```
#include (stdio.h)
#include (math.h)
int main
 int num1, num2, option;
 long long ans = 1;
 printf (HEnter the first number: ");
 scanf ("1.d" &num1);
  printf ("Enter the second number:");
  scanf ("1.d", & num2);
  printf("In Input your option: In");
  printf ("1-Addition. In 2-Substraction. In3-
         Multiplication. In4-Division. In5-Check for
         equal n=numbers (n");
 printf("6-Check for greater number. In7-Check
for lesser number. In8-Average. In9-
          number 1 number 2. In 10-number 2 number 1
  printf ("11-Exit/n");
  scanf ("1.d", & option);
while (option!=11) ?
  switch (option) ?
     case 1:
       printfl" The Addition of 1.d and 1.d is:
             1. d \ n", num 1, num 2, num 1 + num 2).
        break:
     case 2:
        print f ("The Substraction of 1.d and 1.d is:
1.d/n", num1, num2, num1-num2);
        break.
```

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Case 3:
  printf ("The Multiplication of 1.d and 1.d is:
     1.dln", numl, num2, num1 x num2);
  break;
case 4:
   printl("
    if (num2 == 0) {
      printf ("The second integer is zero.
       printf ("The Division of 1.2 and 1.2 is:
           1.d/n", num1, num2, num1/num2);
case 5:
   3 else & "Equal Humbers!");
      printf ("Not Equal! In");
   break:
 case 6:
       (num1>num2) {
              ("1.d is greater than 1.d \n"
num1, num2);
       else.
        printf("-1.d is greater than 1.d In"
    break;
```

case 7: printf ("1.d is less than 1.d In", num2, num); printf("1.d is less than 1.d \n", num1, num2) ("Average of these number is 1.2 /2); ans = pow(num1, num2); "Number1" Number2 = 1.11d/n", ans); case 10: ans = pow (num 2, num 1); ["Number 2" Number 1 = 1. lld \n", and; break; default: printf ("Input correct option In"); scanf ("1d", Loption); f ("You have exit from the calculator");