

#Import some libraries to perform some calculations, visualization, plotting, remove warnings and other usage of functions

```
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import sklearn
import numpy as np
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
```

#Load the dataset of Student and stored in variable called stu:

```
stu = pd.read_csv("/content/dataset.csv")
stu
```



	Marital status	Application mode	Application order	Course	Daytime/evening attendance	Previous qualification	Nacionality	Mother's qualification	Father's qualification	Mother's occupation	...	Curricular units 2nd sem (credited)	Curricular units 2nd sem (enrolled)	Curricular units 2nd sem (evaluations)	Curr uni (app
0	1	8	5	2	1	1	1	13	10	6	...	0	0	0	
1	1	6	1	11	1	1	1	1	3	4	...	0	6	6	
2	1	1	5	5	1	1	1	22	27	10	...	0	6	0	
3	1	8	2	15	1	1	1	23	27	6	...	0	6	10	
4	2	12	1	3	0	1	1	22	28	10	...	0	6	6	
...	
4419	1	1	6	15	1	1	1	1	1	6	...	0	6	8	
4420	1	1	2	15	1	1	19	1	1	10	...	0	6	6	
4421	1	1	1	12	1	1	1	22	27	10	...	0	8	9	
4422	1	1	1	9	1	1	1	22	27	8	...	0	5	6	
4423	1	5	1	15	1	1	9	23	27	6	...	0	6	6	

4424 rows × 35 columns

▼ Basic Pandas

#This command gives the information of given dataset:

```
stu.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 4424 entries, 0 to 4423
Data columns (total 35 columns):
#   Column                                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Marital status                        4424 non-null  int64
1   Application mode                      4424 non-null  int64
2   Application order                    4424 non-null  int64
3   Course                              4424 non-null  int64
4   Daytime/evening attendance           4424 non-null  int64
5   Previous qualification               4424 non-null  int64
6   Nacionality                         4424 non-null  int64
7   Mother's qualification               4424 non-null  int64
8   Father's qualification               4424 non-null  int64
9   Mother's occupation                 4424 non-null  int64
10  Father's occupation                 4424 non-null  int64
11  Displaced                           4424 non-null  int64
12  Educational special needs            4424 non-null  int64
13  Debtor                              4424 non-null  int64
14  Tuition fees up to date              4424 non-null  int64
15  Gender                              4424 non-null  int64
16  Scholarship holder                  4424 non-null  int64
17  Age at enrollment                   4424 non-null  int64
18  International                       4424 non-null  int64
19  Curricular units 1st sem (credited)  4424 non-null  int64
20  Curricular units 1st sem (enrolled)  4424 non-null  int64
21  Curricular units 1st sem (evaluations)  4424 non-null  int64
22  Curricular units 1st sem (approved)  4424 non-null  int64
23  Curricular units 1st sem (grade)     4424 non-null  float64
24  Curricular units 1st sem (without evaluations)  4424 non-null  int64
25  Curricular units 2nd sem (credited)  4424 non-null  int64
26  Curricular units 2nd sem (enrolled)  4424 non-null  int64
27  Curricular units 2nd sem (evaluations)  4424 non-null  int64
28  Curricular units 2nd sem (approved)  4424 non-null  int64
29  Curricular units 2nd sem (grade)     4424 non-null  float64
30  Curricular units 2nd sem (without evaluations)  4424 non-null  int64
31  Unemployment rate                   4424 non-null  float64
32  Inflation rate                      4424 non-null  float64
33  GDP                                 4424 non-null  float64
34  Target                              4424 non-null  object
dtypes: float64(5), int64(29), object(1)
memory usage: 1.2+ MB
```

#This command gives the static information of given dataset:

```
stu.describe()
```

	Marital status	Application mode	Application order	Course	Daytime/evening attendance	Previous qualification	Nacionality	Mother's qualification	qi
count	4424.000000	4424.000000	4424.000000	4424.000000	4424.000000	4424.000000	4424.000000	4424.000000	
mean	1.178571	6.886980	1.727848	9.899186	0.890823	2.531420	1.254521	12.322107	
std	0.605747	5.298964	1.313793	4.331792	0.311897	3.963707	1.748447	9.026251	
min	1.000000	1.000000	0.000000	1.000000	0.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	
25%	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	6.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	2.000000	
50%	1.000000	8.000000	1.000000	10.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	13.000000	
75%	1.000000	12.000000	2.000000	13.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	22.000000	
max	6.000000	18.000000	9.000000	17.000000	1.000000	17.000000	21.000000	29.000000	

8 rows × 34 columns

#This command shows the first 5 rows of given dataset:

```
stu.head()
```

	Marital status	Application mode	Application order	Course	Daytime/evening attendance	Previous qualification	Nacionality	Mother's qualification	Father's qualification
0	1	8	5	2	1	1	1	13	10
1	1	6	1	11	1	1	1	1	3
2	1	1	5	5	1	1	1	22	27
3	1	8	2	15	1	1	1	23	27
4	2	12	1	3	0	1	1	22	28

5 rows × 35 columns

#This command shows the last 5 rows of given dataset:

stu.tail()

	Marital status	Application mode	Application order	Course	Daytime/evening attendance	Previous qualification	Nacionality	Mother's qualification	Father's qualificat:
4419	1	1	6	15	1	1	1	1	
4420	1	1	2	15	1	1	19	1	
4421	1	1	1	12	1	1	1	22	
4422	1	1	1	9	1	1	1	22	
4423	1	5	1	15	1	1	9	23	

5 rows × 35 columns

#This command shows the columns of given dataset:

stu.columns

```
Index(['Marital status', 'Application mode', 'Application order', 'Course',
      'Daytime/evening attendance', 'Previous qualification', 'Nacionality',
      'Mother's qualification', 'Father's qualification',
      'Mother's occupation', 'Father's occupation', 'Displaced',
      'Educational special needs', 'Debtor', 'Tuition fees up to date',
      'Gender', 'Scholarship holder', 'Age at enrollment', 'International',
      'Curricular units 1st sem (credited)',
      'Curricular units 1st sem (enrolled)',
      'Curricular units 1st sem (evaluations)',
      'Curricular units 1st sem (approved)',
      'Curricular units 1st sem (grade)',
      'Curricular units 1st sem (without evaluations)',
      'Curricular units 2nd sem (credited)',
      'Curricular units 2nd sem (enrolled)',
      'Curricular units 2nd sem (evaluations)',
      'Curricular units 2nd sem (approved)',
      'Curricular units 2nd sem (grade)',
      'Curricular units 2nd sem (without evaluations)', 'Unemployment rate',
      'Inflation rate', 'GDP', 'Target'],
      dtype='object')
```

#This command shows the order pair of given dataset:

stu.shape

(4424, 35)

#This command gives the duplicated values of given dataset:

stu.duplicated().sum()

0

#This command gives the missing values of given dataset:

stu.isnull().sum()

```
Marital status      0
Application mode    0
Application order    0
Course              0
Daytime/evening attendance  0
Previous qualification  0
Nacionality         0
Mother's qualification  0
Father's qualification  0
Mother's occupation  0
Father's occupation  0
Displaced           0
Educational special needs  0
Debtor              0
Tuition fees up to date  0
Gender              0
Scholarship holder  0
Age at enrollment   0
International       0
Curricular units 1st sem (credited)  0
Curricular units 1st sem (enrolled)  0
Curricular units 1st sem (evaluations)  0
Curricular units 1st sem (approved)  0
Curricular units 1st sem (grade)     0
Curricular units 1st sem (without evaluations)  0
Curricular units 2nd sem (credited)  0
Curricular units 2nd sem (enrolled)  0
Curricular units 2nd sem (evaluations)  0
Curricular units 2nd sem (approved)  0
Curricular units 2nd sem (grade)     0
Curricular units 2nd sem (without evaluations)  0
Unemployment rate   0
Inflation rate      0
GDP                 0
Target              0
dtype: int64
```

#This command counts the values of target column:

stu.Target.value_counts()

```
Graduate    2209
Dropout     1421
Enrolled     794
Name: Target, dtype: int64
```

#This command counts the values of GDP column:

```
stu.GDP.value_counts()

0.32      571
-3.12     533
1.74      525
1.79      445
-1.70     419
2.02      414
-4.06     397
0.79      390
3.51      368
-0.92     362
Name: GDP, dtype: int64
```

#This command counts the values of Course column:

```
stu.Course.value_counts()

12      766
9       380
10      355
6       337
15      331
14      268
17      268
11      252
5       226
2       215
3       215
4       210
16      192
7       170
8       141
13       86
1        12
Name: Course, dtype: int64
```

#This command gives the data type of all columns:

```
data_types = stu.dtypes
print("Data Types:\n", data_types)
```

```
Data Types:
Marital status           int64
Application mode         int64
Application order        int64
Course                   int64
Daytime/evening attendance  int64
Previous qualification    int64
Nacionality              int64
Mother's qualification    int64
Father's qualification    int64
Mother's occupation       int64
Father's occupation       int64
Displaced                int64
Educational special needs int64
Debtor                   int64
Tuition fees up to date  int64
Gender                   int64
Scholarship holder       int64
Age at enrollment        int64
International            int64
Curricular units 1st sem (credited)  int64
Curricular units 1st sem (enrolled)  int64
Curricular units 1st sem (evaluations) int64
Curricular units 1st sem (approved)  int64
Curricular units 1st sem (grade)      float64
Curricular units 1st sem (without evaluations) int64
Curricular units 2nd sem (credited)    int64
Curricular units 2nd sem (enrolled)    int64
Curricular units 2nd sem (evaluations) int64
Curricular units 2nd sem (approved)    int64
Curricular units 2nd sem (grade)      float64
Curricular units 2nd sem (without evaluations) int64
Unemployment rate                 float64
Inflation rate                    float64
GDP                              float64
Target                           object
dtype: object
```

#This command groups the target column ("is_claim") into all other columns.
#Following cammand shows the relationship between target and other column:

```
gp = stu.groupby('Target').count()
gp
```

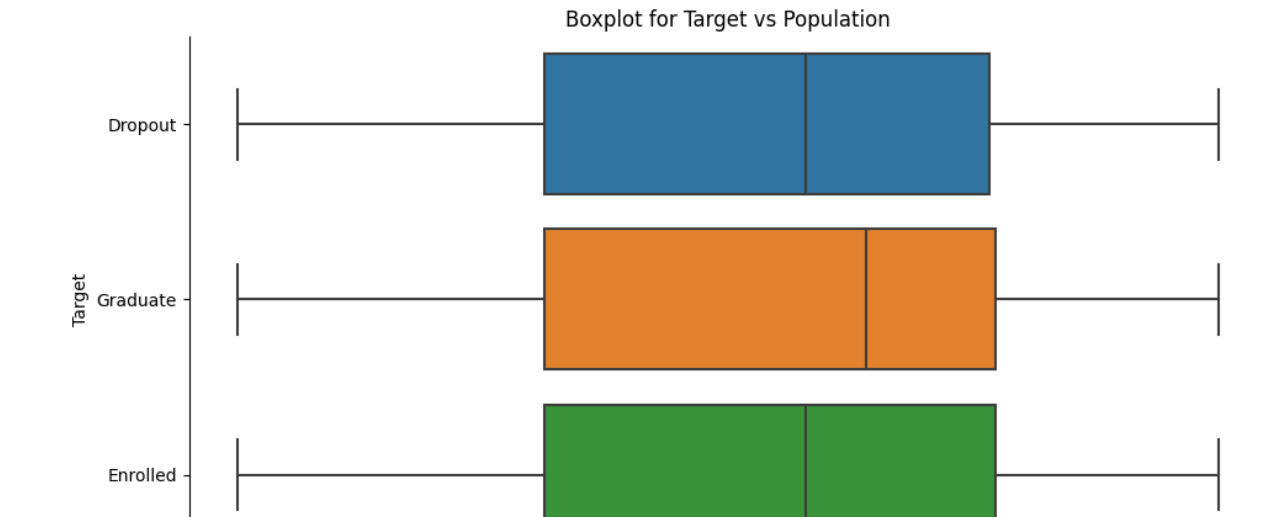
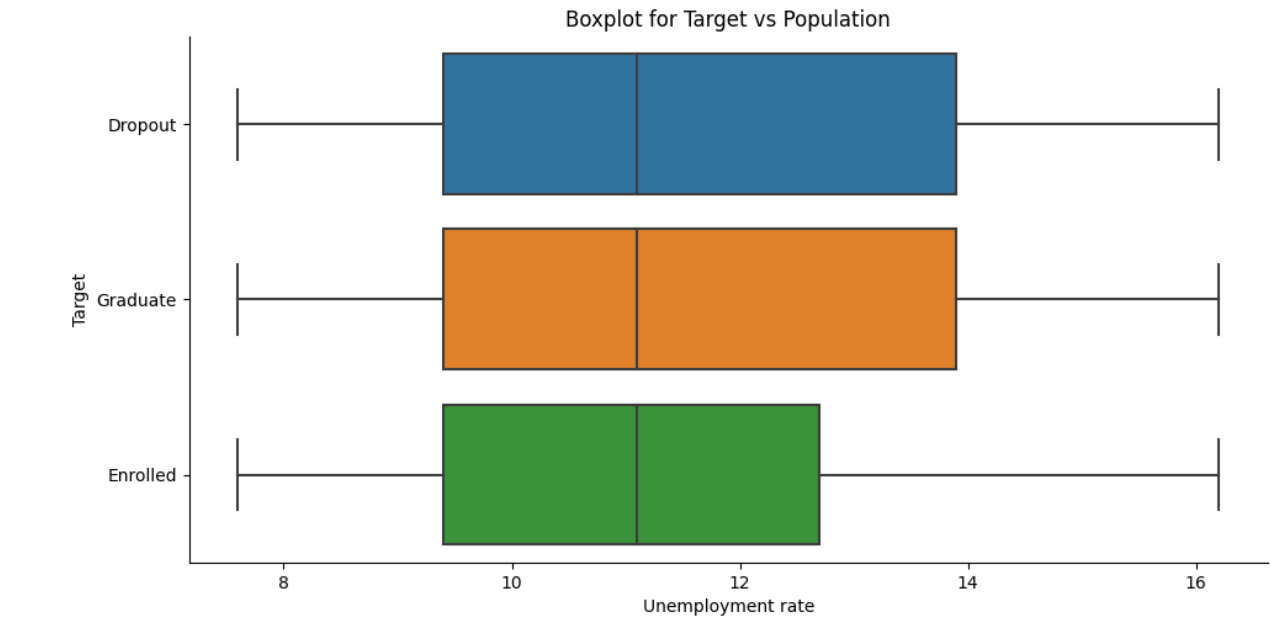
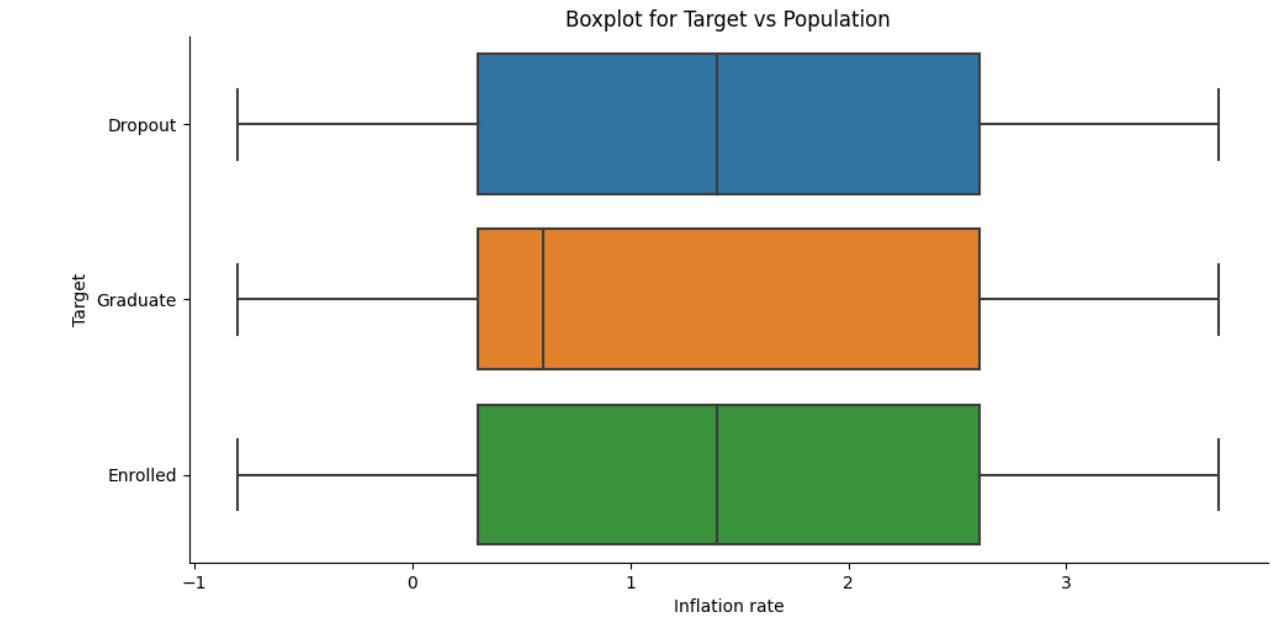
	Marital status	Application mode	Application order	Course	Daytime/evening attendance	Previous qualification	Nacionality	Mother's qualification	Father's qualification
Target									
Dropout	1421	1421	1421	1421	1421	1421	1421	1421	
Enrolled	794	794	794	794	794	794	794	794	
Graduate	2209	2209	2209	2209	2209	2209	2209	2209	

3 rows × 10 columns

Visualization

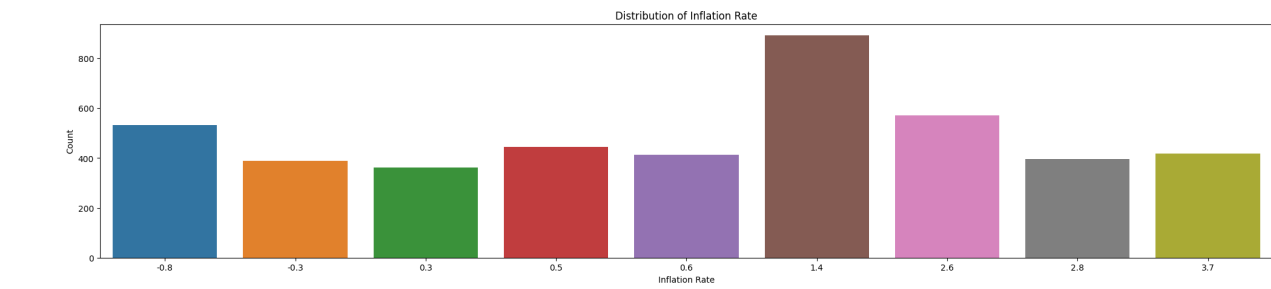
#Tis command is used to draw a catplot between target column and other columns:

```
num_col = ['Inflation rate', 'Unemployment rate', 'GDP']
for i in num_col:
    sns.catplot(x=i, y="Target", data=stu, kind="box", aspect=2)
    plt.title("Boxplot for Target vs Population")
    plt.show()
```



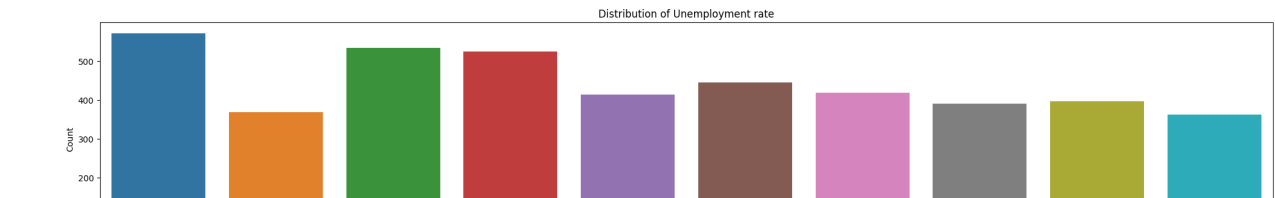
#This command is used to draw a count plot of Inflation rate column:

```
plt.figure(figsize = (25,5))
sns.countplot(x='Inflation rate', data=stu)
plt.xlabel('Inflation Rate')
plt.ylabel('Count')
plt.title('Distribution of Inflation Rate')
plt.show()
```



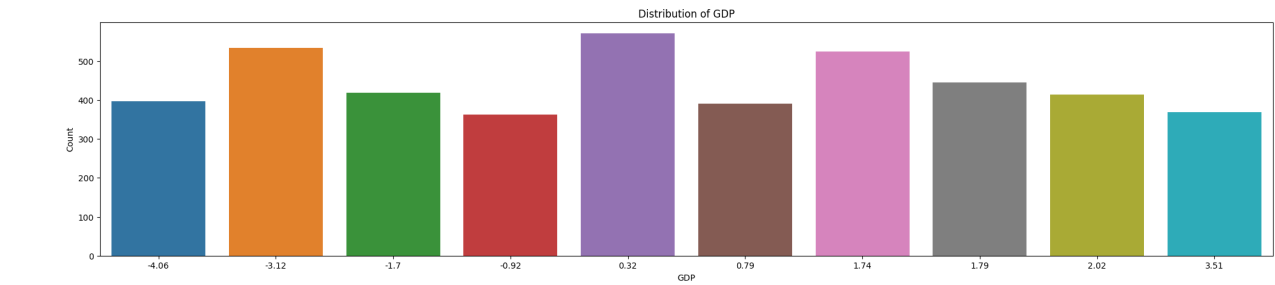
#This command is used to draw a count plot of Unemployment rate column:

```
plt.figure(figsize = (25,5))
sns.countplot(x='Unemployment rate', data=stu)
plt.xlabel('Unemployment rate')
plt.ylabel('Count')
plt.title('Distribution of Unemployment rate')
plt.show()
```



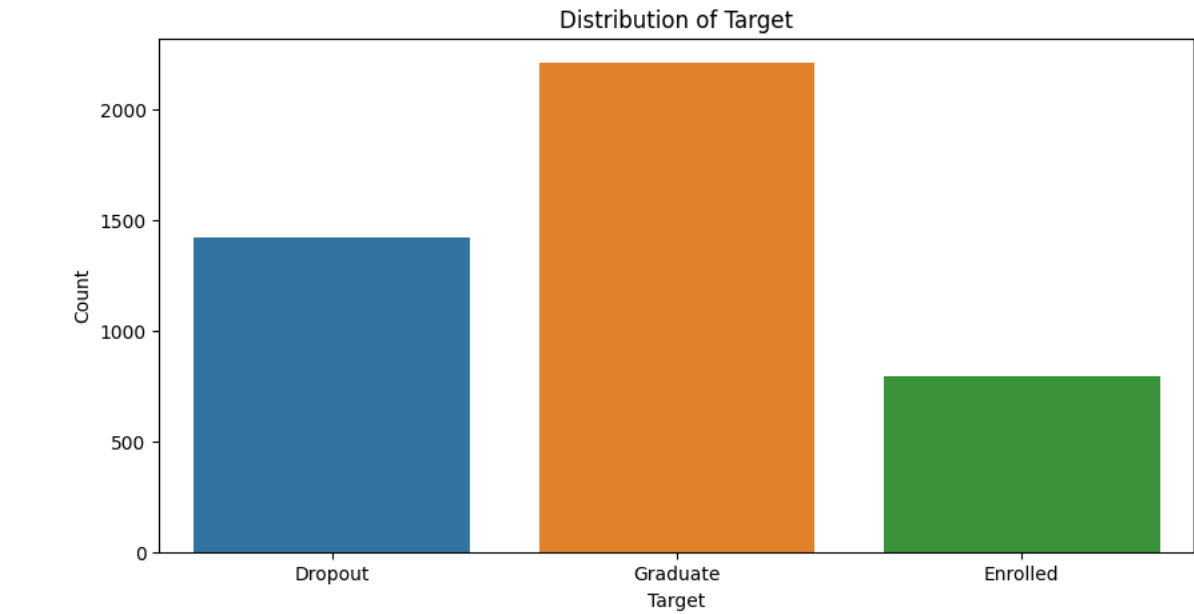
#This command is used to draw a count plot of GDP column:

```
plt.figure(figsize = (25,5))
sns.countplot(x='GDP', data=stu)
plt.xlabel('GDP')
plt.ylabel('Count')
plt.title('Distribution of GDP')
plt.show()
```



#This command is used to draw a count plot of Target column:

```
plt.figure(figsize = (10,5))
sns.countplot(x='Target', data=stu)
plt.xlabel('Target')
plt.ylabel('Count')
plt.title('Distribution of Target')
plt.show()
```



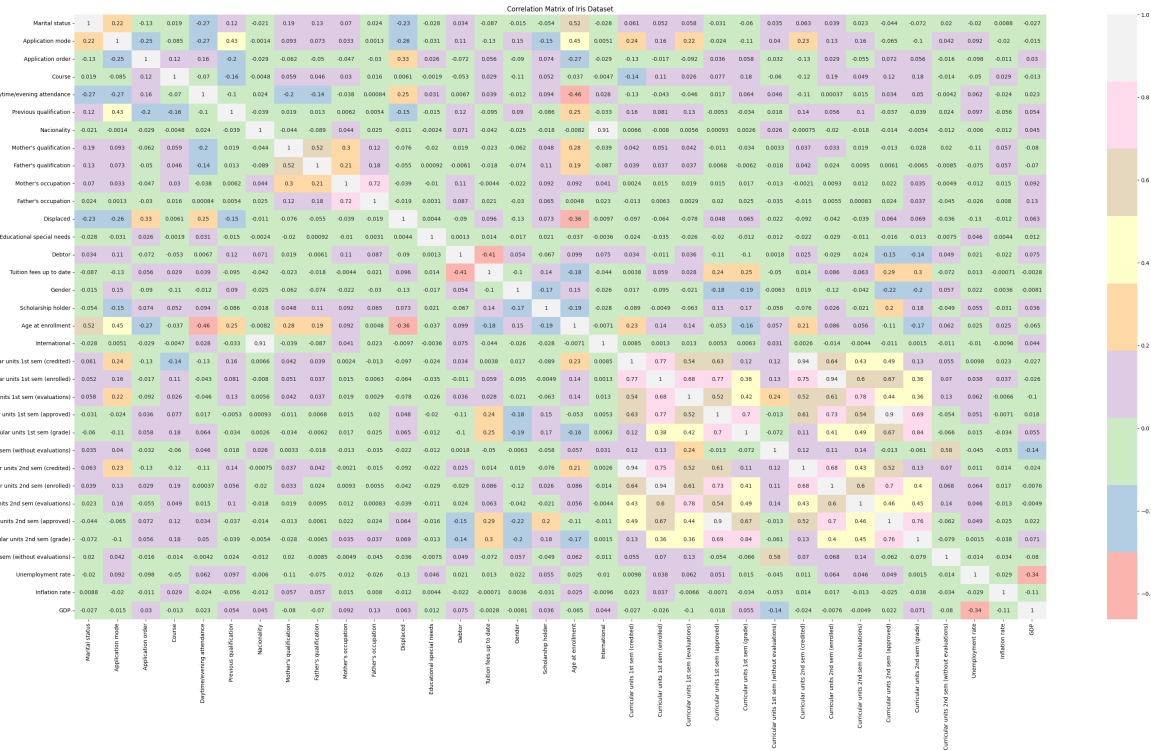
#This command is used to draw correlation matrix:

```
stu.corr()
```

	Marital status	Application mode	Application order	Course	Daytime/evening attendance	Previous qualification	Nacionality	Mother qualification
Marital status	1.000000	0.224855	-0.125854	0.018925	-0.274939	0.120925	-0.020722	0.185522
Application mode	0.224855	1.000000	-0.246497	-0.085116	-0.268616	0.433028	-0.001360	0.092867
Application order	-0.125854	-0.246497	1.000000	0.118928	0.158657	-0.199029	-0.029385	-0.061719
Course	0.018925	-0.085116	0.118928	1.000000	-0.070232	-0.158382	-0.004761	0.058909
Daytime/evening attendance	-0.274939	-0.268616	0.158657	-0.070232	1.000000	-0.103022	0.024433	-0.195346
Previous qualification	0.120925	0.433028	-0.199029	-0.158382	-0.103022	1.000000	-0.038997	0.018868
Nacionality	-0.020722	-0.001360	-0.029385	-0.004761	0.024433	-0.038997	1.000000	-0.043847
Mother's qualification	0.185522	0.092867	-0.061719	0.058909	-0.195346	0.018868	-0.043847	1.000000
Father's qualification	0.128326	0.072798	-0.049936	0.045659	-0.137769	0.013152	-0.088892	0.524545
Mother's occupation	0.069734	0.033489	-0.046591	0.029672	-0.037986	0.006190	0.044123	0.295111
Father's occupation	0.024351	0.001253	-0.029754	0.016489	0.000845	0.005381	0.024538	0.115948
Displaced	-0.234886	-0.263079	0.332362	0.006142	0.251767	-0.149356	-0.010774	-0.075848
Educational special needs	-0.028343	-0.030868	0.025597	-0.001886	0.031017	-0.015015	-0.002399	-0.019840
Debtor	0.034304	0.114348	-0.072151	-0.053149	0.006658	0.117447	0.070860	0.018719
Tuition fees up to date	-0.087158	-0.127339	0.055891	0.029099	0.038799	-0.095246	-0.041721	-0.022848
Gender	-0.014738	0.147226	-0.089559	-0.111383	-0.012326	0.089952	-0.025462	-0.062319
Scholarship holder	-0.053765	-0.152818	0.073709	0.051668	0.093912	-0.085668	-0.018468	0.048219
Age at enrollment	0.522717	0.450700	-0.271154	-0.036929	-0.462280	0.249821	-0.008241	0.279919
International	-0.027905	0.005050	-0.028801	-0.004662	0.027973	-0.033498	0.911724	-0.038619
Curricular units 1st sem (credited)	0.061209	0.238269	-0.133354	-0.140546	-0.127466	0.159940	0.006604	0.041619
Curricular units 1st sem (without evaluations)	0.052107	0.150547	-0.046908	-0.112385	-0.043058	0.098980	0.009044	0.050548

#This command is used to draw a heatmap of correlation matrix:

```
correlation_matrix = stu.corr()
plt.figure(figsize = (40,20))
sns.heatmap(correlation_matrix, annot=True, cmap= 'Pastell1')
plt.title('Correlation Matrix of Iris Dataset')
plt.show()
```



✦ Label Encoding at Target column, Split data into train and test model

```
#import libraries  accuracy and test-train slipt:

import sklearn
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
```

```
# This command is used to Split dataset into X and y:

X = stu.drop(columns= ['Target'])
y = stu[['Target']]
```

```
#This command is used to show the order pair of X and y:

print("X shape is: ",X.shape)
print("y shape is: ",y.shape)

X shape is:  (4424, 34)
y shape is:  (4424, 1)
```

```
#This command split given dataset into test and train:

X_train, X_test, Y_train, Y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size = 0.20)
```

```
#This command shows the order pair of test and train

print("shape of X_train: ", X_train.shape)
print("shape of Y_train: ", Y_train.shape)
print("shape of X_test: ", X_test.shape)
print("shape of Y_test: ", Y_test.shape)

shape of X_train:  (3539, 34)
shape of Y_train:  (3539, 1)
shape of X_test:   (885, 34)
shape of Y_test:   (885, 1)
```

▼ *Classification Model --> "Logistic Regression"*

```
#Import Logistic Regression libraries:

from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
model = LogisticRegression()
```

```
# Fit the Model:

model.fit(X_train, Y_train)
```

▼ LogisticRegression

LogisticRegression()

```
#Calculate accuracy score:

y_pred = model.predict(X_test)
score = accuracy_score(Y_test, y_pred)
accuracy = score*100
print(accuracy)

78.19209039548024
```

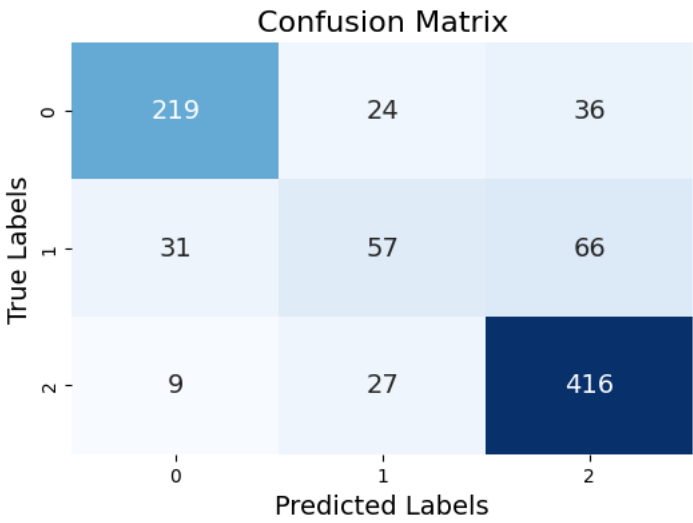
```
# This command is used to draw confussion matrix:

from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
y_pred = model.predict(X_test)
print("Confusion Matrix")
cm_lr = confusion_matrix(Y_test, y_pred)
print(cm_lr)

Confusion Matrix
[[219  24  36]
 [ 31  57  66]
 [  9  27 416]]
```

```
# This command is used to draw a heatmap of confusion matrix:

plt.figure(figsize = (6, 4))
sns.heatmap(cm_lr, annot = True, fmt = 'd', cmap = 'Blues', cbar = False, annot_kws = {'size' : 14})
plt.xlabel('Predicted Labels', fontsize = 14)
plt.ylabel('True Labels', fontsize = 14)
plt.title('Confusion Matrix', fontsize = 16)
plt.show()
```



#This command is used to verify the model based on given dataset:

```
X_test1 = X_test.values
y_test1 = Y_test.values
y_pred = str(model.predict([X_test1[16]]))
print(type(y_pred))

if y_pred == "[0]":
    print("Dropout")
elif y_pred == "[1]":
    print("Enrolled")
elif y_pred == "[2]":
    print("Graduate")

<class 'str'>
Graduate
```

▼ *Classification Model --> "Decision Tree"*

#Import decesion tree classifier library and develop the model:

```
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
dtc = DecisionTreeClassifier()
```

Fit model:

```
dtc.fit(X_train, Y_train)
```

▼ DecisionTreeClassifier

DecisionTreeClassifier()

#This command is used to calculate accuracy of the model:

```
y_pred = dtc.predict(X_test)
score = accuracy_score(Y_test, y_pred)
accuracy = score*100
print(accuracy)
```

68.47457627118644

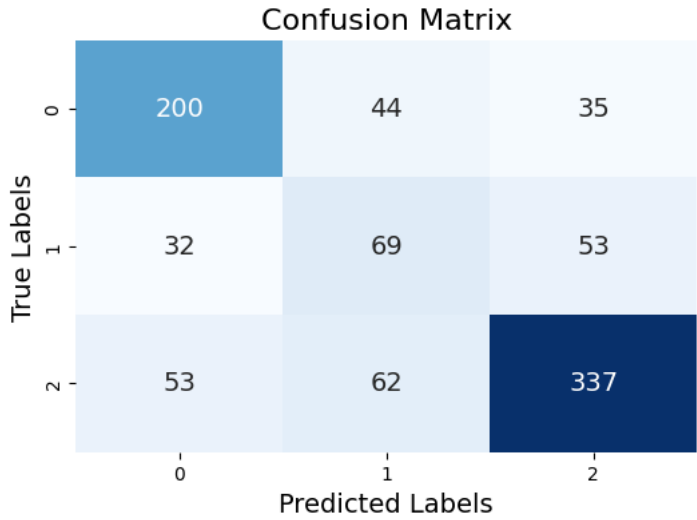
This command is used to draw confussion matrix:

```
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
y_pred = dtc.predict(X_test)
print("Confusion Matrix")
cm_dtc = confusion_matrix(Y_test, y_pred)
print(cm_dtc)
```

```
Confusion Matrix
[[200  44  35]
 [ 32  69  53]
 [ 53  62 337]]
```

This command is used to draw a heatmap of confussion matrix:

```
plt.figure(figsize = (6, 4))
sns.heatmap(cm_dtc, annot = True, fmt = 'd', cmap = 'Blues', cbar = False, annot_kws = {'size' : 14})
plt.xlabel('Predicted Labels', fontsize = 14)
plt.ylabel('True Labels', fontsize = 14)
plt.title('Confusion Matrix', fontsize = 16)
plt.show()
```



▼ *Classification Model --> "Support Vector Machine (SVM)"*

#Import support vector machine library and develop the model:

```
from sklearn.svm import SVC
sss = SVC()
```

#Fit model:

```
sss.fit(X_train, Y_train)
```

▼ SVC

SVC()

#This command is used to calculate accuracy of the model:

```
y_pred = sss.predict(X_test)
score = accuracy_score(Y_test, y_pred)
accuracy = score*100
print(accuracy)
```

74.23728813559322

This command is used to draw confussion matrix:

```
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
y_pred = sss.predict(X_test)
print("Confusion Matrix")
cm_sss = confusion_matrix(Y_test, y_pred)
print(cm_sss)
```

```
Confusion Matrix
[[195  34  50]
 [ 32  42  80]
 [ 15  17 420]]
```

This command is used to draw a heatmap of confussion matrix:

```
plt.figure(figsize = (6, 4))
sns.heatmap(cm_sss, annot = True, fmt = 'd', cmap = 'Blues', cbar = False, annot_kws = {'size' : 14})
plt.xlabel('Predicted Labels', fontsize = 14)
plt.ylabel('True Labels', fontsize = 14)
plt.title('Confusion Matrix', fontsize = 16)
plt.show()
```

