hadoop/hadoop.txt
/home/hduser/Desktop/hd2.txt
hduser@bmsce-Precision-T1700:~$ Is Desktop/hd2.txt
Desktop/hd2.txt
7:
hduser@bmsce-Precision-T1700:~$ hdfs dfs -cat /hadoop/hadoop.txt
Hello, I'm Hadoop
8:
hduser@bmsce-Precision-T1700:~$ hdfs dfs -mkdir /hadoop/AA
hduser@bmsce-Precision-T1700:~$ hdfs dfs -mv /hadoop/hadoop.txt /hadoop/AA/hadoop.txt
hduser@bmsce-Precision-T1700:~$ hdfs dfs -ls /hadoop/AA
Found 1 items
-rw-r--r- 1 hduser supergroup
                                  18 2022-06-06 11:41 /hadoop/AA/hadoop.txt
9:
hduser@bmsce-Precision-T1700:~$ hdfs dfs -cp /hadoop/AA/hadoop.txt /hadoop/hadoop2.txt
hduser@bmsce-Precision-T1700:~$ hdfs dfs -cat /hadoop/hadoop2.txt
Hello, I'm Hadoop
To stop Hadoop:
hduser@bmsce-Precision-T1700:~$ stop-all.sh
This script is Deprecated. Instead use stop-dfs.sh and stop-yarn.sh
Stopping namenodes on [localhost]
hduser@localhost's password:
localhost: stopping namenode
hduser@localhost's password:
localhost: stopping datanode
Stopping secondary namenodes [0.0.0.0]
hduser@0.0.0.0's password:
0.0.0.0: stopping secondarynamenode
stopping yarn daemons
stopping resourcemanager
hduser@localhost's password:
```

localhost: stopping nodemanager

no proxyserver to stop

## 6. Map Reduce program for weather data:

#### **Average**

```
MAPPER
#!/usr/bin/python
import sys
for line in sys.stdin:
       line = line.strip()
        year =
        line[15:19]
        if line[87] == '+':
                temperature = int(line[88:92])
        else:
                temperature = int(line[87:92])
        quality = line[92:93]
        if temperature != 9999 and quality in
                "[01459]":
                print(year+"\t"+str(temperature))
REDUCER
#!/usr/bin/python
import sys
cur_year = None
average_temp =
count = 0
for line in sys.stdin:
        line = line.strip()
        year, temperature = line.split("\t",1)
        if cur_year == None:
                cur_year = year
        elif cur_year != year:
                print(cur_year+"\t"+str(average_temp // count))
                average_temp = 0
                count = 0
        average_temp += int(temperature)
        count += 1
if cur_year == year:
        print(cur_year+"\t"+str(average_temp // count))
#OUTPUT
```

#### Mean max

```
MAPPER
#!/usr/bin/python
import sys
for line in sys.stdin:
        line = line.strip()
        month = line[19:21]
        if line[87] == '+':
                temperature = int(line[88:92])
        else:
                temperature = int(line[87:92])
        quality = line[92]
        if temperature != 9999 and quality in "[01459]":
                print(month+"\t"+str(temperature))
REDUCER
#!/usr/bin/python
import sys
cur_month = None
max_temp = 0
temp_sum = 0
count = 0
days = 0
for line in sys.stdin:
        line = line.strip()
        month, temperature = line.split("\t", 1)
        if cur_month == None:
                cur_month = month
        elif cur_month != month:
                print(cur_month+"\t"+str(temp_sum//days))
                cur_month = month
                max_temp = 0
                temp_sum = 0
                count= 0
                days = 0
        if int(temperature) > max_temp:
                max_temp = int(temperature)
        count += 1
        if count == 3:
                temp_sum += max_temp
                max_temp = 0
                count=0
                days += 1
if cur_month == month:
                print(cur_month+"\t"+str(temp_sum//days))
```

c:\hadoop\_new\share\hadoop\mapreduce>hdfs dfs -cat \tempMaxOutput\part-r-00000

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- 12

## 7. Map Reduce program - Top N:

```
MAPPER
#!/usr/bin/python
import sys
for line in sys.stdin:
       line = line.strip()
       words = line.split()
       for word in words:
               print(word+"\t"+str(1))
REDUCER
#!/usr/bin/python
import sys
current_word = None
current count = 0
word = None
word_map = []
N = 20
for line in sys.stdin:
  line = line.strip()
  word, count = line.split("\t", 1)
 try:
    count = int(count)
  except ValueError:
    continue
  if current_word == word:
    current count += 1
  else:
    if current word:
      word_map.append([(current_count), current_word])
    current_count = count
    current_word = word
if current_word == word:
  word_map.append([(current_count), current_word])
word_map.sort(reverse=True)
for v, k in word_map:
  print("%s\t%d" % (k, v))
OUTPUT
hadoop@ubuntuVM:~/Downloads$ hadoop fs -cat /user/hadoop/output/part-r-00000
car 7
deer 6
bear 3
```

### 8. Map Reduce program to demonstrating join operation:

```
MAPPER
#!/usr/bin/pytho
n import sys
for line in sys.stdin:
  dept_ID = "-1" # default sorted as first
  dept_Name = "-1" # default sorted as first
  no_Emp = "-1" # default sorted as first
  line = line.strip()
  splits = line.split("\t")
  if splits[-1].isdigit(): # dept strength data
    dept_ID = splits[0]
    no_Emp = str(splits[1])
  else:
    dept_ID = splits[0]
    dept Name = str(splits[1])
  print('%s^%s^%s' % (dept_ID, dept_Name, no_Emp))
REDUCER
#!/usr/bin/python
import sys
new_list = {}
for line in sys.stdin:
  line = line.strip()
  dept_ID, dept_Name, no_Emp = line.split("^")
  if dept_ID not in new_list.keys():
    new_list[dept_ID] = [dept_Name, int(no_Emp)]
  else:
    if dept Name != -1:
      new_list[dept_ID][0] = dept_Name
    if no_Emp != -1:
      if new list[dept ID][1] != -1:
        new_list[dept_ID][1] +=
        int(no Emp)
      else:
        new_list[dept_ID][1] =
int(no_Emp) for i in new_list:
  print(i+"\t"+new_list[i][0]+"\t"+str(new_list[i][1]))
OUPUT
hdfs dfs -cat /prog/part-00000
C13 Manufacturing
                         249
B12 HR 99
A11 FINANCE 49
```

#### 9. Word count on Scala shell:

```
hadoop@ubuntuVM:... × hadoop@ubuntuVM:... × hadoop@ubuntuVM:... ×

scala> val txt = sc.textFile("./input.txt")
txt: org.apache.spark.rdd.RDD[String] = ./input.txt MapPartitionsRDD[7] at textFile at <console>:24

scala> val counts = txt.flatMap(line => line.split(" ")).map(word => (word, 1)).reduceByKey(_ + _)
counts: org.apache.spark.rdd.RDD[(String, Int)] = ShuffledRDD[10] at reduceByKey at <console>:25

scala> counts.collect()
res2: Array[(String, Int)] = Array((this,1), (wolf,1), (is,1), (spot.,1), (repeated,1), (cappucino.,1), (anything,1), (with,1), (some,2), (as,1), (come,1), (dog,2), (cat,3), (Here,1), (up,1), (not,1), (text,1), (on,1), (could,1), (I,1), (aare,1), (else,1), (random,1), (words,1), (the,1))
```

# 10. RDD and Flat Map count how many times each word appears strictly greater than 4 times:

```
val textFile = sc.textFile("D"\\sparkdata2.txt")

val counts = textFile.flatMap(line = line.split( )).map(word = (word, 1)).reduceByKey(_ + _)

import scala.collection.immutable.ListMap

val sortedWords=ListMap(counts.collect.sortWith(_._2 _._2)_*)

println(sortedWords)

for((k,v)<-sortedWords)
{
   if(v>4)
   {
      print(k+",")
      println()
   }
}
```

Spark,6