PART 1-UART, BUTTON, SPEECH

Task List

- Remap MUX pins
- > Setup UART for proper operations
- > Setup button for GPIO
- > Enable UART and button interrupts
- > Figure out character sending process in interrupt

HIGH LEVEL

- 1. Setup stack for supervisor and IRQ
- 2. Setup GPIO2 clock and UART2 clock
- 3. Remap mux for P8 by changing register values
- 4. Setup falling edge detect for GPIO2_1
- 5. Unmask bit 1 of MIR_clear1 to allow GPIOINT2A
- 6. Unmask bit 14 of MIR clear1 clear to allow UART interrupts
- 7. Change UART mode to A, and setup for 8 bit, one stop, no parity
- 8. Set DLL and DLH values for desired baud rate
- 9. Set baud rate mode to 16 in MDR1
- 10. Switch back from mode A to operational mode
- 11. Enable THR interrupt and modem interrupt in IER
- 12. Disable and clear FIFO
- 13. Enable IRQ input by clearing bit 7

INT_DIRECTOR

- 1. Save register on stack
- 2. Test bit 14 of IRQ for UART
 - a. If no, the test bit 0 at IRQ1
 - i. If yes, then test bit 1 of GPIO2_IRQStatus_0
 - 1. If yes, then BUTTON SVC
 - b. If yes, then test IIT of IIR UART
 - i. If yes, then TALKER_SVC

BUTTON_SVC

- 1. Turn off GPIO2_1 interrupt
- 2. Clear INTC_Control for NEWIRQ
- 3. Set bit 1 of THR and bit 3 for Modem, change interrupt in IER_UART
- 4. PASS_ON

TALKER_SVC

- 1. Read bit 4 of Modem Status Register
 - a. If 1 then, read bit 5 of LSR UART register
 - i. If 1 then, SEND_CHAR
 - b. If 0 then, branch to NOMODEM

SEND_CHAR

- 1. Load pointer to character in memory
- 2. Load pointer to character counter
- 3. Load character to be sent, increment pointer
- 4. Load character count
- 5. Setup pointer to THR register
- 6. Store character to be sent in THR register
- 7. Subtract countervalue
- 8. Store counter back in data
 - a. If this isn't the last character, PASS_ON
 - b. ELSE
 - i. Reload character pointer
 - ii. Reload character counter
 - iii. PASS_ON

NOMODEM

- a. read bit 5 of LSR UART for TXFIFO
 - i. If yes, then MASK INT
 - 1. PASS ON
 - ii. ELSE
 - 1. PASS_ON

PASS_ON

- 1. Restore register
- 2. SUBS#4 outta there

LOW LEVEL

- 1. Setup stack for supervisor and IRQ
- 3. Setup GPIO2 clock and UART2 clock
 - a. Store 0x02 in CM_PER_GPIO2_CLKCTRL at 0x44E000B0 to enable GPIO2 clock
 - b. Store 0x02 in CM_PER_UART5_CLKCTRL at 0x44E00038 to enable UART5 clock
- 4. Setup falling edge detect for GPIO2_1 and interrupt generation
 - a. Store 0x02 in GPIO2_FALLINGDETECT at 0x4814C000+0x14C using READ, MODIFY, WRITE

- b. Store 0x02 in GPIO2_IRQSTATUS_SET_0 at 0x4814C000+0x034
- 5. Unmask bit 1 on MIR CLEAR1 to allow GPIOINT2A, and bit 14 to allow UART5INT
 - a. Store 0x4001 in INTC_MIR_CLEAR1 at 0x482000A8
- 6. Remap lcd data14 as input for UART5 CTSN (Mode 6)
 - a. Read, ORR, write 0x26 in conf_lcd_data14 at 0x44E10000+0x8D8
- 7. Remap lcd_data15 as output for UART5_RTSN (Mode 6)
 - a. Read, ORR, write 0x06 in conf_lcd_data13 at 0x44E10000+0x8DC
- 8. Remap lcd_data9 as input for UART5_RXD (Mode 4)
 - a. Read, ORR, write 0x24 in conf_lcd_data9 at 0x44E10000+0x8C4
- 9. Remap lcd_data8 as output for UART5_TXD (Mode 4)
 - a. Read, ORR, write 0x04 in conf_lcd_data8 at 0x44E10000+0x8C0
- 10. Change UART mode to A, and setup for 8 bit, one stop, no parity
 - a. Write 0x83 in UART_LCR at 0x481AA000+0x0C
- 11. Set DLL and DLH values for desired baud rate
 - a. Write 0x4E in UART_DLL at 0x481AA000+0x00
 - b. Write 0x00 in UART_DLH at 0x481AA000+0x04
- 12. Set baud rate mode to 16 in MDR1
 - a. Write 0x00 in UART_MDR1 at 0x481AA000+0x20
- 13. Switch back from mode A to operational mode
 - a. Write 0x03 in UART_LCR at 0x481AA000+0x0C
- 14. Disable and clear FIFO
 - a. Write 0x6 to FCR_UART at 0x481AA000+0x08
- 15. Enable IRQ input by clearing bit 7
 - a. BIC #0x80

INT DIRECTOR

- 3. Save register on stack
- 4. Test bit 14 of IRQ for UART
 - a. Test (0x4000) in INTC_PENDING_IRQ1 at 0x482000B8
 - b. If no, the test bit 0 at IRQ1
 - i. Test (0x01) in INTC_PENDING_IRQ1 at 0x482000B8
 - ii. If yes, then test bit 1 of GPIO2 IRQStatus 0
 - 1. Test (0x02) in GPIO_IRQSTATUS_0 at 0x481AC02C
 - 2. If yes, then BUTTON SVC
 - 3. If NO, PASS ON
 - c. If yes, then test IIT of IIR UART
 - i. Test (0x01) in IIR_UART at 0x481AA000+0x08
 - ii. If (interrupt present) 0, then TALKER SVC
- Else PASS_ON

BUTTON SVC

- 9. Turn off GPIO2_1 interrupt
 - a. Store 0x02 in GPIO2_IRQSTATUS at 0x481AC02C
- 10. Set bit 1 of THR and bit 3 for Modem, change interrupt in IER_UART
 - a. Write 0xA to IER_UART at 0x481AA000+0x04
- 11. PASS_ON

TALKER SVC

- 2. Read bit 4 of Modem Status Register
 - a. Test (0x10) in Modem Status Register at 0x481AA000+0x18
 - b. If 1 then, read bit 5 of LSR
 - i. Test (0x20) in LSR_UART at 0x481AA000+0x60
 - ii. If 1 then, send a character
 - iii. Test to see if this is the final character
 - 1. If yes, then Point to first character for next send
 - a. Disable UART_INT
 - i. Reset THR enable bit in the IER UART

Store 0x0000 in IER_UART at 0x481AA000+0x04

2. PASS_ON

SEND_CHAR

- 1. Load pointer to character in memory
- 2. Load pointer to character counter
- 3. Load character to be sent, increment pointer
- 4. Load character count
- 5. Setup pointer to THR register
- 6. Store character to be sent in THR register
 - a. STORE register value in THR_UART at 0x481AA000
- 7. Subtract countervalue
- 8. Store counter back in data
 - a. If this isn't the last character, PASS_ON
 - b. ELSE
 - i. Reload character pointer
 - ii. Reload character counter
 - iii. PASS_ON

NOMODEM

- 1. Test Bit 5 of LSR_UART
 - iv. Test (0x20) in LSR_UART at 0x418AA000+0x60
 - v. If yes, then MASK INT
 - 1. Store 0b00 in IER_UART at 0x481AA000+0x04
 - 2. PASS ON

vi. PASS_ON

PASS_ON

- 16. Restore register
- 17. Clear INTC_Control for NEWIRQ****
 - a. Store 0x01 at INTC_Control at 0x48200048
- 18. SUBS #4 outta there

PART 2 – TIMER, UART, BUTTON, LED, COUNTDOWN

Task List

- Modify UART program to allow for timer interrupts
- > Enable LED after count down
- Have timer trigger the UART speech
- > Setup logic to allow to trigger for LED after countdown

HIGH LEVEL

MAINLINE

- 1. Enable UART5, TIMER4, GPIO2, and GPIO1 clocks
- 2. Initialize LEDs on GPIO1 for output
- 3. Initialize falling_edge_detect and Interrupt on GPIO2_1 for button
- 4. Initialize INTC for interrupts
- 5. Initialize TIMER4 register or 1 second interrupts
- 6. Remap lcd data14 as input for UART5 CTSN (Mode 6)
- 7. Remap lcd_data15 as output for UART5_RTSN (Mode 6)
- 8. Remap lcd_data9 as input for UART5_RXD (Mode 4)
- 9. Remapicd data8 as output for UART5 TXD (Mode 4)
- 10. Initialize UART5 for interrupts and communication with board
- 11. Change UART mode to A, and setup for 8 bit, one stop, no parity
- 12. Set DLL and DLH values for desired baud rate
- 13. Set baud rate mode to 16 in MDR1
- 14. Switch back from mode A to operational mode
- 15. Disable and clear FIFO
- 16. Enable IRQ input by clearing bit 7

INT DIRECTOR

- 1. Test to see if the interrupt came from the UART
 - a. If NO
 - i. Branch to TCHK
- 2. Test to see if the interrupt came from ITT of IIR_UART
 - a. If yes
 - i. Branch to TALKER_SVC

TCHK

- 1. Test to see if the interrupt came from the clock
 - a. If NO,
 - i. Branch to BCHK

- 2. Test to see if the overflow for TIMER4 was triggered
 - a. If NO
 - i. Branch to PASS_ON
- 3. Reset overflow for timer
- 4. Turn on UART5 interrupt by enabling THRIT and MODEMTIST
- 5. Force RTS to active low in UART_MCR Register
- 6. PASS_ON

BCHK

- 1. Test INTC_Pending to see if the interrupt came from the button
 - a. If NO
 - i. Branch to PASS_ON
- 2. Check GPIO2_IRQ for interrupt status
 - a. If YES
 - i. Branch to BUTTON_SVC
 - b. If NO
 - i. Branch to PASS_ON

BUTTON_SVC

- 1. Reset GPIO2 Interrupt request in IRQSTATUS register
- 2. Start TIMER4
- 3. PASS_ON

TALKER_SVC

- 3. Read bit 4 of Modem Status Register
 - a. If 1 then, read bit 5 of LSR UART register
 - i. If 1 then, SEND CHAR
 - b. If 0 then, branch to NOMODEM

SEND_CHAR

- 1. Load pointer to character in memory
- 2. Load pointer to character counter
- 3. Load character to be sent, increment pointer
- 4. Load character count
- 5. Setup pointer to THR register
- 6. Store character to be sent in THR register
- 7. Subtract counter value

- 8. Store counter back in data
- 9. Disable UARTInterrupts
- 10. Reload Timer with new value for 1 second
- 11. If last character is sent, then turn off timer 4
 - a. FLSE
 - i. Turn on TIMER4
- 12. If last character has not been sent then
 - a. Branch to PASS_ON
- 13. Reload character pointer with starting character
- 14. Reload character count with original value
- 15. Turn on USER LEDO

NOMODEM

- b. read bit 5 of LSR UART for TXFIFO
 - i. If yes, then MASK INT
 - 1. PASS_ON
 - ii. ELSE
 - 1. PASS ON

LOW LEVEL

MAINLINE

- 1. Enable UART5, TIMER4, GPIO2, and GPIO1 clocks
 - a. Store 0x02 in CM_PER_GPIO2_CLKCTRL at 0x44E000B0 to enable GPIO2 clock
 - b. Store 0x02 in CM_PER_UART5_CLKCTRL at 0x44E00038 to enable UART5 clock
 - c. Store 0x02 in CM_PER_GPIO1_CLKCTRL at 0x44E000AC to enable GPIO1 clock
 - d. Store 0x02 in CM_PER_TIMER4_CLKCTRLat 0x44E00088_to enable TIMER4 clock
- 2. Initialize LEDs on GPIO1 for output
 - a. Store 0x01E00000 in GPIO1_CLEARDATAOUT at 0x4804C000+0x190
 - b. Store 0xFE1FFFFF in GPIO1_OE at 0x4804C000+0x134_using READ, MODIFY, WRITE
- 3. Initialize falling edge detect and Interrupt on GPIO2 1 for button
 - a. Store 0x02 in GPIO2_FALLINGDETECT at 0x4814C000+0x14C using READ, MODIFY, WRITE
 - b. Store 0x02 in GPIO2 IRQSTATUS SET 0at 0x4814C000+0x034
- 4. Initialize INTC for interrupts
 - a. Store 0x2 in INTC_Sysconfig at 0x48200010
 - b. Store 0x4001 in INTC MIR CLEAR1 at 0x482000A8
 - c. Store 0x10000000 in INTC MIR CLEAR2 at 0x482000C8
- 5. Initialize TIMER4 register or 1 second interrupts
 - a. Store 0x02 in PRCMCLKSEL_TIMER4 at 0x44E00000 +0x510
 - b. Store 0x01 to Timer 4 CFG at 0x48044000+0x010

- c. Store 0x02 to Timer 4 IRQ Enable at 0x48044000 + 0x02C
- d. Store 0xFFFF8000 in Timer 4 TLDR at 0x48044000 + 0x040
- e. Store 0xFFFF8000 in Timer 4 TCRR at 0x48044000 + 0x03C
- 6. Remap lcd_data14 as input for UART5_CTSN (Mode 6)
 - a. Store 0x2E in conf_lcd_data14 at 0x44E10000+0x8D8
- 7. Remap lcd_data15 as output for UART5_RTSN (Mode 6)
 - a. Store 0x0E in conf lcd data13 at 0x44E10000+0x8DC
- 8. Remap lcd_data9 as input for UART5_RXD (Mode 4)
 - a. Store 0x2C in conf_lcd_data9 at 0x44E10000+0x8C4
- Remap lcd_data8 as output for UART5_TXD (Mode 4)
 - a. Store 0x0C in conf_lcd_data8 at 0x44E10000+0x8C0
- 10. Change UART mode to A, and setup for 8 bit, one stop, no parity
 - a. Write 0x83 in UART_LCR at 0x481AA000+0x0C
- 11. Set DLL and DLH values for desired baud rate
 - a. Write 0x4E in UART_DLL at 0x481AA000+0x00
 - b. Write 0x00 in UART_DLH at 0x481AA000+0x04
- 12. Set baud rate mode to 16 in MDR1
 - a. Write 0x00 in UART_MDR1 at 0x481AA000+0x20 ACCORDING TO DATABOOK, THIS IS DONE AFTER LCR
- 13. Switch back from mode A to operational mode
 - a. Write 0x03 in UART_LCR at 0x481AA000+0x0C
- 14. Disable and clear FIFO
 - a. Write 0x6 to FCR_UART at 0x481AA000+0x08
- 15. Enable IRQ input by clearing bit 7
 - a. BIC #0x80

INT DIRECTOR

- 1. Test to see if the interrupt came from the UART
 - a. Test (0x4000) bit 14 of INTC_PENDING_IRQ1 at 0x482000B8
 - b. If NO
 - i. Branch to TCHK
- 2. Test to see if the interrupt came from ITT of IIR UART
 - a. Test (0x01) bit 0 of IIR_UART at 0x481AA008
 - b. If yes
 - i. Branch to TALKER_SVC

TCHK

- 1. Test to see if the interrupt came from the clock
 - a. Test bit 28 (0x10000000) of INTC_Pending_IRQ2 at 0x482000D8
 - b. If NO.
 - i. Branch to BCHK

- 2. Test to see if the overflow for TIMER4 was triggered
 - a. Test bit 1 (0x02) of TIMER4 IRQStatus at 0x48044028
 - b. If NO
 - i. Branch to PASS_ON
- 3. Reset overflow for timer
 - a. Store 0x02 in TIMER4_IRQStatus at 0x48044028
- 4. Turn on UART5 interrupt by enabling THRIT and MODEMTIST
 - a. Store 0xA in IER_UART at 0x481AA004
- 5. Force RTS to active low in UART_MCR Register
 - a. Store 0x2 in MCR_UART at 0x481AA010
- 6. PASS ON

BCHK

- 1. Test INTC_Pending to see if the interrupt came from the button
 - a. Test bit 0 (0x01) of INTC_PENDING_IRQ1 at 0x482000B8
 - b. If NO
 - i. Branch to PASS ON
- 2. Check GPIO2_IRQ for interrupt status
 - a. Test bit 1 (0x02) of GPIO2_IRQSTATUS_0 at 0x481AC02C
 - b. If YES
 - i. Branch to BUTTON SVC
 - c. If NO
 - i. Branch to PASS_ON

BUTTON_SVC

- 1. Reset GPIO2 Interrupt request in IRQSTATUS register
 - a. Store 0x02 in GPIO2_IRQSTATUS_0 at 0x481AC02C
- 2. Start TIMER4
 - a. Store 0x01 in TIMER4_TCLR at 0x48044038
- 3. PASS_ON

TALKER_SVC

- 1. Read bit 4 of Modem Status Register
 - a. Test bit 4 (0x10) of MSR_UART at 0x481AA018
 - b. If 1 then, read bit 5 of LSR_UART register
 - i. Test bit 5 (0x20) of LSR_UART at 0x481AA014
 - ii. If 1 then, SEND_CHAR
 - c. If 0 then, branch to NOMODEM

SEND_CHAR

- 1. Load pointer to character in memory
- 2. Load pointer to character counter
- 3. Load character to be sent, increment pointer
- 4. Load character count
- 5. Setup pointer to THR register
- 6. Store character to be sent in THR register
 - a. Store character in THR UART at 0x481AA000
- 7. Subtract counter value
- 8. Store counter back in data
- 9. Disable UART Interrupts
 - a. Store 0x0 in IER_UART at 0x481AA004
- 10. Reload Timer with new value for 1 second
 - a. Store 0xFFFF8000 in TIMER_TCRR at 0x4804403C
- 11. If last character is sent, then turn off timer 4
 - a. Store 0x00 in TIMER_TCLR at 0x48044038
 - b. ELSE
 - i. Turn on TIMER4
 - ii. Store 0x01 in TIMER_TLCR at 0x48044038
- 12. If last character has not been sent then
 - a. Branch to PASS ON
- 13. Reload character pointer with starting character
- 14. Reload character count with original value
- 15. Turn on USER LEDO
 - a. Store 0x00200000 in GPIO2_SETDATAOUT at 0x4804C000

NOMODEM

- 2. Test Bit 5 of LSR_UART
 - iii. Test (0x20) in LSR_UART at 0x418AA000+0x60
 - iv. If yes, then MASK INT
 - 1. Store 0b00 in IER_UART at 0x481AA000+0x04
 - 2. PASS_ON
 - v. PASS ON

PASS ON

- 1. Restore register
- 2. Clear INTC_Control for NEWIRQ****
 - a. Store 0x01 at INTC_Control at 0x48200048
- 3. SUBS #4 outta there