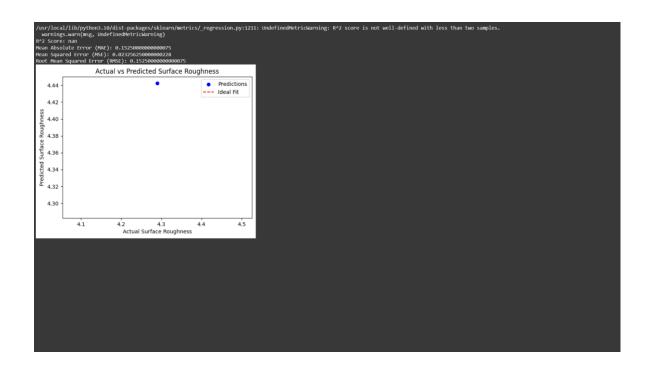
```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsRegressor
from sklearn.metrics import mean_absolute_error, mean_squared_error, r2_score
import math
# Example Data (Replace this with your actual dataset)
# Columns: wt% TiC, Laser Power (W), Velocity (mm/s), Gas Flow Pressure (MPa), Pulse Frequency
(Hz), Surface Roughness
data = {
  'wt% TiC': [3,3,3,3,3],
  'Laser Power (W)': [2000,2000,2000,2500,2500],
  'Velocity (mm/s)': [10,10,10,20,20],
  'Gas Flow Pressure (MPa)': [0.7,0.7,0.7,1,1],
  'Pulse Frequency (Hz)': [7,10,13,7,10],
  'Surface Roughness': [4.21,4.29,4.36,4.58,4.62]
}
# Converting data to a DataFrame
df = pd.DataFrame(data)
# Splitting data into features (X) and target (y)
X = df[['wt% TiC', 'Laser Power (W)', 'Velocity (mm/s)', 'Gas Flow Pressure (MPa)', 'Pulse Frequency
(Hz)']]
y = df['Surface Roughness']
# Splitting data into training and testing sets (80% training, 20% testing)
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)
# Initializing the KNN Regressor
knn = KNeighborsRegressor(n_neighbors=4) # K=5
```

```
# Training the model
knn.fit(X_train, y_train)
y_pred = knn.predict(X_test)
# Calculating performance metrics
r2 = r2_score(y_test, y_pred)
mae = mean_absolute_error(y_test, y_pred)
mse = mean_squared_error(y_test, y_pred)
rmse = math.sqrt(mse)
# Printing results
print(f"R^2 Score: {r2}")
print(f"Mean Absolute Error (MAE): {mae}")
print(f"Mean Squared Error (MSE): {mse}")
print(f"Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE): {rmse}")
# Optional: Visualize actual vs predicted values
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.scatter(y_test, y_pred, color='blue', label='Predictions')
plt.plot([y_test.min(), y_test.max()], [y_test.min(), y_test.max()], color='red', linestyle='--',
label='Ideal Fit')
plt.xlabel('Actual Surface Roughness')
plt.ylabel('Predicted Surface Roughness')
plt.legend()
plt.title('Actual vs Predicted Surface Roughness')
plt.show()
```



import numpy as np

import pandas as pd

from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler

from sklearn.metrics import mean_absolute_error, mean_squared_error, r2_score

import tensorflow as tf

from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential

from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense

import math

Example Data (Replace this with your actual dataset)

Columns: wt% TiC, Laser Power (W), Velocity (mm/s), Gas Flow Pressure (MPa), Pulse Frequency (Hz), Surface Roughness

```
data = {
```

```
'wt% TiC': [3,3,3,3,3],
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(Hz)']]
y = df['Surface Roughness']
# Splitting data into training and testing sets (80% training, 20% testing)
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)
# Scaling the data for better performance
scaler = StandardScaler()
X_train_scaled = scaler.fit_transform(X_train)
X_test_scaled = scaler.transform(X_test)
# Building the ANN model
model = Sequential([
  Dense(64, activation='relu', input_dim=X_train_scaled.shape[1]), # Input layer
  Dense(32, activation='relu'), # Hidden layer 1
  Dense(16, activation='relu'), # Hidden layer 2
  Dense(1, activation='linear') # Output layer
```

```
])
# Compiling the model
model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='mean_squared_error', metrics=['mae'])
# Training the model
history = model.fit(X_train_scaled, y_train, epochs=100, batch_size=8, verbose=1,
validation_split=0.1)
# Predicting on the test set
y_pred = model.predict(X_test_scaled)
# Calculating performance metrics
r2 = r2_score(y_test, y_pred)
mae = mean_absolute_error(y_test, y_pred)
mse = mean_squared_error(y_test, y_pred)
rmse = math.sqrt(mse)
# Printing results
print(f"R^2 Score: {r2}")
print(f"Mean Absolute Error (MAE): {mae}")
print(f"Mean Squared Error (MSE): {mse}")
print(f"Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE): {rmse}")
# Optional: Visualize training history
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# Plot loss
plt.plot(history.history['loss'], label='Train Loss')
```

plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'], label='Validation Loss')

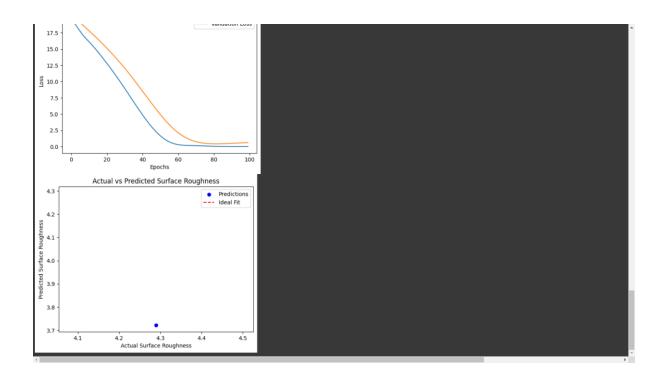
plt.xlabel('Epochs')

```
plt.legend()
plt.title('Training and Validation Loss')
plt.show()

# Plot actual vs predicted values
plt.scatter(y_test, y_pred, color='blue', label='Predictions')
plt.plot([y_test.min(), y_test.max()], [y_test.min(), y_test.max()], color='red', linestyle='--', label='Ideal Fit')
plt.xlabel('Actual Surface Roughness')
plt.ylabel('Predicted Surface Roughness')
plt.legend()
plt.title('Actual vs Predicted Surface Roughness')
plt.show()
```

| Epoch 1/100 | on3.10/dist-packages/keras/src/layers/core/dense.py:87: UserWarning: Do not pass an `input shape`/'input dim` argument to a layer. When using Sequential models, prefer using an ` |
|--------------------------|--|
| super()init(a | activity_regularizer-activity_regularizer, **Noargs) — 22 2s/step - loss: 19.7374 - mae: 4.4404 - val loss: 20.3002 - val mae: 4.5056 |
| Epoch 2/100 1/1 | — 8s 372ms/step - loss: 19.3081 - mae: 4.3918 - val loss: 20.0452 - val mae: 4.4772 |
| Epoch 3/100 1/1 | |
| Epoch 4/100 | —— 8s 52ms/step - loss: 18.5222 - mae: 4.3010 - val_loss: 19.5560 - val_mae: 4.4222 |
| Epoch 5/100 | — 8s 135ms/step - loss: 18.1319 - mae: 4.2551 - val loss: 19.3238 - val mae: 4.3959 |
| Epoch 6/100 | |
| Epoch 7/100 | 95 51mS/step - loss: 17-3619 - mme: 4-1630 - val loss: 18.8346 - val mme: 4-13399 |
| Epoch 8/100 | 95 53mS/step - loss: 17.0202 - mme: 4.1215 - val loss: 18.5870 - val mme: 4.3113 |
| Epoch 9/100 1/1 | |
| Epoch 10/100 1/1 | |
| Epoch 11/100 1/1 | |
| Epoch 12/100 1/1 | |
| Epoch 13/100 1/1 | —— 8s 66ms/step - loss: 15.5254 - mae: 3.9356 - val_loss: 17.3080 - val_mae: 4.1603 |
| Epoch 14/100 1/1 | —— 8s 132ms/step - loss: 15.2143 - mae: 3.8958 - val_loss: 17.0522 - val_mae: 4.1294 |
| Epoch 15/100 | - 05 129ms/step - loss: 14.8923 - mae: 3.8541 - val loss: 16.7896 - val mae: 4.6975 |
| Epoch 16/100 | |
| Epoch 17/100 | |
| Epoch 18/100 1/1 | |
| Epoch 19/100 | |
| Epoch 20/100 | - 85 57ms/step - loss: 13.1581 - mae: 3.6214 - val_loss: 15.4137 - val_mae: 3.9260 |
| Epoch 21/100 1/1 | |
| Epoch 22/100 1/1 | |
| Epoch 23/100 1/1 | |
| Frach 34/500 | 95 (2/BS) (SLE) - 1055; 11, 3790 - 1882; 5, 3380 - V41 1055; 13, 9532 - V41 1882; 3, 7357 |
| Epoch 26/100 1/1 | |
| Epoch 27/100 1/1 | |
| Epoch 28/100 | |
| Epoch 29/100 1/1 | 95 5/ms/step - 1055: 10.1057 - mage: 3.1792 - val_055: 15.0202 - val_mage: 3.0092 — 85 5/ms/step - loss: 9.7648 - mag: 3.1152 - val loss: 12.7879 - val mage: 3.5648 |
| Epoch 30/100 | - 05 Sims/step - loss: 9.3621 - mae: 3.6493 - val loss: 12.3855 - val mae: 3.5193 |
| Epoch 31/100 | • 5.2ms/step - 1033. 9.3021 - mae: 2.9813 - val_033. 12.3037 - val_mae: 3.5259 • 65 52ms/step - 1035: 8.9554 - mae: 2.9813 - val loss: 12.0593 - val mae: 3.4727 |
| Epoch 32/100 1/1 | •• 5.2m3/step - 1033, 6.3534 - mae: 2.9166 - val loss: 11.7294 - val mae: 3.4248 |
| Epoch 33/100 | ● 5 3ms/step - 1033, 6.7453 - mae: 2.75100 - val_053, 11.7294 - val_mae: 3.4740 |
| Epoch 34/100 1/1 | - 05 58ms/step - 1055: 67.7131 - mae: 2.7625 - val loss: 11.6428 - val mae: 3.3231 |
| Epoch 35/100 1/1 | ## 05 55ms/step - 10ss: 7.7131 - mae: 2.7025 - Val_10ss: 11.09128 - Val_mae: 3.3231 ### 05 55ms/step - loss: 7.2983 - mae: 2.6053 - Val_loss: 10.6915 - Val_mae: 3.2698 |
| Epoch 36/100 1/1 | — |
| Epoch 37/100 | — |
| Epoch 38/100 | ● 5 3ms/step - 10ss: 6.4691 - mae: 2.4415 - val_u0ss: 9.6978 - val_mae: 3.1381 ● 85 3ms/step - loss: 6.6691 - mae: 2.4415 - val_loss: 9.6678 - val_mae: 3.6996 |
| Epoch 39/100 | — |
| Epoch 40/100 | |
| Epoch 41/100 | |
| Epoch 42/100 1/1 | — es 65ms/step - 10ss: 4.8750 - mae: 2.1776 - val_10ss: 8.5041 - val_mae: 2.9162 — es 65ms/step - 10ss: 4.4917 - mae: 2.8855 - val 10ss: 8.1362 - val mae: 2.8524 |
| Epoch 43/100 | |
| 1/1 Epoch 44/100 | |
| Epoch 45/100 | |
| Epoch 46/100 | |
| 1/1 — Epoch 47/100 | |
| 1/1 — Epoch 48/100 1/1 — | |
| Epoch 49/100 | |
| 1/1 | |
| | |





import numpy as np

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from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

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from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential

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import math

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

Example Data (Replace this with your actual dataset)

data = {

```
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  'Pulse Frequency (Hz)': [7,10,13,7,10],
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}
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# Splitting data into features (X) and target (y)
X = df[['wt% TiC', 'Laser Power (W)', 'Velocity (mm/s)', 'Gas Flow Pressure (MPa)', 'Pulse Frequency
(Hz)']]
y = df['Surface Roughness']
# Splitting data into training and testing sets (80% training, 20% testing)
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)
# Scaling the data for ANN and better performance
scaler = StandardScaler()
X_train_scaled = scaler.fit_transform(X_train)
X_test_scaled = scaler.transform(X_test)
# ---- KNN Model ----
knn = KNeighborsRegressor(n_neighbors=4)
knn.fit(X_train, y_train)
knn_predictions = knn.predict(X_test)
# ---- ANN Model ----
# Building the ANN
```

```
model = Sequential([
  Dense(64, activation='relu', input_dim=X_train_scaled.shape[1]),
  Dense(32, activation='relu'),
  Dense(16, activation='relu'),
  Dense(1, activation='linear')
])
model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='mean_squared_error', metrics=['mae'])
model.fit(X_train_scaled, y_train, epochs=100, batch_size=8, verbose=1, validation_split=0.1)
# ANN Predictions
ann_predictions = model.predict(X_test_scaled).flatten()
# ---- Combining Predictions ----
# Simple Averaging
ensemble_predictions = (knn_predictions + ann_predictions) / 2
# ---- Performance Metrics ----
def calculate_metrics(y_true, y_pred, model_name):
  r2 = r2_score(y_true, y_pred)
  mae = mean_absolute_error(y_true, y_pred)
  mse = mean_squared_error(y_true, y_pred)
  rmse = math.sqrt(mse)
  print(f"\n{model_name} Performance:")
  print(f"R^2 Score: {r2}")
  print(f"Mean Absolute Error (MAE): {mae}")
  print(f"Mean Squared Error (MSE): {mse}")
  print(f"Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE): {rmse}")
  return r2, mae, mse, rmse
```

```
calculate_metrics(y_test, knn_predictions, "KNN")
# Metrics for ANN
calculate_metrics(y_test, ann_predictions, "ANN")
# Metrics for Ensemble
calculate_metrics(y_test, ensemble_predictions, "Ensemble (KNN + ANN)")
plt.plot(history.history['loss'], label='Train Loss')
plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'], label='Validation Loss')
plt.xlabel('Epochs')
plt.ylabel('Loss')
plt.legend()
plt.title('Training and Validation Loss')
plt.show()
# ---- Visualization ----
plt.scatter(y_test, knn_predictions, color='blue', label='KNN Predictions')
plt.scatter(y_test, ann_predictions, color='green', label='ANN Predictions')
plt.scatter(y_test, ensemble_predictions, color='purple', label='Ensemble Predictions')
plt.plot([y_test.min(), y_test.max()], [y_test.min(), y_test.max()], color='red', linestyle='--',
label='Ideal Fit')
plt.xlabel('Actual Surface Roughness')
plt.ylabel('Predicted Surface Roughness')
plt.legend()
plt.title('Actual vs Predicted Surface Roughness')
```

plt.show()

