## soeasyheap writeup

## 1、分析

checksec下 保护是全开的,这倒是很正常的heap题

然后看看程序

```
int __cdecl main(int argc, const char **argv, const char **envp)
 2
 3
    const char *v3; // rdi
4
    v3 = "/dev/urandom";
     fd = open("/dev/urandom", 0, envp);
 7
     if (fd < 0)
8
     v3 = "open fail";
9
10
      puts("open fail");
11
12
     init();
13
     person_ctfers(v3);
14
    return 0;
15 }
```

发现init 里面开了沙箱和获取了setcontext和free\_hook的值,是后面用来判断free\_hook是否被覆盖成setcontext

```
unsigned __int64 init()
 2
 3
    void *handle; // ST08_8
 4
 5
    setbuf(stdin, OLL);
    setbuf(stdout, OLL);
6
     setbuf(stderr, OLL);
    handle = dlopen("libc.so.6", 1);
8
     setcontext_addr = (__int64)dlsym(handle, "setcontext");
9
    _free_hook_addr = (__int64)dlsym(handle, "__free_hook");
10
    dlclose(handle);
11
     return sandbox();
13 }
```

沙箱发现 open execve 被禁止

然后继续

```
void **add()

{
   void **result; // rax
   char v1; // [rsp+Fh] [rbp-51h]
   unsigned int size; // [rsp+10h] [rbp-50h]
   unsigned int size_4; // [rsp+14h] [rbp-4Ch]
   int i; // [rsp+18h] [rbp-48h]
   unsigned int v5; // [rsp+1Ch] [rbp-44h]
```

```
9
      void *buf; // [rsp+20h] [rbp-40h]
10
      char *dest; // [rsp+28h] [rbp-38h]
11
      char s; // [rsp+30h] [rbp-30h]
12
      unsigned __int64 v9; // [rsp+48h] [rbp-18h]
13
14
      v9 = \underline{\quad} readfsqword(0x28u);
15
      memset(&s, 0, 0x10uLL);
16
      printf("index>> ", OLL);
      v5 = Str2Int();
17
18
      if (v5 \le 0x1F)
19
20
        printf("input your name 's size>> ");
21
        size = Str2Int();
        if ( size > 0x1F7 )
22
23
          size = 504;
        buf = calloc(1uLL, size);
24
25
        if (!buf)
26
        {
27
          puts("malloc error");
28
          exit(-1);
        }
29
30
        printf("input your name>> ", size);
31
        read(0, buf, size);
        printf("input your password 's size>> ", buf);
32
33
        size_4 = Str2Int();
34
        if ( size_4 > 0xF8 )
35
          size_4 = 248;
        dest = (char *)calloc(1uLL, size_4);
36
37
        printf("input your password>> ", size_4);
38
        read(0, (char *)&person + 280 * v5 + 16, size_4);
39
        read(fd, &s, 8ull);
40
        v1 = s;
        for ( i = 0; i < strlen((const char *)&person + 280 * v5 + 16); ++i)
41
42
          (_BYTE *)&unk_203090 + 280 * v5 + i) = (v1 + *((char *)&unk_203090)
    + 280 * v5 + i)) % 255;
43
        strcpy(dest, (const char *)&person + 280 * v5 + 16);//这里有个洞, one off
    by null
44
        ((_QWORD *)&unk_203088 + 35 * v5) = buf;
45
        *((_DWORD *)&person + 70 * v5) = size;
46
        result = qword_203190;
        qword_203190[35 * v5] = dest;
47
      }
48
49
      else
50
51
        puts("index error");
52
        result = OLL;
53
54
     return result;
55 }
```

存在one of by null

然后dele对 free\_hook进行了判断

```
unsigned __int64 edit()

{
    size_t v0; // rax
```

```
4
      size_t v1; // rax
 5
      char v3; // [rsp+3h] [rbp-4Dh]
      int i; // [rsp+4h] [rbp-4Ch]
 6
 7
      unsigned int v5; // [rsp+8h] [rbp-48h]
 8
      size_t nbytes; // [rsp+Ch] [rbp-44h]
 9
      unsigned __int64 v7; // [rsp+38h] [rbp-18h]
10
11
      v7 = \underline{\hspace{0.2cm}} readfsqword(0x28u);
      memset((char *)&nbytes + 4, 0, 0x20uLL);
12
13
      printf("index>> ", OLL);
      v5 = Str2Int();
14
      if ( *((_QWORD *)&unk_203088 + 35 * v5) && v5 <= 0x1F && qword_203190[35
15
    * v5] )
16
      {
17
        printf("name>> ");
        read(0, *((void **)&unk_203088 + 35 * v5), *((unsigned int *)&person +
18
    70 * v5));
19
        LODWORD(nbytes) = strlen((const char *)&person + 280 * v5 + 16);
        v0 = strlen((const char *)&person + 280 * v5 + 16);
20
21
        memset((char *)&person + 280 * v5 + 16, 0, v0);
        v1 = strlen((const char *)qword_203190[35 * v5]);
22
23
        memset(qword_203190[35 * v5], 0, v1);
24
        printf("password>> ", OLL);
        read(0, (char *)&person + 280 * v5 + 16, (unsigned int)nbytes);
25
        read(fd, (char *)&nbytes + 4, 8ull);
27
        v3 = BYTE4(nbytes);
28
        for (i = 0; i < strlen((const char *)&person + 280 * v5 + 16); ++i)
          ((BYTE *)\&unk_203090 + 280 * v5 + i) = (v3 + *((char *)\&unk_203090)
29
    + 280 * v5 + i)) % 255;
30
        strcpy((char *)qword_203190[35 * v5], (const char *)&person + 280 * v5
    + 16);
31
      }
      else
32
33
      {
34
        puts("idx error");
35
36
      return __readfsqword(0x28u) ^ v7;
```

## 只能show一次

```
1
    int show()
 2
 3
      __int64 v0; // rax
      signed int i; // [rsp+Ch] [rbp-4h]
 4
 5
 6
      LODWORD(v0) = SHOW\_COUNT;
 7
      if ( SHOW_COUNT == 1 )
 8
 9
        LODWORD(v0) = puts("only one chance to show ");
10
        SHOW\_COUNT = 0;
        for ( i = 0; i \le 31; ++i )
11
12
          v0 = *((_QWORD *)&unk_203088 + 35 * i);
13
14
            LODWORD(v0) = write(1, *((const void **)&unk_203088 + 35 * i), *
15
    ((unsigned int *)&person + 70 * i));
        }
16
```

```
17 | }
18 | return v0;
19 | }
```

## exp编写:

首先用one off by null 来进行unlink,造成double free,然后再劫持top\_chunk,然后就是控制 free\_hook了,但是free\_hook附近并没有可以用的size,所以继续往free\_hook上面的寻找,在0x1000 左右有个size可以满足top\_chunk,然后就是一直malloc到 free\_hook,但此时 没有栈地址,也不能利用setcontext,就只能改成printf,然后泄露stack地址和程序基地址,然后就是rop了