```
# 1) to appened to the list if it is a even number
a=[]
for i in range (10):
  n=int(input("enter a number:"))
  if n\%2 == 0:
    a.append(b)
  print(a)
     enter a number:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9
     ValueError
                                                 Traceback (most recent call last)
     <ipython-input-11-5592045aef54> in <module>()
           2 a=[]
           3 for i in range (10):
              n=int(input("enter a number:"))
     ---> 4
           5
               if n\%2 == 0:
                 a.append(b)
           6
     ValueError: invalid literal for int() with base 10: '1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9'
      SEARCH STACK OVERFLOW
# 2)list comphrension
# what is list comphrension?
# to create a new list based on the existing list
# some examples of list comprehension
# 1)loop through a list
#print items in a list using a loop
+hiclic+_["noco" "iocmino" "lotuc"]
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 diff
# 2)using a while loop
thislist=["mumbai","banglore","hyderbhad"]
i=0
while i<len(thislist):</pre>
  print(thislist[i])
  i=i+1
# 3) loop using list comphrensive
thislist=["pen","pencil","book","sheets"]
[print(x) for x in thislist]
# 4) range() function to create an iterrable
newlist=[x for x in range(10)]
print(newlist)
```

# 5) to print it in a upper case

```
vegetables=["potato","carrot","beans"]
newlist=[x.upper() for x in vegetables]
print(newlist)
# 6) to replace the values
fruits=["apple","bannana","orange","cherry","kiwi"]
newlist=[x if x !="bannana" else "mango" for x in fruits]
print(newlist)
     rose
     jasmine
     lotus
     mumbai
     banglore
     hyderbhad
     pen
     pencil
     book
     sheets
     [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]
     ['POTATO', 'CARROT', 'BEANS']
     ['apple', 'mango', 'orange', 'cherry', 'kiwi']
# 3) a programme to generate a dictionary d which contains (i,i*i) where i is from 1 to n
n= int(input("enter a number:"))
d=dict()
for i in range(1,n+1):
  d[i]=i*i
  print(d)
     enter a number:5
     ſ1. 1l
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     {1: 1, 2: 4, 3: 9, 4: 16}
     {1: 1, 2: 4, 3: 9, 4: 16, 5: 25}
# 4) to calculate a distance between the original position and a current position
# if the value is in a float then it shoul be round of to a nearest integer value
import math
pos=[0,0]
while true:
  s=float((input()))
  if not s:
    break
  movement=s.split("")
  direction=movement[0]
  steps=int(movement[1])
  if direction=="up":
    pos[0]+=steps
  elif direction=="down":
    pos[0]+=steps
  elif direction=="left":
    pos[0]+=steps
```

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