## K-Nearest Neighbour Algorithm

**Problem Statement:** To predict the weight using KNN algorithm without the usage of any packages.

Formulas used: Euclidian distance formula-The distance two points (x1,y1) and (x2,y2) is given by the formula

$$[(x2-x1)^2 + (y2-y1)^2]^{1/2}$$

## Algorithm:

Start

Load the train data

Load the test data

Assign k values

Assign target variable

Create the variable to store the predicted targeted values

Repeat through the steps:

Find the difference matrix

Compute the distance using Euclidian distance formula

Sort the train data in ascending order w.r.t the distances

Compute average of the first k terms of train dataset

Append to predicted targeted values.

Display the predicted targeted values

Stop

## Code:

```
# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
```

@script-author:arpitha shibu

```
@script-description:To predict the value using
knn algorithm
@script-start date:07.01.20
@script-last updated:11.01.20
.. .. ..
#setting train and test data
train=[[1,2,3],[2,3,4],[4,5,6]]
test=[3,5,7]
diff=[]
#Computing the difference matrix
for i in range(len(train)):
    im=[]
    for j in range(len(test)):
        im.append(test[j]-train[i][j])
    diff.append(im)
dist=[]
#Computing distance using euclidian formula
for i in range(len(train)):
    s=0
    for j in range(len(test)):
        s+=diff[i][j]**2
    dist.append(s)
dict1={} # creating a dictionary to link the
train data and the distance calcuated
for i in range(len(dist)):
```

```
dict1[dist[i]]=train[i]
#sorting based on distance
dict1=sorted(dict1.items())
dict1
#Using the k values estimating the predicted
value
predict,s=[],0
for i in range(len(dict1)):
    s+=dict1[i][1][2]
    predict.append(s/(i+1))
predict
#Estimaing the error
error=[]
for i in range(len(predict)):
    error.append((test[2]-
predict[i])*100/test[2])
error
                 least error estimating
#based
            the
                                             the
        on
predicted value
print("Accurate
                            value
                                              is
 ,predict[error.index(min(error))])
Output:
Accurate value is 6.0
```