## Quiz: Chapter 1 definitions

**Definition 1.** The perceptron hypothesis class is defined to be

$$\mathcal{H} = \bigg\{ \mathbf{x} \mapsto \mathrm{sign}(\mathbf{w}^T\mathbf{x}) : \mathbf{w} \in \mathbb{R}^d \bigg\},$$

where

$$\operatorname{sign}(a) = \begin{cases} +1 & \text{if } a > 0\\ -1 & \text{if } a < 0. \end{cases}$$

**Definition 2.** The *in-sample error* is defined to be

$$E_{\text{in}}(h) = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^{N} [h(\mathbf{x}_i) \neq y_i].$$

**Definition 3.** The *out-of-sample error* is defined to be

$$E_{\text{out}}(h) = \mathbb{P}(h(\mathbf{x}) \neq y).$$

**Definition 4.** The *test error* is defined to be

$$E_{\text{test}}(h) = \frac{1}{N_{\text{test}}} \sum_{i=1}^{N_{\text{test}}} [\![ h(\mathbf{x}_i) \neq y_i ]\!].$$

**Definition 5.** The generalization error of a hypothesis g is defined to be

$$|E_{\rm in}(g) - E_{\rm out}(g)|$$
.

**Definition 6.** The true label function is defined to be

$$f = \arg\min_{h \in \mathcal{H}^*} E_{\text{out}}(h),$$

where  $\mathcal{H}^*$  is the union of all hypothesis classes.

**Definition 7.** The true error (also called the bayes error) is defined to be

$$E_{\rm out}(f)$$
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