

Avenger96 Camera Interface User Manual

STM32MP1 Avenger96 Reference Design

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ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

| Definition/Acronym/Abbreviation | Description |
|---------------------------------|---|
| cd | Change directory |
| scp | Secure copy over the network |
| BSP | Board Support Package |
| USB | Universal Serial Bus |
| HW | Hardware |
| FW | Firmware |
| NV RAM | Non-Volatile Random-Access Memory |
| API | Application Programming Interface |
| V4L2 | Video for Linux second version |
| ISP | Image signal processor |
| SD | Secure Digital |
| HDMI | High-Definition multimedia interface |
| LTS | Long Term Support |
| UART | universal asynchronous receiver-transmitter |
| PC | Personal computer |
| FAT | File Allocation Table |
| FPS | Frames per second |

1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Purpose of the Document

Purpose of this document is to help developers flash firmware and demonstrate camera interface on STM32MP1-Avenger96 firmware. For demo, we have used AP1302 ISP with either one of the following camera sensors:

- SRT-Vision96-AR0430 mezzanine (AP-vision-AR0430-54)
- SRT-Vision96-ARX3A0 mezzanine (AP-vision-ARX3A0-55)
- SRT-Vision96-AR1335 mezzanine (AP-vision-AR1335-74)

1.2 About the System

This system is based on STM32MP1 processor and supporting multiple interfaces. This can facilitate for Human-Machine Interface experience.

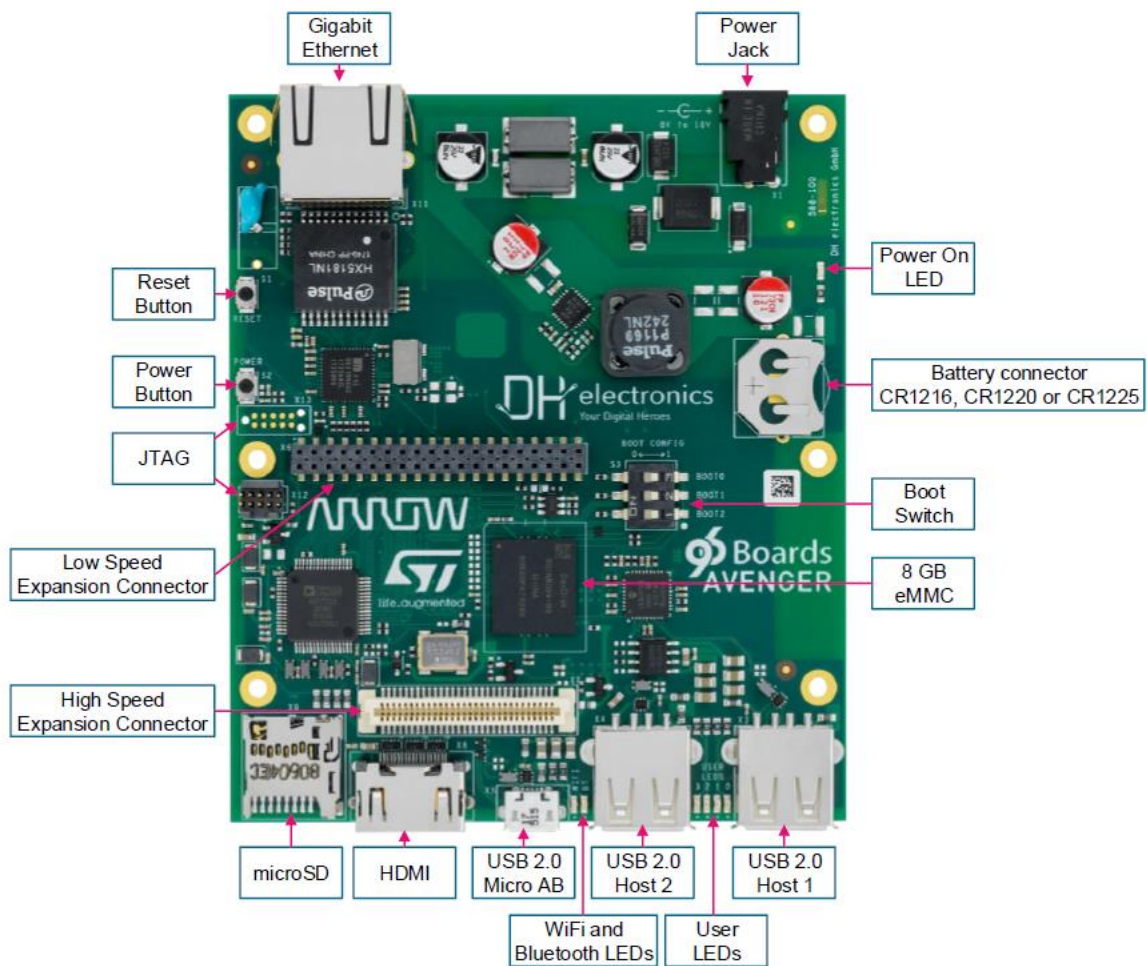


Figure 1: STM32MP1 Avenger96 board

1.3 Intended Audience

This document is for developers and end-users who want to understand/flash/demonstrate camera interface on STM32MP1-Avenger96 firmware.

1.4 Prerequisites

Below are the list of hardware and software needed to demonstrate the Camera interface on STM32MP1-Avenger96 Board:

- x86 host system having Linux Ubuntu 16.04 or 18.04 LTS installed (to build Yocto image)
- Linux PC (Minicom for serial console, Optimal 16GB-RAM, Processor:Octa-core)
- Install Essential Yocto Project host packages
- Basic understanding of Linux commands
- Setup will require following:
 - Avenger96 Board
 - SD-card -32GB
 - UART debug cable - [UART Serial - 96Boards](#)
 - Power Supply - [Power Accessories - 96Boards](#)
 - One of the following mezzanine cards
 - SRT-VISION96-AR1335
 - SRT-VISION96-AR0430
 - SRT-VISION96-ARX3A0
 - HDMI Display
 - USB Keyboard
 - USB Mouse

2 ENVIRONMENT SETUP

2.1 Steps to build Yocto Image using build script.

A release package [Avenger96](#) is available which contains build script, prebuilt-image and all the packages, BSP changes and the required patches for Avenger96 firmware. User need to download release package first to build image for Avenger96.

To build Avenger96 firmware on LINUX HOST PC, follow below steps:

- Download new repo for Avenger96 board based on kernel version Linux dh-stm32mp1-dhcor-avenger96 5.10.74 release

```
$ sudo apt-get install repo
$ git config --global user.name "Your Name"
$ git config --global user.email "Your Email"
$ git config --global user.email "Your Email"
$ git config --list
```

- Download or clone release [Avenger96](#), it contains as shown below:

```
Avenger96/Kernel_5_10_74
├── Avenger96_L5_10_74_Rel_1_3_patches
├── readme.md
├── Software_Docs
│   ├── ei_Camera_User_Guide_STM32MP1_Avenger96_L5_10_Rel_1_3.pdf
│   ├── ei_OnSemiCamModule_96B_AV96_ReleaseNote.pdf
│   └── ei_OnSemiCamModule_96B_AV96_TestCases.xlsx
├── Yocto_build_manual_steps_avenger96.txt
└── yocto_build_setup_Avenger96.sh
```

- Run the build script to setup the Yocto environment on the LINUX based Host PC

```
$ cd Avenger96/Kernel_5_10_74/
$ sudo chmod 755 yocto_build_setup_Avenger96.sh
$ . yocto_build_setup_Avenger96.sh
```



Note: [For building firmware image, it will take ~10 hours to download all packages and build, the time may vary based on your HOST PC configurations]

- After successful build, final SD Card image is available at below location:

<root>/ dhcom-yocto-bsp/build/tmp/deploy/images/dh-stm32mp1-dhcor-avenger96/

- Filename should be **dh-image-demo-dh-stm32mp1-dhcor-avenger96.wic.xz** which is soft link of original build image file **dh-image-demo-dh-stm32mp1-dhcor-avenger96-<TIMESTAMP>.rootfs.wic.xz**
- If user want to clean a previous build image and want to run it again then first clean it with command "cleanall" or "cleansstate"

```
$: bitbake dh-image-demo -c cleanall
$: bitbake -v dh-image-demo (If user want to turn on verbose)
```

- If user want to clean any package, then that can be done with command “cleanall” or “cleansstate”

```
$: bitbake <PACKAGE_NAME> -c cleanall
$: bitbake <PACKAGE_NAME>
e.g.
# Build linux kernel only
$: bitbake linux-stm32mp1-dhsom -c cleanall
$: bitbake linux-stm32mp1-dhsom

# Build u-boot code only
$: bitbake u-boot-stm32mp1-dhsom -c cleanall
$: bitbake u-boot-stm32mp1-dhsom

# Build opencv package
$: bitbake opencv -c cleanall
$: bitbake opencv

# Build django python package for python3
$: bitbake python3-django -c cleanall
$: bitbake python3-django
```

2.2 Download firmware package

- Download the provided SD Card (*wic.xz) image on Linux PC (host system)
- Open terminal in Host PC from left desktop panel or using keyboard shortcut (ctrl + t)
- From command terminal traverse to the location where firmware has been downloaded using cd command
- use ls command to verify the image downloaded
- Verify md5 check sum of downloaded image with given md5sum
- Extract the provided. xz image using unxz command, which will take couple of minutes.
- Once done, It will end with. WIC image in the same directory and can again be verified using ls -l command. Steps are as following:

```
$ cd /home/user/download/stm32images/
$ ls -l
$ md5sum <image name>.wic.xz
$ unxz -c <image>. wic.xz
$ ls -l
```

2.3 Flash the firmware image to SD Card in LINUX HOST PC

- Plug in micro SD card into x86 Linux Host PC
- Verify the node created for SD card inside /dev directory
ls -l /dev/sd*
- Open terminal and traverse to the location where downloaded firmware image is stored using cd command
- Ensure the extracted firmware image's file format is *.wic using ls -l command
- Use below command for flashing if the SD card's entry in Linux is /dev/sdX

```
$ sudo dd of=/dev/sdX bs=1M iflag=fullblock oflag=direct conv=fsync status=progress; sync;
```

- Above command will take couple of minutes or more (depending upon PC config) to flash onto the SD card
- Once done remove and insert the SD card again, two drives will get mounted if the above command is successful, named <boot> and <rootfs>
- Eject (safely remove) SD card from host PC and plug it into board's SD card slot

2.4 Flash the firmware image to SD Card in Windows HOST PC

- Plug in micro-SD card into x86 Windows Host PC
- Install win32 Disk Imager (<https://sourceforge.net/projects/win32diskimager/>)
- Format SD card with FAT file system.
- Plug SD card with card reader. It will show drive like "E:"
- Download appropriate production image *.wic.xz
- Extract *.wic.xz image using WinZip or 7-zip. It will create *.wic image.
- Run Win32 Disk Imager
- Select *.wic image file and target drive i.e. E: for input Image File. (see below figure)

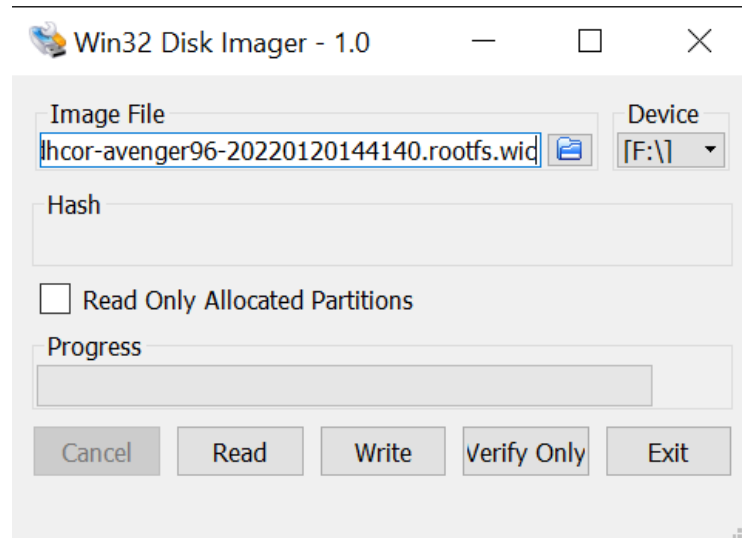


Figure 2: Win32 Disk Imager for flashing SD Card

- Click on Write
- After successful write, success message will pop up. Now insert SD to Avenger96 board

2.5 Hardware Installation

- Place hardware board on a clean anti-static surface
- Insert flashed SD card to X9 SD card slot
- Attach HDMI display to X8 HDMI Connector
- Attach Ethernet cable to board's X11 Ethernet connector
- Attach USB Mouse and Keyboard to X4 and X3 USB Connectors
- Provide 12V-2A power supply (provided with board) to board on X1 Power Jack connector.
- Top view of the Avenger96 board with AR0430, ARX3A0 and AR1335 camera sensors is as shown below.



Figure 3 :Avenger96 AP1302 setup with AR0430 camera sensor



Figure 4: Avenger96 AP1302 setup with ARX3A0 camera sensor



Figure 5: Avenger96 AP1302 setup with AR1335 camera sensor

3 CAMERA DEMO

3.1 Configure device tree overlay for the camera sensors

- By default, Avenger96 board boots with stm32mp157a-avenger96.dtb alone, which does not provide DT binding support for AP1302 ISP driver
- The DT binding support to enable corresponding camera sensors for AP1302 is done by configuring the sensors device tree overlay during boot up in the U-boot console
- To get the U-boot console the avenger96 must be connected with UART debug board. Default baud rate is set to 115200
- To stop at U-boot console, press any button on keyboard after first few seconds of power on
- All the available device tree overlay files can be listed using following command:

```
STM32MP> ls mmc 0:4 /boot
<DIR> 4096 .
<DIR> 4096 ..
      2821 boot-dh-stm32mp1-dhcor-avenger96-2021.01-r0.scr
<SYM> 47 boot.scr
<SYM> 16 fitImage
      4447460 fitImage-5.10.74
      84606 stm32mp157a-avenger96.dtb
      1827 stm32mp15xx-avenger96-overlay-644-100-x6-otm8009a.dtbo
      2795 stm32mp15xx-avenger96-overlay-644-100-x6-rpi7inch.dtbo
      3308 stm32mp15xx-avenger96-overlay-ap1302-ar0430.dtbo
      3308 stm32mp15xx-avenger96-overlay-ap1302-arx3a0.dtbo
      225 stm32mp15xx-avenger96-overlay-fdcan1-x6.dtbo
      225 stm32mp15xx-avenger96-overlay-fdcan2-x6.dtbo
      355 stm32mp15xx-avenger96-overlay-i2c1-eeeprom-x6.dtbo
      355 stm32mp15xx-avenger96-overlay-i2c2-eeeprom-x6.dtbo
      3067 stm32mp15xx-avenger96-overlay-ov5640-x7.dtbo
      745 stm32mp15xx-avenger96-overlay-spi2-eeeprom-x6.dtbo
      695436 u-boot-dh-stm32mp1-dhcor-avenger96-2021.01-r0.itb
<SYM> 55 u-boot-spl.stm32
      123458 u-boot-spl.stm32-dh-stm32mp1-dhcor-avenger96-2021.01-r0
<SYM> 49 u-boot.itb
```

- Configure device tree overlay for any one of the sensors using the below command

- **AR0430:**

```
STM32MP> setenv loaddtos '#conf-stm32mp157a-avenger96.dtb#conf-stm32mp15xx-avenger96-overlay-
ap1302-ar0430.dtbo'
```

- **ARX3A0:**

```
STM32MP> setenv loaddtos '#conf-stm32mp157a-avenger96.dtb#conf-stm32mp15xx-avenger96-overlay-
ap1302-arx3a0.dtbo'
```

- **AR1335:**

```
STM32MP> setenv loaddtos '#conf-stm32mp157a-avenger96.dtb#conf-stm32mp15xx-avenger96-overlay-
ap1302-ar1335.dtbo'
```

- To boot with this configuration at every power on, save the environment using following command after device tree overlay for sensor is configured

```
STM32MP> saveenv
```

```
Saving Environment to SPIFlash... SF: Detected w25q16dw with page size 256 Bytes, erase size 4 KiB, total
2 MiB
```

```
Erasing SPI flash...Writing to SPI flash...done
```

```
Valid environment: 1
```

```
OK
```

- Once device tree overlay is configured, boot the board using the following command

```
STM32MP> boot
```



Note: Due to wrong file name saving during device tree overlay configuration, there is always chance that the SPI flash memory of Avenger96 board would get corrupted and the board stops booting further.

To fix this issue, execute the following commands in the u-boot console and reboot the board:

```
STM32MP> sf probe 0 0 0
```

```
SF: Detected w25q16dw with page size 256 Bytes, erase size 4 KiB, total 2 MiB
```

```
STM32MP> sf erase 0 0x200000
```

```
SF: 2097152 bytes @ 0x0 Erased: OK
```

3.2 Live stream from camera on HDMI display

- To watch live stream over the HDMI, connect HDMI Display, USB keyboard and Mouse.
- Configure device tree overlay for sensors as mentioned in the section 3.1
- Attach any one of the below mentioned camera-mezzanine modules to the Avenger96 board.
 - SRT-Vision96-AR0430 mezzanine (AP-vision-AR0430-54) – Refer Figure 3
 - SRT-Vision96-ARX3A0 mezzanine (AP-vision-ARX3A0-55) – Refer Figure 4
 - SRT-Vision96-AR1335 mezzanine (AP-vision-AR1335-74) – Refer Figure 5
- Power up the board.
- From HDMI display, open command prompt of the target
- Then apply below command in the command prompt of the target.

- **AR0430:**

```
$ gst-launch-1.0 v4l2src ! 'video/x-raw, width=2316, height=1746, framerate=10/1, format=RGB16, pixel-format=RBGP' ! waylandsink sync=false
```



Figure 6: Live stream in HDMI Display – AR0430 Camera sensor



Note: In the current pipeline build, the preview is appeared as zoomed in due to gstreamer limitation. To view the full preview, use the following command. Please note that the performance of the preview is affected due to the video scaling.

```
$ gst-launch-1.0 v4l2src ! 'video/x-raw, width=2316, height=1746, framerate=10/1, format=RGB16, pixel-format=RBGP' ! videoscale ! 'video/x-raw, format=RGB16, width=1280, height=720' ! waylandsink sync=false
```


- **ARX3A0:**

```
$ gst-launch-1.0 v4l2src ! 'video/x-raw, width=560, height=560, framerate=30/1, format=RGB16, pixel-format=RBGP' ! waylandsink sync=false
```

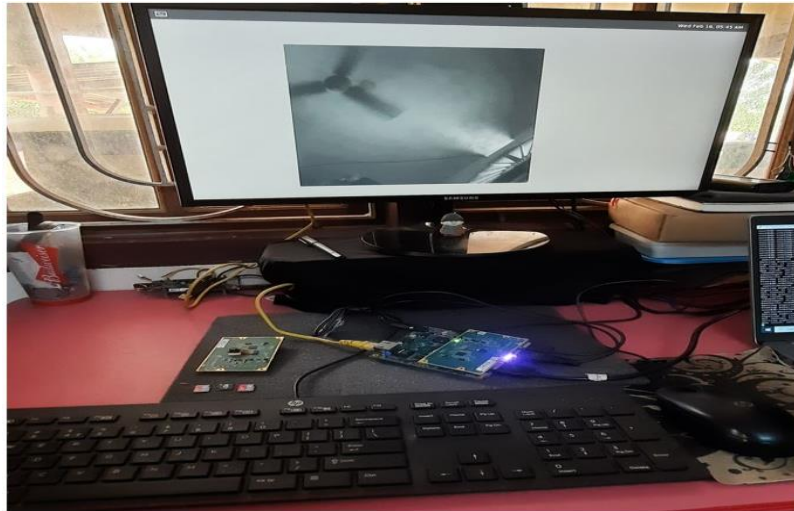


Figure 7: Live stream in HDMI Display – ARX3A0 Camera sensor

- **AR1335:**

```
$ gst-launch-1.0 v4l2src ! 'video/x-raw, width=1280, height=720, framerate=15/1, format=RGB16, pixel-format=RBGP' ! waylandsink sync=false
```

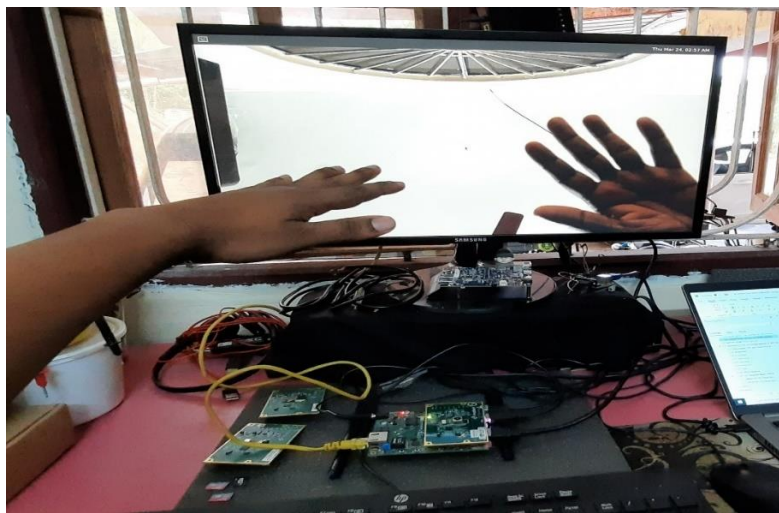


Figure 8: Live stream in HDMI Display – AR1335 Camera sensor



Note: Due to the speed limitation of Avenger96, 13MP full resolution streaming is not possible hence in the current driver streaming for AR1335 camera sensor is supported with 720p resolution only.

3.3 Capture image from camera

- To capture image from the camera, connect HDMI Display, USB keyboard and Mouse.
- Configure device tree overlay for sensors as mentioned in the section 3.1
- Attach any one of the below mentioned camera-mezzanine modules to the Avenger96 board.
 - SRT-Vision96-AR0430 mezzanine (AP-vision-AR0430-54) – Refer Figure 3
 - SRT-Vision96-ARX3A0 mezzanine (AP-vision-ARX3A0-55) – Refer Figure 4
 - SRT-Vision96-AR1335 mezzanine (AP-vision-AR1335-74) – Refer Figure 5
- Ensure Ethernet is plugged-in to get image from board to local x86 host pc
- Power up the board
- From HDMI display, open command prompt of the target
- Then apply below command in the command prompt of the target

- **AR0430:**

```
$ v4l2-ctl --device /dev/video0 --set-fmt-video=width=2316,height=1746,pixelformat=JPEG --stream-mmap --stream-to=test0.jpg --stream-count=1
```

- **ARX3A0:**

```
$ v4l2-ctl --device /dev/video0 --set-fmt-video=width=560,height=560,pixelformat=JPEG --stream-mmap --stream-to=test0.jpg --stream-count=1
```

- **AR1335:**

```
$ v4l2-ctl --device /dev/video0 --set-fmt-video=width=4208,height=3120,pixelformat=JPEG --stream-mmap --stream-to=test0.jpg --stream-count=1
```

- Above command will capture image named test0.jpg in /home/root/ location
- Copy image from board to local PC using below command

```
$ scp test0.jpg <user name of host pc >@<ip of host pc>:/home/user/Desktop
```

- Go to local PC's /home/user/Desktop and watch image into image viewer to verify captured image from board's camera



Figure 9: Image captured – AR0430 sensor

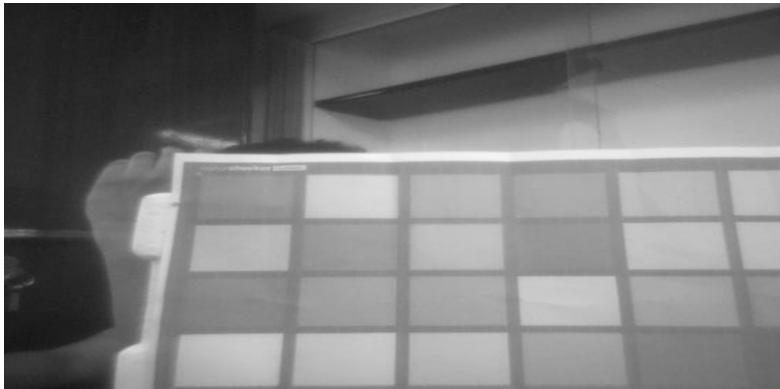


Figure 10: Image captured – ARX3A0 sensor

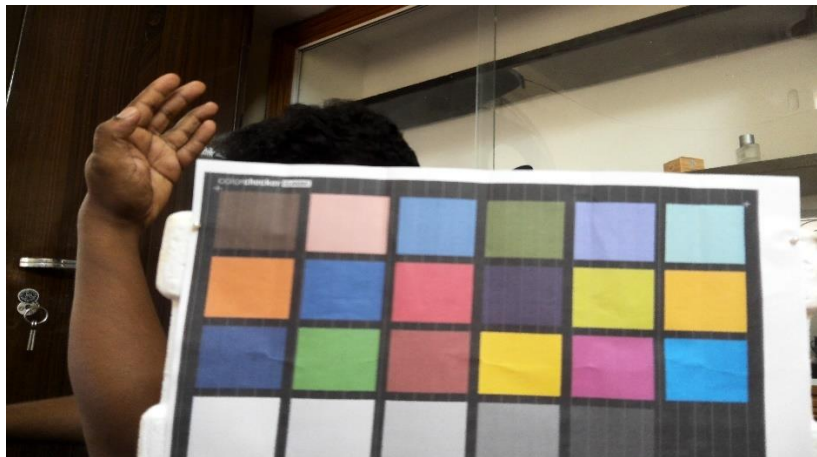


Figure 11: Image captured – AR1335 sensor

3.4 Validation of ISP controlled feature of AP1302:

User can check the available v4l2 controls related to the camera from the user space using the below command:

- **AR0430:**

```
root@dh-stm32mp1-dhcor-avenger96:~# v4l2-ctl -L
User Controls

    brightness 0x00980900 (int)  : min=0 max=65535 step=1 default=0 value=0
    contrast 0x00980901 (int)   : min=0 max=65535 step=1 default=0 value=0
    saturation 0x00980902 (int)  : min=0 max=65535 step=1 default=4096 value=4096
    gamma 0x00980910 (int)      : min=0 max=65535 step=1 default=0 value=0
    exposure 0x00980911 (int)   : min=0 max=12 step=1 default=12 value=12
    gain 0x00980913 (int)      : min=0 max=65535 step=1 default=256 value=256

Camera Controls
    white_balance_auto_preset 0x009a0914 (menu) : min=0 max=1 default=1 value=1
        0: Manual
        1: Auto

Image Processing Controls

    link_frequency 0x009f0901 (intmenu): min=0 max=0 default=0 value=0
        0: 160000000 (0x9896800)
```

- **ARX3A0:**

```
root@dh-stm32mp1-dhcor-avenger96:~# v4l2-ctl -L
User Controls

    brightness 0x00980900 (int)  : min=0 max=65535 step=1 default=0 value=0
    contrast 0x00980901 (int)   : min=0 max=65535 step=1 default=0 value=0
    saturation 0x00980902 (int)  : min=0 max=65535 step=1 default=0 value=0
    gamma 0x00980910 (int)      : min=0 max=65535 step=1 default=0 value=0
    exposure 0x00980911 (int)   : min=0 max=12 step=1 default=12 value=12
    gain 0x00980913 (int)      : min=0 max=65535 step=1 default=256 value=256

Camera Controls
    white_balance_auto_preset 0x009a0914 (menu) : min=0 max=1 default=0 value=0
        0: Manual
        1: Auto

Image Processing Controls

    link_frequency 0x009f0901 (intmenu): min=0 max=0 default=0 value=0
        0: 160000000 (0x9896800)
```

- **AR1335:**

```

root@dh-stm32mp1-dhcor-avenger96:~# v4l2-ctl -L
User Controls

    brightness 0x00980900 (int)  : min=0 max=65535 step=1 default=0 value=0
    contrast 0x00980901 (int)   : min=0 max=65535 step=1 default=0 value=0
    saturation 0x00980902 (int)  : min=0 max=65535 step=1 default=4096 value=4096
    gamma 0x00980910 (int)      : min=0 max=65535 step=1 default=0 value=0
    exposure 0x00980911 (int)    : min=0 max=12 step=1 default=12 value=12
    gain 0x00980913 (int)       : min=0 max=65535 step=1 default=256 value=256

Camera Controls

    focus_absolute 0x009a090a (int) : min=0 max=255 step=1 default=0 value=0 flags=read-only, volatile
    focus_automatic_continuous 0x009a090c (bool) : default=1 value=1
    white_balance_auto_preset 0x009a0914 (menu) : min=0 max=1 default=1 value=1
        0: Manual
        1: Auto

Image Processing Controls

    link_frequency 0x009f0901 (intmenu): min=0 max=0 default=0 value=0
        0: 160000000 (0x9896800)
    
```

User will be able to get and set the values for each of the controls using following format.

- To get control value, Run the following command:

```
$ v4l2-ctl --get-ctrl <control_name>
```

- To set control value, Run the following command:

```
$ v4l2-ctl --set-ctrl <control_name> =<control_value>
```

3.4.1 Resolution, FPS and Data format

User can check the current resolution, FPS, and data format of AP1302 using the below command.

- **ARX3A0:**

```

$ root@dh-stm32mp1-dhcor-avenger96:~# v4l2-ctl --list-formats-ext -d /dev/video0
ioctl: VIDIOC_ENUM_FMT
    Type: Video Capture

    [0]: 'UYVY' (UYVY 4:2:2)
        Size: Discrete 560x560
        Interval: Discrete 0.033s (30.000 fps)
    
```

```
[1]: 'RGBP' (16-bit RGB 5-6-5)
    Size: Discrete 560x560
        Interval: Discrete 0.033s (30.000 fps)
[2]: 'JPEG' (JFIF JPEG, compressed)
    Size: Discrete 560x560
        Interval: Discrete 0.033s (30.000 fps)
```

- **AR0430:**

```
$ root@dh-stm32mp1-dhcor-avenger96:~# v4l2-ctl --list-formats-ext -d /dev/video0
ioctl: VIDIOC_ENUM_FMT
    Type: Video Capture

[0]: 'UYVY' (UYVY 4:2:2)
    Size: Discrete 2316x1746
        Interval: Discrete 0.100s (10.000 fps)
[1]: 'RGBP' (16-bit RGB 5-6-5)
    Size: Discrete 2316x1746
        Interval: Discrete 0.100s (10.000 fps)
[2]: 'JPEG' (JFIF JPEG, compressed)
    Size: Discrete 2316x1746
        Interval: Discrete 0.100s (10.000 fps)
```

- **AR1335:**

```
$ root@dh-stm32mp1-dhcor-avenger96:~# v4l2-ctl --list-formats-ext -d /dev/video0
ioctl: VIDIOC_ENUM_FMT
    Type: Video Capture

[0]: 'UYVY' (UYVY 4:2:2)
    Size: Discrete 1280x720
        Interval: Discrete 0.067s (15.000 fps)
[1]: 'RGBP' (16-bit RGB 5-6-5)
    Size: Discrete 1280x720
        Interval: Discrete 0.067s (15.000 fps)
[2]: 'JPEG' (JFIF JPEG, compressed)
    Size: Discrete 1280x720
        Interval: Discrete 0.067s (15.000 fps)
```

3.4.2 Brightness

- To get the brightness value, Run the following command:

```
$ v4l2-ctl --get-ctrl brightness
```

- To set the brightness value, Run the following command:

```
$ v4l2-ctl --set-ctrl brightness=4096
```

3.4.3 Contrast

- To get the brightness value use the following command:

```
$ v4l2-ctl --get-ctrl contrast
```

- To set the brightness value use the following command:

```
$ v4l2-ctl --set-ctrl contrast=4096
```

3.4.4 Saturation

- To get the saturation value use the following command:

```
$ v4l2-ctl --get-ctrl saturation
```

- To set the saturation value use the following command:

```
$ v4l2-ctl --set-ctrl saturation=4096
```

3.4.5 Gamma

- To get the saturation value use the following command:

```
$ v4l2-ctl --get-ctrl gamma
```

- To set the gamma value use the following command:

```
$ v4l2-ctl --set-ctrl gamma=4096
```

3.4.6 Exposure

- To get the exposure value use the following command:

```
$ v4l2-ctl --get-ctrl exposure
```

- To set the exposure value use the following command:

```
$ v4l2-ctl --set-ctrl exposure=1
```

3.4.7 Gain

- To get the gain value use the following command:

```
$ v4l2-ctl --get-ctrl gain
```

- To set the gain value use the following command:

```
$ v4l2-ctl --set-ctrl gain=4096
```

3.4.8 White Balance

- To get the White balance value use the following command:

```
$ v4l2-ctl --get-ctrl white_balance_auto_preset
```

- To set the White balance value use the following command:

```
$ v4l2-ctl --set-ctrl white_balance_auto_preset=1
```

3.4.9 Auto focus

- AP1302 supports two modes of focus as following:
 - Continuous auto focus mode
 - Manual focus mode
- We have added support of two v4l2 controls to support focus for AR1335 sensor as following:
 - **focus_automatic_continuous** to select between continuous auto focus mode and manual focus mode
 - **focus_absolute** to set lens position in manual focus mode and get the lens position in continuous auto focus mode

- Run the following command to set continuous auto focus mode:

```
$ v4l2-ctl --set-ctrl focus_automatic_continuous=1
```

- Run the following command to set manual focus mode:

```
$ v4l2-ctl --set-ctrl focus_automatic_continuous=0
```

- Run the following command to get the set focus mode:

```
v4l2-ctl --get-ctrl focus_automatic_continuous
```

- User can get adjusted lens position value in continuous auto focus mode using focus absolute v4l2 control as following:

```
$ v4l2-ctl --get-ctrl focus_absolute
```

3.4.10 Focus Absolute

- Write to this ISP v4l2 control is not allowed in the continuous auto focus mode
- Run the following command to set the focus absolute value in manual focus mode:

```
$ v4l2-ctl --set-ctrl focus_absolute=50
```

- Run the following command to get the focus absolute value in manual focus mode:

```
$ v4l2-ctl --get-ctrl focus_absolute
```



Note: Auto Focus and Focus absolute v4l2 controls is only available for AR1335 camera sensor. It is not available for AR0430 and ARX3A0 camera sensor. Write to focus absolute in continuous auto focus mode is not allowed. We will get write permission error in this mode as follows.

```
$ v4l2-ctl --set-ctrl focus_automatic_continuous=1
```

```
$ v4l2-ctl --set-ctrl focus_absolute=10
VIDIOC_S_EXT_CTRL: failed: Permission denied
Error setting controls: Permission denied
```

3.5 AP1302 Register Read / Write

User can read / write AP1302 registers directly through the SysFs interface provided by the AP1302 driver.

- The SysFs interfaces are available in the following path
PATH: /sys/kernel/debug/ap1302.B-00SS/
 B – I2C Bus Number
 SS – I2C slave address
- User can write / read the address through **reg_addr** interface
- User can write / read the data through **reg_data** interface

3.5.1 Read AP1302 Registers:

- Write the address of the AP1302 register from which the data has to be read

```
$ echo 0xY00ZZZZ > /sys/kernel/debug/ap1302.B-00SS/reg_addr
```

Y - Type of register - 2 for 16bit,
 4 for 32-bit
 ZZZZ - Register address

- Read the value from the above written register address of AP1302

```
$ cat /sys/kernel/debug/ap1302.B-00SS/reg_data
```

Example:

- To write the address of register R0x7000 use the following command

```
$ echo 0x2007000 > /sys/kernel/debug/ap1302.1-003d/reg_addr
```

- To read value from the register R0x7000 use the following command

```
$ cat /sys/kernel/debug/ap1302.1-003d/reg_data
0x00000064
```

3.5.2 Write AP1302 Registers:

- Write the address of the AP1302 register to which the data has to be written

```
$ echo 0xY00ZZZZ > /sys/kernel/debug/ap1302.B-00SS/reg_addr
```

Y - Type of register - 2 for 16bit, 4 for 32-bit
ZZZZ - Register address

- Write the value to above written AP1302 register address

```
$ echo XXXXXXXX > /sys/kernel/debug/ap1302.B-00SS/reg_data
```

XXXXXXXX – Number can be in decimal or hexadecimal format

Example:

- To write the address of register R0x7000 use the following command

```
$ echo 0x2007000 > /sys/kernel/debug/ap1302.1-003d/reg_addr
```

- To write the value to the register R0x7000 use the following command

```
$ echo 0x00000064 > /sys/kernel/debug/ap1302.1-003d/reg_data
```

4 LIMITATION

- The theoretical throughput rate of MIPI CSI-2.1 interface of about 2.5 Gbyte/s is not possible due to the hardware limitations in the STM32MP1. Please refer to the [section 3.3 STM32MP1 Series video throughput performance through DCMI of this document](#)
- Using v4l2-ctl utility we are able to get complete FPS as configured in the camera driver, but when streaming in the HDMI display the FPS count gets reduced, this is due to the gstreamer performance in DH Mainline based Avenger96 release

5 REFERENCES

- https://github.com/dh-electronics/dhcom_stm32mp1-bsp-platform
- https://www.st.com/resource/en/application_note/an5470-stm32mp1-series-interfacing-with-a-mipi-csi2-camera-stmicroelectronics.pdf