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# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
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       Created on Mon Apr 6 01:59:47 2020
      @author: Tasmiya Anwer
      # Importing the libraries
      import pandas as pd
      import numpy as np
      import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
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      # Importing the dataset
      dataset = pd.read_csv('C:/Users/Tasmiya Anwer/Desktop/Housing Price/housing price.csv')
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      X = dataset.iloc[:, 0:1].values
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      Y = dataset.iloc[:, -1].values
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      # Splitting the dataset into the Training set and Test set
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      from sklearn.model selection import train_test_split
      X_train, X_test, Y_train, Y_test = train_test_split(X, Y, test_size = 1/3, random_state = 0)
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      # Fitting Linear Regression to the dataset
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       from sklearn.linear model import LinearRegression
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      linear regressor = LinearRegression()
25
      linear regressor.fit(X, Y)
27
      # Fitting Polynomial Regression to the dataset
28
      from sklearn.preprocessing import PolynomialFeatures
29
      polynomial regressor = PolynomialFeatures(degree =3)
      X poly = polynomial regressor.fit transform(X)
      polynomial_regressor.fit(X_poly, Y)
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      lin reg 2 = LinearRegression()
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      lin reg 2.fit(X poly, Y)
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# Visualising the Linear Regression results
plt.scatter(X, Y, color = 'red')
plt.plot(X,linear_regressor.predict(X), color = 'blue')
plt.title('housing Price According to ID (linear Regression')
plt.xlabel('ID')
plt.ylabel('Selling Price')
# Visualising the Polynomial Regression results
plt.scatter(X, Y, color = 'red')
plt.plot(X, lin reg 2.predict( polynomial regressor.fit transform(X)), color = 'blue')
plt.title('housing price according to ID(polynomial Regression)')
plt.xlabel('ID')
plt.ylabel('Selling Price')
plt.show()
# Visualising the Polynomial Regression results (for higher resolution and smoother curve)
X \text{ grid} = \text{np.arange}(\min(X), \max(X), 0.1)
X grid = X grid.reshape((len(X grid), 1))
plt.scatter(X, Y, color = 'red')
plt.plot(X grid, lin reg 2.predict(polynomial regressor.fit transform(X grid)), color = 'blue')
plt.title('housing price according to ID(polynomial Regression')
plt.xlabel('ID')
plt.ylabel('Selling Price')
plt.show()
# Predicting a new result with Linear Regression
print('The Selling Price Of the House with ID 2670')
a=linear regressor.predict([[2670]])
print(a)
# Predicting a new result with Polynomial Regression
print('The selling Price of the house with ID 3500')
b=lin reg 2.predict(polynomial regressor.fit transform([[3500]]))
print(b)
```



