

$$y = f(x) = \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1-x^2}}$$

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1)

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$$\begin{cases} x \neq 0 \\ 1-x^2 > 0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x \neq 0 \\ x^2 < 1 \end{cases}$$

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$$: D(f) = (-1;0) \cup (0;1).$$

$$f(-x) = \frac{1}{-x\sqrt{1-(-x)^2}} = -\frac{1}{x\sqrt{1-x^2}} = -f(x),$$

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2)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0+0} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0+0} \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1-x^2}} = \frac{1}{+0 \cdot 1} = +\infty,$$

$$x=0$$

$$f(x) \quad x \rightarrow 0.$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1-0} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1-0} \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1-x^2}} = \frac{1}{+0} = +\infty.$$

$$x=1$$

$$f(x) \quad x \rightarrow 1-0.$$

3)

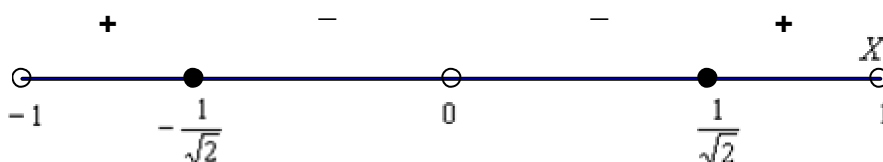
$$\begin{aligned} f(x) &> 0, & x &\in (0;1), \\ f(x) &< 0, & x &\in (-1;0). \end{aligned}$$

4)

$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= \left(\frac{1}{x\sqrt{1-x^2}} \right)' = ((x^2-x^4)^{-\frac{1}{2}})' = -\frac{1}{2}(x^2-x^4)^{-\frac{3}{2}} \cdot (x^2-x^4)' = \\ &= -\frac{(2x-4x^3)}{2\sqrt{(x^2-x^4)^3}} = \frac{2x^3-x}{\sqrt{(x^2-x^4)^3}} = \frac{2x^3-x}{x^3\sqrt{(1-x^2)^3}} = \frac{2x^2-1}{x^2\sqrt{(1-x^2)^3}} = 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$x = \pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \approx \pm 0,71 -$$

$$f'(x):$$



$$f(x) \quad \left(-1; -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \cup \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}; 1\right) \quad \left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}; 0\right) \cup \left(0; \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right).$$

$$x = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \quad : \quad f\left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) = \frac{-\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}} = -2$$

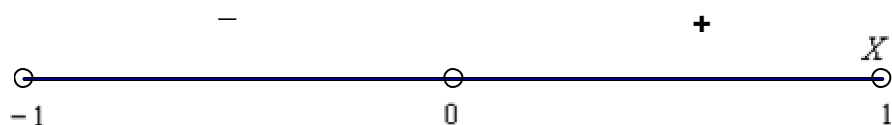
$$x = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \quad : \quad f\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) = 2.$$

5)

$$\begin{aligned} f''(x) &= \left(\frac{2x^3 - x}{\sqrt{(x^2 - x^4)^3}} \right)' = \frac{(2x^3 - x)' \sqrt{(x^2 - x^4)^3} - (2x^3 - x) (\sqrt{(x^2 - x^4)^3})'}{(x^2 - x^4)^3} = \\ &= \frac{(6x^2 - 1) \sqrt{(x^2 - x^4)^3} - (2x^3 - x) \cdot \frac{3}{2} \sqrt{(x^2 - x^4)} \cdot (2x - 4x^3)}{(x^2 - x^4)^3} = \\ &= \frac{(6x^2 - 1)(x^2 - x^4) + 3(x - 2x^3) \cdot (x - 2x^3)}{\sqrt{(x^2 - x^4)^5}} = \frac{x^2(6x^2 - 1)(1 - x^2) + 3x^2(1 - 2x^2)^2}{x^5 \sqrt{(1 - x^2)^5}} = \\ &= \frac{(6x^2 - 1)(1 - x^2) + 3(1 - 4x^2 + 4x^4)}{x^3 \sqrt{(1 - x^2)^5}} = \frac{6x^2 - 1 - 6x^4 + x^2 + 3 - 12x^2 + 12x^4}{x^3 \sqrt{(1 - x^2)^5}} = \frac{6x^4 - 5x^2 + 2}{x^3 \sqrt{(1 - x^2)^5}} \end{aligned}$$

$$6x^4 - 5x^2 + 2 > 0$$

$$f''(x):$$



$$f(x)$$

$$(-1; 0)$$

$$(0; 1)$$

6)

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x	0,1	0,2	0,3	0,4	0,5	0,6	0,7	0,8	0,9	0,95
$f(x)$	10,05	5,10	3,49	2,73	2,31	2,08	2,00	2,08	2,55	3,37

