

Libraries

```
# Importing necessary libraries
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report
from sklearn.impute import SimpleImputer
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, precision_score,
recall_score, f1_score, roc_auc_score
from sklearn.ensemble import VotingClassifier
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier,
GradientBoostingClassifier
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import joblib
```

Loading Data

```
# Reading the dataset
df = pd.read_csv("DataSampled.csv") # Replace "your_dataset.csv" with
the actual filename

# Printing the first few rows of the dataset
print(df.head())

df.columns = df.columns.str.strip()
# Drop the 'STAR' variable
df.drop(columns=['STAR'], inplace=True)
```

	MMSE	Age	Weight	Height	Waist	Hip	Smoking	Smoking
(packet/year)								
0	NaN	64	66.0	155.0	89.0	104.0	0.0	
0								
1	NaN	53	55.0	150.0	77.0	97.0	0.0	
0								
2	24.0	56	56.0	150.0	112.0	125.0	0.0	
0								
3	NaN	58	75.0	160.0	113.0	NaN	0.0	
0								
4	30.0	55	72.0	157.0	98.0	104.0	1.0	
4								
	Alcohol	DM	...	Exercise	LowCST	CST	Gait speed	Low grip
	strength							

0	0	0	...	0	0.0	8.1	1.28
0.0							
1	0	0	...	NaN	0.0	8.0	1.47
1.0							
2	0	0	...	0	0.0	11.7	0.80
0.0							
3	0	1	...	0	1.0	18.0	1.34
0.0							
4	0	0	...	1-2/week	NaN	10.9	1.09
NaN							

	Grip strength	SARCOPENIA	STAR	BMI	Gender
0	28.0	0.0	1.00	27.40	F
1	16.0	0.0	1.84	24.40	F
2	23.0	0.0	1.48	36.00	F
3	23.0	0.0	1.12	29.30	F
4	21.0	0.0	1.45	29.21	F

[5 rows x 39 columns]

Printing the information about the dataset
`print(df.info())`

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>

RangeIndex: 1303 entries, 0 to 1302

Data columns (total 38 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
---	-----	-----	-----
0	MMSE	812 non-null	float64
1	Age	1303 non-null	int64
2	Weight	1302 non-null	float64
3	Height	1301 non-null	float64
4	Waist	1297 non-null	float64
5	Hip	1296 non-null	float64
6	Smoking	1302 non-null	float64
7	Smoking (packet/year)	1301 non-null	object
8	Alcohol	1303 non-null	object
9	DM	1303 non-null	int64
10	DM duration	1289 non-null	float64
11	Insülin	1297 non-null	float64
12	DM drug	379 non-null	object
13	Hiperlipidemi	1301 non-null	float64
14	Dyslipidemia duration	1287 non-null	float64
15	Dyslipidemia drugs	231 non-null	object
16	KAH	1261 non-null	float64
17	KAH duration	1249 non-null	float64
18	Hipotiroidi	1271 non-null	float64
19	ASTIM	1180 non-null	float64
20	KOAH	1225 non-null	float64
21	OP	355 non-null	float64

22	Other(s)	285 non-null	object
23	HT	1303 non-null	int64
24	Anti-HT drug type	750 non-null	object
25	HT duration	1261 non-null	float64
26	Education	1283 non-null	object
27	Occupation	1237 non-null	object
28	Working Status	1223 non-null	object
29	Exercise	1283 non-null	object
30	LowCST	1113 non-null	float64
31	CST	1303 non-null	float64
32	Gait speed	1300 non-null	float64
33	Low grip strength	1166 non-null	float64
34	Grip strength	1303 non-null	float64
35	SARCOPENIA	1302 non-null	float64
36	BMI	1301 non-null	float64
37	Gender	1303 non-null	object

dtypes: float64(24), int64(3), object(11)

memory usage: 387.0+ KB

None

Printing the shape of the dataset

`print("Shape of the dataset:", df.shape)`

Shape of the dataset: (1303, 38)

Print data types of all columns

`print(df.dtypes)`

MMSE	float64
Age	int64
Weight	float64
Height	float64
Waist	float64
Hip	float64
Smoking	float64
Smoking (packet/year)	object
Alcohol	object
DM	int64
DM duration	float64
Insülin	float64
DM drug	object
Hiperlipidemi	float64
Dyslipidemia duration	float64
Dyslipidemia drugs	object
KAH	float64
KAH duration	float64
Hipotiroidi	float64
ASTIM	float64
KOAH	float64
OP	float64

Other(s)	object
HT	int64
Anti-HT drug type	object
HT duration	float64
Education	object
Occupation	object
Working Status	object
Exercise	object
LowCST	float64
CST	float64
Gait speed	float64
Low grip strength	float64
Grip strength	float64
SARCOPENIA	float64
BMI	float64
Gender	object
dtype:	object

Data Cleaning

```
# Convert categorical columns to categorical data type
categorical_cols = ['Smoking (packet/year)', 'Alcohol', 'DM drug',
                    'Dyslipidemia drugs', 'Other(s)', 'Anti-HT drug type', 'Education',
                    'Occupation', 'Working Status', 'Exercise', 'Gender']
df[categorical_cols] = df[categorical_cols].astype('category')
```

```
# Check for missing values in categorical columns
missing_categorical = df[categorical_cols].isnull().sum()
print("Missing values in categorical columns:")
print(missing_categorical)
```

```
# Check unique values in each categorical column
for col in categorical_cols:
    unique_values = df[col].unique()
    print("\nUnique values in", col, ":", unique_values)
```

Missing values in categorical columns:

Smoking (packet/year)	2
Alcohol	0
DM drug	924
Dyslipidemia drugs	1072
Other(s)	1018
Anti-HT drug type	553
Education	20
Occupation	66
Working Status	80
Exercise	20
Gender	0

dtype: int64

Unique values in Smoking (packet/year) : ['0', '4', '30', '11.5', '15', ..., '43', '37', '27', '55', 'EX SMOKER 3YEARS/ UNLIMITED']
Length: 71

Categories (70, object): ['0', '0.1', '1', '10', ..., 'Former Smoker: 3', 'ex Smoker: 25',
'ex Smoker: 30', 'shisha for 20 years']

Unique values in Alcohol : ['0', 'social', 'Social ', 'Regular', 'regular', 'Social', 'social ']

Categories (7, object): ['0', 'Regular', 'Social', 'Social ', 'regular', 'social', 'social ']

Unique values in DM drug : [NaN, 'Glicazide', 'Metformin', 'metformin+sitagliptin+empagliflozin+insülin a...', 'metformin', ..., 'empagliflozin,metformin,gliklazid,vildaglipti...', 'insulin glarjin,metformin', 'insülin glarjin,insülin aspart', 'insülin glargine,sitagliptin,metformin', ' Pioglitazon, Empagliflozin']
Length: 185

Categories (184, object): [' Empagliflozin,Metformin,Linagliptin', 'Cloridrate Metformine + Liraglutide + Pioglit...',
'GLICLAZIDE, INSULIN', 'GLICLAZIDE, SITAGLIPTIN', ...,
'vİldagliptin/Metformin/Gliktazid', 'without drug', ' Pioglitazon, Empagliflozin',
'İnsülin aspart+aspart protamin']

Unique values in Dyslipidemia drugs : [NaN, 'rosuvastatine', 'Atorvastatin', 'atorvastatine', 'atorvastatin', ..., 'Rosuvastatin, fenofibrate', 'revostatin', 'Pravastatin', 'Rosuvastatin', 'Simvastatin, Fenofibrate']
Length: 29

Categories (28, object): ['Atorvastatin', 'Atorvastatin ', 'Atorvastatin, fenofibrate',
'Fenofibrate', ..., 'rosuvastatin', 'rosuvastatine', 'simvastatin',
'simvastatin, fenofibrate']

Unique values in Other(s) : [NaN, 'aritmi', 'LDH', 'gut,epilepsi', 'tromboflebit', ..., 'chd, aritmia', 'CDH', 'bph,hbv', 'kby, hasta sinüs sendromu, kalp yetmezliği, a...', 'prostat ca']
Length: 179

Categories (178, object): [' İTP', 'AF', 'AS', 'Allergic rhinitis', ...,
'yaygın anksiyete bozukluğu', 'Ürtiker', 'üveit', 'şizofreni']

Unique values in Anti-HT drug type : [NaN, 'ARB+DIURETIC', 'CCB', 'B BLOCKER', 'ACE+B BLOCKER+CCB+DIURETIC', ..., 'ALDOSTERON+DİÜRETİK', 'B

```
BLOCKER+ALDOSTERON', 'ARB+B BLOCKER+CCB+DİÜRETİC', 'ARB+ALFA BLOCKER',  
'ARB+CCB+DIURETIC+ALDOSTERON']
```

```
Length: 36
```

```
Categories (35, object): ['A BLOCKER', 'ACE', 'ACE+B BLOCKER', 'ACE+B  
BLOCKER+CCB', ...,
```

```
'CCB+A BLOCKER', 'CCB+ALDOSTERON', 'CCB+B  
BLOCKER ', 'DIURETIC']
```

```
Unique values in Education : ['High School', NaN, 'Illiterate',  
'illiterate', 'ilkokul', ..., 'ortaokul', 'none', 'illiterate',  
'Lise', 'worker ']
```

```
Length: 31
```

```
Categories (30, object): ['High School', 'High school', 'Illiterate',  
'Lise', ..., 'worker ',
```

```
'üniversite', 'İlliterate', 'illiterate']
```

```
Unique values in Occupation : ['Officer', NaN, 'house wife',  
'housewife', 'ev hanımı', ..., 'satış temsilcisi', 'hairstresser',  
'Beautician', 'marketer', 'painter']
```

```
Length: 236
```

```
Categories (235, object): ['??', 'ADVOCATE', 'Academician',  
'Accountant', ..., 'welder',
```

```
'worker', 'öğretmen', 'İşçi']
```

```
Unique values in Working Status : ['Retire', NaN, 'retired',  
'unemployed', 'çalışmıyor', ..., 'FULLTIME', 'Emekli veya çalışmıyor',  
'tam/kısmi zamnalı çalışıyor', 'ull-time/part-time work', 'actively  
working']
```

```
Length: 47
```

```
Categories (46, object): ['#REF!', 'Abstinence', 'Emekli', 'Emekli  
veya çalışmıyor', ...,
```

```
'ÇALIŞIYOR', 'Çalışmıyor', 'çalışmıyor',  
'çalışıyor']
```

```
Unique values in Exercise : ['0', NaN, '1-2/week', '3-4/week']
```

```
Categories (3, object): ['0', '1-2/week', '3-4/week']
```

```
Unique values in Gender : ['F', 'M', 'F ', 'f']
```

```
Categories (4, object): ['F', 'F ', 'M', 'f']
```

```
# Convert education levels to lowercase
```

```
df['Education'] = df['Education'].str.lower()
```

```
# Or if you prefer uppercase:
```

```
# df['Education'] = df['Education'].str.upper()
```

```
# Check unique values again to confirm standardization
```

```
unique_education_levels = df['Education'].unique()
```

```
print("Unique Education Levels after standardization:",
```

```
unique_education_levels)
```

```
Unique Education Levels after standardization: ['high school' nan  
'illiterate' 'ilkokul' 'secondary school' 'university'  
'primary school' 'highschool' 'middle school' 'housewife'  
'illeterate'  
'illiterate' 'üniversite' 'lise' 'okur-yzar değil' 'ortaokul' 'none'  
'illiterate' 'worker ']
```

```
# Map similar education levels to a standard representation
```

```
education_mapping = {  
    'highschool': 'high school',  
    'illeterate': 'illiterate',  
    'illiterate': 'illiterate',  
    'illiterate': 'illiterate',  
    'üniversite': 'university',  
    'lise': 'secondary school',  
    'ilkokul': 'primary school',  
    'ortaokul': 'middle school'  
}
```

```
# Replace mapped values
```

```
df['Education'].replace(education_mapping, inplace=True)
```

```
# Remove unusual entry 'okur-yzar değil'
```

```
df = df[df['Education'] != 'okur-yzar değil']
```

```
# Check unique values again
```

```
unique_education_levels = df['Education'].unique()
```

```
print("Unique Education Levels after mapping and removing unusual  
entry:", unique_education_levels)
```

```
Unique Education Levels after mapping and removing unusual entry:  
['high school' nan 'illiterate' 'primary school' 'secondary school'  
'university' 'middle school' 'housewife' 'none' 'worker ']
```

```
# Define mapping of education levels to numerical codes
```

```
education_mapping = {  
    'illiterate': 0,  
    'primary school': 1,  
    'middle school': 2,  
    'high school': 3,  
    'secondary school': 3, # Mapped to the same code as 'high school'  
    'university': 4,  
    'housewife': 5,  
    'worker': 6,  
    'none': 7  
}
```

```
# Replace education levels with numerical codes
```

```
df['Education'] = df['Education'].map(education_mapping)
```

```

# Check unique values again
unique_education_levels = df['Education'].unique()
print("Unique Education Levels after numerical encoding:",
unique_education_levels)

Unique Education Levels after numerical encoding: [ 3. nan  0.  1.  4.
 2.  5.  7.]

<ipython-input-201-4b3b7c3e9d09>:15: SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.
Try using .loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value instead

See the caveats in the documentation:
https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user\_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy
    df['Education'] = df['Education'].map(education_mapping)

# Define mapping of exercise levels to numerical codes
exercise_mapping = {
    '0': 0,
    '1-2/week': 1,
    '3-4/week': 2
}

# Replace exercise levels with numerical codes
df['Exercise'] = df['Exercise'].map(exercise_mapping)

# Count occurrences of each exercise level
exercise_counts = df['Exercise'].value_counts()

# Find the most frequent exercise level
most_frequent_exercise = exercise_counts.idxmax()

# Fill NaN values with the most frequent exercise level
df['Exercise'].fillna(most_frequent_exercise, inplace=True)

# Convert the 'Exercise' column to integer type
df['Exercise'] = df['Exercise'].astype(int)

# Check unique values again
unique_exercise_levels = df['Exercise'].unique()
print("Unique Exercise Levels after numerical encoding:",
unique_exercise_levels)

Unique Exercise Levels after numerical encoding: [0 1 2]

<ipython-input-202-22e563d6550a>:9: SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.
Try using .loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value instead

See the caveats in the documentation:

```


https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy

```
df['Exercise'] = df['Exercise'].map(exercise_mapping)
<ipython-input-202-22e563d6550a>:18: SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame
```

See the caveats in the documentation:

https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy

```
df['Exercise'].fillna(most_frequent_exercise, inplace=True)
<ipython-input-202-22e563d6550a>:21: SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.
Try using .loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value instead
```

See the caveats in the documentation:

https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy

```
df['Exercise'] = df['Exercise'].astype(int)

# Define mapping of gender categories to numerical codes
gender_mapping = {
    'F': 0,
    'F ': 0, # Consider 'F ' as 'F'
    'f': 0, # Consider 'f' as 'F'
    'M': 1
}
```

Replace gender categories with numerical codes

```
df['Gender'] = df['Gender'].map(gender_mapping)
```

Check unique values again

```
unique_genders = df['Gender'].unique()
print("Unique Gender Levels after numerical encoding:",
      unique_genders)
```

Unique Gender Levels after numerical encoding: [0 1]

Convert all entries to lowercase and remove leading/trailing spaces

```
df['Alcohol'] = df['Alcohol'].str.lower().str.strip()
```

Define mapping of alcohol categories to numerical codes

```
alcohol_mapping = {
    '0': 0,
    'regular': 1,
    'social': 2
}
```

Replace alcohol categories with numerical codes

```
df['Alcohol'] = df['Alcohol'].map(alcohol_mapping)
```

Check unique values again

```
unique_alcohol_levels = df['Alcohol'].unique()
print("Unique Alcohol Levels after numerical encoding:",
unique_alcohol_levels)
```

Unique Alcohol Levels after numerical encoding: [0 2 1]

```
# Remove words and keep only the numbers
df['Smoking (packet/year)'] = df['Smoking
(packet/year)'].str.replace(r'^\d\.|$', '', regex=True)
```

```
# Convert to float
df['Smoking (packet/year)'] = df['Smoking
(packet/year)'].astype(float)
```

```
# Display unique values after cleaning
print("Unique Smoking Levels after cleaning:", df['Smoking
(packet/year)'].unique())
```

Unique Smoking Levels after cleaning: [0.000e+00 4.000e+00 3.000e+01
1.150e+01 1.500e+01 2.500e+01 3.500e+01
1.000e+02 7.000e+01 5.000e+00 4.500e+01 1.200e+01 1.000e+01 1.500e+02
4.000e+01 1.400e+01 1.000e+00 1.000e-01 2.000e+01 7.000e+00 7.200e+01
2.100e+01 4.900e+01 1.700e+01 5.000e+01 2.000e+00 1.040e+02 7.500e+00
8.000e+00 3.200e+01 6.000e+01 1.800e+01 3.009e+03 3.000e+00 6.000e+00
1.300e+01 8.000e+01 4.600e+01 9.000e+00 8.800e+01 6.500e+01 1.250e+01
2.500e+00 5.100e+01 2.900e+01 9.000e+01 4.400e+01 7.500e+01 3.600e+01
2.400e+01 6.400e+01 2.800e+01 nan 5.200e+01 3.400e+01 2.300e+01
6.200e+01 1.600e+01 1.560e+02 4.300e+01 3.700e+01 2.700e+01
5.500e+01]

```
# Define the mapping dictionary
working_status_map = {
    'Retire': 0,
    'retired': 0,
    'unemployed': 1,
    'çalışmıyor': 1, # Assuming this means unemployed
    'FULLTIME': 2,
    'Emekli veya çalışmıyor': 3, # Retired or unemployed
    'tam/kısmi zammalı çalışıyor': 4, # Working full-time or part-
time
    'ull-time/part-time work': 4, # Typo correction
    'actively working': 5
}
```

```
# Replace categorical values with numerical codes
df['Working Status'] = df['Working Status'].map(working_status_map)
```

```
# Display unique values after mapping
print("Unique values in Working Status after mapping:", df['Working
Status'].unique())
```

Unique values in Working Status after mapping: [0. nan 1. 2. 3. 4. 5.]

```
# Define the mapping dictionary
```

```
occupation_map = {
    'Officer': 0,
    'house wife': 1,
    'housewife': 1,
    'ev hanımı': 1, # Turkish equivalent of housewife
    'satış temsilcisi': 2, # Sales representative
    'hairedresser': 3,
    'Beautician': 3,
    'marketer': 4,
    'painter': 5,
}
```

```
# Replace categorical values with numerical codes
```

```
df['Occupation'] = df['Occupation'].map(occupation_map)
```

```
# Display unique values after mapping
```

```
print("Unique values in Occupation after mapping:",
df['Occupation'].unique())
```

Unique values in Occupation after mapping: [0. nan 1. 2. 3. 4. 5.]

```
print(df.dtypes)
```

MMSE	float64
Age	int64
Weight	float64
Height	float64
Waist	float64
Hip	float64
Smoking	float64
Smoking (packet/year)	float64
Alcohol	int64
DM	int64
DM duration	float64
İnsülin	float64
DM drug	category
Hiperlipidemi	float64
Dyslipidemia duration	float64
Dyslipidemia drugs	category
KAH	float64
KAH duration	float64
Hipotiroidi	float64
ASTIM	float64
KOAH	float64
OP	float64

Other(s)	category
HT	int64
Anti-HT drug type	category
HT duration	float64
Education	float64
Occupation	float64
Working Status	float64
Exercise	int64
LowCST	float64
CST	float64
Gait speed	float64
Low grip strength	float64
Grip strength	float64
SARCOPENIA	float64
BMI	float64
Gender	int64
dtype:	object

Splitting based on gender

```
# Drop rows with missing target values
df.dropna(subset=['SARCOPENIA'], inplace=True)

# Split the dataset into separate datasets for men and women
df_men = df[df['Gender'] == 1]
df_women = df[df['Gender'] == 0]

print(df.columns)

Index(['MMSE', 'Age', 'Weight', 'Height', 'Waist', 'Hip', 'Smoking',
       'Smoking (packet/year)', 'Alcohol', 'DM', 'DM duration',
       'Insülin',
       'DM drug', 'Hiperlipidemi', 'Dyslipidemia duration',
       'Dyslipidemia drugs', 'KAH', 'KAH duration', 'Hipotiroidi',
       'ASTIM',
       'KOA', 'OP', 'Other(s)', 'HT', 'Anti-HT drug type', 'HT
duration',
       'Education', 'Occupation', 'Working Status', 'Exercise',
       'LowCST',
       'CST', 'Gait speed', 'Low grip strength', 'Grip strength',
       'SARCOPENIA',
       'BMI', 'Gender'],
      dtype='object')
```

Models

```
# Select features
selected_features = [
    'MMSE', 'Age', 'Weight', 'Height', 'Waist', 'Hip', 'Smoking',
    'Smoking (packet/year)', 'Alcohol', 'DM', 'DM duration',
    'İnsülin', 'Hiperlipidemi', 'Dyslipidemia duration', 'KAH', 'KAH
duration', 'Hipotiroidi', 'ASTIM',
    'HT', 'HT duration', 'Education', 'Occupation', 'Working
Status', 'Exercise']

# Selecting the features and target variable
X = df_men[selected_features]
y = df_men['SARCOPENIA']

# Create the SimpleImputer object with strategy='mean'
imputer = SimpleImputer(strategy='mean')

# Fit and transform the imputer on the numerical columns with missing
values
X_imputed = imputer.fit_transform(X)

# Splitting the dataset into training and testing sets
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X_imputed, y,
test_size=0.2, random_state=42)

# Standardize features
scaler = StandardScaler()
X_train_scaled = scaler.fit_transform(X_train)
X_test_scaled = scaler.transform(X_test)

# Define models
lr_model = LogisticRegression(random_state=42)
rf_model = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=100, random_state=42)
gb_model = GradientBoostingClassifier(n_estimators=100,
random_state=42)

# Create ensemble model
ensemble_model1M = VotingClassifier(estimators=[
    ('lr', lr_model),
    ('rf', rf_model),
    ('gb', gb_model)
], voting='soft')

# Train ensemble model
ensemble_model1M.fit(X_train_scaled, y_train)

# Predict using ensemble model
ensemble_pred = ensemble_model1M.predict(X_test_scaled)
```

```

probabilities = ensemble_model1M.predict_proba(X_test_scaled)[: , 1]
# Diagnose patients
threshold_high = 0.8 # Very high probability threshold
threshold_low = 0.2 # Very low probability threshold

predicted_sarcopenia = ['Positive' if prob >= threshold_high else
                        'Negative' if prob <= threshold_low else 'Further testing required'
                        for prob in probabilities]

print(predicted_sarcopenia)

# Evaluate ensemble model
print("\nEnsemble Model:")
print(classification_report(y_test, ensemble_pred))
print("Accuracy:", accuracy_score(y_test, ensemble_pred))
print("Precision:", precision_score(y_test, ensemble_pred))
print("Recall:", recall_score(y_test, ensemble_pred))
print("F1-score:", f1_score(y_test, ensemble_pred))
print("ROC AUC:", roc_auc_score(y_test,
ensemble_model1M.predict_proba(X_test_scaled)[: , 1]))

# Save the trained model
joblib.dump(ensemble_model1M, "ensemble_model1M.pkl", protocol=4)

```

```

['Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further testing
required', 'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Negative',
'Further testing required', 'Negative', 'Further testing required',
'Further testing required', 'Negative', 'Further testing required',
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further testing required',
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further testing required',
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further testing
required', 'Further testing required', 'Negative', 'Negative',
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Negative',
'Further testing required', 'Further testing required', 'Negative',
'Further testing required', 'Negative', 'Further testing required',
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Negative',
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Negative',
'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Negative', 'Negative',
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Negative',
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Negative',
'Further testing required', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative',
'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Negative']

```

Ensemble Model:

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0.0	0.83	0.97	0.89	61

	1.0	0.60	0.20	0.30	15
accuracy				0.82	76
macro avg		0.72	0.58	0.60	76
weighted avg		0.79	0.82	0.78	76

Accuracy: 0.8157894736842105

Precision: 0.6

Recall: 0.2

F1-score: 0.3

ROC AUC: 0.7672131147540984

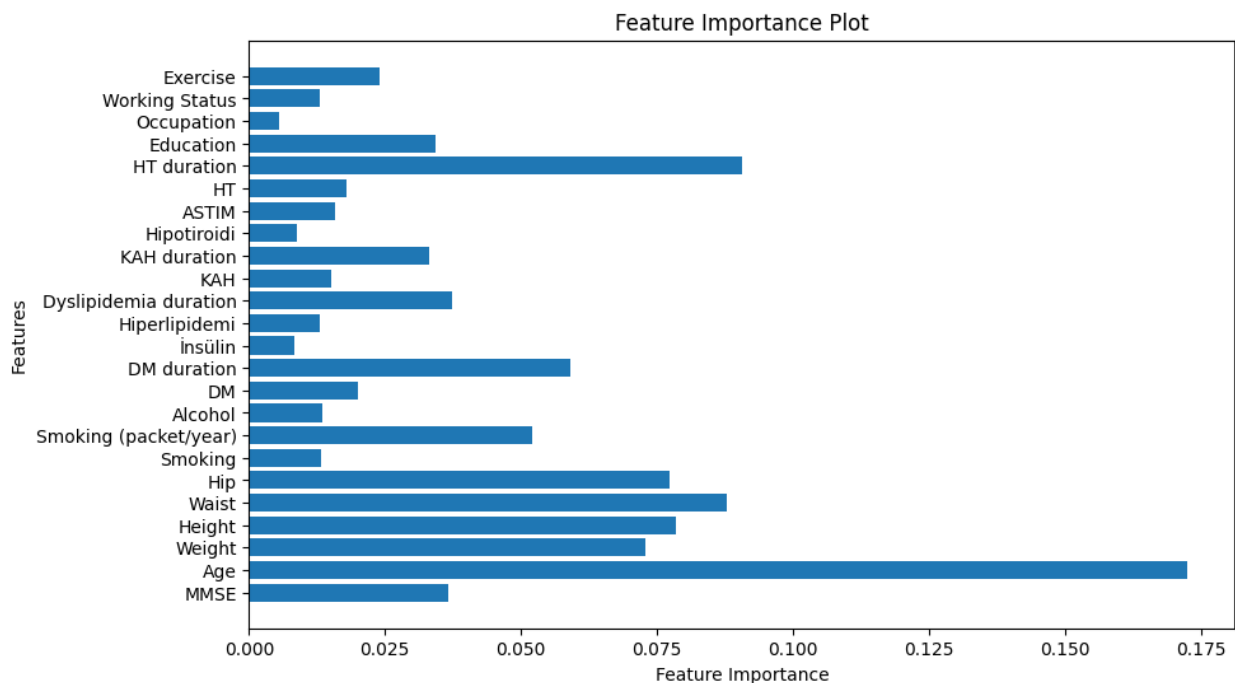
```
['ensemble_model1M.pkl']
```

```
# Get feature importances
```

```
feature_importances =  
ensemble_model1M.named_estimators_['rf'].feature_importances_
```

```
# Plot feature importances
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))  
plt.barh(selected_features, feature_importances)  
plt.xlabel('Feature Importance')  
plt.ylabel('Features')  
plt.title('Feature Importance Plot')  
plt.show()
```



```
# Select features
```

```
selected_features = [  
    'MMSE', 'Age', 'Weight', 'Height', 'Waist', 'Hip', 'Smoking',
```

```

        'Smoking (packet/year)', 'Alcohol', 'DM', 'DM duration',
        'İnsülin', 'Hiperlipidemi', 'Dyslipidemia duration', 'KAH', 'KAH
duration', 'Hipotiroidi', 'ASTIM',
        'HT', 'HT duration', 'Education', 'Occupation', 'Working
Status', 'Exercise']

# Selecting the features and target variable
X = df_women[selected_features]
y = df_women['SARCOPENIA']

# Create the SimpleImputer object with strategy='mean'
imputer = SimpleImputer(strategy='mean')

# Fit and transform the imputer on the numerical columns with missing
values
X_imputed = imputer.fit_transform(X)

# Splitting the dataset into training and testing sets
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X_imputed, y,
test_size=0.2, random_state=42)

# Standardize features
scaler = StandardScaler()
X_train_scaled = scaler.fit_transform(X_train)
X_test_scaled = scaler.transform(X_test)

# Define models
lr_model = LogisticRegression(random_state=42)
rf_model = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=100, random_state=42)
gb_model = GradientBoostingClassifier(n_estimators=100,
random_state=42)

# Create ensemble model
ensemble_model1F = VotingClassifier(estimators=[
    ('lr', lr_model),
    ('rf', rf_model),
    ('gb', gb_model)
], voting='soft')

# Train ensemble model
ensemble_model1F.fit(X_train_scaled, y_train)

# Predict using ensemble model
ensemble_pred = ensemble_model1F.predict(X_test_scaled)

probabilities = ensemble_model1F.predict_proba(X_test_scaled)[: , 1]
# Diagnose patients
threshold_high = 0.8 # Very high probability threshold
threshold_low = 0.2 # Very low probability threshold

```



```
predicted_sarcopenia = ['Positive' if prob >= threshold_high else  
'Negative' if prob <= threshold_low else 'Further testing required'  
for prob in probabilities]
```

```
print(predicted_sarcopenia)
```

```
# Evaluate ensemble model
```

```
print("\nEnsemble Model:")  
print(classification_report(y_test, ensemble_pred))  
print("Accuracy:", accuracy_score(y_test, ensemble_pred))  
print("Precision:", precision_score(y_test, ensemble_pred))  
print("Recall:", recall_score(y_test, ensemble_pred))  
print("F1-score:", f1_score(y_test, ensemble_pred))  
print("ROC AUC:", roc_auc_score(y_test,  
ensemble_model1F.predict_proba(X_test_scaled)[: , 1]))
```

```
# Save the trained model
```

```
joblib.dump(ensemble_model1F, "ensemble_model1F.pkl", protocol=4)
```

```
['Further testing required', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative',  
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Negative',  
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative',  
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further testing required',  
'Further testing required', 'Further testing required', 'Further  
testing required', 'Further testing required', 'Further testing  
required', 'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Negative',  
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further testing required',  
'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Negative', 'Further testing  
required', 'Further testing required', 'Negative', 'Negative',  
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further testing required',  
'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Further testing required',  
'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Negative', 'Further testing  
required', 'Further testing required', 'Negative', 'Further testing  
required', 'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Negative',  
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further testing required',  
'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Further testing required',  
'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Negative', 'Further testing  
required', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative',  
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further testing required',  
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further testing  
required', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further testing  
required', 'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Negative',  
'Further testing required', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further testing  
required', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further testing required',  
'Further testing required', 'Further testing required', 'Negative',  
'Further testing required', 'Negative', 'Further testing required',  
'Further testing required', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative',
```

```
'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Negative', 'Negative',
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Negative',
'Further testing required', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative',
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further
testing required', 'Further testing required', 'Negative', 'Negative',
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative',
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further testing required',
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Negative',
'Further testing required', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative',
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further testing
required', 'Further testing required', 'Negative', 'Negative',
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Further testing
required', 'Further testing required', 'Negative', 'Further testing
required', 'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Negative',
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further testing required',
'Further testing required', 'Further testing required', 'Negative',
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Negative',
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Negative',
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative',
'Negative', 'Further testing required']
```

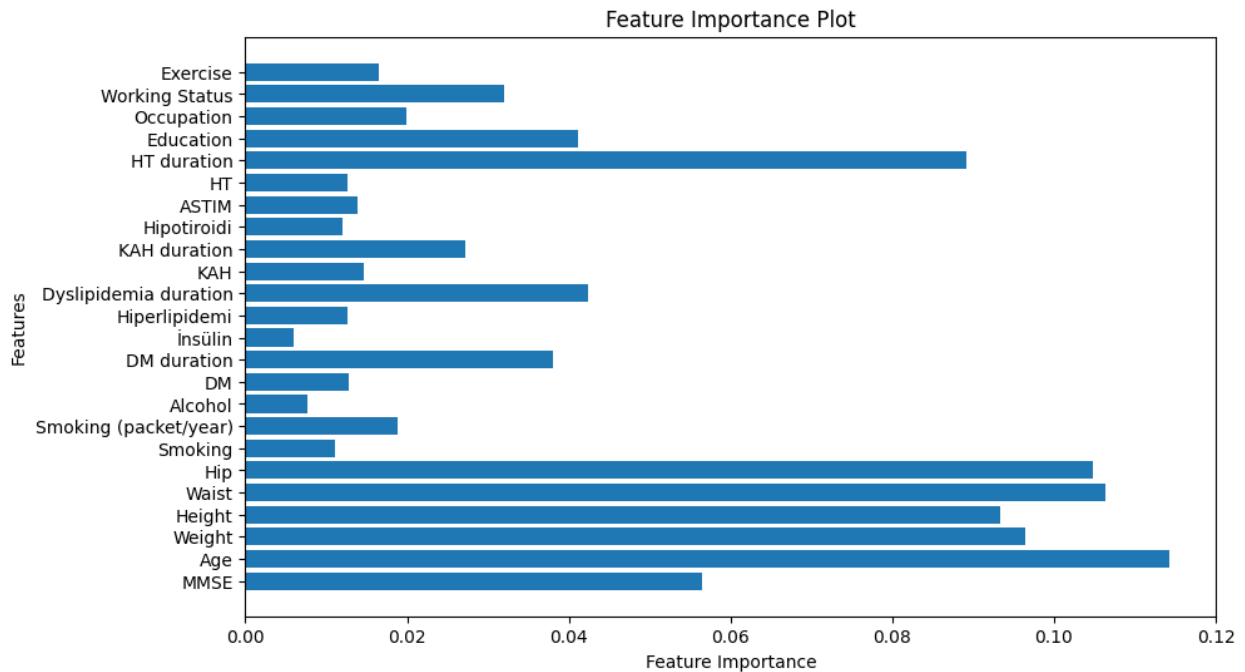
Ensemble Model:

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0.0	0.87	0.97	0.91	155
1.0	0.58	0.23	0.33	30
accuracy			0.85	185
macro avg	0.73	0.60	0.62	185
weighted avg	0.82	0.85	0.82	185

```
Accuracy: 0.8486486486486486
Precision: 0.5833333333333334
Recall: 0.23333333333333334
F1-score: 0.3333333333333337
ROC AUC: 0.749247311827957
```

```
['ensemble_model1F.pkl']
```

```
# Get feature importances
feature_importances =
ensemble_model1F.named_estimators_['rf'].feature_importances_
# Plot feature importances
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
plt.barh(selected_features, feature_importances)
plt.xlabel('Feature Importance')
plt.ylabel('Features')
plt.title('Feature Importance Plot')
plt.show()
```



```
# Select features
selected_features = [
    'MMSE', 'Age', 'Weight', 'Height', 'Waist', 'Hip', 'Smoking',
    'Smoking (packet/year)', 'Alcohol', 'DM', 'DM duration',
    'İnsülin', 'Hiperlipidemi', 'Dyslipidemia duration', 'KAH', 'KAH
duration', 'Hipotiroidi', 'ASTIM',
    'HT', 'HT duration', 'Education', 'Occupation', 'Working
Status', 'Exercise', 'CST', 'LowCST', 'Gait speed']

# Selecting the features and target variable
X = df_men[selected_features]
y = df_men['SARCOPENIA']

# Create the SimpleImputer object with strategy='mean'
imputer = SimpleImputer(strategy='mean')

# Fit and transform the imputer on the numerical columns with missing
values
X_imputed = imputer.fit_transform(X)

# Splitting the dataset into training and testing sets
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X_imputed, y,
test_size=0.2, random_state=42)

# Standardize features
scaler = StandardScaler()
X_train_scaled = scaler.fit_transform(X_train)
X_test_scaled = scaler.transform(X_test)
```

```

# Define models
lr_model = LogisticRegression(random_state=42)
rf_model = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=100, random_state=42)
gb_model = GradientBoostingClassifier(n_estimators=100,
random_state=42)

# Create ensemble model
ensemble_model2M = VotingClassifier(estimators=[
    ('lr', lr_model),
    ('rf', rf_model),
    ('gb', gb_model)
], voting='soft')

# Train ensemble model
ensemble_model2M.fit(X_train_scaled, y_train)

# Predict using ensemble model
ensemble_pred = ensemble_model2M.predict(X_test_scaled)
probabilities = ensemble_model2M.predict_proba(X_test_scaled)[: , 1]
# Diagnose patients
threshold_high = 0.8 # Very high probability threshold
threshold_low = 0.2 # Very low probability threshold

predicted_sarcopenia = ['Positive' if prob >= threshold_high else
'Negative' if prob <= threshold_low else 'Further testing required'
for prob in probabilities]

print(predicted_sarcopenia)

# Evaluate ensemble model
print("\nEnsemble Model:")
print(classification_report(y_test, ensemble_pred))
print("Accuracy:", accuracy_score(y_test, ensemble_pred))
print("Precision:", precision_score(y_test, ensemble_pred))
print("Recall:", recall_score(y_test, ensemble_pred))
print("F1-score:", f1_score(y_test, ensemble_pred))
print("ROC AUC:", roc_auc_score(y_test,
ensemble_model2M.predict_proba(X_test_scaled)[: , 1]))

# Save the trained model
joblib.dump(ensemble_model2M, "ensemble_model2M.pkl", protocol=4)

['Negative', 'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Negative',
'Further testing required', 'Further testing required', 'Further
testing required', 'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Further
testing required', 'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Further
testing required', 'Further testing required', 'Negative', 'Negative',
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative',
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative',
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative',
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative',

```

```
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further testing required',
'Further testing required', 'Negative', 'Further testing required',
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further
testing required', 'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Further
testing required', 'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Positive',
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative',
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative',
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Negative',
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further testing required',
'Further testing required', 'Further testing required', 'Negative',
'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Negative', 'Negative',
'Negative']
```

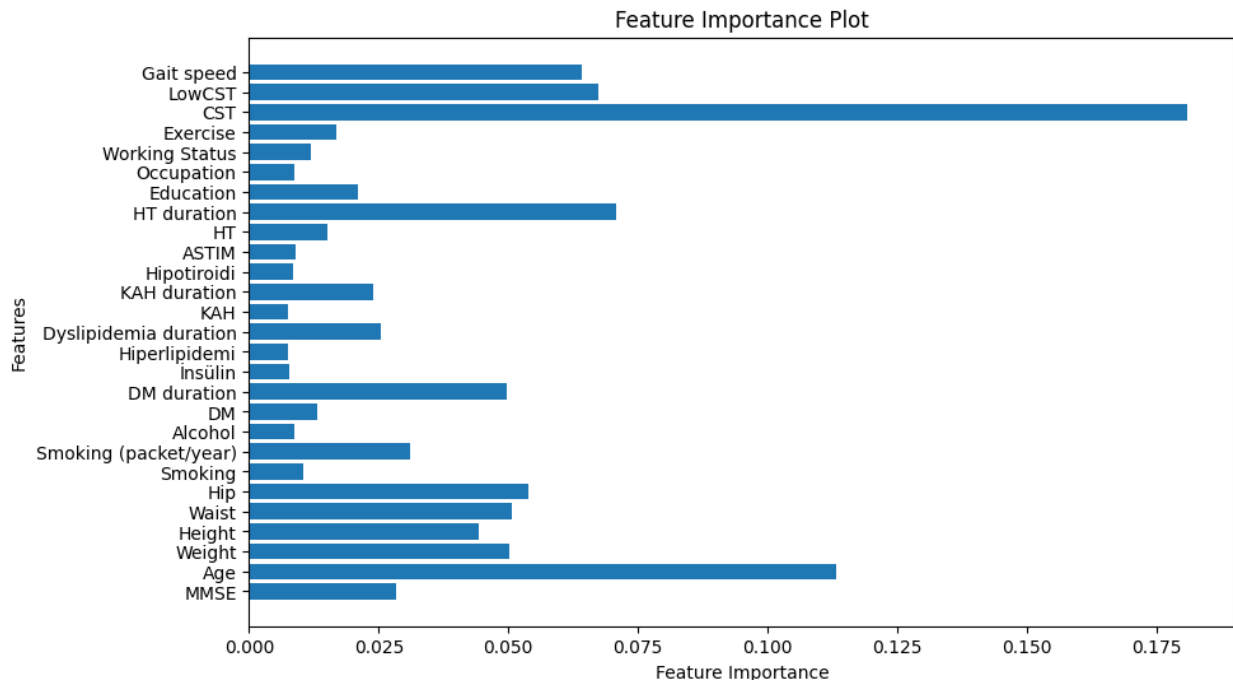
Ensemble Model:

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0.0	0.86	0.98	0.92	61
1.0	0.83	0.33	0.48	15
accuracy			0.86	76
macro avg	0.85	0.66	0.70	76
weighted avg	0.85	0.86	0.83	76

```
Accuracy: 0.8552631578947368
Precision: 0.8333333333333334
Recall: 0.3333333333333333
F1-score: 0.47619047619047616
ROC AUC: 0.8557377049180328
```

```
['ensemble_model2M.pkl']
```

```
# Get feature importances
feature_importances =
ensemble_model2M.named_estimators_['rf'].feature_importances_
# Plot feature importances
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
plt.barh(selected_features, feature_importances)
plt.xlabel('Feature Importance')
plt.ylabel('Features')
plt.title('Feature Importance Plot')
plt.show()
```



```
# Select features
selected_features = [
    'MMSE', 'Age', 'Weight', 'Height', 'Waist', 'Hip', 'Smoking',
    'Smoking (packet/year)', 'Alcohol', 'DM', 'DM duration',
    'Insülin', 'Hiperlipidemi', 'Dyslipidemia duration', 'KAH', 'KAH
duration', 'Hipotiroidi', 'ASTIM',
    'HT', 'HT duration', 'Education', 'Occupation', 'Working
Status', 'Exercise', 'CST', 'LowCST', 'Gait speed']

# Selecting the features and target variable
X = df_men[selected_features]
y = df_men['SARCOPENIA']

# Create the SimpleImputer object with strategy='mean'
imputer = SimpleImputer(strategy='mean')

# Fit and transform the imputer on the numerical columns with missing
values
X_imputed = imputer.fit_transform(X)

# Splitting the dataset into training and testing sets
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X_imputed, y,
test_size=0.2, random_state=42)

# Standardize features
scaler = StandardScaler()
X_train_scaled = scaler.fit_transform(X_train)
X_test_scaled = scaler.transform(X_test)
```

```

# Define models
lr_model = LogisticRegression(random_state=42)
rf_model = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=100, random_state=42)
gb_model = GradientBoostingClassifier(n_estimators=100,
random_state=42)

# Create ensemble model
ensemble_model2F = VotingClassifier(estimators=[
    ('lr', lr_model),
    ('rf', rf_model),
    ('gb', gb_model)
], voting='soft')

# Train ensemble model
ensemble_model2F.fit(X_train_scaled, y_train)

# Predict using ensemble model
ensemble_pred = ensemble_model2F.predict(X_test_scaled)

probabilities = ensemble_model2F.predict_proba(X_test_scaled)[: , 1]
# Diagnose patients
threshold_high = 0.8 # Very high probability threshold
threshold_low = 0.2 # Very low probability threshold

predicted_sarcopenia = ['Positive' if prob >= threshold_high else
'Negative' if prob <= threshold_low else 'Further testing required'
for prob in probabilities]

print(predicted_sarcopenia)

# Evaluate ensemble model
print("\nEnsemble Model:")
print(classification_report(y_test, ensemble_pred))
print("Accuracy:", accuracy_score(y_test, ensemble_pred))
print("Precision:", precision_score(y_test, ensemble_pred))
print("Recall:", recall_score(y_test, ensemble_pred))
print("F1-score:", f1_score(y_test, ensemble_pred))
print("ROC AUC:", roc_auc_score(y_test,
ensemble_model2F.predict_proba(X_test_scaled)[: , 1]))

# Save the trained model
joblib.dump(ensemble_model2F, "ensemble_model2F.pkl", protocol=4)

['Negative', 'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Negative',
'Further testing required', 'Further testing required', 'Further
testing required', 'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Further
testing required', 'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Further
testing required', 'Further testing required', 'Negative', 'Negative',
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative',
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative',
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative',

```

```
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative',
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further testing required',
'Further testing required', 'Negative', 'Further testing required',
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further
testing required', 'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Further
testing required', 'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Positive',
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative',
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative',
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Negative',
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further testing required',
'Further testing required', 'Further testing required', 'Negative',
'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Negative', 'Negative',
'Negative']
```

Ensemble Model:

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0.0	0.86	0.98	0.92	61
1.0	0.83	0.33	0.48	15
accuracy			0.86	76
macro avg	0.85	0.66	0.70	76
weighted avg	0.85	0.86	0.83	76

Accuracy: 0.8552631578947368
Precision: 0.8333333333333334
Recall: 0.3333333333333333
F1-score: 0.47619047619047616
ROC AUC: 0.8557377049180328

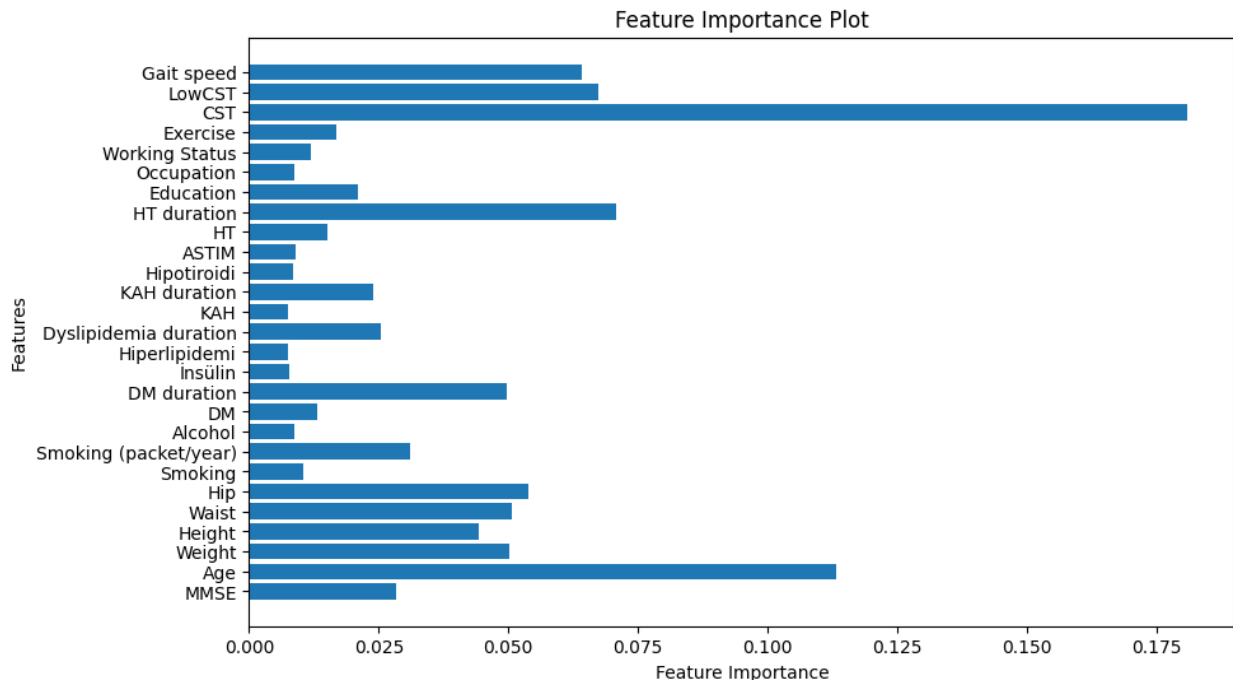
```
['ensemble_model2F.pkl']
```

```
# Get feature importances
```

```
feature_importances =
ensemble_model2F.named_estimators_['rf'].feature_importances_
```

```
# Plot feature importances
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
plt.barh(selected_features, feature_importances)
plt.xlabel('Feature Importance')
plt.ylabel('Features')
plt.title('Feature Importance Plot')
plt.show()
```

```
# Select features
selected_features = [
    'MMSE', 'Age', 'Weight', 'Height', 'Waist', 'Hip', 'Smoking',
    'Smoking (packet/year)', 'Alcohol', 'DM', 'DM duration',
    'Insülin', 'Hiperlipidemi', 'Dyslipidemia duration', 'KAH', 'KAH
duration', 'Hipotiroidi', 'ASTIM',
    'HT', 'HT duration', 'Education', 'Occupation', 'Working
Status', 'Exercise', 'CST', 'LowCST', 'Gait speed',
    'Low grip strength', 'Grip strength']

# Selecting the features and target variable
X = df_women[selected_features]
y = df_women['SARCOPENIA']

# Create the SimpleImputer object with strategy='mean'
imputer = SimpleImputer(strategy='mean')

# Fit and transform the imputer on the numerical columns with missing
values
X_imputed = imputer.fit_transform(X)

# Splitting the dataset into training and testing sets
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X_imputed, y,
test_size=0.2, random_state=42)

# Standardize features
scaler = StandardScaler()
X_train_scaled = scaler.fit_transform(X_train)
X_test_scaled = scaler.transform(X_test)
```

```

# Define models
lr_model = LogisticRegression(random_state=42)
rf_model = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=100, random_state=42)
gb_model = GradientBoostingClassifier(n_estimators=100,
random_state=42)

# Create ensemble model
ensemble_model3M = VotingClassifier(estimators=[
    ('lr', lr_model),
    ('rf', rf_model),
    ('gb', gb_model)
], voting='soft')

# Train ensemble model
ensemble_model3M.fit(X_train_scaled, y_train)

# Predict using ensemble model
ensemble_pred = ensemble_model3M.predict(X_test_scaled)

probabilities = ensemble_model3M.predict_proba(X_test_scaled)[: , 1]
# Diagnose patients
threshold_high = 0.8 # Very high probability threshold
threshold_low = 0.2 # Very low probability threshold

predicted_sarcopenia = ['Positive' if prob >= threshold_high else
'Negative' if prob <= threshold_low else 'Further testing required'
for prob in probabilities]

print(predicted_sarcopenia)

# Evaluate ensemble model
print("\nEnsemble Model:")
print(classification_report(y_test, ensemble_pred))
print("Accuracy:", accuracy_score(y_test, ensemble_pred))
print("Precision:", precision_score(y_test, ensemble_pred))
print("Recall:", recall_score(y_test, ensemble_pred))
print("F1-score:", f1_score(y_test, ensemble_pred))
print("ROC AUC:", roc_auc_score(y_test,
ensemble_model3M.predict_proba(X_test_scaled)[: , 1]))

# Save the trained model
joblib.dump(ensemble_model3M, "ensemble_model3M.pkl", protocol=4)

['Negative', 'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Negative',
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Positive', 'Further testing required',
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative',
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further testing
required', 'Positive', 'Further testing required', 'Further testing
required', 'Further testing required', 'Negative', 'Negative',

```

'Further testing required', 'Negative', 'Further testing required',
 'Negative', 'Positive', 'Negative', 'Further testing required',
 'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Negative', 'Negative',
 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative',
 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further testing required',
 'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Further testing required',
 'Further testing required', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative',
 'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Negative', 'Negative',
 'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Negative', 'Negative',
 'Further testing required', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative',
 'Further testing required', 'Further testing required', 'Negative',
 'Further testing required', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative',
 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative',
 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Negative',
 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further testing
 required', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further testing required',
 'Negative', 'Positive', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further
 testing required', 'Further testing required', 'Negative', 'Negative',
 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Positive', 'Negative', 'Further testing
 required', 'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Negative',
 'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Negative', 'Negative',
 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further
 testing required', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further testing required',
 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative',
 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative',
 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further testing
 required', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative',
 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Negative',
 'Further testing required', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative',
 'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Negative', 'Negative',
 'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Negative', 'Further testing
 required', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further testing required',
 'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Negative', 'Negative',
 'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Positive', 'Negative',
 'Further testing required', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative',
 'Further testing required', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative',
 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further
 testing required', 'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Negative']

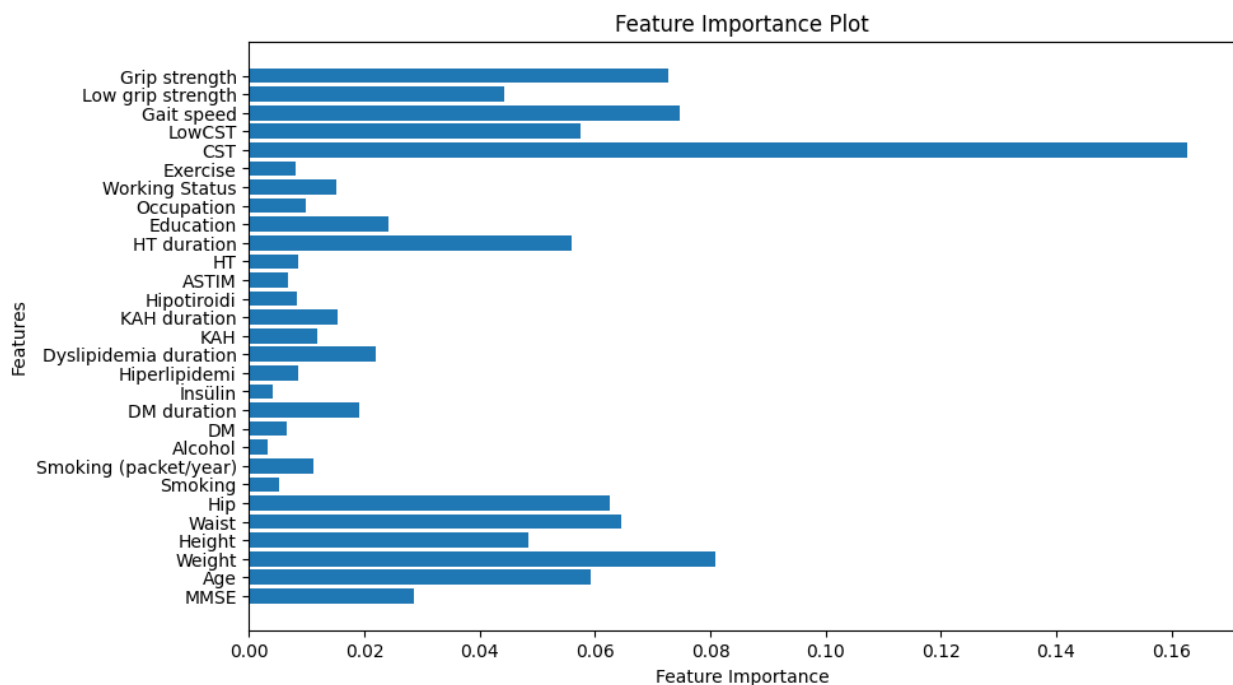
Ensemble Model:

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0.0	0.90	0.97	0.93	155
1.0	0.72	0.43	0.54	30
accuracy			0.88	185
macro avg	0.81	0.70	0.74	185
weighted avg	0.87	0.88	0.87	185

```
Accuracy: 0.8810810810810811
Precision: 0.7222222222222222
Recall: 0.43333333333333335
F1-score: 0.5416666666666666
ROC AUC: 0.924516129032258
```

```
['ensemble_model3M.pkl']
```

```
# Get feature importances
feature_importances =
ensemble_model3M.named_estimators_['rf'].feature_importances_
# Plot feature importances
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
plt.barh(selected_features, feature_importances)
plt.xlabel('Feature Importance')
plt.ylabel('Features')
plt.title('Feature Importance Plot')
plt.show()
```



```
# from google.colab import drive
# drive.mount('/content/drive')

# Select features
selected_features = [
    'MMSE', 'Age', 'Weight', 'Height', 'Waist', 'Hip', 'Smoking',
    'Smoking (packet/year)', 'Alcohol', 'DM', 'DM duration',
    'Insülin', 'Hiperlipidemi', 'Dyslipidemia duration', 'KAH', 'KAH
duration', 'Hipotiroidi', 'ASTIM',
```

```

        'HT', 'HT duration', 'Education', 'Occupation', 'Working
Status', 'Exercise', 'CST', 'LowCST', 'Gait speed',
        'Low grip strength', 'Grip strength']

# Selecting the features and target variable
X = df_women[selected_features]
y = df_women['SARCOPENIA']

# Create the SimpleImputer object with strategy='mean'
imputer = SimpleImputer(strategy='mean')

# Fit and transform the imputer on the numerical columns with missing
values
X_imputed = imputer.fit_transform(X)

# Splitting the dataset into training and testing sets
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X_imputed, y,
test_size=0.2, random_state=42)

# Standardize features
scaler = StandardScaler()
X_train_scaled = scaler.fit_transform(X_train)
X_test_scaled = scaler.transform(X_test)

# Define models
lr_model = LogisticRegression(random_state=42)
rf_model = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=100, random_state=42)
gb_model = GradientBoostingClassifier(n_estimators=100,
random_state=42)

# Create ensemble model
ensemble_model3F = VotingClassifier(estimators=[
    ('lr', lr_model),
    ('rf', rf_model),
    ('gb', gb_model)
], voting='soft')

# Train ensemble model
ensemble_model3F.fit(X_train_scaled, y_train)

# Predict using ensemble model
ensemble_pred = ensemble_model3F.predict(X_test_scaled)
probabilities = ensemble_model3F.predict_proba(X_test_scaled)[: , 1]
# Diagnose patients
threshold_high = 0.8 # Very high probability threshold
threshold_low = 0.2 # Very low probability threshold

predicted_sarcopenia = ['Positive' if prob >= threshold_high else
'Negative' if prob <= threshold_low else 'Further testing required'
for prob in probabilities]

```

```
print(predicted_sarcopenia)

# Evaluate ensemble model
print("\nEnsemble Model:")
print(classification_report(y_test, ensemble_pred))
print("Accuracy:", accuracy_score(y_test, ensemble_pred))
print("Precision:", precision_score(y_test, ensemble_pred))
print("Recall:", recall_score(y_test, ensemble_pred))
print("F1-score:", f1_score(y_test, ensemble_pred))
print("ROC AUC:", roc_auc_score(y_test,
ensemble_model3F.predict_proba(X_test_scaled)[: , 1]))

# Save the trained model
joblib.dump(ensemble_model3F, "ensemble_model3F.pkl", protocol=4)

['Negative', 'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Negative',
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Positive', 'Further testing required',
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative',
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further testing
required', 'Positive', 'Further testing required', 'Further testing
required', 'Further testing required', 'Negative', 'Negative',
'Further testing required', 'Negative', 'Further testing required',
'Negative', 'Positive', 'Negative', 'Further testing required',
'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Negative', 'Negative',
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative',
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further testing required',
'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Further testing required',
'Further testing required', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative',
'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Further testing required',
'Further testing required', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative',
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative',
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Negative',
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further testing
required', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further testing required',
'Negative', 'Positive', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further
testing required', 'Further testing required', 'Negative', 'Negative',
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Positive', 'Negative', 'Further testing
required', 'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Negative',
'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Negative', 'Negative',
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further
testing required', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further testing required',
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative',
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative',
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further testing
required', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative',
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Negative',
```

```
'Further testing required', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative',
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further testing required',
'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Negative', 'Negative',
'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Negative', 'Further testing
required', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further testing required',
'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Negative', 'Negative',
'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Positive', 'Negative',
'Further testing required', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative',
'Further testing required', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative',
'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Negative', 'Further
testing required', 'Negative', 'Further testing required', 'Negative']
```

Ensemble Model:

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0.0	0.90	0.97	0.93	155
1.0	0.72	0.43	0.54	30
accuracy			0.88	185
macro avg	0.81	0.70	0.74	185
weighted avg	0.87	0.88	0.87	185

```
Accuracy: 0.8810810810810811
Precision: 0.7222222222222222
Recall: 0.43333333333333335
F1-score: 0.5416666666666666
ROC AUC: 0.924516129032258
```

```
['ensemble_model3F.pkl']
```

```
# Get feature importances
feature_importances =
ensemble_model3F.named_estimators_['rf'].feature_importances_
# Plot feature importances
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
plt.barh(selected_features, feature_importances)
plt.xlabel('Feature Importance')
plt.ylabel('Features')
plt.title('Feature Importance Plot')
plt.show()
```

