Лекция 4

- al Hash. [] ("flat", 3, "curved", 2)
- a2 Hash. [] ("flat"=>3, "curved"=>2)
- Ы Hash["flat",3,"curved",21
- b2 Hash["flat"=>3,"curved"=>2]
- cl = {"flat",3,"curved",21}
- c2 = {"flat"=>3,"curved"=>21

- d = Hash.new # Создать пустой хэш
- e = Hash.new(99) # Создать пустой хэш
- f = Hash.new("a"=>3) # Создать пустой хэш
- e["angled"J # 99
- e.inspect # {}
- f["b"J # {"a"=>3} (значением по умолчанию
- # является тоже хэш)
- f.inspect #!}

- a= Hash.new("missing")
- a["hello"]
- a.default="nothing"
- a["hello"]
- a["good"] << "bye"
- a.defalt
- # объект по умолчанию строка "missing"
- # "missing"
- # "nothing"
- # "noth::.ngbye"
- # "noth:.ngbye"

```
• a.store("angled",5)
```

```
• a.fetch("flat") # 3
```

- a.[] ("flat") # 3
- a ["flat"] # з
- a["bent"] # nil

- a = (1=>2, 3=>4)
- b = a.shift
- $a = \{1=>1, 2=>4, 3=>9, 4=>16\}$
- a.delete(3) 9
- a.delete(5)
- a.delete(6) { "не най ено" }
- delete_if
- reject
- reject!

```
• {"a"=>3,"ь"=>2} .each do |key, val|
print val, "из", key, ";" # 3 из а; 2 из Ь;

    end

each_key

    each value

• b = a.invert
• a = {"a"=>I,"b"=>2}
a.has key? "c"
                           # false
• a.include? "a"
                           # true
a.key? 2
                           # false
a.member? "b"
                           # true
```

- a.empty? # false
- a. length # 2
- a.has value? 2 # true
- a.value? 99 # false
- h = {"a"=> 1, "b" => 2)
- b=h.to_a # [["a", 1], ["b", 2]]
- a=b.to_h

- h.keys
- h.values
- h =
 {l=>"one",2=>"two",3=>"three",4=>"four","cinco"=>"five"!
- h.values_at(3,"cinco",4)
- h.values_at(l,3)

- names.detect { | k, v | v=="tucker" }
- # ["joe", "tucker"]
- names. find {|k, v | v==v. upcase }
- select
- find_all
- list = names.sort
- list1 =list.to_h
- new_dict = dict.merge(added)
- new_dict = dict.rnerge(added) { |key,old,new| old < new? old: new }

- a = {"a" => 1,"b" => 2,"z" => 3}
- b = {"x" => 99,"y" => 88,"z" => 77}
- intersection = a.keys & b.keys
- difference = a.keys b.keys
- c = a.dup.update(b)
- inter = {}
- intersection.each { lkl inter[k]=c[k]}
- # inter равно {"z"=>77}
- diff={}
- difference.each { |k| diff[k]=c[k]}
- # diff равно {"a"=>l, "b"=>2}

- sum = names.inject(0) { |x,n| x+n}
- sum = 0
- nums.each { |n| sum += n }
- words = %w[alpha beta gamma delta epsilon eta theta]
- longest_word = words.inject do |best,wl
- w.length > best.length? w : best
- end

- flag1 = nums.any? $\{ |x| \times \% \ 2 == 0 \}$
- flag1 = nums.all? { |x| x % 2 == O}
- flag1= list.all?
- squares = nums.partition do |x|
- Math.sqrt(x) .to_i**2 == x
- end
- mod3 = nums.group_by { |x| x % 3}
- arr.each_slice(3) do ...
- arr.each_cons(3) do

- each
- getline
- each_line
- list.each.with_index do |x,i|...
- find_index
- first
- last
- one? блоки
- none?Блоки
- count
- minmax

- hash = $\{1 => 2, 3 => 6, 4 => 8, 3 => 10, 7 -> 14\}$
- arr1 = hash.take(2)
- arr2 = hash.take_while {lk,vl v <= 8}
- arr1 = hash.drop(2)
- range.reduce(2,:*)
- array.to_set
- array.to_json

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- array.to_json

Множества

```
s1 = Set[3,4,5]arr = (3, 4, 5]
```

- s2 Set.new(arr)
- s3 = Set.new(arr) { |x| x.to_s }
- a = x.union(y)
- b = x I у
- c = x + y
- a = x.intersection(y)
- b = x & y
- diff = Set[1,2,3] Set[3,4,5]

Множества

false

- member?
- include?
- empty?
- clear
- x = Set[3,4,5]
- y = Set[3,4]
- x.subset?(y)
- y.subset?(x)
- proper_ subset?
- superset?
- classify блок

Файлы

- file1 = File.new("one")
- file2 = File.new("two", "w")
- out = File.new("captains.log", "w")
- out.close
- trans = File.open("transactions", "w")
- File.open ("sor.iefi1.e", "w") do |file|
- file.puts "Строка I"
- file.puts "Строка 2"
- file.puts "Третья "
- end
- File.new("filel", "r+")
- File.new("file2", "w+")
- tell
- pos

Файлы

- diskfile = File.new ("foofile", "w")
- puts "Привет ... "
- \$stdout = diskfile
- puts "Пока!"
- diskfile. close
- \$stdout = STDOUT
- puts "Это все."
- readline
- readlines

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Ввод вывод

- print "Привет ... "
- STDOUT.flush
- sleep 10
- print "Пока'\n«

БД

- require 'mysql2'
- client = Mysql2: :Client.new(:host => "localhost", :username => "root")
- client.query("CREATE DATABASE list")
- client.query("USE list")
- client.query("CREATE TABLE members (name varchar(1024), email varchar(:C24))")
- client.query <<-SQL
- INSERT INTO members VALUES
- ('John Doe', 'jdoe@rubynew.com'),
- ('Fred Smith', 'smithf@rubyexpert .com')

 class ColoredRectangle def initialize(r, g, ь, sl, s2) @r, @g, @Ь, @sl, @s2 - r, g, Ь, sl, s2 end def self.white_rect(sl, s2) new(Oxff, Oxff, Oxff, s:, s2) end def self.gray_rect(sl, s2) new(Ox88, Ox88, Ox88, sl, s2) end

```
class PersonalComputer
        attr_accessor:manufacturer,
                :mociel, :processor,
:clock,
                :ram, :disk, :monitor,
                :colors, :vres, :hres,
::1et
        def initialize &block
                instance eval & block
        end
end
```

```
desktop = PersonalComputer.new do
self.manufacturer = "Acme"
self.model = "THX-1138"
self.processor = "986"
self.clock = 9.6
self.ram = 16
self.disk = 20
self.monitor = 25
self.colors = 16777216
self.vres = 1280
self.hres = 1600
self.net = "T3 11
end
```

```
class Metal
         @@current_temp = 70
         attr accessor :atomic_number
         def self.current_temp=(x)
                  @@current temp = x
         end
         def self.current_temp
                  @@current temp
         end
         def liquid?
                  @@current_temp >= @melting
         end
         def initialize(atnum, melt)
                  @atomic number = atnum
                  @melting = melt
         end
end
```

```
class Person
           attr reader :name, :age, :pay_scale
           protected :age
           private :pay_scale
           def initialize(name, age, pay_scale)
                       @name, @age, @pay_scale = name, age, pay_scale
           end
           def <=>(other)
                       age <=> other.age
           end
           def same_rank?(other)
                       pay_scale == other.pay_scale
           end
           def rank
                       case pay_scale
                                  when 1 .. 3
                                              "lower"
                                  when 4 .. 6
                                              "middle"
                                  when 7 ..9
                                              "high"
                       end
           end
end
```