

# Computer Vision HW9

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## (a) Robert's Operator (Threshold 15)



用  $\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$  以及  $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$  這兩個 Kernel 然後去做 convolution 然後計算平方和開根號作為 gradient magnitude。

## (b) Prewitt's Edge Detector (Threshold 24)



用  $\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$  以及  $\begin{bmatrix} -1 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$  這兩個 Kernel 然後去做 convolution 然後計算平方和開根號作為 gradient magnitude。

### (c) Sobel's Edge Detector (Threshold 38)



用  $[-1, 0, 1]$ ,  $[-2, 0, 2]$ ,  $[-1, 0, 1]$  以及  $[-1, -2, -1]$ ,  $[0, 0, 0]$ ,  $[1, 2, 1]$  這兩個 Kernel 然後去做 convolution 然後計算平方和開根號作為 gradient magnitude。

### (d) Frei and Chen's Gradient Operator (Threshold 30)



用  $[-1, -\sqrt{2}, -1]$ ,  $[0, 0, 0]$ ,  $[1, \sqrt{2}, 1]$  以及  $[-1, -2, -1]$ ,  $[0, 0, 0]$ ,  $[1, 2, 1]$  這兩個 Kernel 然後去做 convolution 然後計算平方和開根號作為 gradient magnitude。

### (e) Kirsch's Compass Operator (Threshold 135)



```
[ [-3, -3, 5], [-3, 0, 5], [-3, -3, 5] ]  
[ [-3, 5, 5], [-3, 0, 5], [-3, -3, -3] ]  
[ [5, 5, 5], [-3, 0, -3], [-3, -3, -3] ]  
[ [5, 5, -3], [5, 0, -3], [-3, -3, -3] ]  
[ [5, -3, -3], [5, 0, -3], [5, -3, -3] ]  
[ [-3, -3, -3], [5, 0, -3], [5, 5, -3] ]  
[ [-3, -3, -3], [-3, 0, -3], [5, 5, 5] ]  
[ [-3, -3, -3], [-3, 0, 5], [-3, 5, 5] ]
```

用右上圖這七個 Kernel 然後去做 convolution 然後取其中的最大值作為 gradient magnitude 然後去做 edge operator 。

### (f) Robinson's Compass Operator (Threshold 43)



```
[ [-1, 0, 1], [-2, 0, 2], [-1, 0, 1] ]  
[ [0, 1, 2], [-1, 0, 1], [-2, -1, 0] ]  
[ [1, 2, 1], [0, 0, 0], [-1, -2, -1] ]  
[ [2, 1, 0], [1, 0, -1], [0, -1, -2] ]  
[ [1, 0, -1], [2, 0, -2], [1, 0, -1] ]  
[ [0, -1, -2], [1, 0, -1], [2, 1, 0] ]  
[ [-1, -2, -1], [0, 0, 0], [1, 2, 1] ]  
[ [-2, -1, 0], [-1, 0, 1], [0, 1, 2] ]
```

用右上圖這七個 Kernel 然後去做 convolution 然後取其中的最大值作為 gradient magnitude 然後去做 edge operator 。

### (g) Robinson's Compass Operator (Threshold 12500)



用右圖這五個 Kernel 然後去做 convolution  
然後取其中的最大值作為 gradient magnitude  
然後去做 edge detection。

```
k0 = np.array([
    [100, 100, 100, 100, 100],
    [100, 100, 100, 100, 100],
    [0, 0, 0, 0, 0],
    [-100, -100, -100, -100, -100],
    [-100, -100, -100, -100, -100],
])
k1 = np.array([
    [100, 100, 100, 100, 100],
    [100, 100, 100, 78, -32],
    [100, 92, 0, -92, -100],
    [32, -78, -100, -100, -100],
    [-100, -100, -100, -100, -100]
])
```

```
k2 = np.array([
    [100, 100, 100, 32, -100],
    [100, 100, 92, -78, -100],
    [100, 100, 0, -100, -100],
    [100, 78, -92, -100, -100],
    [100, -32, -100, -100, -100]
])
k3 = np.array([
    [-100, -100, 0, 100, 100],
    [-100, -100, 0, 100, 100],
    [-100, -100, 0, 100, 100],
    [-100, -100, 0, 100, 100],
    [-100, -100, 0, 100, 100]
])
k4 = np.array([
    [-100, 32, 100, 100, 100],
    [-100, -78, 92, 100, 100],
    [-100, -100, 0, 100, 100],
    [-100, -100, -92, 78, 100],
    [-100, -100, -100, -32, 100]
])
```

```
k5 = np.array([
    [100, 100, 100, 100, 100],
    [-32, 78, 100, 100, 100],
    [-100, -92, 0, 92, 100],
    [-100, -100, -100, -78, 32],
    [-100, -100, -100, -100, -100]
])
```