## Theoretical Machine Learning

## Assignment 2

## **Theoretical**

**Problem 1.** Prove the following, where X is a Random Variable, and  $\Omega$  is the Sample Space:

- (a)  $X^{-1}(\Phi) = \Phi$
- (b)  $X^{-1}(\mathbb{R}) = \Omega$

Problem 2. We have a Random Variable X from the Exponential Distribution. Distribution Function of  $Exp(\lambda)$  is as -

$$F_X(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & x < 0 \\ 1 - e^{-\lambda x} & x \ge 0 \end{cases}$$

Find the support of >

Problem 3. You were given the expression of m and c is a linear regression in 2 variable case with L2 -

Norm as -
$$m = \frac{N(\sum xy) - (\sum x)(\sum y)}{N(\sum x^2) - (\sum x)^2}$$

$$c = \frac{(\sum y)(\sum x^2) - (\sum x)(\sum xy)}{N(\sum x^2) - (\sum x)^2}$$

 $m = \frac{N(\sum x)^{3}(\sum x^{3}) - (\sum x)^{2}}{N(\sum x^{2}) - (\sum x)(\sum xy)}$   $c = \frac{(\sum y)(\sum x^{2}) - (\sum x)(\sum xy)}{N(\sum x^{2}) - (\sum x)^{2}}$ Show how you get these values, and that it is indeed a minima for the loss function for L2 Norm.

## Programming

**Problem 1.** Uniformly draw 50 samples from 0 to 10, and get that as your x, then get y by  $3x + 5 + \epsilon$ , where for each x,  $\epsilon$  is drawn from N(0, 2).

Plot this sample of x and y, and find the regression line, which you will plot on top of the plot of x and y.