Nexus 4

Начальные условия

смещение струных 11(0,x)= 4(x) - Hazarbroe

и (0, x) = 4 (x) - нагальные схорости каледой т. струных

Прошения условия

1. I poda (3. Dupuxue)

 $u(t,0)=\mu_1(t)$ - 30x0+10 representations represent the experience of the $u(t,\ell)=\mu_2(t)$ - 30x0+10 representations $u(t,\ell)=\mu_2(t)$

11(t,0)=0 - yearusur configuer accord zaxpensenor

I poda (z. Heimara)

1/4th,0)=71t) _ euros, decionagrousue me romuse etypnoz $u_x(t,\ell) = \gamma_z(t)$

 $u_x(t,0)=0$ - kongor compyeer repense userosus choodes. $u_x(t,l)=0$

III poda (z. Toderca)

ult,0) + h, ex(t,0) = X,(t)

21(t, l) + hz Ux(t, l)= Xz(t)

suppres zaxpenuenture conque compytion tomas no zaxony XI(t) were X2(t).

u(t,0)+h,ux(t,0)=0

Ux (t, 0) = (h) u(t, 0) cura ynpyroeiu

4. Сиета пносе гр. усл. -- согетение гр. уси. разного рода. Форшула Данамбера 4+=02 Uxx +>0 xER 4 (0,2)= 4 (2) 1. I pusedem yp-e (*) K I Karnoruiz apopule 18=x+at 24 = 16 8+ 477 = 450 - 470 2/2+ = Q(215-217) + = Q(258++4577+-4783+-4777+)= - a (vssa - uspa - upsa + uppa) = = a2(U55-2U57+U77) 1/2 = 1/2 3x + 1/2 7x = 1/5 + 1/2 Nx= (Ux + U2) x = U5 5x + U5 72 + U2 5 2x + U2 72x = = 1195 + 21197 + 1177 todomesalem _ B (*) 02(455-2457+497)=02(45+2457+497) (**) - yp-e (*) B I Kanonuz goopme U 97 = 0 2. Temaem (+x)

U37 = 0

$$\int u_{\xi \uparrow} d\gamma = \int 0 d\gamma = \int u_{\xi} = \frac{1}{3} (3)$$

 $\int u_{\xi \uparrow} d\gamma = \int \frac{1}{3} (3) d\gamma = \int u(3, \gamma) = F(3) + G(\gamma) - \int u_{\xi} d\gamma = \int \frac{1}{3} (3) d\gamma = \int u_{\xi \uparrow} d\gamma$

Обратная зашена

з. Нодставляем решение в наг. усл.

$$u(0x) = F(x) + G(x) = \varphi(x)$$

 $u_{\xi}(0x) = F'(x) \cdot \alpha + G'(x)(-\alpha) = \psi(x)$

$$\begin{cases} F(x) + G(x) = \varphi(x) & x \\ aF(x) - aG'(x) = \varphi(x) & \int_{x_0}^{x} d_1^{x} \\ x & x \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} F(x) + G(x) = \varphi(x) \\ \int_{x_0}^{x} F'(\xi) - G'(\xi) d\xi = \frac{1}{4} \int_{x_0}^{x} \psi(\xi) d\xi \end{cases} \qquad \int_{x_0}^{x} \int_{x_0}^{x} f'(\xi) d\xi = \int_{x_0}^{x} (\xi) d\xi = \int_{x_0}^{x} \psi(\xi) d\xi$$

$$\begin{cases} F(x) + G(x) = \varphi(x) \\ F(x) - G(x) = \frac{1}{\alpha} \int_{x_0}^{x} \psi(\xi) d\xi + C \end{cases}$$

$$F(x) = \frac{\varphi(x)}{2} + \frac{1}{2a} \sum_{s} \psi(s) ds + \frac{C}{2}$$

$$G(x) = \frac{\varphi(x)}{2} - \frac{1}{2a} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \psi(\xi) d\xi - \frac{C}{2}$$

$$-\frac{1}{2a}\int_{x_0}^{x-et} \psi(\xi)d\xi - \frac{C}{2} =$$

$$= \frac{\varphi(x+at) + \varphi(x-at)}{2} + \frac{1}{2a}\int_{x_0}^{x} \psi(\xi)d\xi +$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2a}\int_{x-et}^{x-et} \psi(\xi)d\xi =$$

$$= \frac{\varphi(x+at) + \varphi(x-at)}{2} + \frac{1}{2a}\int_{x-at}^{x+at} \psi(\xi)d\xi$$

- до-ла Данамбера