



Universidad de Oviedo



School of
Computer
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GestUsers: Citizen Participation System



CITIZEN PARTICIPATION

*Software Architecture for GestUsers.
Description of the practice work (2017)*

Description of the first practice work to be made by the work teams of the course "Software Architecture" during the academic year 2016-17.

School of Computer Science Engineering

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GRADO DE INGENIERÍA INFORMÁTICA DEL SOFTWARE



School of
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SOFTWARE
ARCHITECTURE

GestUsers: Citizen Participation System

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Introduction and Goals

The goal of this document is to describe the structure of an architecture of a Citizen Participation System, divided in 3 system modules: User Management system that will be reused; Participation System and Dashboard System. Although each system that we describe has its own functionality, the main goal is that it will be part of the general system of citizen participation.

This document describes the final deliverable of the laboratory assignment of the course "*Software Architecture*" which is taught by the professors. The course is part of the Degree in Software Engineering, School of Computer Science Engineering, University of Oviedo.

The User Management system is divided in two parts: CitizensLoader, to load data about citizens and Participants, to check if a user can participate. The students have to implement the software described in this document in two teams of 3 or 4 students during 3 weeks. One team will implement the CitizensLoader module sub-system and the other team will implement the Participants module.

The Participation System will be in charge of managing the Citizen Participation. It allows users to create, vote and comment proposals. The system will be made by a team of 3 or 4 students during three weeks.

The Dashboard System will offer a dashboard to view the evolution of the participation system in real time. This system will be made by the other team of 3 or 4 students different from the one implementing Participation System. Both systems will be developed in parallel

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Requirements

The project is divided in 3 modules:

1. User Management will be divided in two parts:
 - CitizenLoader loads the list of users from the Council, for example the municipal census
 - Participants: checks if a citizen can participate
2. Participation System is in charge of managing the citizen participation
3. Dashboard allows the Council staff to monitor the evolution of the participation system.

User Management

CitizensLoader

The System administrator must be able to introduce data from the citizens list. That data can be obtained from different sources like the municipal census, lists of immigrants without official residence, bystanders, etc. Those lists will be delivered by some institution to the Council.

The introduction of data will be made from Excel files that contain a list of rows with the following information:

- First name
- Last name
- Email
- Date of birth
- Address
- Nationality
- ID (National ID, the residence card ID, etc.)

When importing the citizens' data, the system will create a user (whose login name will be the email) and a random password which will enable the user to enter the system to check if the data is correct as well as to later participate in the system. The system will generate personal letters that will be sent to each user by email. This task will be done by the Council and is not part of this system.

If a user appears in two different lists, this event will be recorded and informed in a log file. A user can only be created once. If the data is different from the current data available in the system, the current data will not be modified and an error will be recorded in the log.

[Optional] The system could be extended to emit the letters using other formats like Microsoft Word or PDF.

[Optional] If the input file contains errors, the system must detect them and report the errors found.

[Optional] The input data parser can be configured to accept data in different formats. Although it is mandatory to import data in Excel format, the system should be ready to be extended in the future to accept other formats easily.

(Optional) The service can be extended to handle security aspects

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Participants

Citizens should be able to login into the system to check that they can participate once the notification letter has been received. In order to implement that feature, a simple web service will be created that has two parameters passed as a POST message: login name and password and returns the data available about the citizen if the information is correct or reports an error if it isn't. Both the call parameters and the return information will employ JSON format.

(Optional) The web service can be extended to offer a simple HTML interface where a user can login and see his information in a human-friendly way.

(Optional) Using HTTP content negotiation, the system could handle other formats as XML.

(Optional) The service can be extended to enable the user to change his password.

(Optional) The service can be extended to handle security aspects

Participation System

The participants must be able to make new proposals and to vote proposals from other participants. The proposals will be ordered by their popularity or by the date in which they were created. There will be a minimal number of votes for a proposal in order to be approved. This number will be set by the system administrators.

Proposals must allow comments from other users in order to discuss and improve them. The comments can be ordered by chronological order or by popularity. The comments can be also voted by the participants.

The council will be able to configure the different options of the participation system. The council decides what categories are allowed for the proposals. It also has to determine how long proposals are active for voting and discuss about them. The council has to moderate the words they consider offensive or inappropriate in order to maintain an atmosphere of mutual respect between the participants. The council will be able to delete non-appropriate proposals.

When a proposal has overcome the required number of votes to be accepted, the administrators will receive a notification. A proposal that has passed the acceptance phase could be updated by the votes that result from the corresponding parliament.

The proposals, the comments and the feedback they receive will be recorded in the application log that will be connected to a Kafka Stream.

(Optional) The Council can add or remove new offensive or inappropriate words at execution time.

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Dashboard

The system will offer a dashboard to the Council staff, councilmen and other authorities so that they view the evolution of the participation system in real time. Different groups of people will be able to see different types of visualizations.

The dashboard must update the information dynamically and in real time without user interaction. It must reflect the changes that appear in the participation system as they are produced as well as update that information in all the concurrent clients that are present/connected at update time.

The dashboard will offer information about the evolution of the proposals, the number of votes of each of them as well as the different comments.

In order to develop the system, a Kafka Stream will be configured from which all the events that will be dynamically visualized will be taken.

To facilitate the independent development of the dashboard from the participation system, a small testing simulator will be created that will generate random events to the Kafka Stream that will be visualized.

(Optional) The dashboard can offer graphical visualizations of the different statistics.

(Optional) The dashboard can send alarms to some users when some specific events happen.

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Methodology

This document employs the ADD-4 (Bass, Clements, & Kazman, 2003) (IEEE/ANSI 1471, 2000).

The templates have also been inspired by the Arc42 templates (<http://arc42.org/>) where documentation architecture templates are defined in English, German and Spanish.

Another project that follows those templates for a biking domain is available at:

<http://biking.michael-simons.eu/docs/index.html>

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Stakeholders

The stakeholders identified are:

1. Students that develop the assignment
2. System Administrator
3. Citizens
4. People responsible of the participation system
5. Course Teachers
6. City council
7. Other student group

Code	Stakeholder	Interests (Modules)
ST-01	Students	All modules
ST-02	System administrator	Load files; Configure participation system
ST-03	Citizens	Check data; Create, vote and discuss proposals
ST-04	Developers of Participation System	Check data
ST-05	Course Teachers	All modules
ST-06	City council	Check data; Configure participation system
ST-07	Other student developer group	Participants; Dashboard

Table 1. List of stakeholders/interests

Students that develop the assignment

This group is formed by the team that will develop the system. Some of their goals are:

- Use of known technologies and methodologies minimizing the risks to learn new ones.
- Learn how to develop software collaboratively and in a professional way
- Use similar technologies to the group with whom they will work later to minimize incompatibilities
- Agree on a common structure for the Kafka logs with the other developers

System administrator

This is the person who is in charge of loading the citizens list.

Some of the goals are:

- Use of simple and well-known technologies for input files
- Files that can be read by humans.
- Be able to automate the loading process.
- Be able to debug the loading process in case of failures

Citizens

These are the final users of the system. Some of their goals are:

- Get access to the system in a simple way.
- Being able to get participate from their homes in a safe way.
- Being able to query their status in the system.
- Being able to create new proposals.
- Being able to vote and discuss proposals from other users.
- Being able to update or change their information in the system, for example, their password (**Optional**)

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Developers of the Participation System

This is the team that will implement the participation system. Some of their goals are:

- Have a simple way to detect if a citizen can participate in the system as soon as possible
- Use of simple technologies that can interoperate with other systems
- Determine the conditions that a proposal must achieve in order to be accepted

Course teachers

They are responsible for the results of this assignment. Some of their goals are:

- Use technologies that help students acquire skills related with Software Architecture by developing a practical assignment.
- Introduce the students in collaborative and professional software development through TDD (Test driven development) techniques.
- Show the students an example documentation of a software architecture

City council

This is the responsible of managing the data obtained in the participation system and of configuring the different parameters of it. Some of their goals are:

- View the evolution of the participation system.
- Get information in real time without user interaction.
- See the evolution of proposals, number of votes of each one and the different comments.
- Determine the categories that are interesting for the citizens
- Determine the periods and dates of the proposals
- Determine what words are inappropriate or inadequate (**Optional**)
- See graphical visualizations of the statistics (**Optional**)
- Get notified when some specific event happens (**Optional**)

Other student developer group

Student team that will implement the Participants module and the Dashboard:

- Maintain good communication with the other team.
- Develop the modules so they can be easily integrated with the modules developed by the other team.

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Quality Attributes

We have identified the following quality attributes:

- **Availability**
 - The system must be able to process data 24x7.
 - The system must be able to support a large number of users, between one and five million.
- **Modifiability**
 - Easily change some parts of the application: Change the parser of input data
 - Easily change some parts of the application: Add an error reporting feature
 - Easily modify some parts of the application: Add other output files to generate the letters
 - Easily modify some parts of the application: Enable password change by users
 - Easily modify some parts of the application: Enable different formats to be used by the web service
 - Easily modify some parts of the application: Enable to change the categories allowed for the proposals.
 - Easily modify some parts of the application: Enable to change the active period of the proposals.
 - Easily modify some parts of the application: Enable to delete inappropriate proposals
- **Performance**
 - The performance of the data loading system is reasonable
 - Querying information about a user through the web service should be fast
 - The information of the dashboard should be updated quickly
 - The participation system must support a high number of simultaneous users without delays.
- **Security**
 - The system should warrant the confidentiality of the citizens' data.
 - Dashboard users should only see the statistics they're allowed to.
- **Testability**
 - It must be testable that the citizens' data loading process is correct
 - It must be testable that the web service behaves as expected
 - It must be testable that the participation system behaves as expected
 - It must be testable that the information displayed by the dashboard is correct
- **Usability**
 - The data loading system must be easy to use by System administrator users which are familiar with Unix-like tools.
- **Interoperability**
 - This system will be used by the Participation System which will leverage on it for user management. The Participants web service must be used by an automated process that can query the status of a user.
- **Simplicity**
 - The three modules should be simple and easy to develop
- **Deployability**
 - The system should be easily deployable, especially in a cloud based server

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List of Quality Attributes

The list of quality attribute is the following:

Code	Description	Type of Attribute	Module
AT001	The system must be able to process data 24x7	Availability	Participants, participation system, dashboard
AT002	Easily modify some parts of the application: Change the parser of input data	Modifiability	CitizensLoader
AT003	Easily modify some parts of the application: Add an error reporting feature	Modifiability	CitizensLoader
AT004	Easily modify some parts of the application: Add other output files to generate the letters	Modifiability	CitizensLoader
AT005	Easily modify some parts of the application: Enable password change by users	Modifiability	Participants
AT006	Easily modify some parts of the application: Enable different formats to be used by the web service	Modifiability	Participants
AT007	The performance of the data loading system is reasonable (not too slow, but not critical)	Performance	CitizensLoader
AT008	The system should warrant the confidentiality of the citizens' data	Security	CitizensLoader and Participants
AT009	It must be testable that the web service behaves as expected	Testability	Participants
AT010	It must be testable that the user loading process is correct	Testability	CitizensLoader
AT011	The data loading system must be easy to use by system administrator users which are familiar with Unix-like tools.	Usability	CitizensLoader
AT012	The querying web service must be used by automated processes that can query the status of the system.	Interoperability	Participants
AT013	The system must be simple and easy to develop	Simplicity	CitizenLoader, Participants, Dashboard and participation System
AT014	The system should be easily deployable	Deployability	Participants, Dashboard and participation system
AT015	The system must be able to support a large number of users, between one and five million.	Availability	Dashboard and Participation System
AT016	Dashboard users should only see statistics they're allowed to.	Security	Dashboard

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Code	Description	Type of Attribute	Module
AT017	The information of the dashboard should be updated quickly	Performance	Dashboard
AT018	It must be testable that the information displayed by the dashboard is correct	Testability	Dashboard
AT019	Easily modify some parts of the application: Enable to change the categories allowed for the proposals	Modifiability	Participation System
AT020	Easily modify some parts of the application: Enable to change the active period of the proposals	Modifiability	Participation System
AT021	Easily modify some parts of the application: Enable to delete inappropriate proposals	Modifiability	Participation System
AT022	The participation system must support a high number of simultaneous users without delays	Performance	Participation System
AT023	It must be testable that the participation system behaves as expected	Testability	Participation System

Table 2. List of quality attributes and their types

Quality Attributes and stakeholders

The following table shows which attribute qualities are interesting for which stakeholder:

Attributes vs Stakeholders	ST-01	ST-02	ST-03	ST-04	ST-05	ST-06	ST-07
AT001	X		X	X	X		X
AT002	X	X			X		
AT003	X	X			X		
AT004	X	X			X		
AT005	X		X		X		X
AT006	X		X	X	X		X
AT007	X	X			X		
AT008	X	X			X		X
AT009	X	X			X		
AT010	X		X	X	X		
AT011	X	X			X		
AT012	X			X	X		X
AT013	X			X	X		X
AT014	X	X			X		
AT015	X				X	X	
AT016	X				X		
AT017	X				X		

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Attributes vs Stakeholders	ST-01	ST-02	ST-03	ST-04	ST-05	ST-06	ST-07
AT018	X			X	X	X	
AT019	X				X	X	
AT020	X				X	X	
AT021	X				X	X	
AT022	X		X	X	X	X	
AT023	X				X		

Table 3. List of stakeholders: interests vs quality attributes

Architecture Constraints

Technical constraints

We have detected the following set of technical constraints in the project:

Code	Constraint	Background/Motivation
TC001	Both systems will be implemented in Java	The developer team (ST001) has knowledge of Java
TC002	The data will be stored in a relational database.	The developer team (ST001) has knowledge of relational databases and there are a lot of libraries to work with relational databases from Java
TC003	The web service will be based on REST using JSON format	The REST style of web services using JSON is very popular and easy to implement nowadays.
TC004	The input data format to load data is Excel	Excel is a popular format for data exchange and there are several libraries to process Excel files
TC005	The output data of the citizens loader module will be a set of text files	In order to facilitate the implementation, text files are the easier format to generate. However, the developer team can optionally implement other generators.
TC007	Automated testing	The tests should be run automatically and a continuous integration system must be used
TC008	The web service will be implemented using the Spring Boot web framework	Spring Boot web framework leverages on Spring, which is a well-known framework very popular in Industry. It contains lots of examples and help info that can help students to learn to use it.
TC009	Events of the system will be managed using Apache Kafka Stream technology	Kafka Stream is a technology used to manage streams in real time. In this case, it will help us manage logs. It lets you do this with concise code in a way that is distributed and fault-tolerant

Table 4. Technical constraints

Organizational Constraints

Code	Constraint	Background/Motivation
OC001	Each system will be implemented by a small team of student developers.	The size of the teams will be between 3 or 4 students. The goal is that students learn to work collaboratively by developing a simple project
OC002	The structure of the database will be shared by both teams.	Although the projects are designed to enable independent development by each team. The database acts as a glue between both systems so its structure must be shared by both teams
OC003	The source code will be available as a Github repository	Github offers a very powerful project management tool for this kind of projects.

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Code	Constraint	Background/Motivation
OC004	Logs' format must be agreed and shared by both teams	Although the modules are independent, the logs sent and parsed using Kafka Stream must be format agreed.

Table 5. Organizational constraints

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System scope and context

The User Management system is decomposed in two modules:

- CitizensLoader: This module will be responsible to convert data from Excel files and load it into the database. The system will be invoked by a system administrator.
- Participants: This module will check if users can participate obtaining information from the database.

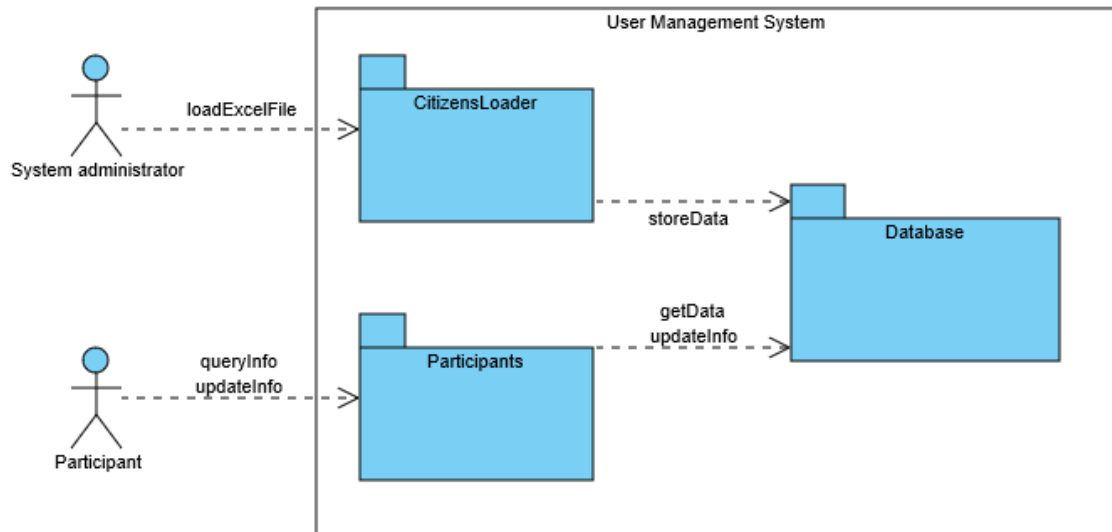


Figure 1. Business Context

The following figure contains a BPMN diagram showing the whole process of all the sub-systems.

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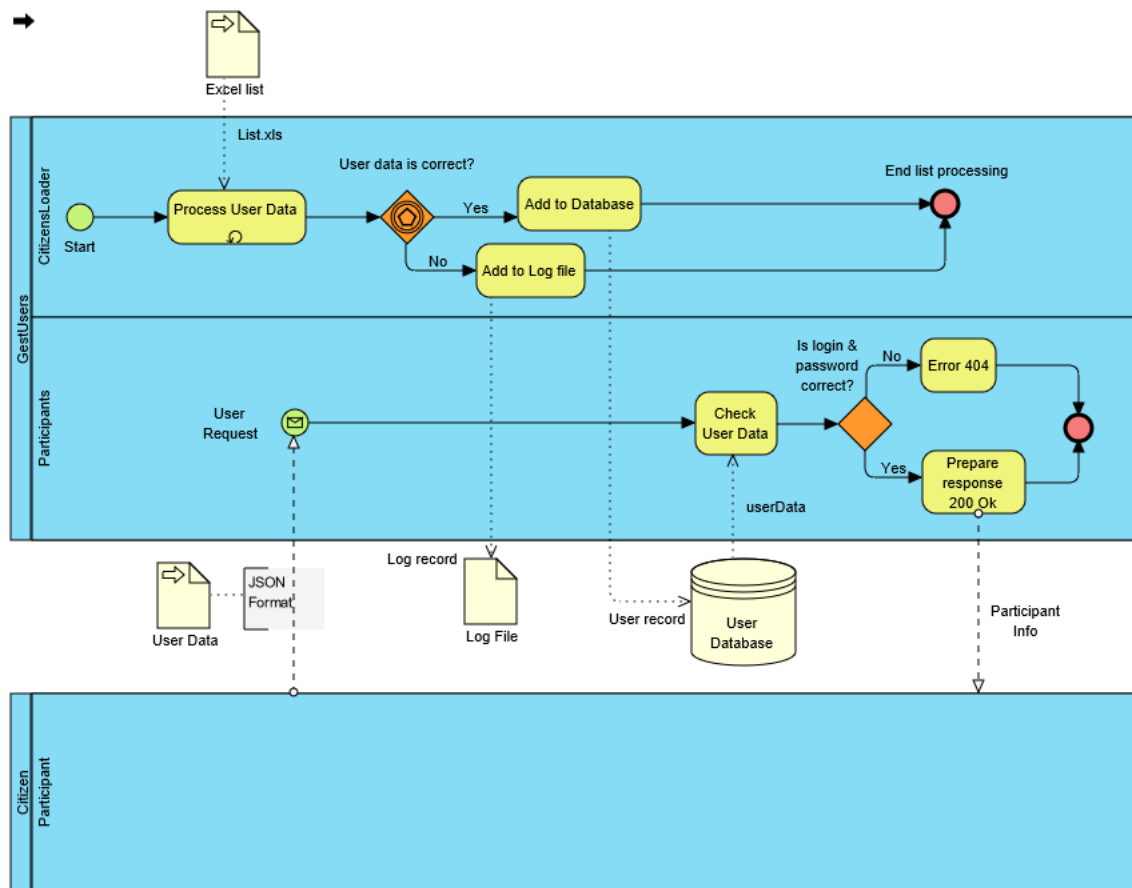


Figure 2. Participants and Citizens loader BPMN Diagram

The Dashboard system will be responsible of showing data of proposals, their number of votes and their comments in real time.

The Participation System will be in charge of managing the creation of proposals and the interaction of the users with the proposals (comment, vote...). It also allows the administrators to moderate proposals, categories and the word filter.

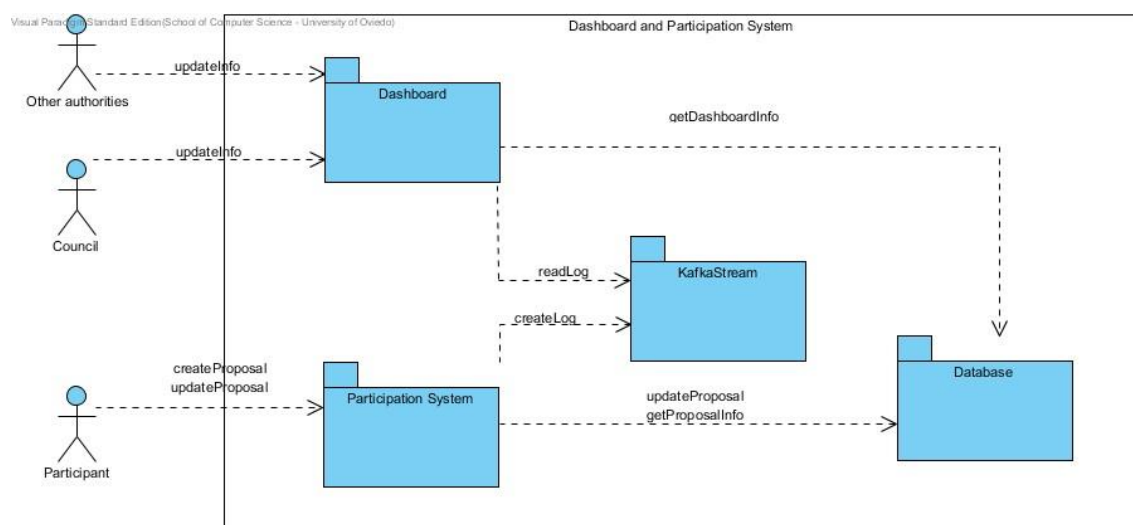


Figure 3. Participation System and Dashboard Business Context

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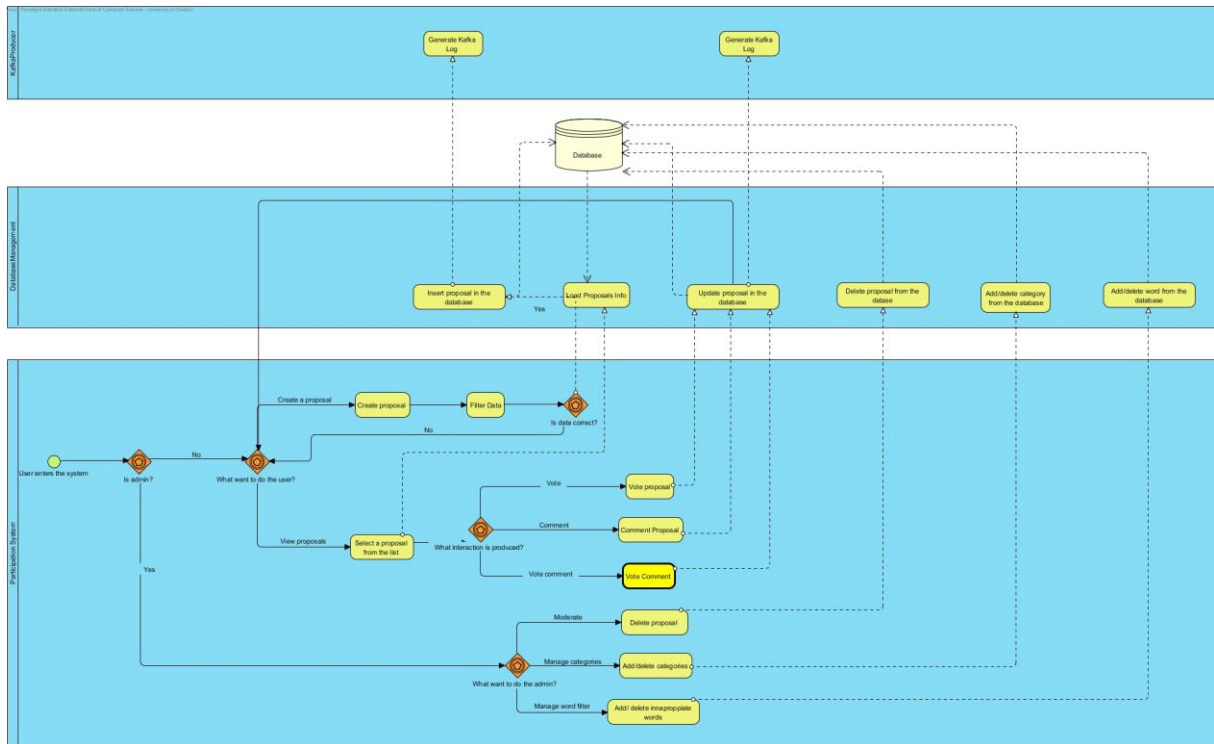


Figure 4. Participation System BPMN Diagram

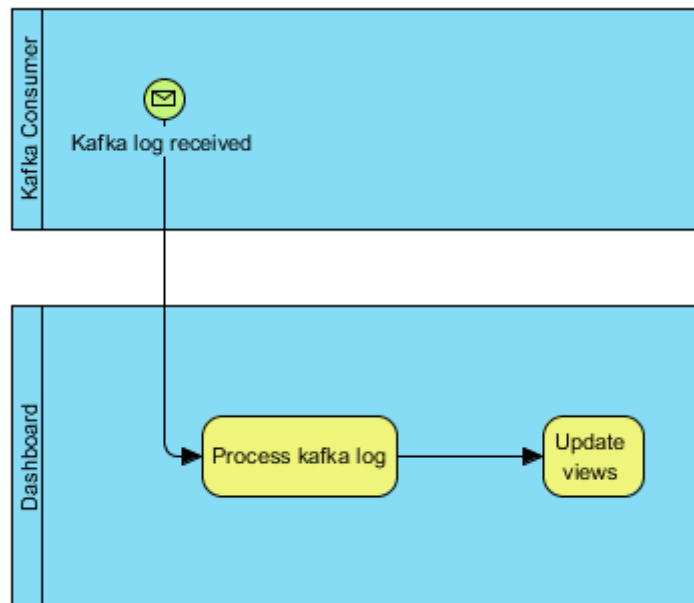


Figure 5. Dashboard BPMN Diagram

Quality Scenarios

The table below contains the quality scenarios that have been identified:

Scenario	Source Stimulus	Stimulus	Environment	Artifact	Response	Measure	Affected Attribute Quality
1	Participation System	Ask information about a user	Runtime	Participants	Participation System obtains the required information in less than 15seg at any time in the day	The required information is obtained	AT001
2	Student developer	A new parser is introduced	Development	Parser	Change is successfully introduced	The system is compiled and passes all the tests without errors	AT002
3	Student developer	A new option is implemented for the report file	Development	ReportWriter, DBUpdate and Parser	The option is implemented with minimal changes that affect only the report writer module	Less than one day of work	AT003
4	Student developer	A new output format is added	Development	Participants and DBManagement	The new output format is included with minimal changes to existing code.	Less than one day of work	AT004
5	Student developer	The option to change user's password is introduced	Development	Participants and DBManagement	The password of a user is successfully changes	Less than one day of work	AT005
6	Student developer	A new format is added to the web service	Development	Participants	The new format is implemented	Less than 2 days of work	AT006

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Scenario	Source Stimulus	Stimulus	Environment	Artifact	Response	Measure	Affected Attribute Quality
7	System administrator	Load an Excel file into the System (DB)	Runtime	Parser, DBUpdate and ReportWriter	Loading an excel file without errors is done in a reasonable time.	< 1 second for each 10 Participantsparticipant	AT007
8	Student developer	Load an Excel file into the system (DB)	Development/ Runtime	Parser, DBUpdate and ReportWriter (Optional)	Loading data should be done in a safe way	It is not possible to get access to the users' personal data except by the system administrator who cannot get access to the password.	AT008
9	Participants	Get access to the application	Runtime	Participants	A user can get access to his data but not to other user's data	Access to data is enabled only if the pair user name/password is correct	AT009
10	System administrator	Loads an excel file into the DB	Runtime	Parser, DBUpdate and ReportWriter	The loading process is made in a reliable way and it is possible to check that the data has been loaded	There are no errors in the database, no repeated record, and no citizen has less information than expected	AT010
11	System administrator	Loads an excel file into the DB	Runtime	Parser, DBUpdate and ReportWriter	The loading process behaves in a usual way and the options available to run the system are easy to understand	The system shows help options if the user asks for them. The error messages and other information can be understood by technical people	AT011

Scenario	Source Stimulus	Stimulus	Environment	Artifact	Response	Measure	Affected Attribute Quality
12	Citizen Participation System	Access to the web service	Runtime	Participants	The participation System requests information about a user by passing a combination of user name and password	A 200 OK response is sent with the correct format if the combination is OK or a failure information is returned	AT012
13	Student developer	Develops the system	Development	Participants CitizensLoader Participation System Dashboard	The student developers can implement the system	The system can be implemented and testes in 2/3 weeks by third year undergraduate students.	AT013
14	System administrator	Deploys the system	Deployment	CitizensLoader, Participants Participation System Dashboard	The system is deployed in a production environment	The system can be deployed by a system administrator in less than an hour.	AT014
15	Dashboard System	Monitor statistics	Runtime	Dashboard	The Dashboard System retrieves and displays the information from the Stream logs.	The required information is obtained and updated on real time.	AT015
16	City council	Access to the web system	Runtime	Dashboard	The Dashboard System only shows statistics of the view that the user has defined	Each type of user has a view predefined and he/she can't modify it.	AT016
17	City council	Statistics modified in real time	Runtime	Dashboard	The information that the user is seeing is updated	Automated updates when the data is changed	AT017

Scenario	Source Stimulus	Stimulus	Environment	Artifact	Response	Measure	Affected Attribute Quality
18	City council	View statistics	Runtime	Dashboard	The information shown is the same that is currently in the database	The data that the users see is stored in the database	AT018
19	Participation System	Access the system	Runtime	Participation System	The system must be accessible by the users even when a great number of users are connected at the same time	The system is up and the users can access the system without any delay	AT015
20	Council	Change the proposal categories	Runtime	Participation System	The council is able to add, remove and edit the categories of the system	The council can add and remove categories at any moment	AT019
21	Council	Change the active period of the proposals	Runtime	Participation System	The council is able to change during how many time the proposals are active	The council can change the periods of the proposals at any given time	AT020
22	Council	Delete inappropriate proposals	Runtime	Participation System	The council is able to delete that proposals that are considered inappropriate	The council can delete proposals that are determined as inappropriate at any time with minimal effort	AT021
23	Participation System	High number of users using the system simultaneously	Runtime	Participation System	The users don't have any delay and will not notice the overload of users in the system.	The response times of the system are the same as when a low number of users are using it	AT022

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Scenario	Source Stimulus	Stimulus	Environment	Artifact	Response	Measure	Affected Attribute Quality
24	System Administrator	Make proposals, comments, etc...	Runtime	Participation System	The participation system is reliable and can be easily tested by the administrator.	There are no errors in the participation system tests.	AT023

Table 6. List of quality scenarios

Views

In the following paragraphs the identified the views that will be documented following the learning guide instructions.

View	Stakeholders	Quality Attributes	Scenarios
Context	ST-01, ST-02, ST-03, ST-04, ST-05	AT011, AT013, AT14	11, 13, 14
CitizensLoader	ST-01, ST-02, ST-04, ST-05	AT002, AT003, AT004, AT007, AT008 y AT010, AT011, AT013, AT014	2, 3, 4, 7, 8, 10, 11, 13, 14
Participants	ST-01, ST-03, ST-04, ST-05	AT001, AT005, AT006, AT008, AT009, AT012, AT013, AT014	1, 5, 6, 8, 9, 12, 13, 14
Dashboard	ST-01, ST-05, ST-06	AT001, AT013, AT014, AT015, AT016, AT017, AT018	13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18
Participation System	ST-01, ST-02, ST-03, ST-05, ST-06	AT001, AT008, AT013, AT014, AT019, AT020, AT021, AT022, AT023	13, 14, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24

In the catalogues and views we have described both the mandatory and some optional elements. The students can ignore those optional elements that they are not going to implement.

Context

The System view is divided in four main sub-systems.

Main overview

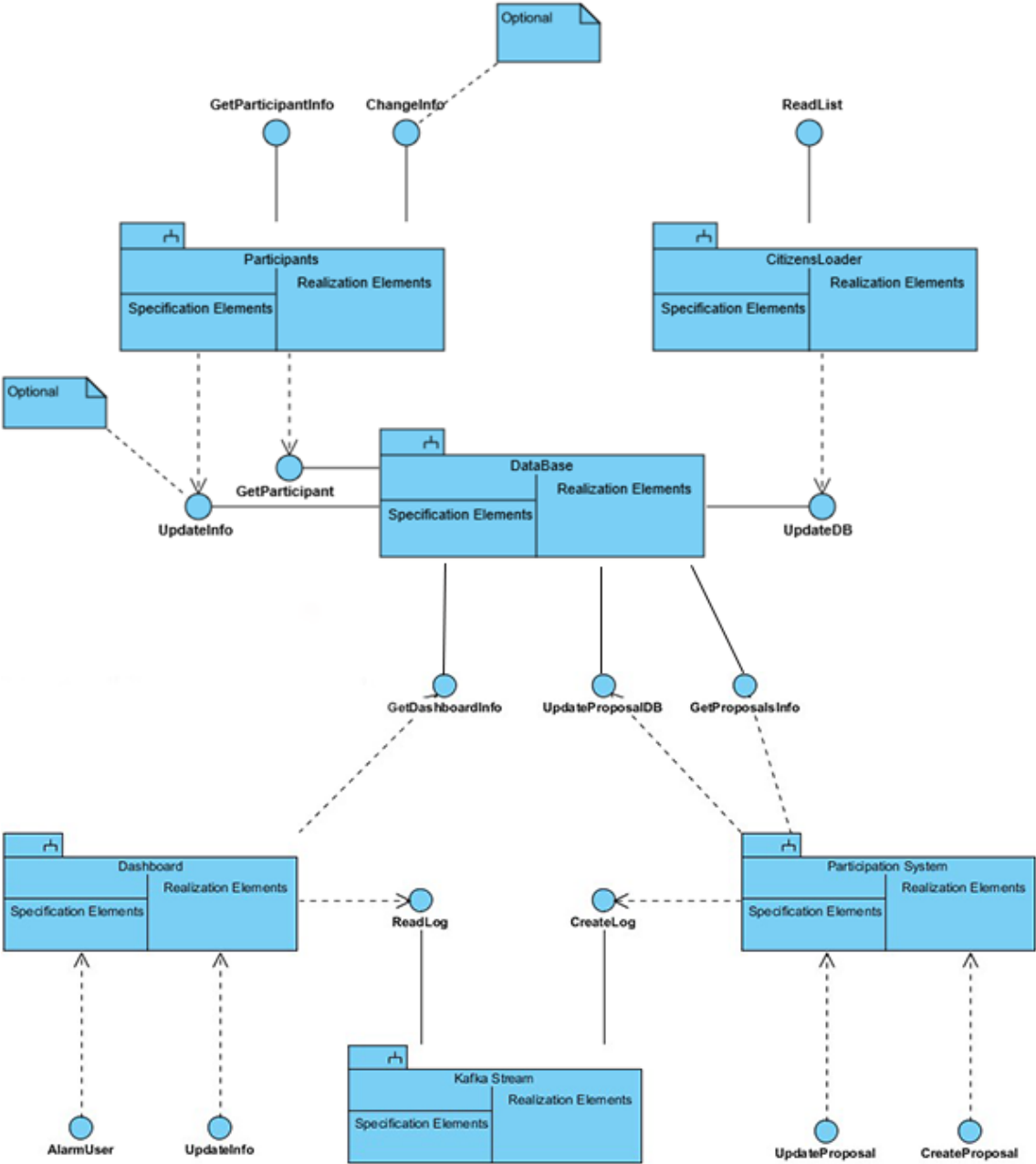


Figure 6. Context view

Elements Catalogue

Elements

Element	Properties
CitizensLoader	It introduces citizens data in the system. It reads an Excel file with data, generates passwords, personal letters and reports any errors.
Participants	This is the module used by citizens to check that their information is available in the system. They can optionally change some of their personal information and their password.
DataBase	This module encapsulates database access.
Dashboard	This module is used by the councils to check the participation and the results that are in the database. As well as manage the logs produced, and received by Kafka Stream.
Participation System	The module is used by the citizens in order to participate in proposals. All the information is stored in the database. It generates the kafka logs to communicate with the Dashboard.

Relationships

Citizens data are introduced in the system through the interface *ReadList* from module *CitizensLoader*. For each user, a password is generated as well as a personalized letter with information about the user.

That interface sends the data to the database through the interface *UpdateDB* from the *DataBase* module.

The *Participants* module allows an external system to check the information about a user through the web service *GetParticipantInfo*. In order to check the information, *Participants* asks data to the *DataBase* module through the *GetParticipant* interface.

Optionally, it is possible to implement the interface *ChangePassword* that will allow a user to change her password. In order to do that, the *Participants* module requests the *DataBase* to change the password through the *UpdatePasswd* interface.

The Dashboard looks ahead for any new data in the database through *GetDashboardInfo* interface, for the specified council. It provides the *UpdateInfo* interface to retrieve the data to the view.

It also provides *AlarmUser*, an interface used to retrieve the logs to each specified council. It is connected to Kafka Stream through an interface called *ReadLog* that will manage the Kafka Subsystem and its respective subscriber operations.

Participation System provides two interfaces to introduce information in the system: *CreateProposal* allows the users to create new proposals that will be inserted in the database through the interface *UpdateProposalDB*. The interface *UpdateProposal* manages all the data insertion related to proposals (comments and votes). It also uses the *UpdateProposalDB* interface to store the information in the database and the *GetProposalInfo* interface to get the information about the proposals and show it to the user.

All the events produced in the participation system are notified by means of Kafka logs using the *createLog* interface provided by Kafka Stream.

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Interfaces/Ports

CitizensLoader

Interface	Type	Technology	Properties
ReadList	Interface	Command line invocation	This interface will be invoked from the main application as a console program

Participants

Interface	Tipo	Tecnología	Propiedades
GetParticipantInfo	Interface	Web Service	This interface will be invoked through an HTTP request

DataBase

Interface	Tipo	Tecnología	Propiedades
GetParticipant	Interface	Method invocation	Returns data from citizens
UpdateDB	Interface	Method invocation	Inserts into the database data about a citizen included its password
GetDashboardInfo	Interface	Method invocation	Handles the information of the proposals.
UpdateProposalDB	Interface	Method Invocation	Updates the information of the proposals
UpdatePasswd	Interface	Method Invocation	Updates the password of a user in the database
GetProposalInfo	Interface	Method Invocation	Extracts from the database the information about the proposals

Dashboard

Interface	Type	Technology	Properties
UpdateInfo	Interface	Method/Web Service	Allows the view to be updated with the data.
AlarmUser	Interface	Web Service	It will alert the corresponding user with the logs it need to see

Kafka Stream

Interface	Type	Technology	Properties
ReadLog	Interface	Method invocation	Handles the subscriber part of KafkaStream.
CreateLog	Interface	Method Invocation	Handles the produce part of KafkaStream.

Participation System

Interface	Type	Technology	Properties
UpdateProposal	Interface	Method/Web Service	Allows the user to make changes in the information of a proposal
CreateProposal	Interface	Method/Web Service	Allows the user to create a new proposal

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Behaviour

CitizensLoader

See 0.

It can also do the following options:

- **(Optional)** the subsystem that generates the letters could implement the Adapter pattern which would enable to generate the letters in different formants in the future (Word, ODT, PDF, RTF, etc.).
- **(Optional)** If the file contains errors, those errors should be detected and a report should be generated for its later treatment
- **(Optional)** The parser of input data should be configurable using an adapter pattern to allow input data in different formats (Excel, TXT, etc.).

Participants

It allows users to get access into the system to check if they can participate, using the information that they received in the letter. The users may not get access directly by a web browser, but through an external participation system that invokes the Participants module as a web service.

DataBase

All the operations done in this module will be integrated in a *Facade pattern* which will contain the operations that offer access to the database. It encapsulates all the operations that affect the database.

Citizens List

Main overview

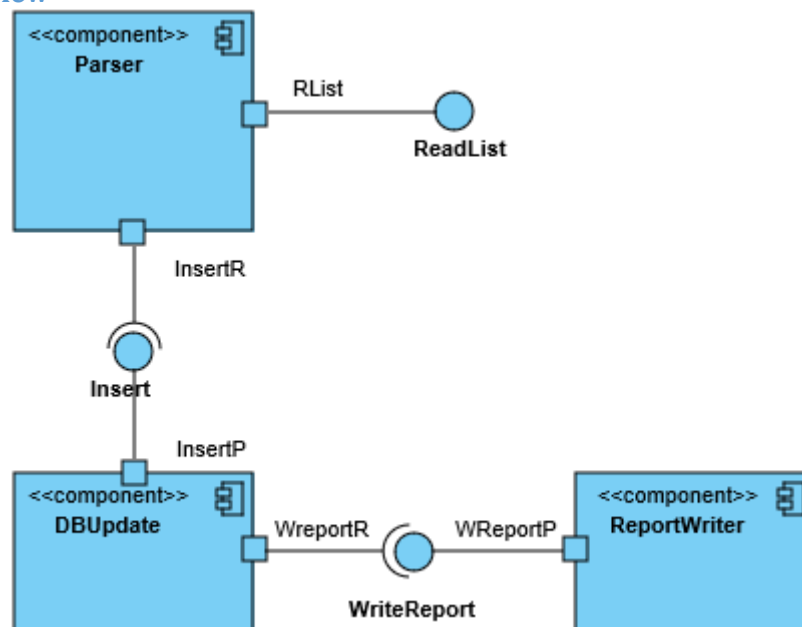


Figure 7. Citizens list view

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Catalogue of Elements

Elements

Element	Properties
Parser	Reads data from the Excel file and transforms them into an in-memory object container that can be later iterated to insert the data in the database. It will also generate the <i>password</i> of the citizen as well as the personal letter. During the design and implementation this component can be divided into the sub-components needed to separate these services following the quality attributes AT002, AT003, AT004 and AT007.
DBUpdate	Encapsulates all the database operations using interfaces to allow the database access to be separated from some specific database implementations.
ReportWriter	It receives the pieces of data that were not possible to insert into the database as well as the reasons and writes a report containing all that information in a human-readable way

Relationships

The *Parser* component receives the input file in Excel format and reads and converts the information about the different users. It generates a new password for each user and adds the information to the database using the *DBUpdate* component.

(**Optional**) If there are any errors during the loading phase (duplicated DNIs, empty DNI fields, etc.) or if the database component returns an error, this information will be notified to the Reportwriter component through the *WriteReport* interface.

InterfacesPortsPortsPorts

Parser

Interface	Type	Technology	Properties
ReadList	Interface	Method invocation	Read the Excel file with the citizens data.
Rlist	Port		Creates the needed subcomponents of the parser to process the input file.
Insert	Interface (Required)	Method invocation	It calls a method in the <i>DBUpdate</i> component to insert the information in the database.
InserR	Port		Verifies the data and creates the object to send to the <i>DBUpdate</i> component.

DBUpdate

Interface	Type	Technology	Properties
Insert	Interface	Method invocation	Receives and object with the information to insert in the database.
InsertP	Port		Verifies input data and generates and error if there is a lack of some mandatory attribute.
WriteReport	Interface (Required)	Method invocation	Calls a method from the <i>ReportWriter</i> component to write a new item in the report file.
WreportR	Port		Verifies the data to write

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ReportWriter

Interface	Type	Technology	Properties
WriteReport	Interface	Method Invocation	Receives the data to write in the report file.
WreportP	Port		Adds data at the corresponding date and time.

Parser

Introduces the citizen/citizens data in the system obtained from Excel files that contain a row for each citizen. Each row (except the first one that contains the headings) contains the following columns:

- First name (string)
- Last name (string)
- Birth date
- Email (string that follows the email format conventions)
- ID
- Address
- Nationality
- NIF (string that follows the NIF format with digits followed by a verification letter)
- Polling station code (an integer)

Invocation will be done through a batch program executed in the command line by the system administrator. During the import process a password will be generated so the combination of email/password enable a user to enter the system and participate in the system receive information about the polling station code where the user can participate.

This component will also generate personal emails/letters communicating the user that he has been added to the system with a user name (his email) and a password.

DBUpdate

It updates the database. See 0.

ReportWriter

(Optional) It stores in a text file information about the errors that were produced by the conversion process. The basic information to store is:

- Date
- Time
- Original Excel file
- Error information (with all the needed information)

Context Diagram

See 0.

Rationale

The main design decisions of this sub-system are:

Scenario	Quality attributes	Justification
2	AT002	Access to the parser using an Adapter pattern facilitates to change the implementation without affecting other parts of the application.
3	AT003	Defining an interface and an object for error reporting allows to add this functionality later.

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Scenario	Quality attributes	Justification
5	AT005	Using a relational database will improve the performance of accessing information about users.
6	AT006	Using a relational database that offer security aspects can improve the security of the system. Sending the login name and password by regular mail avoids that the information can be accessed electronically.
8	AT008	Using a standard database which can be queried using SQL can allow the students to verify that the data has been correctly loaded.
10	AT010	The use of a batch application that can be executed manually or configured for its automatic execution is a common practice for system administrators.
14	AT014	A batch application can be directly executed without any special needs for deployment

Participants

Main overview

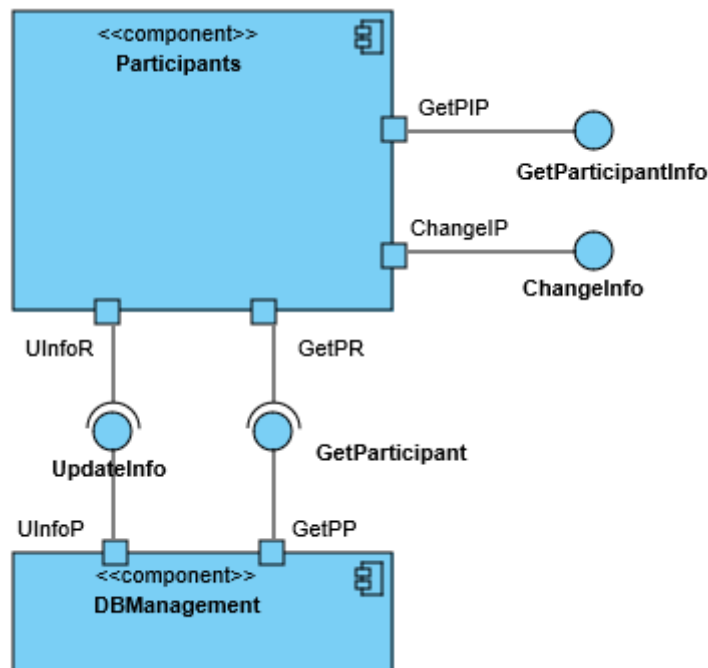


Figure 8. Participants View

Catalogue of elements

Elements

Element	Properties
Participants	It offers two web services: <i>GetParticipantInfo</i> , which allows to obtain information about a user and (Optional) <i>ChangePassword</i> that allows to change the password of a user.
DBManagement	It offers two interfaces: <i>GetParticipant</i> , that returns the data of a participant from the database and (Optional) <i>UpdateInfo</i> , to update a password change in the database.

Relationships

The ParticipantParticipation System invokes *Participants* using a web service call which is processed by *GetParticipantInfo* (sending *email/password*) and it gets access to the

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DBManagement system using the interface *GetParticipant*. If the email/password are correct the data is returned as a JSON response.

(Optional) The user can invoke *Participants* through a web browser to change his password invoking *ChangePassword* and sending the parameters *email/password/newPasswod*. It will invoke the interface *UndateInfo* to modify the password using the *DBManagement* component.

Interfaces

Participants			
Interface	Type	Technology	Properties
GetParticipantInfo	Interface	Web service	Allows to get access to a citizen data through the email/password combination
GetPIP	Port		Validates a user before asking the data.
ChangePassword	Interface	Web service	Allows to change a password using the combination: <i>email/password/newPasswod</i> .
ChangeInfo	Port		Validates a user before asking to change his password.
ChangeIP	Port		Validates a user before asking to change the password
UndateInfo	Interface (Required)	Method invocation	Asks a password change for a user.
UInfoR	Port		
GetParticipant	Interface (Requerida)	Method invocation	Asks information for the user
GetPR	Port		

DBManagement			
Interface	Tipo	Tecnología	Propiedades
UndateInfo	Interface	Method invocation	Handles the password change of a user.
UInfoP	Port		
GetParticipant	Interface	Method invocation	Handles the information request for the user.
GetPP	Port		

Behaviour

Participants

It implements a REST web service to handle requests of information about users. The POST HTTP request will be done to the following address:

<WebServiceURI>/user

where <WebServiceURI> represents the URI where the web service has been deployed. The POST request contains JSON data with the following structure:

```
{"login": email, "password": password}
```

In case that the (email, password) combination are available in the database the response will be 200 OK with the a JSON body of the form:

```
{ "firstName": Nombre,
  "lastName": Apellidos,
  "age": Age (will be obtained from user's birth date and current time)}
```

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```

    "ID": User ID,
    "email": email
}

```

In case that the (email, password) is incorrect, the response will be 404 Not found.

(Optional) It is possible to implement some HTML interface so the web service can be used by humans through a web browser.

(Optional) The web service can be extended to allow users to change their password.

DBManagement

This component encapsulates all the database access so it can be easy to change the underlying database system.

Context Diagram

See 0.

Rationale

The main design decisions have been:

Scenario	Quality Attributes	Justification
1	AT001	Using a REST Web Service leverages on HTTP technology and makes it easier to deploy the system in some infrastructure with high availability.
4	AT005	The encapsulation of model features that affect the database during development and the use of a MVC framework will facilitate the addition of functionalities like password change.
6	AT006	Using a Web framework like Spring Boot will facilitate the development of common web features like content negotiation
8	AT008	Accessing by <i>email/password</i> is considered secure enough for this process. Passwords should be stored encrypted.
9	AT009	The development of a REST web service based on JSON formats will facilitate the development of tests. The Spring Boot framework contains several tools for unit and integration testing of web applications that can be used.
12	AT012	The use of a REST web service enables the automatic access to the system through a software client
13	AT013	The web service API defined is simple and contains the minimal functionality. Leveraging on Spring Boot web framework will facilitate the development by the students given that the framework has solutions for all the required functionality

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Dashboard

Main overview

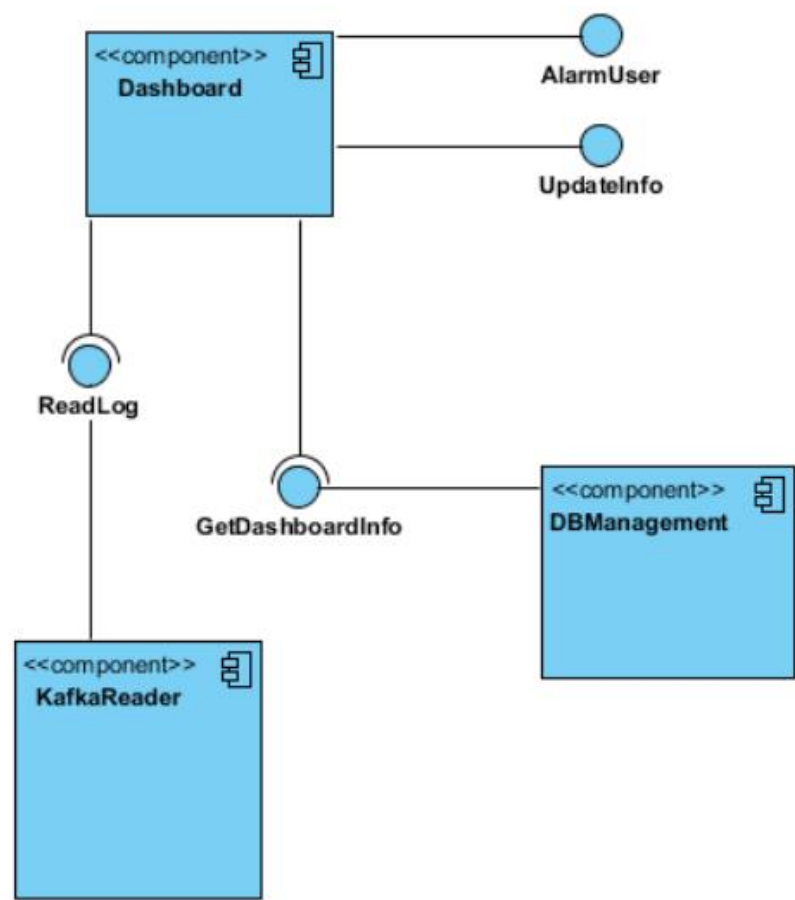


Figure 9 Dashboard View

Catalogue of elements

Elements

Element	Properties
Dashboard	It offers an interface: <i>UpdateInfo</i> , which allows the view to update the data taken from the database. Inside it should compare the actual data and the data from the database and update only what it is needed. (Optional) Another web service called <i>AlarmUser</i> would allow to send an alarm to a user depending on the logs.
KafkaReader	It offers an interface <i>ReadLog</i> that reads data from <i>KafkaStream</i> .
DBManagement	It offers an interface <i>GetDashboardInfo</i> that returns the data of all the proposals.

Relationships

The Dashboard System invokes *Dashboard* using a recursive web service call which is processed by *UpdateInfo* and it gets access to the DBManagement system using the interface *GetDashboardInfo*. If there is new information, the view is updated.

(Optional) The user can invoke *Dashboard* and the information can be shown using a graphical format.

(Optional) The user can invoke *Dashboard* and while the information is updated, *AlarmUser* can be called if a specific event happens in the *ReadLog* to show a message to the user.

Interfaces

Dashboard			
Interface	Type	Technology	Properties
AlarmUser	Interface	Web Service	It will alert the corresponding user with the logs it need to see
UpdateInfo	Interface	Method/Web Service	Allows the view to be updated with the data.
DBManagement			
Interface	Type	Technology	Properties
GetDashboardInfo	Interface	Method invocation	Handles the information of the proposals.
KafkaReader			
Interface	Type	Technology	Properties
ReadLog	Interface	Method invocation	Handles the subscriber part of KafkaStream.

Behaviour

Dashboard

It implements a method that will be called recursively to update information.pdate information.pdate

The information should be delivered back to the view and updated dynamically without the interaction of the user.

(Optional) A graphical view of the data returned in a JSON could be displayed.

(Optional) If some event on *KafkaStream* happens, the log related to a user should be sent to that user.

Context Diagram

See 0.

Rationale

The main design decisions have been:

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Scenario	Quality Attributes	Justification
1	AT001	Using a REST Web Service leverages on HTTP technology and makes it easier to deploy the system in some infrastructure with high availability.
13	AT013	Using Spring Boot framework allows us to program faster using the infrastructure that the framework offers.
14	AT014	With Spring boot it is easy and fast to deploy the system
15	AT015	Using a MVC pattern will allow us to increase the concurrency of the system to support a lot of users
16	AT016	Using credentials for authentication will allow us to separate which user sees what kind of information.
17	AT017	Using a web service allows a fast update.e allows us to quickly upde allows A web service provides fa
18	AT018	Using Spring Boot will allow us to test the displayed information using unit testing.

Participation System

Main Overview

Visual Paradigm Standard Edition (School of Computer Science - University of Oviedo)

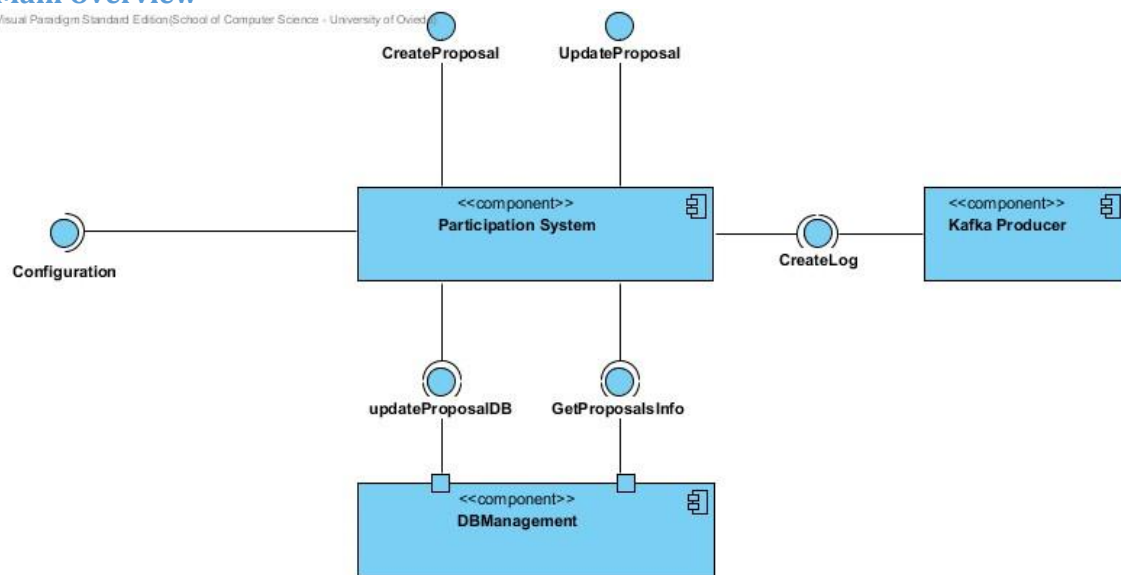


Figure 10 Participation System View

Catalogue of elements

Elements

Element	Properties
Participation system	It offers three services: GetConfiguration, which allows to obtain information about the configuration of the system. Council members can configure different parameters like proposal categories, dates in which they will be active, not allowed words, etc. The portal administrator can modify the minimal number of support votes. CreateProposal allows the users to create new proposals. UpdateProposal allows the users to interact with the proposals (create comments, vote etc)
DBManagement	It offers two interfaces: CreateProposal, that inserts the data of a new proposal into the database and UpdateProposal that modifies the number of votes, comments, etc.
Kafka Producer	It offers one service: CreateLog, which generates Kafka logs for the different events that are produced in the Participation System

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Relationships

The Participation System invokes the method `getConfiguration` which will receive the configuration parameters established by the council and the portal administrator.

It gets access to the DBManagement system using the interfaces *CreateProposal* and *UpdateProposal*.

Interfaces

Participation System			
Interface	Type	Technology	Properties
GetConfiguration	Interface	Web service	Allows to obtain information about the configuration of the system. Council members can configure different parameters like proposal categories, dates in which they will be active, not allowed words, etc. The portal administrator can modify the minimal number of support votes.
CreateProposal	Interface	Method/Web Service	Allows the users to create new proposals configuring different parameters.
UpdateProposal	Interface	Method/Web Service	Allows the users to interact with the proposals, vote and comment them and also to vote comments. The votes can be positive or negative.

DBManagement			
Interface	Type	Technology	Properties
InsertProposal	Interface (Required)	Method invocation	Inserts a new user proposal if it fullfills the requirements specified by the Council.
UpdateProposal	Interface (Required)	Method invocation	Updates a proposal (vote and/or comment).

KafkaProducer			
Interface	Type	Technology	Properties
CreateLog	Interface	Method invocation	Handles the producer part of KafkaStream.

Behaviour

Participation System

It allows users to create proposals and interact with the existing ones. The users can vote proposals positively or negatively. The can also comment proposals to generate feedback. Comments can be also voted. The system implements a filter to avoid inappropriate content in the platform.

KafkaProducer

For each one of the events produced in the Participation System (create proposal, vote proposal, comment proposal, vote comment...) the kafka producer must generate a log in order to inform the dashboard about the update.

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DataBaseManagement

All the operations done in this module will be integrated in a *Facade pattern* which will contain the operations that offer access to the database. It encapsulates all the operations that affect the database.

Context diagram

See 9.1.

Rationale

Scenario	Quality attributes	Justification
13	AT013	Using Spring Boot framework allows us to program faster using the infrastructure that the framework offers.
14	AT014	With Spring boot it is easy and fast to deploy the system
19	AT015	Using a well-optimized database for concurrency will allow to have a high performance accessing the information about the proposals.
20	AT019	Using DAO pattern for the database management allow us to make modifications over the proposals stored in the database in a very easy way.
21	AT020	Using DAO pattern for the database management allow us to make modifications over the proposals stored in the database in a very easy way.
22	AT021	Using DAO pattern for the database management allow us to make modifications over the proposals stored in the database in a very easy way.
23	AT022	Making code that is prepared for managing concurrency and a good control of the concurrent accesses of the database will allow us to manage simultaneous users.
24	AT023	Using Junit tests we can prove the well-functioning of the participation system and all their functionalities.

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Bass, L., Clements, P., & Kazman, R. (2003). *Software Architecture in Practice, Second Edition*. Boston: Addison Wesley.

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