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# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
       Created on Thu Apr 9 03:42:02 2020
       @author: Arshiya Anwer
       # Importing the libraries
       import numpy as np
       import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
       import pandas as pd
       # Importing the dataset
       dataset = pd.read_csv('C:/Users/Tasmiya Anwer/Desktop/global CO2/global_co2.csv')
       X = dataset.iloc[201:, 0:1].values
       print(X)
       y = dataset.iloc[201:, -1].values
       print(y)
       # Splitting the dataset into the Training set and Test set
      """from sklearn.cross_validation import train_test_split
       X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size = 0.2, random_state = 0)"""
       # Fitting Decision Tree Regression to the dataset
       from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeRegressor
       regressor = DecisionTreeRegressor(random_state = 0)
       regressor.fit(X, y)
      # Predicting a CO2 emission in year 2011,2012,2013
      a= regressor.predict([[2011]])
      print('global production of CO2 in year 2011')
      print(a)
      b=regressor.predict([[2012]])
      print(' global production of CO2 in year 2012')
       print(b)
      c=regressor.predict([[2013]])
      print('global production of CO2 in year 2013')
      print(c)
      # Visualising the Decision Tree Regression results (higher resolution)
      X_{grid} = np.arange(min(X), max(X), 0.01)
      X_grid = X_grid.reshape((len(X_grid), 1))
      plt.scatter(X, y, color = 'red')
      plt.plot(X_grid, regressor.predict(X_grid), color = 'blue')
       plt.title('global CO2 production (Decision Tree Regression)')
      plt.xlabel('year')
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      plt.ylabel('CO2 produce globally per capita')
       plt.show()
```

## **OUTPUT:**

