```
In [3]: import os
        import sys
        import time
        import random
        import numpy as np
        import imgaug
        import tensorflow as tf
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        import matplotlib
        import matplotlib.patches as patches
        from pycocotools.coco import COCO
        from pycocotools.cocoeval import COCOeval
        from pycocotools import mask as maskUtils
        import zipfile
        import urllib.request
        import json
        import shutil
        from PIL import Image, ImageDraw
In [4]: | # Root directory of the project
        ROOT DIR = os.path.abspath("../../Mask RCNN/")
        # Import Mask RCNN
        # Import mrcnn libraries
        sys.path.append(ROOT_DIR)
        from mrcnn.config import Config
        import mrcnn.utils as utils
        from mrcnn import visualize
        import mrcnn.model as modellib
        from mrcnn.model import log
        Using TensorFlow backend.
In [5]: | # Directory to save logs and trained model
        MODEL_DIR = os.path.join(ROOT_DIR, "logs")
        # Local path to trained weights file
        COCO_MODEL_PATH = os.path.join(ROOT_DIR, "mask_rcnn_coco.h5")
        # Download COCO trained weights from Releases if needed
        if not os.path.exists(COCO_MODEL_PATH):
            utils.download_trained_weights(COCO_MODEL_PATH)
        DEFAULT_DATASET_YEAR = "2019"
In [6]: # dir = '../../coco-abdomen/'
In [7]: def get_ax(rows=1, cols=1, size=16):
            """Return a Matplotlib Axes array to be used in
            all visualizations in the notebook. Provide a
            central point to control graph sizes.
            Adjust the size attribute to control how big to render images
            _, ax = plt.subplots(rows, cols, figsize=(size*cols, size*rows))
            return ax
```

```
# Configurations
       class SkinConfig(Config):
           """Configuration for training on the toy dataset.
           Derives from the base Config class and overrides some values.
           # Give the configuration a recognizable name
           NAME = "skin"
           GPU COUNT = 1
           # We use a GPU with 12GB memory, which can fit two images.
           # Adjust down if you use a smaller GPU.
           IMAGES PER GPU = 2
           # Number of classes (including background)
           NUM_CLASSES = 1 + 1  # Background + skin
           # Number of training steps per epoch
           STEPS_PER_EPOCH = 200
           # This is how often validation is run. If you are using too much hard d
       rive space
           # on saved models (in the MODEL_DIR), try making this value larger.
           VALIDATION STEPS = 70
           # Matterport originally used resnet101, but I downsized to fit it on my
       graphics card
           BACKBONE = 'resnet50'
           # Skip detections with < 90% confidence
            DETECTION_MIN_CONFIDENCE = 0.9
            # To be honest, I haven't taken the time to figure out what these do
           RPN_ANCHOR_SCALES = (8, 16, 32, 64, 128)
           TRAIN_ROIS_PER_IMAGE = 32
           MAX GT INSTANCES = 50
           POST_NMS_ROIS_INFERENCE = 500
           POST NMS ROIS TRAINING = 1000
       config = SkinConfig()
       config.display()
```

```
Configurations:
BACKBONE
                                resnet50
BACKBONE STRIDES
                                [4, 8, 16, 32, 64]
BATCH_SIZE
BBOX_STD_DEV
                                [0.1 0.1 0.2 0.2]
COMPUTE_BACKBONE_SHAPE
                                None
DETECTION_MAX_INSTANCES
                                100
DETECTION_MIN_CONFIDENCE
                                0.7
DETECTION_NMS_THRESHOLD
                                0.3
FPN_CLASSIF_FC_LAYERS_SIZE
                                1024
GPU COUNT
                                1
                                5.0
GRADIENT_CLIP_NORM
IMAGES_PER_GPU
                                2
IMAGE_CHANNEL_COUNT
                                3
IMAGE_MAX_DIM
                                1024
IMAGE_META_SIZE
                                14
IMAGE_MIN_DIM
                                800
IMAGE MIN SCALE
IMAGE RESIZE MODE
                                square
                                [1024 1024
IMAGE SHAPE
                                               31
LEARNING MOMENTUM
                                0.9
LEARNING RATE
                                0.001
LOSS WEIGHTS
                                {'rpn bbox loss': 1.0, 'rpn class loss': 1.0
  'mrcnn_class_loss': 1.0, 'mrcnn_bbox_loss': 1.0, 'mrcnn_mask_loss': 1.0}
MASK_POOL_SIZE
                                14
MASK_SHAPE
                                [28, 28]
MAX_GT_INSTANCES
                                50
                                [123.7 116.8 103.9]
MEAN_PIXEL
MINI_MASK_SHAPE
                                (56, 56)
NAME
                                skin
NUM_CLASSES
                                2
POOL_SIZE
                                7
POST_NMS_ROIS_INFERENCE
                                500
                                1000
POST_NMS_ROIS_TRAINING
PRE_NMS_LIMIT
                                6000
R0I_P0SITIVE_RATIO
                                0.33
RPN_ANCHOR_RATIOS
                                [0.5, 1, 2]
RPN_ANCHOR_SCALES
                                (8, 16, 32, 64, 128)
RPN_ANCHOR_STRIDE
RPN_BB0X_STD_DEV
                                [0.1 0.1 0.2 0.2]
RPN_NMS_THRESHOLD
                                0.7
RPN_TRAIN_ANCHORS_PER_IMAGE
                                256
STEPS_PER_EPOCH
                                200
TOP_DOWN_PYRAMID_SIZE
                                256
TRAIN BN
                                False
TRAIN_ROIS_PER_IMAGE
                                32
USE MINI MASK
                                True
USE_RPN_ROIS
                                True
VALIDATION_STEPS
                                70
WEIGHT_DECAY
                                0.0001
```

```
In [9]: | class SkinDataset(utils.Dataset):
            def load_data(self, annotation_json, images_dir):
                 """ Load the coco-like dataset from json
                Args:
                    annotation_json: The path to the coco annotations json file
                     images_dir: The directory holding the images referred to by the
        ison file
                # Load json from file
                 json file = open(annotation json)
                coco_json = json.load(json_file)
                 json_file.close()
                 # Add the class names using the base method from utils.Dataset
                 source name = "skin"
                 for category in coco json['categories']:
                     class_id = category['id']
                     class_name = category['name']
                       print(class_name)
                     if class_id < 1:</pre>
                         print('Error: Class id for "{}" cannot be less than one. (0
        is reserved for the background)'.format(class_name))
                         return
                     self.add_class(source_name, class_id, class_name)
        #
                       print('hi')
                # Get all annotations
                annotations = {}
                 for annotation in coco_json['annotations']:
                     image_id = annotation['image_id']
                       print(image_id)
                     if image id not in annotations:
                         annotations[image id] = []
                     annotations[image id].append(annotation)
                       print(annotations)
                 # Get all images and add them to the dataset
                seen_images = {}
                 for image in coco_json['images']:
                     image_id = image['id']
                     if image_id in seen_images:
                         print("Warning: Skipping duplicate image id: {}".format(ima
        ge))
                     else:
                         seen_images[image_id] = image
                         try:
                             image_file_name = image['file_name']
                             image_width = image['width']
                             image_height = image['height']
                         except KeyError as key:
                             print("Warning: Skipping image (id: {}) with missing ke
        y: {}".format(image_id, key))
                         image path = os.path.abspath(os.path.join(images dir, image
        file name))
                         image_annotations = annotations[image_id]
                         # Add the image using the base method from utils Dataset
```

#### **Creating Training and Validation Data**

## Display a few images from the training dataset¶

```
In [13]: | dataset = dataset_train
          image_ids = np.random.choice(dataset.image_ids, 4)
          for image_id in image_ids:
              image = dataset.load_image(image_id)
              mask, class_ids = dataset.load_mask(image_id)
              visualize.display_top_masks(image, mask, class_ids, dataset.class_names
             H x W=768x512
             H x W=768x512
```

# **Create the Training Model and Train¶**

```
In [16]: # # Which weights to start with?
# init_with = "last" # imagenet, coco, or last

# if init_with == "imagenet":
# model.load_weights(model.get_imagenet_weights(), by_name=True)
# elif init_with == "coco":
# # Load weights trained on MS COCO, but skip layers that
# # are different due to the different number of classes
# # See README for instructions to download the COCO weights
# model.load_weights(COCO_MODEL_PATH, by_name=True,
# exclude=["mrcnn_class_logits", "mrcnn_bbox_fc",
# "mrcnn_bbox", "mrcnn_mask"])
# elif init_with == "last":
# Load the last model you trained and continue training
# model.load_weights(model.find_last(), by_name=True)
```

## **Training**

Train in two stages:

- Only the heads. Here we're freezing all the backbone layers and training only the randomly initialized layers (i.e. the ones
  that we didn't use pre-trained weights from MS COCO). To train only the head layers, pass layers='heads' to the train()
  function.
- Fine-tune all layers. For this simple example it's not necessary, but we're including it to show the process. Simply pass layers="all to train all layers."

Training took0.0minutes

```
In [18]: # Fine tune all layers
# Passing layers="all" trains all layers. You can also
# pass a regular expression to select which layers to
# train by name pattern.
start_train = time.time()
# model.train(dataset_train, dataset_val,
# learning_rate=config.LEARNING_RATE / 10,
# epochs=8,
# layers="all")
end_train = time.time()
minutes = round((end_train - start_train) / 60, 2)
print('Training took' + str(minutes)+ 'minutes')
```

Training took0.0minutes

#### Prepare to run Inference

```
In [19]:
         class InferenceConfig(SkinConfig):
             GPU COUNT = 1
             IMAGES PER GPU = 1
             IMAGE\_MIN\_DIM = 512
             IMAGE\_MAX\_DIM = 512
             DETECTION_MIN_CONFIDENCE = 0.85
         inference_config = InferenceConfig()
In [20]: | # Recreate the model in inference mode
         model = modellib.MaskRCNN(mode="inference",
                                   config=inference_config,
                                   model_dir=MODEL_DIR)
In [21]: # Get path to saved weights
         # Either set a specific path or find last trained weights
         # model_path = os.path.join(ROOT_DIR, ".h5 file name here")
         # model_path = model.find_last()
         model path = '/home/anirudh/detect/code/Umbilicus Skin Detection/Mask RCNN/
         logs/onlyabdomen/mask_rcnn_skin_0008.h5'
         # Load trained weights (fill in path to trained weights here)
assert model_path != "", "Provide path to trained weights"
         print("Loading weights from ", model_path)
         model.load_weights(model_path, by_name=True)
         Loading weights from /home/anirudh/detect/code/Umbilicus_Skin_Detection/Ma
         sk_RCNN/logs/onlyabdomen/mask_rcnn_skin_0008.h5
In [22]: dataset_test.image_ids
In [32]: # dataset_test.load_data()
         TypeError
                      Traceback (most recent call last)
         <ipython-input-32-83f4fe85c611> in <module>
         ----> 1 dataset_test.load_data()
         TypeError: load_data() missing 2 required positional arguments: 'annotation
         _json' and 'images_dir'
In [50]: | plt.imshow(r['masks'][:,:,0])
                       Traceback (most recent call last)
         <ipython-input-50-2b78084bbcd1> in <module>
         ----> 1 plt.imshow(r['masks'][:,:,0])
         IndexError: index 0 is out of bounds for axis 2 with size 0
```

```
In [60]: r['rois'].shape[0]
Out[60]: 0
```

## **Run Inference**

```
In [24]: # Compute VOC-style Average Precision
         # def compute_batch_ap(image_ids):
         # image_ids = np.random.choice(dataset_val.image_ids, 28)
         APs = []
         accu=[]
         c=0
         imges = []
         for image_id in dataset_val.image_ids:
             # Load image
             image, image_meta, gt_class_id, gt_bbox, gt_mask = modellib.load_image_
         gt(dataset_val, config,
                                         image_id, use_mini_mask=False)
               plt.figure()
         #
               plt.imshow(image)
             # Run object detection
             results = model.detect([image], verbose=0)
             r = results[0]
              maskpre= visualize.display_instances(image, r['rois'], r['masks'], r[
         'class_ids'],
                                            dataset_test.class_names, r['scores'], fi
         gsize=(5,5))
             if (r['rois'].shape[0]==0):
                 c = c + 1
                 imges.append(image)
                 continue
             maskpre= r['masks'][:,:,0]
             acc = np.sum(gt_mask[:,:,0] == maskpre)/np.size(maskpre)
             print(acc)
             accu.append(acc)
               plt.close()
         print("mean accu = "+str(np.mean(accu)))
```

0.8883228302001953 0.9312505722045898 0.9929161071777344 0.9454460144042969 0.8897294998168945 0.821864128112793 0.8097152709960938 0.9730072021484375 0.9880037307739258 0.8778619766235352 0.9923906326293945 0.9144134521484375 0.9080715179443359 0.9802742004394531 0.8490505218505859 0.8486423492431641 0.9292898178100586 0.963109016418457 0.9892597198486328 0.8811836242675781 0.9814777374267578 0.8068208694458008 0.9274349212646484 0.8980464935302734 0.8304567337036133 0.6074733734130859 0.9220190048217773 0.976902961730957 0.9047889709472656 0.8497686386108398 0.9731283187866211 0.9250898361206055 0.82269287109375 0.9533119201660156 0.9834051132202148 0.9512138366699219 0.9718723297119141 0.942631721496582 0.8298835754394531 0.8323049545288086 0.8611631393432617 0.896824836730957 0.967376708984375 0.6966009140014648 0.878779411315918 0.9485712051391602 0.8484916687011719 0.9260082244873047 0.7780046463012695 0.7840280532836914 0.9734859466552734 0.8833217620849609 0.8671731948852539 0.9741239547729492 0.956303596496582 0.9822959899902344 0.9785060882568359 0.9574403762817383 0.6609439849853516 0.6231555938720703 0.8986806869506836 0.9669580459594727

0.8764801025390625

```
In [ ]: for image in imges:
             plt.imshow
In [30]: plt.figure(figsize=(12,10))# Showing the Input Data after Normalizing
         x, y = 10, 6
         for i in range(c):
             plt.subplot(y, x, i+1)
             plt.imshow(imges[i],interpolation='nearest')
         plt.show()
          1000
          1000
          1000
 In [ ]: np.sum(gt_mask[:,:,0] == mask)/np.size(mask)
In [27]: | imges[0].shape
Out[27]: (1024, 1024, 3)
 In [ ]: for image_id in image_ids:
             image1 = dataset_test.load_image(image_id)
             results = model.detect([image1], verbose=0)
             masked_image = image.astype(np.uint32).copy()
             colors = visualize.random_colors(5)
             y1, x1, y2, x2 = results[0]['masks']['boxes'][1]
               msk = visualize.apply_mask(image1,,'w')
               plt.imshow(visulaize.apply_mask(image1, results[0]['masks'], 'r'))
             break
```

```
In [ ]: image ids
In [ ]: # Draw precision-recall curve
        AP, precisions, recalls, overlaps = utils.compute_ap(gt_bbox, gt_class_id,
        gt_mask,
                                                    r['rois'], r['class_ids'], r['sco
        res'], r['masks'])
        visualize.plot_precision_recall(AP, precisions, recalls)
In [ ]: dataset
In [ ]: # Generate RPN trainig targets
        # target_rpn_match is 1 for positive anchors, -1 for negative anchors
        # and 0 for neutral anchors.
        target_rpn_match, target_rpn_bbox = modellib.build_rpn_targets(
             image.shape, model.anchors, gt_class_id, gt_bbox, model.config)
        log("target_rpn_match", target_rpn_match)
        log("target_rpn_bbox", target_rpn_bbox)
        positive_anchor_ix = np.where(target_rpn_match[:] == 1)[0]
        negative anchor ix = np.where(target rpn match[:] == -1)[0]
        neutral anchor ix = np.where(target rpn match[:] == 0)[0]
        positive_anchors = model.anchors[positive_anchor_ix]
        negative_anchors = model.anchors[negative_anchor_ix]
        neutral_anchors = model.anchors[neutral_anchor_ix]
        log("positive_anchors", positive_anchors)
        log("negative_anchors", negative_anchors)
        log("neutral anchors", neutral_anchors)
        # Apply refinement deltas to positive anchors
        refined anchors = utils.apply box deltas(
             positive anchors,
             target rpn bbox[:positive anchors.shape[0]] * model.config.RPN BBOX STD
         DFV)
        log("refined_anchors", refined_anchors, )
In [ ]: # Run RPN sub-graph
        pillar = model.keras model.get layer("ROI").output # node to start searchi
        ng from
        # TF 1.4 and 1.9 introduce new versions of NMS. Search for all names to sup
        port TF 1.3~1.10
        nms node = model.ancestor(pillar, "ROI/rpn non max suppression:0")
        if nms_node is None:
             nms_node = model.ancestor(pillar, "ROI/rpn_non_max_suppression/NonMaxSu
        ppressionV2:0")
        if nms_node is None: #TF 1.9-1.10
             nms_node = model.ancestor(pillar, "ROI/rpn_non_max_suppression/NonMaxSu
        ppressionV3:0")
         rpn = model.run graph([image], [
             ("rpn_class", model.keras_model.get_layer("rpn_class").output),
             ("pre_nms_anchors", model.ancestor(pillar, "ROI/pre_nms_anchors:0")),
("refined_anchors", model.ancestor(pillar, "ROI/refined_anchors:0")),
             ("refined_anchors_clipped", model.ancestor(pillar, "ROI/refined_anchors
         _clipped:0")),
             ("post_nms_anchor_ix", nms_node),
             ("proposals", model.keras_model.get_layer("ROI").output),
        ])
```

```
In [ ]: | # Show top anchors with refinement. Then with clipping to image boundaries
        limit = 50
        ax = get_ax(1, 2)
        pre_nms_anchors = utils.denorm_boxes(rpn["pre_nms_anchors"][0], image.shape
        [:2])
        refined_anchors = utils.denorm_boxes(rpn["refined_anchors"][0], image.shape
        [:2])
        refined anchors clipped = utils.denorm boxes(rpn["refined anchors clipped"]
        [0], image.shape[:2])
        visualize.draw boxes(image, boxes=pre nms anchors[:limit],
                              refined boxes=refined anchors[:limit], ax=ax[0])
        visualize.draw_boxes(image, refined_boxes=refined_anchors_clipped[:limit],
        ax=ax[1])
In [ ]: # Show refined anchors after non-max suppression
        limit = 50
        ixs = rpn["post nms anchor ix"][:limit]
        visualize.draw boxes(image, refined boxes=refined anchors clipped[ixs], ax=
In [ ]: # Show final proposals
        # These are the same as the previous step (refined anchors
        # after NMS) but with coordinates normalized to [0, 1] range.
        limit = 50
        # Convert back to image coordinates for display
        h, w = config.IMAGE_SHAPE[:2]
        proposals = rpn['proposals'][0, :limit] * np.array([h, w, h, w])
        visualize.draw_boxes(image, refined_boxes=proposals, ax=get_ax())
In [ ]: | # Measure the RPN recall (percent of objects covered by anchors)
        # Here we measure recall for 3 different methods:
        # - All anchors
        # - All refined anchors
        # - Refined anchors after NMS
        iou\_threshold = 0.7
        recall, positive_anchor_ids = utils.compute_recall(model.anchors, gt_bbox,
        iou_threshold)
        print("All Anchors ({:5})
                                        Recall: {:.3f} Positive anchors: {}".forma
        t(
            model.anchors.shape[0], recall, len(positive anchor ids)))
        recall, positive_anchor_ids = utils.compute_recall(rpn['refined_anchors'][0
        ], gt_bbox, iou_threshold)
        print("Refined Anchors ({:5})
                                        Recall: {:.3f} Positive anchors: {}".forma
        t(
            rpn['refined_anchors'].shape[1], recall, len(positive_anchor_ids)))
        recall, positive anchor ids = utils.compute recall(proposals, gt bbox, iou
        threshold)
        print("Post NMS Anchors ({:5}) Recall: {:.3f} Positive anchors: {}".forma
        t(
            proposals.shape[0], recall, len(positive_anchor_ids)))
In [ ]:
In [ ]:
```

In [ ]:	
In [ ]:	
In [ ]:	
In [ ]:	
In [ ]:	
In [ ]:	
In [ ]:	
In [ ]:	
In [ ]:	
In [ ]:	
In [ ]:	