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## Nullable Data Types

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### Nullable Data Types

- Value-Type Data types (structures and enumerations) are "non-nullable data types", by default. That means, it doesn't support to store "null".
- Reference-Type Data Types (classes and interfaces) "nullable data types", by default. That means, it supports to store "null".
- To convert "non-nullable data type" into "nullable data type", use any one of the following syntaxes:
  - `Nullable<DataTypeName>`
  - `DataTypeName?`
- Advantages of nullable data types:
  - We can store null values to represent "blank".

#### Nullable Data Types - Example

```
Nullable<int> x = 10;  
int? x = 10
```