

Basic Statistics_Level 1- Assignment

```
In [34]: ▶ import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from scipy import stats
from scipy.stats import norm
import statsmodels.api as sma
%matplotlib inline

import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
```

Question-7

```
In [51]: ▶ car_new=pd.read_csv('Q7.csv')
car_new.head()
```

```
Out[51]:
```

	Unnamed: 0	Points	Score	Weigh
0	Mazda RX4	3.90	2.620	16.46
1	Mazda RX4 Wag	3.90	2.875	17.02
2	Datsun 710	3.85	2.320	18.61
3	Hornet 4 Drive	3.08	3.215	19.44
4	Hornet Sportabout	3.15	3.440	17.02

```
In [18]: ▶ car_new.isnull().sum()
```

```
Out[18]: Unnamed: 0    2
Points          3
Score           3
Weigh           3
dtype: int64
```

```
In [52]: ▶ car_new.dropna()  
car_new.head()
```

```
Out[52]:
```

	Unnamed: 0	Points	Score	Weigh
0	Mazda RX4	3.90	2.620	16.46
1	Mazda RX4 Wag	3.90	2.875	17.02
2	Datsun 710	3.85	2.320	18.61
3	Hornet 4 Drive	3.08	3.215	19.44
4	Hornet Sportabout	3.15	3.440	17.02

```
In [20]: ▶ # mean  
car_new.mean()
```

```
Out[20]: Points      3.435733  
Score      3.104597  
Weigh     16.992402  
dtype: float64
```

```
In [21]: ▶ car_new.median() # median
```

```
Out[21]: Points      3.69000  
Score      3.21725  
Weigh     17.60000  
dtype: float64
```

```
In [22]: ▶ car_new.Points.mode() # Mode
```

```
Out[22]: 0      3.92  
dtype: float64
```

```
In [23]: ▶ car_new.Score.mode()
```

```
Out[23]: 0      3.44  
dtype: float64
```

```
In [24]: ▶ car_new.Weigh.mode()
```

```
Out[24]: 0     17.02  
dtype: float64
```

```
In [25]: ▶ # # Variance  
car_new.var()
```

```
Out[25]: Points      0.787648  
Score      1.094156  
Weigh     15.148019  
dtype: float64
```

```
In [26]: ▶ # Standard Deviation
car_new.std()
```

```
Out[26]: Points      0.887495
Score      1.046019
Weigh      3.892046
dtype: float64
```

```
In [27]: ▶ # Range
car_new.describe()
```

```
Out[27]:
```

	Points	Score	Weigh
count	37.000000	37.000000	37.000000
mean	3.435733	3.104597	16.992402
std	0.887495	1.046019	3.892046
min	0.285881	0.957379	1.786943
25%	3.080000	2.465000	16.870000
50%	3.690000	3.217250	17.600000
75%	3.920000	3.570000	18.610000
max	4.930000	5.424000	22.900000

```
In [28]: ▶ point_range=car_new.Points.max()-car_new.Points.min()
point_range
```

```
Out[28]: 4.644118648999999
```

```
In [29]: ▶ score_range=car_new.Score.max()-car_new.Score.min()
score_range
```

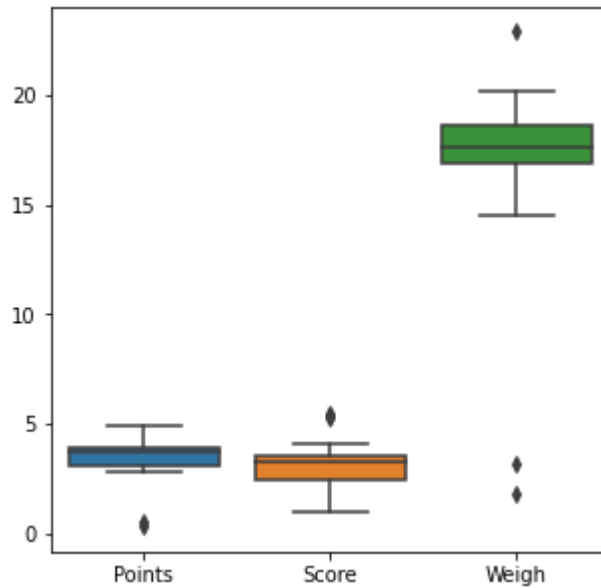
```
Out[29]: 4.466621032000001
```

```
In [30]: ▶ weigh_range=car_new.Weigh.max()-car_new.Weigh.min()
weigh_range
```

```
Out[30]: 21.113056764
```

In [48]:

```
fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize = (5,5))
sns.boxplot(data = car_new,ax = ax)
plt.show()
```



Question-8

In [6]:

```
q_8 = [108, 110, 123, 134, 135, 145, 167, 187, 199]
q_8 = pd.DataFrame(q_8)
q_8.mean()
```

Out[6]: 0 145.333333
dtype: float64

Question-9.a)

```
In [8]: ▶ speed_new=pd.read_csv('Q9_a.csv')  
speed_new.head()
```

Out[8]:

	Index	speed	dist
0	1	4	2
1	2	4	10
2	3	7	4
3	4	7	22
4	5	8	16

```
In [9]: ▶ speed_new.skew()
```

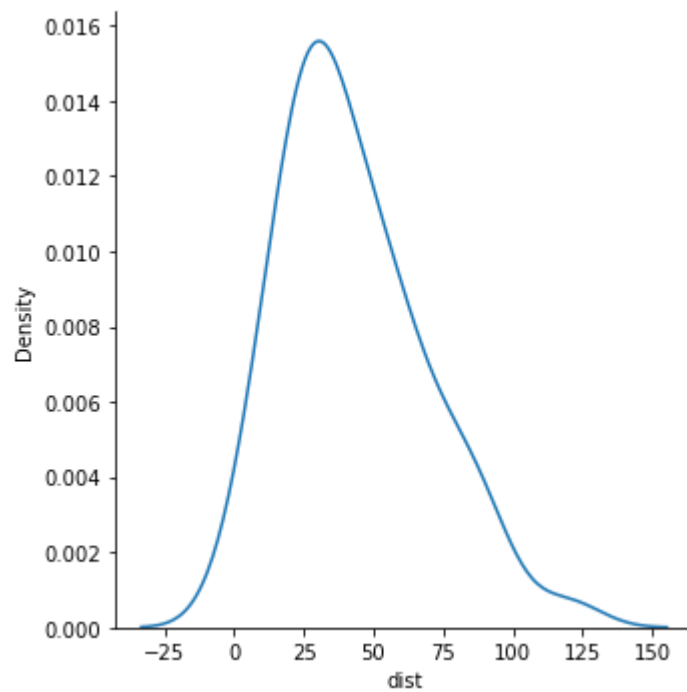
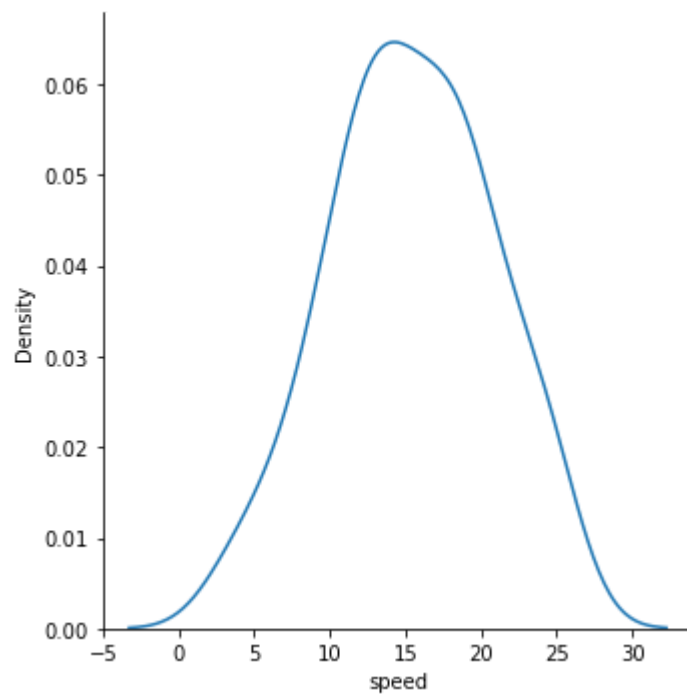
Out[9]: Index 0.000000
speed -0.117510
dist 0.806895
dtype: float64

```
In [10]: ▶ speed_new.kurtosis()
```

Out[10]: Index -1.200000
speed -0.508994
dist 0.405053
dtype: float64

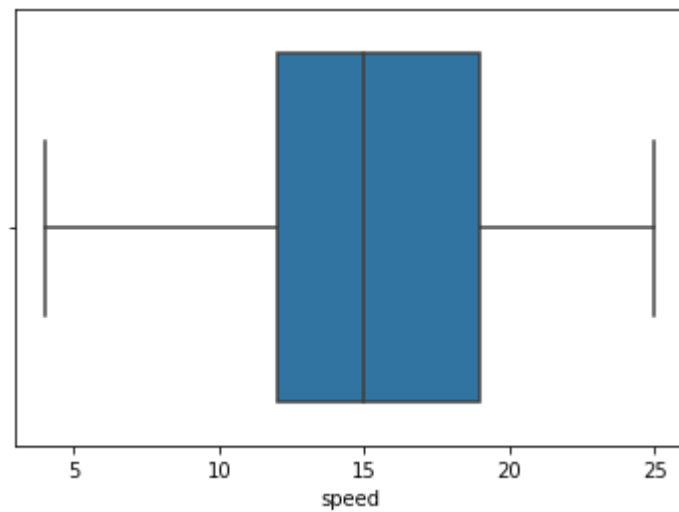
```
In [11]: ▶ sns.displot(data=speed_new['speed'],kind='kde')  
sns.displot(data=speed_new['dist'],kind='kde')
```

Out[11]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x293d7291df0>



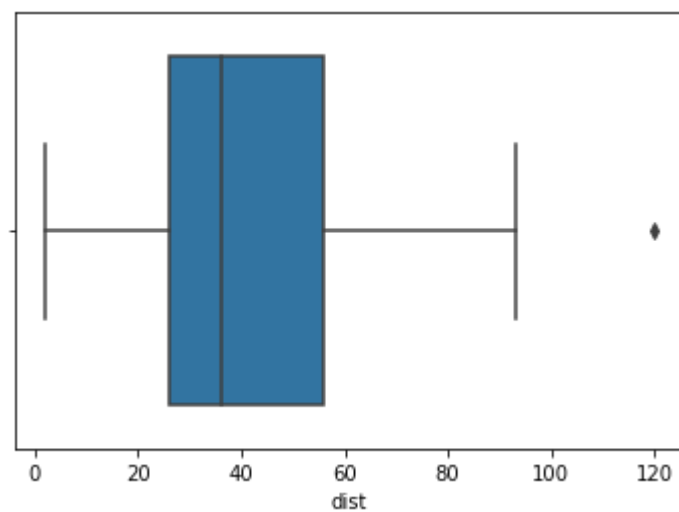
```
In [12]: sns.boxplot(x=speed_new['speed'],orient='v')
```

```
Out[12]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='speed'>
```

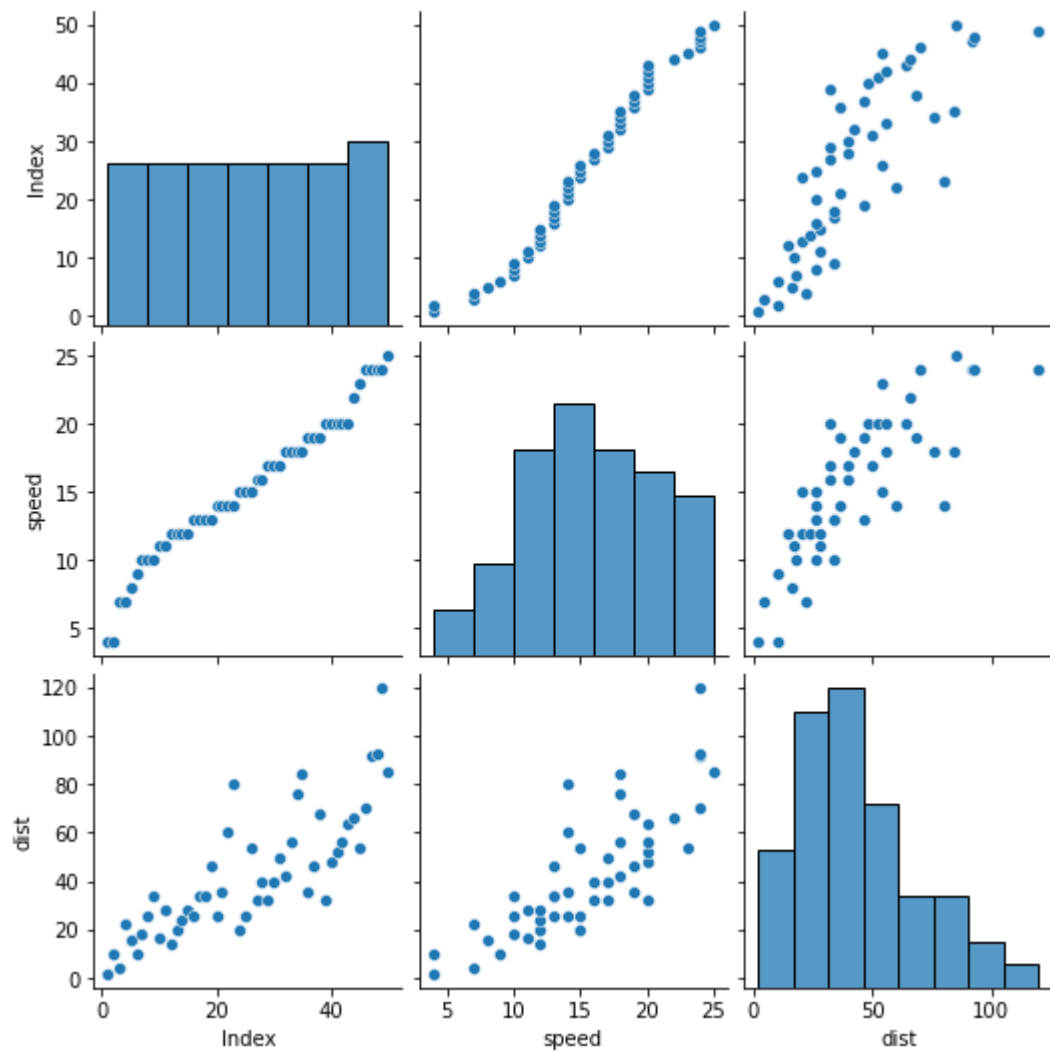


```
In [13]: sns.boxplot(x=speed_new['dist'],orient='v')
```

```
Out[13]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='dist'>
```



```
In [15]: ▶ sns.pairplot(speed_new)  
plt.show()
```



Question-9 b)


```
In [16]: ▶ b_new=pd.read_csv('Q9_b.csv')
```

```
b_new.head()
```

Out[16]:

	Unnamed: 0	SP	WT
0	1	104.185353	28.762059
1	2	105.461264	30.466833
2	3	105.461264	30.193597
3	4	113.461264	30.632114
4	5	104.461264	29.889149

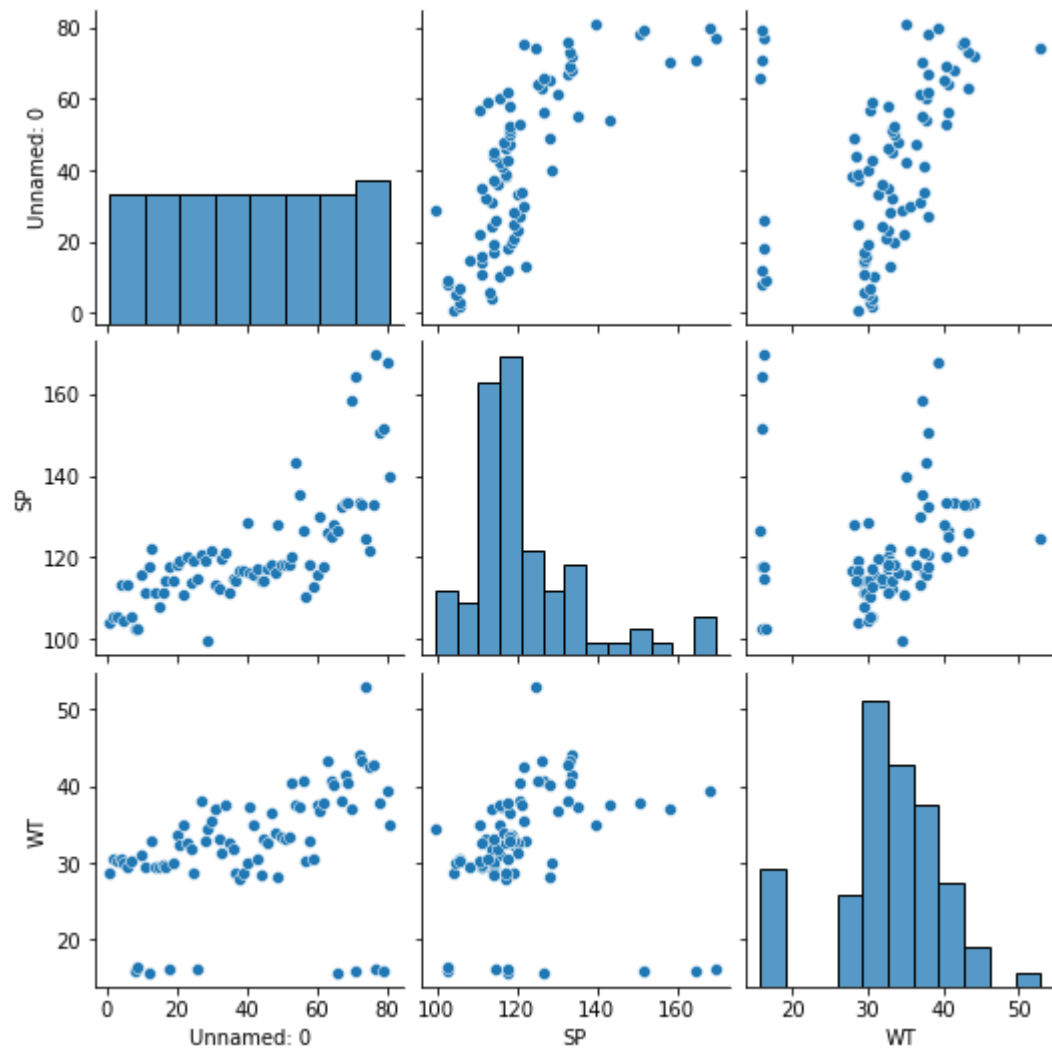
```
In [66]: ▶ b_new.skew()
```

Out[66]: Unnamed: 0 0.000000
SP 1.611450
WT -0.614753
dtype: float64

```
In [67]: ▶ b_new.kurtosis()
```

Out[67]: Unnamed: 0 -1.200000
SP 2.977329
WT 0.950291
dtype: float64

```
In [17]: sns.pairplot(b_new)  
plt.show()
```



Question-11

```
In [18]: ▶ # To estimate the average weight of an adult male in Mexico with confidence i
stats.norm.interval(0.94,200,(30/2000**0.5))
```

```
Out[18]: (198.738325292158, 201.261674707842)
```

```
In [19]: ▶ # To estimate the average weight of an adult male in Mexico with confidence i
stats.norm.interval(0.96,200,(30/2000**0.5))
```

```
Out[19]: (198.62230334813333, 201.37769665186667)
```

```
In [70]: ▶ # To estimate the average weight of an adult male in Mexico with confidence i
stats.norm.interval(0.98,200,(30/2000**0.5))
```

```
Out[70]: (198.43943840429978, 201.56056159570022)
```

Question-12

```
In [77]: ▶ a=np.array([34,36,36,38,38,39,39,40,40,41,41,41,41,42,42,45,49,56])
```

```
In [81]: ▶ print('Mean:',a.mean())
print('Median:',np.median(a))
print('Variance:',a.var())
print('std deviation:',a.std())
```

```
Mean: 41.0
Median: 40.5
Variance: 24.11111111111111
std deviation: 4.910306620885412
```

Question-20

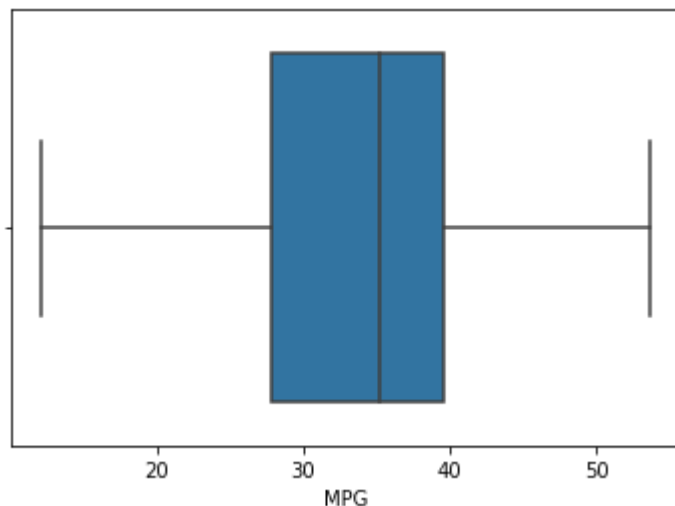
```
In [36]: cars=pd.read_csv('Cars.csv')
cars.head()
```

Out[36]:

	HP	MPG	VOL	SP	WT
0	49	53.700681	89	104.185353	28.762059
1	55	50.013401	92	105.461264	30.466833
2	55	50.013401	92	105.461264	30.193597
3	70	45.696322	92	113.461264	30.632114
4	53	50.504232	92	104.461264	29.889149

```
In [37]: sns.boxplot(cars.MPG)
```

Out[37]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='MPG'>



```
In [38]: # P(MPG>38)
1-stats.norm.cdf(38,cars.MPG.mean(),cars.MPG.std())
```

Out[38]: 0.3475939251582705

```
In [39]: # P(MPG<40)
stats.norm.cdf(40,cars.MPG.mean(),cars.MPG.std())
```

Out[39]: 0.7293498762151616

```
In [40]: #P (20<MPG<50)
#stats.norm.cdf(0.50,cars.MPG.mean(),cars.MPG.std())-stats.norm.cdf(0.20,cars.MPG.mean(),cars.MPG.std())
stats.norm.cdf(50,cars.MPG.mean(),cars.MPG.std()) - stats.norm.cdf(20,cars.MPG.mean(),cars.MPG.std())
```

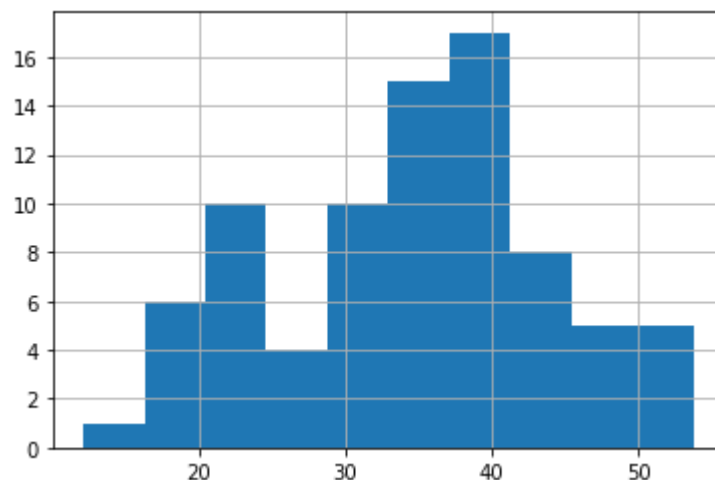
Out[40]: 0.8988689169682046

```
In [41]: cars.MPG.mode()
```

```
Out[41]: 0    29.629936  
dtype: float64
```

```
In [42]: cars.MPG.hist()
```

```
Out[42]: <AxesSubplot:>
```



```
In [43]: cars.MPG.skew()
```

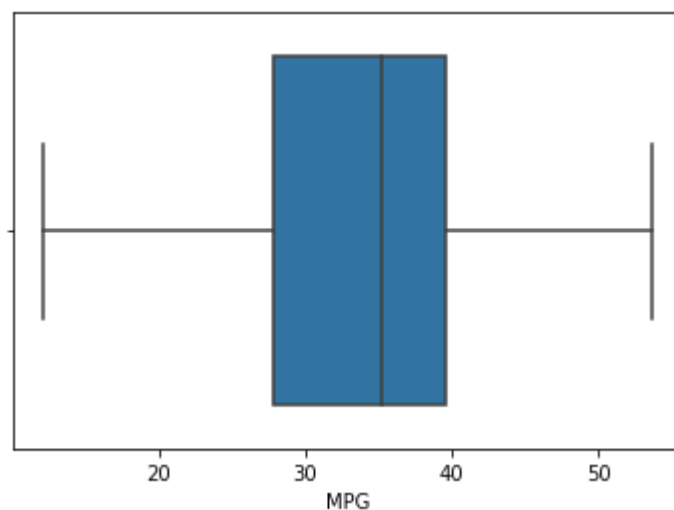
```
Out[43]: -0.17794674747025727
```

```
In [44]: cars.MPG.kurt()
```

```
Out[44]: -0.6116786559430913
```

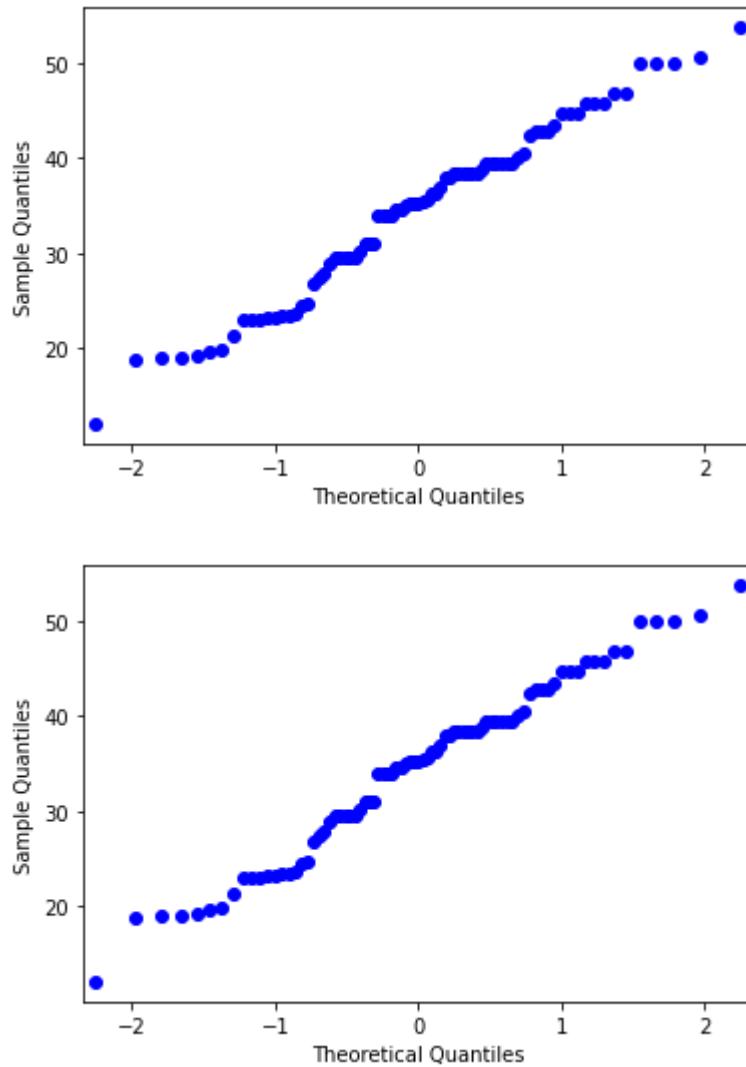
```
In [45]: sns.boxplot(cars.MPG)
```

```
Out[45]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='MPG'>
```



```
In [46]: ▶ sma.qqplot(cars.MPG,dist=stats.norm)
```

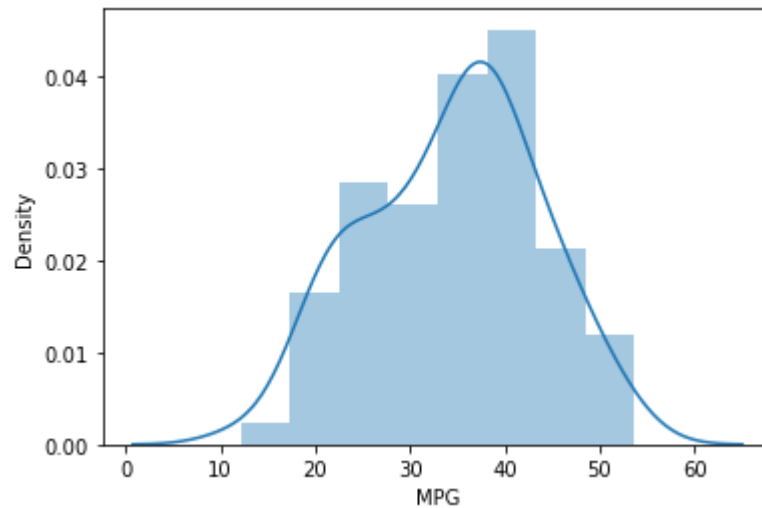
Out[46]:



Question-21.a

a) To check whether the MPG of Cars follows Normal Distribution

```
In [48]: sns.distplot(cars.MPG)
plt.show()
```



```
In [49]: print("To Check whether the MPG of Cars follows Normal Distribution:")
print("Mean :",cars['MPG'].mean())
print("Median :",cars['MPG'].median())
print("Mode :",cars['MPG'].mode())
print("Skewness :",cars['MPG'].skew())
```

```
To Check whether the MPG of Cars follows Normal Distribution:
Mean : 34.422075728024666
Median : 35.15272697
Mode : 0    29.629936
dtype: float64
Skewness : -0.17794674747025727
```

Question-21.b

b. To check Whether the Adipose Tissue (AT) and Waist Circumference(Waist) follows Normal Distribution

```
In [50]: df=pd.read_csv('wc-at.csv')  
df.head()
```

Out[50]:

	Waist	AT
0	74.75	25.72
1	72.60	25.89
2	81.80	42.60
3	83.95	42.80
4	74.65	29.84

```
In [51]: df.mean()
```

Out[51]:

Waist	91.901835
AT	101.894037

dtype: float64

```
In [52]: df.median()
```

Out[52]:

Waist	90.80
AT	96.54

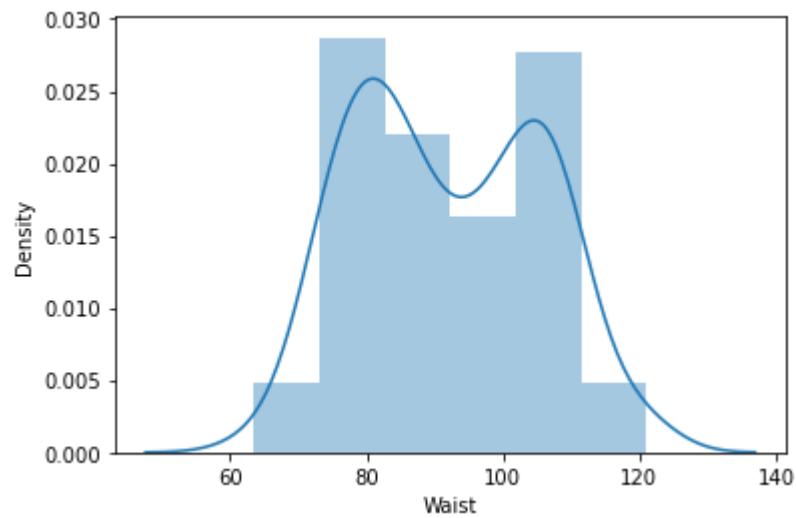
dtype: float64

```
In [53]: df.mode()
```

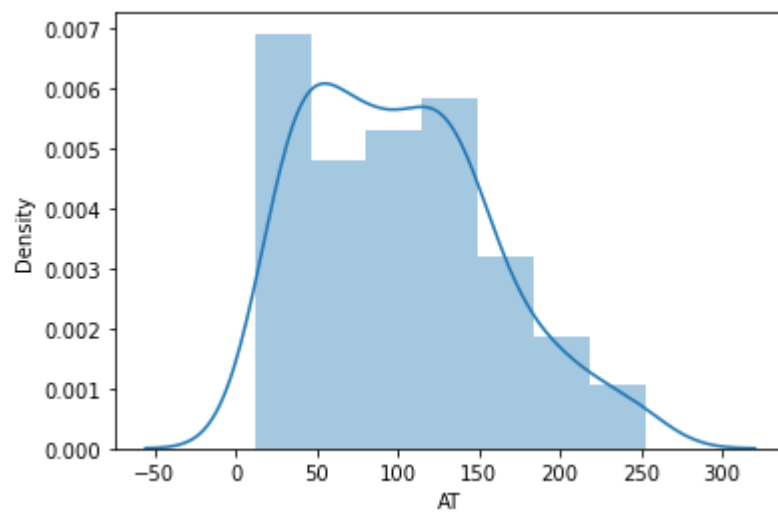
Out[53]:

	Waist	AT
0	94.5	121.0
1	106.0	123.0
2	108.5	NaN

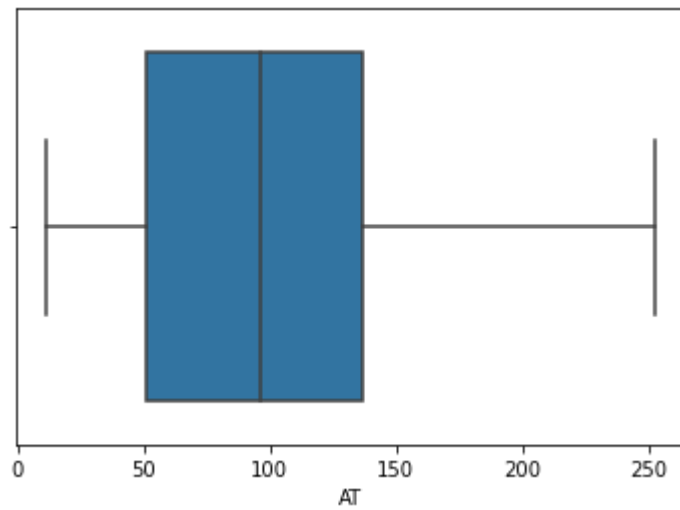

```
In [54]: sns.distplot(df['Waist'])  
plt.show()
```



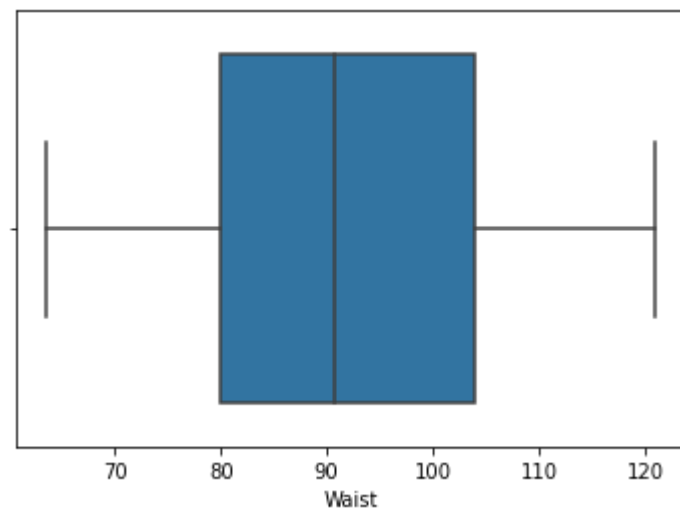
```
In [55]: sns.distplot(df['AT'])  
plt.show()
```



```
In [56]: sns.boxplot(df['AT'])  
plt.show()
```

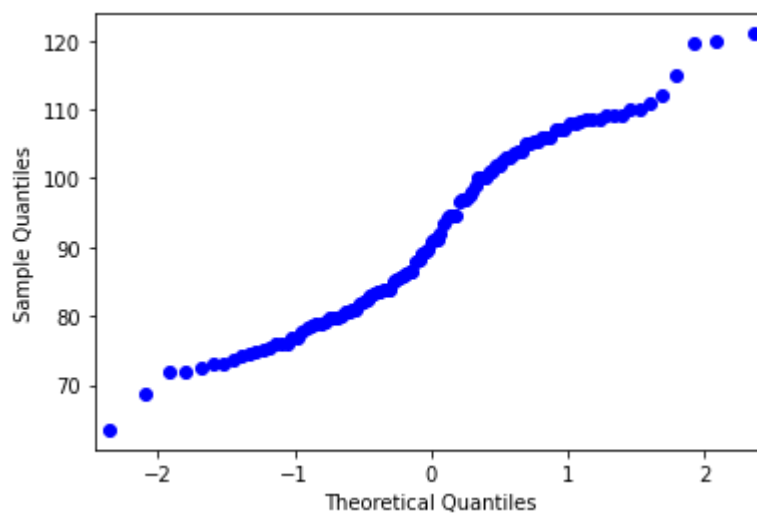
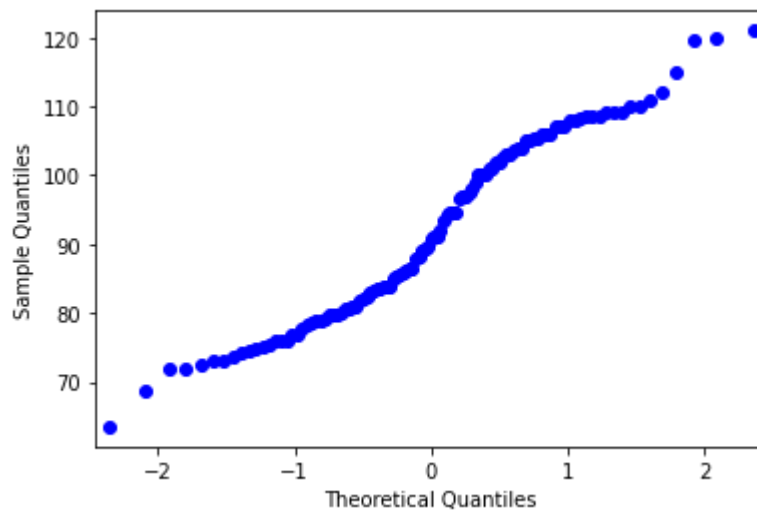


```
In [57]: sns.boxplot(df['Waist'])  
plt.show()
```



```
In [58]: ▶ sma.qqplot(df.Waist)#,dist=stats.norm)
```

Out[58]:



Question-22

Calculate the Z scores of 90% confidence interval, 94% confidence interval, 60% confidence interval

```
In [59]: ▶ # To calculate the Z-score of 90% confidence interval
stats.norm.ppf(0.95)
```

```
Out[59]: 1.6448536269514722
```

```
In [60]: ▶ # To calculate the Z-score of 94% confidence interval
stats.norm.ppf(0.93)
```

```
Out[60]: 1.475791028179171
```

```
In [61]: ▶ # To calculate the Z-score of 60% confidence interval
stats.norm.ppf(0.8)
```

```
Out[61]: 0.8416212335729143
```

Question-23

To Calculate the t scores of 95% confidence interval, 96% confidence interval, 99% confidence interval for sample size of 25

```
In [62]: ▶ # To calculate the T-score of 95% confidence interval with sample size of 25
stats.t.ppf(0.975, 24)
```

```
Out[62]: 2.0638985616280205
```

```
In [63]: ▶ # To calculate the T-score of 96% confidence interval with sample size of 25
stats.t.ppf(0.98, 24)
```

```
Out[63]: 2.1715446760080677
```

```
In [64]: ▶ # To calculate the T-score of 99% confidence interval with sample size of 25
stats.t.ppf(0.995, 24)
```

```
Out[64]: 2.796939504772804
```

Question-24

Null Hypothesis - Average Life of light bulb ≥ 260

Alternate Hypothesis = Average Life of Light bulb < 260

To calculate T score $T = (X - \mu) / [\sigma / \sqrt{n}]$.

```
In [117]: sample_mean = 260
          population_mean = 270
          Sample_std_deviation = 90
          Tscore = (260 - 270) / (90 / (18**0.5))
```

```
In [118]: Tscore
```

```
Out[118]: -0.4714045207910317
```

```
In [119]: stats.t.cdf((Tscore), 17)
```

```
Out[119]: 0.32167253567098364
```