```
pip install datasets
\rightarrow
     Show hidden output
!pip install huggingface_hub datasets
\rightarrow
     Show hidden output
from huggingface_hub import hf_hub_download
from huggingface_hub import login
login()
import json
\overline{\mathbf{x}}
!git clone https://huggingface.co/datasets/kdave/Indian_Financial_News
→ Cloning into 'Indian_Financial_News'...
     remote: Enumerating objects: 10, done.
     remote: Total 10 (delta 0), reused 0 (delta 0), pack-reused 10 (from 1)
    Unpacking objects: 100% (10/10), 3.06 KiB | 1.02 MiB/s, done.
import pandas as pd
from datasets import Dataset
df = pd.read_csv("Indian_Financial_News/training_data_26000.csv")
print(df.columns)
Index(['URL', 'Content', 'Summary', 'Sentiment'], dtype='object')
```

```
ds = Dataset.from_pandas(df)
print(ds[0])
{'URL': 'https://www.moneycontrol.com/news/business/economy/covid-19-pandemic-
print("Number of records:", len(ds))
print("Columns:", ds.column_names)
Number of records: 26961
    Columns: ['URL', 'Content', 'Summary', 'Sentiment']
summary_lengths = [len(x.split()) for x in ds['Summary'] if isinstance(x, str)]
content_lengths = [len(x.split()) for x in ds['Content'] if isinstance(x, str)]
import numpy as np
print("\nSummary Stats:")
print(" Avg length:", np.mean(summary_lengths))
        Min length:", np.min(summary_lengths))
print("
print(" Max length:", np.max(summary_lengths))
print("\nContent Stats:")
print(" Avg length:", np.mean(content_lengths))
        Min length:", np.min(content_lengths))
print("
print(" Max length:", np.max(content_lengths))
```

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```
def is_content_valid(example):
    return isinstance(example["Content"], str) and len(example["Content"].split()
def is_summary_valid(example):
    return isinstance(example["Summary"], str) and len(example["Summary"].split()
a filtered ds = ds.filter(is content valid)
b_filtered_ds = a_filtered_ds.filter(is_summary_valid)
print("Filtered dataset size:", len(b_filtered_ds))
\rightarrow
     Filter: 100%
                                                   26961/26961 [00:02<00:00, 11132.43 examples/
     Filter: 100%
                                                   26254/26254 [00:01<00:00, 11957.61 examples/
summary_lengths = [len(x.split()) for x in b_filtered_ds['Summary'] if isinstance
content_lengths = [len(x.split()) for x in b_filtered_ds['Content'] if isinstance
import numpy as np
print("\nSummary Stats (Filtered for extreme short entry):")
print("
         Avg length:", np.mean(summary_lengths))
print("
         Min length:", np.min(summary_lengths))
         Max length:", np.max(summary_lengths))
print("
print("\nContent Stats: (Filtered for extreme short entry)")
         Avg length:", np.mean(content_lengths))
print("
         Min length:", np.min(content_lengths))
print("
         Max length:", np.max(content_lengths))
print("
\overline{\Rightarrow}
    Summary Stats (Filtered for extreme short entry):
       Avg length: 61.58052834216445
      Min length: 13
      Max length: 98
    Content Stats: (Filtered for extreme short entry)
       Avg length: 624.5348225517478
      Min length: 100
      Max length: 8328
```

```
print(b_filtered_ds[1])
```

{'URL': 'https://www.businesstoday.in/top-story/state-run-banks-need-urgent-ca

now summary and content has been filtered by length b_filtered_ds

```
def clean_text(text):
   # Lowercase
    text = text.lower()
    # Remove URLs
    text = re.sub(r'https?://\S+|www\.\S+', '', text)
    # Remove extra whitespace and newlines
   text = re.sub(r'\s+', ' ', text).strip()
    # Replace unicode smart quotes and dashes with ASCII
    replacements = {
        171: 010
        171, 010
        '-': '-',
        '\u2013': '-', # en dash
        '\u2014': '-', # em dash
    }
    for k, v in replacements.items():
        text = text.replace(k, v)
    # Remove any remaining non-printable characters
   text = ''.join(c for c in text if c.isprintable())
    return text
def filter_entry(entry):
    # For example, skip if content or summary too short
    if len(entry['Content'].split()) < 30:</pre>
        return False
    if len(entry['Summary'].split()) < 5:</pre>
        return False
    return True
```

```
def clean_example(example):
    example['Content'] = clean_text(example['Content'])
    example['Summary'] = clean_text(example['Summary'])
    return example
# Assuming b_filtered_ds is your Dataset object:
b_filtered_ds = b_filtered_ds.map(clean_example)
     Map: 100%
                                                   26233/26233 [00:21<00:00, 1466.37 examples/
print(b_filtered_ds[1])
{'URL': 'https://www.businesstoday.in/top-story/state-run-banks-need-urgent-ca
b_filtered_ds.to_csv("cleaned_dataset.csv")
     Creating CSV from Arrow format: 100%
                                                                27/27 [00:03<00:00, 7.95ba/s]
     113592985
# saving files
df = b_filtered_ds.to_pandas()
df.to_json("cleaned_dataset.jsonl", orient="records", lines=True, index=False)
```

DATASET PRE-PROCESSED, NOW BASELINE WIHT TEXTRANK

```
import nltk
nltk.download('punkt')
nltk.download('punkt tab')
def split_sentences(text):
    return nltk.sent tokenize(text)
→ [nltk data] Downloading package punkt to /root/nltk data...
    [nltk data] Package punkt is already up-to-date!
    [nltk_data] Downloading package punkt_tab to /root/nltk_data...
    [nltk_data] Unzipping tokenizers/punkt_tab.zip.
import networkx as nx
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
from sklearn.metrics.pairwise import cosine similarity
import numpy as np
def textrank(sentences, top_n=5):
   # vectorize sentences with TF-IDF
    vectorizer = TfidfVectorizer()
    tfidf matrix = vectorizer.fit transform(sentences)
   # compute similarity matrix
    sim_matrix = cosine_similarity(tfidf_matrix)
   # build graph and apply PageRank
    nx_graph = nx_from_numpy_array(sim_matrix)
    scores = nx.pagerank(nx_graph)
   # rank sentences and pick top N
    ranked_sentences = sorted(((scores[i], s) for i, s in enumerate(sentences)),
    selected = [s for _, s in ranked_sentences[:top_n]]
    return ' '.join(selected)
```

```
from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/drive')
```

→ Mounted at /content/drive

```
# suppose dataset is a list of dicts or a pandas DataFrame
entry = b_filtered_ds[1] # or dataset.iloc[1] if pandas
text = entry['Content'] # get the content field
# assuming you have your baseline pipeline functions from before:
sentences = split_sentences(text)
summary = textrank(sentences, top_n=5)
print("Original Content:\n", text)
print("Summary:\n", summary)
→ Original Content:
     state-run lenders require an urgent rs 1.2 trillion in the capital in the nex
    Summary:
     as per the norms, the banks ought to have their tier-i capital at 9.5 per cer
def baseline_summary_pipeline(text):
  sentences = split_sentences(text)
  summary = textrank(sentences, top_n=5)
  return summary
pip install rouge-score
```

Show hidden output

```
from rouge_score import rouge_scorer
scorer = rouge_scorer.RougeScorer(['rouge1', 'rouge2', 'rougeL'], use_stemmer=Tru-
rouge1_scores = []
rouge2_scores = []
for entry in b_filtered_ds.select(range(20)):
    generated = baseline_summary_pipeline(entry['Content']) # your generated summareference = entry['Summary'] # human reference summary
    score = scorer.score(reference, generated)
    rouge1_scores.append(score['rouge1'].fmeasure)
    rouge2_scores.append(score['rouge2'].fmeasure)
    rougeL_scores.append(score['rougeL'].fmeasure)

print("Average ROUGE-1 F1:", sum(rouge1_scores)/len(rouge1_scores))
print("Average ROUGE-2 F1:", sum(rouge2_scores)/len(rouge2_scores))
print("Average ROUGE-L F1:", sum(rougeL_scores)/len(rougeL_scores))
```

Average ROUGE-1 F1: 0.3117687753680703 Average ROUGE-2 F1: 0.18014261244658297 Average ROUGE-L F1: 0.22399678411130425

len(b_filtered_ds)

→ 26233