

Experiment No. 5

Aim- To find largest no. & smallest no. From an array of 5 elements.

1. Find Largest no:

```
data segment
block  db  31h,23h,45h,0AFh,72h
largest db 1 DUP(?)
ends
code segment
START:
assume CS: code, DS: data
mov ax, data
mov ds, ax
lea si, block
mov cl, 04h
cld
mov al, [si]
UP : cmp al, [si+1]
jnc DOWN
mov al,[si+1]
DOWN: inc si
dec cl
jnz UP
mov largest, al
mov ax, 4c00h
int  21h
ends
end start
```

2. Find Smallest no:

```
data segment
block  db  31h,23h,45h,0AFh,72h
smallest db 1 DUP(?)
ends
code segment
start:
mov ax, data
mov ds, ax
lea si, block
mov cl, 04h
cld
mov al, [si]
UP : cmp al, [si+1]
jc DOWN
mov al,[si+1]
DOWN: inc si
dec cl
```

```
jnz UP  
mov smallest, al  
mov ax, 4c00h  
int 21h  
ends  
end start
```

Output –

1. Find Largest no:

The screenshot shows the assembly code for finding the largest number. The code defines a data segment with a block of memory containing the values 31h, 23h, 45h, and 00Fh, 72h. It then defines a code segment that starts by assuming CS:code, DS:data. It moves the address of the data segment into DS, then moves the address of the block into SI. It sets CL to 04h, indicating the number of elements. The code then enters a loop where it compares the current element in SI with the current value in AL. If the current element is greater (jnz UP), it increments SI and jumps to the UP label. Otherwise, it increments SI and continues the loop. After the loop, it moves the value in AL to the variable 'largest' and interrupts at 21h.

```
01 ;Name: Khan Arshad Abdulla  
02 ;Roll No: 20CO24  
03  
04 data segment  
05 block db 31h,23h,45h,00Fh,72h  
06 largest db 1 DUP(?)  
07 ends  
08 code segment  
09 START:  
10 assume CS: code, DS: data  
11 mov ax, data  
12 mov ds, ax  
13 lea si, block  
14 mov cl, 04h  
15 cld  
16 mov al, [si]  
17 UP: cmp al, [si+1]  
18 jnc DOWN  
19 mov al,[si+1]  
20 DOWN: inc si  
21 dec cl  
22 jnz UP  
23 mov largest, al  
24 mov ax, 4c00h  
25 int 21h  
26 ends  
27 end start  
28
```

The emulator window shows the registers and memory. The registers are: AX: 4c00, BX: 0000, CX: 0000, DX: 0000, SI: 0004, DI: 0000, ES: 0700. The memory at F400:0204 shows the values 31h, 23h, 45h, and 00Fh, 72h. The variable 'largest' is shown in the variables window with the value 31h.

2. Find Smallest no:

The screenshot shows the assembly code for finding the smallest number. The code defines a data segment with a block of memory containing the values 31h, 23h, 45h, and 00Fh, 72h. It then defines a code segment that starts by assuming CS:code, DS:data. It moves the address of the data segment into DS, then moves the address of the block into SI. It sets CL to 04h, indicating the number of elements. The code then enters a loop where it compares the current element in SI with the current value in AL. If the current element is smaller (jnz UP), it increments SI and jumps to the UP label. Otherwise, it increments SI and continues the loop. After the loop, it moves the value in AL to the variable 'smallest' and interrupts at 21h.

```
01 ;Name: Khan Arshad Abdulla  
02 ;Roll No: 20CO24  
03  
04 data segment  
05 block db 31h,23h,45h,00Fh,72h  
06 smallest db 1 DUP(?)  
07 ends  
08 code segment  
09 start:  
10 mov ax, data  
11 mov ds, ax  
12 lea si, block  
13 mov cl, 04h  
14 cld  
15 mov al, [si]  
16 UP: cmp al, [si+1]  
17 jc DOWN  
18 mov al,[si+1]  
19 DOWN: inc si  
20 dec cl  
21 jnz UP  
22 mov smallest, al  
23 mov ax, 4c00h  
24 int 21h  
25 ends  
26 end start  
27  
28
```

The emulator window shows the registers and memory. The registers are: AX: 4c00, BX: 0000, CX: 0000, DX: 0000, SI: 0004, DI: 0000, ES: 0700. The memory at F400:0204 shows the values 31h, 23h, 45h, and 00Fh, 72h. The variable 'smallest' is shown in the variables window with the value 23h.

Procedure –

1. **Launch emu8086 IDE** from menu.
2. **Edit** your program , save as file_name.asm
3. **Compile** your program to check for syntax errors, rectify if any error is present. Save and recompile your program.
4. **Run** to observe output of your program.

Conclusion - To find largest no. & smallest no from an array of 5 elements, we use the CMP Instruction. We have also use the Carry Flag and the Zero Flag