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1.
                     : 2.1.
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                                                  cron? 2.4.
     2.3.
                            /var/spool
  3.
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                                                         newdir. 3.2.
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                                     morefun. 3.3.
                          letters, memos, misk.
     3.4.
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                                               rm.
                ~/newdir/morefun
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  4.
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                man
  5.
               man
                                      ls,
                                    : cd, pwd, mkdir, rmdir, rm.
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  7.
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                             cron, .
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                             ls, cd, pwd, mkdir, rmdir, rm.
          man
                                       . ls -l
. ls -F
                            ls
[ man ls](image/3.png
           man
                                  ls
                                     : -R, -recursive list subdirectories
recursively
          man
                                  ls,
                                      . : -time-style=TIME STYLE
-t -T -u
```

4

```
[zalinaarsoeva@fedora ~]$ pwd
/home/zalinaarsoeva
[zalinaarsoeva@fedora ~]$ cd /tmp
[zalinaarsoeva@fedora tmp]$ ls
systemd-private-d1025455710b4ad59cd5f63805b9belb-chronyd.service-zUciQr
systemd-private-d1025455710b4ad59cd5f63805b9belb-colord.service-kHR8bo
systemd-private-d1025455710b4ad59cd5f63805b9belb-dbus-broker.service-HIWbLG
systemd-private-d1025455710b4ad59cd5f63805b9belb-geoclue.service-zJWIR8
systemd-private-d1025455710b4ad59cd5f63805b9belb-low-memory-monitor.service-hIzohu
systemd-private-d1025455710b4ad59cd5f63805b9belb-How-memory-monitor.service-MELZ8
systemd-private-d1025455710b4ad59cd5f63805b9belb-mower-profiles-daemon.service-9MEHZ8
systemd-private-d1025455710b4ad59cd5f63805b9belb-rtkit-daemon.service-mcLIAb
systemd-private-d1025455710b4ad59cd5f63805b9belb-switcheroo-control.service-p79z55
systemd-private-d1025455710b4ad59cd5f63805b9belb-systemd-logind.service-ptAF6A
systemd-private-d1025455710b4ad59cd5f63805b9belb-systemd-logind.service-ptAF6A
systemd-private-d1025455710b4ad59cd5f63805b9belb-systemd-logind.service-p1B0Q0
systemd-private-d1025455710b4ad59cd5f63805b9belb-systemd-logind.service-p1B0Q0
systemd-private-d1025455710b4ad59cd5f63805b9belb-systemd-resolved.service-aJfIbU
systemd-private-d1025455710b4ad59cd5f63805b9belb-systemd-resolved.service-aJfIbU
systemd-private-d1025455710b4ad59cd5f63805b9belb-systemd-resolved.service-aJfIbU
systemd-private-d1025455710b4ad59cd5f63805b9belb-systemd-resolved.service-Bf70Lh
Temp-e613761f-d03f-4162-a430-zbclz85cc536

[zalinaarsoeva@fedora tmp]$ ls gimp
ls: невозможно получить доступ к 'gimp': Нет такого файла или каталога
[zalinaarsoeva@fedora tmp]$ cd cron
bash: cd: cron: Нет такого файла или каталога
[zalinaarsoeva@fedora tmp]$ cd /val/spool
bash: cd: /val/spool: Нет такого файла или каталога
[zalinaarsoeva@fedora tmp]$ cd ~
[zalinaarsoeva@fedora tmp]$ cd ~
[zalinaarsoeva@fedora tmp]$ cd ~
[zalinaarsoeva@fedora -]$ ls

tbm www. Документы Изображения Обшедоступные Шаблоны
tbm www. Документы Изображения Обшедоступные Шаблоны
tbm www. Рабочий стол'
```

Figure 1: ls

```
[zalinaarsoeva@fedora tmp]$ cd -
[zalinaarsoeva@fedora ~]$ ls
[zalinaarsoeva@fedora ~]$ mkdir newdir
[zalinaarsoeva@fedora ~]$ cd ~
[zalinaarsoeva@fedora ~]$ ls
[zalinaarsoeva@fedora ~]$ cd newdir
[zalinaarsoeva@fedora newdir]$ mkdir morefun
[zalinaarsoeva@fedora newdir]$ ls
[zalinaarsoeva@fedora newdir]$ cd
[zalinaarsoeva@fedora ~]$ mkdir letters, memos, misk
[zalinaarsoeva@fedora ~]$ ls
           memos, newdir temp work Документы Изображения Общедоступные Ша(
misk tap ttt Видео Загрузки Музыка 'Рабочий стол'
[zalinaarsoeva@fedora ~]$ rm -r letters, memos, misk
[zalinaarsoeva@fedora ~]$ ls
 zalinaarsoeva@тedora ~]$ ls
lab tap ttt Видео Загрузки Музыка 'Рабочий стол'
newdir temp work Документы Изображения Общедоступные Шаблоны
[zalinaarsoeva@fedora ~]$ cd
[zalinaarsoeva@fedora ~]$ rm -r newdir
[zalinaarsoeva@fedora ~]$ ls
```

Figure 2:

```
man : cd, pwd, mkdir, rmdir, rm.

: cd - . pwd - .
. mkdir - , . rmdir - , ,
. rm - ,
. history,
```

```
NAME

bash, :, ., [, alias, bg, bind, break, builtin, caller, cd, command, compgen, complete, compopt, continue, declare, dirs, disown, echo, enable, eval, exec, exit, export, false, fc, fg, getopts, hash, help, history, jobs, kill, let, local, logout, mapfile, popd, printf, pushd, pwd, read, readonly, return, set, shift, shopt, source, suspend, test, times, trap, true, type, typeset, ulimit, umask, unalias, unset, wait - bash built-in commands, see bash(1)

GASH BUILTIN COMMANOS

Unless otherwise noted, each builtin command documented in this section as accepting options preceded by - accepts -- to signify the end of the options. The :, true, false, and test/b builtins do not accept options and do not treat -- specially. The exit, logout, return, break, continue, let, and shift builtins accept and process arguments beginning with - without requiring --. Other builtins that accept arguments but are not specified as accepting options interpret arguments beginning with - as invalid options and require -- to prevent this interpretation.

: [arguments]

No effect; the command does nothing beyond expanding arguments and performing any specified redirections. The return status is zero.

. filename [arguments]

Read and execute commands from filename in the current shell environment and return the exit status of the last command executed from filename. If filename does not contain a slash, filenames in PATH are used to find the directory containing filename. The liename for in PATH need not be executable. When bash is not in posix mode, the current directory is searched if no file is found in PATH. If the sourcepath option to the shopt builtin command is turned off, the PATH is not searched. If any arguments are supplied, they become the positional parameters when filename is executed. Otherwise the positional parameters are retained when source completes. The return status is the status of the last command exited within the script (6 if no commands are executed), and false if filename is not found or cannot be read.
```

Figure 3: man cd

```
PWD(1)
                                                                      User Commands
         pwd - print name of current/working directory
SYNOPSIS
          pwd [OPTION]...
DESCRIPTION
          Print the full filename of the current working directory.
         -L, --logical
use PWD from environment, even if it contains symlinks
         -P, --physical
avoid all symlinks
         --help display this help and exit
                   output version information and exit
         If no option is specified, -P is assumed.
         NOTE: your shell may have its own version of pwd, which usually supersedes the version described here. Please refer to your shell's documentation for details about the options it supports.
AUTHOR
REPORTING BUGS
          IND BOOS
GNU coreutils online help: <https://www.gnu.org/software/coreutils/>
Report any translation bugs to <https://translationproject.org/team/>
Copyright © 2021 Free Software Foundation, Inc. License GPLv3+: GNU GPL version 3 or later <a href="https://gnu.org/licenses/gpl.html">https://gnu.org/licenses/gpl.html</a>.

Manual page pwd(1) line 1 (press h for help or q to quit)
```

Figure 4: man pwd

```
MKDIR(1)
                                                   User Commands
                                                                                                              MKDIR(1)
       mkdir - make directories
SYNOPSIS

mkdir [OPTION]... DIRECTORY...
       Create the DIRECTORY(ies), if they do not already exist.
       Mandatory arguments to long options are mandatory for short options too.
       -m, --mode=MODE
     set file mode (as in chmod), not a=rwx - umask
       -p, --parents
    no error if existing, make parent directories as needed, with their file modes unaffected by any
-m option.
       -v, --verbose
print a message for each created directory
              set SELinux security context of each created directory to the default type
       --context[=CTX] like -Z, or if CTX is specified then set the SELinux or SMACK security context to CTX
       --help display this help and exit
       --version
output version information and exit
AUTHOR
REPORTING BUGS
Manual page mkdir(1) line 1 (press h for help or q to quit)
```

Figure 5: man mkdir

```
RMDIR(1)
                                                     User Commands
                                                                                                                RMDIR(1)
       rmdir - remove empty directories
SYNOPSIS

rmdir [OPTION]... DIRECTORY...
DESCRIPTION
       Remove the DIRECTORY(ies), if they are empty.
       --ignore-fail-on-non-empty
              is non-empty
       -p, --parents
    remove DIRECTORY and its ancestors; e.g., 'rmdir -p a/b/c' is similar to 'rmdir a/b/c a/b a'
       --help display this help and exit
               output version information and exit
AUTHOR
       Written by David MacKenzie.
REPORTING BUGS
       GNU coreutils online help: <https://www.gnu.org/software/coreutils/>
Report any translation bugs to <https://translationproject.org/team/>
COPYRIGHT
Copyright © 2021 Free Software Foundation, Inc. License GPLv3+: GNU GPL version 3 or later
Manual page rmdir(1) line 1 (press h for help or q to quit)
```

Figure 6: man rmdir

```
User Commands
                                                                                                                                                                                           RM(1)
 NAME
            rm - remove files or directories
SYNOPSIS
            rm [OPTION]... [FILE]...
 DESCRIPTION
            This manual page documents the GNU version of rm. rm removes each specified file. By default, it does not remove directories.
            If the \underline{-}I or \underline{--interactive=once} option is given, and there are more than three files or the \underline{-}r, \underline{-}R, or \underline{--recursive} are given, then \underline{r}n prompts the user for whether to proceed with the entire operation. If the response is not affirmative, the entire command is aborted.
            Otherwise, if a file is unwritable, standard input is a terminal, and the \underline{-f} or \underline{--force} option is not given, or the \underline{-i} or \underline{--interactive=always} option is given, \underline{rm} prompts the user for whether to remove the file. If the response is not affirmative, the file is skipped.
 \begin{array}{c} \textbf{OPTIONS} \\ \text{Remove (unlink) the FILE(s).} \end{array} 
                         ignore nonexistent files and arguments, never prompt
                       prompt once before removing more than three files, or when removing recursively; less intrusive than -\mathbf{i}, while still giving protection against most mistakes
            --interactive[=WHEN]
prompt according to WHEN: never, once (-I), or always (-i); without WHEN, prompt always
                       when removing a hierarchy recursively, skip any directory that is on a file system different from that of the corresponding command line argument
Manual page rm(1) line 1 (press h for help or q to quit)
```

Figure 7: man rm

history q

•

```
?
1.
2.
                                                      ?
3.
                                                                        ?
                                       ?
4.
                                       ?
                                                                        ?
5.
                                                               ?
                                                                     ?
6.
7.
8.
9.
```

```
52 rm -1 -/temp
53 rm temp
54 rm /temp
55 rm -7/temp*
56 rm -7 -/temp*
57 rm -7 -/lab;
58 mkdir temp lab lab/lab1 lab/lab2 lab/lab3
59 ls
60 cd lab
61 ls
60 cd temp
63 cd -/temp
64 ls
65 touch temp/text1.txt
66 touch -/temp/text2.txt
67 touch -/temp/text3.txt
69 ls
10 mcedit text2.txt
11 mcedit text2.txt
12 mcedit text3.txt
13 cat /temp
14 cat -/temp
15 cat -/temp
16 cat -/temp
17 cat text.txt text2.txt text3.txt
18 cat -/temp/txt
19 cat -/temp/txt
20 cat -/temp/txt
30 cat -/temp/txt
41 mcedit text2.txt text3.txt
42 cat -/temp
43 cat -/temp/txt
44 cat -/temp/txt
45 cat -/temp/txt
46 cat -/temp/txt
47 cat -/temp/txt
48 cat -/temp/txt
49 cat -/temp/txt
50 cat -/temp/txt
51 cat -/temp/txt
52 cat -/temp/txt
53 cat -/temp/txt
54 cat -/temp/txt
55 cat -/temp/txt
56 cat -/temp/txt
57 cat -/temp/txt -/lab/firstname.txt
58 cat -/lab/text.txt -/lab/firstname.txt
59 cat -/lab/text.txt -/lab/firstname.txt
50 cat -/lab/text.txt -/lab/firstname.txt
51 ls
52 cat lab
53 ls -/lab
```

Figure 8: history

```
10.
                                                            ls
  1.
  11.
  12.
                                               ?
 13.
                                                                             ?
1.
                                   Enter.
                 realpath
2.
                                                                                     real path
                   /home//var.
var
   3.
                      ls -F
                                                                                  ⟨⟨.⟩⟩.
      «.myfile».
                                                  ls.
                                                                    ls
                    -a.
                     rm rmdir
    \operatorname{rmdir}
                                                             . rm
   6.
                                                                           history.
   7.
                           , history . . \overset{'}{.} 3 ls -a . . !3:s/a/F ls -F
   8.
                                                                         : cd; ls. 9.
                                                                 ()
: echo "
                                                                                          _{\rm echo}^{,}
   9.
                                    ls,
  10.
                                                                                   pwd
                                                                     {\it realpath}
```

.

12. Ctrl+C ,

 $::: \{\#\mathrm{refs}\}$