

Test 1: School

1. Setup:

- 1) Upload your code to the first School Board Atmega (Atmega1)
- 2) Upload the code “Complete_school_boardTest1” to the second Atmega (Atmega2)
- 3) In the code “sketch_oct06aMasterTest1”, Line 14 change the value of “I2CAdressSchoolToTest” to match the i2c address of your school.

```
const int I2CAdressSchoolToTest = 1; //I2C adress of the board we want to test.
```

- 4) Upload the code “sketch_oct06aMasterTest1” to the Arduino Uno (remember to change the board type to ‘Arduino Uno’ in the IDE)
- 5) Insert the 2 School board Atmegas in the testbeds of the soldered testing board.
- 6) Connect the Arduino Uno to the Testing board (see connection in annexe)
- 7) Open the Serial monitor.

Note : You may have to reset the testing board before testing by disconnecting and reconnecting the 3V3.

2. Expected result:

During Round 1:

- **Test 1.1:** The Atmega 1 must calibrate its photoresistor at the beginning of the round and send the log to the master:

```
#####
beginning of the round 1 :
degraded acceptance test
#####
Request Arduino 1 Init LDR
Request Arduino 22 Init LDR
Log : From Arduino 1 : Calibrating the LDR ...
Log : From Arduino 22 : Calibrating the LDR ...
Log : From Arduino 1 : LDR Calibration Done.
Log : From Arduino 1 : Max Luminosity = 1
Log : From Arduino 1 : Mean Luminosity = 0.25
Log : From Arduino 1 : Threshold Value = 50
Log : From Arduino 22 : LDR Calibration Done.
Log : From Arduino 22 : Max Luminosity = 7
Log : From Arduino 22 : Mean Luminosity = 6.35
Log : From Arduino 22 : Threshold Value = 56
```

- **Test 1.2:** The Atmega1 must send the first word and Atmega2 must receive it correctly:

```
Request Arduino 22 Listen
Request Arduino 1 tosay a word
Log : From Arduino 1 : Message to send: launch
Log : From Arduino 1 : End of transmission
```

```
Log : From Arduino 22 : Received message : launch
Log : From Arduino 22 : Next message to send : space
```

- **Test 1.3:** When the Atmega 2 sends a word with no mistakes (“space”), Atmega 1 must receive it and translate it correctly

```
Request Arduino 1 Listen
Request Arduino 22 tosay a word
Log : From Arduino 22 : Message to send: space
Log : From Arduino 1 : Received message : space
Log : From Arduino 1 : Next message to send : challen&
Log : From Arduino 1 : ge
Log : From Arduino 22 : End of transmission
```

- **Test 1.4:** When the Atmega 2 sends a word with one mistake (“lxunch”), Atmega 1 must receive it and translate it correctly

```
Request Arduino 1 Listen
Request Arduino 22 tosay a word
Log : From Arduino 22 : Message to send: lxunch
Log : From Arduino 1 : Received message : lxunch
Log : From Arduino 1 : Next message to send : space
Log : From Arduino 22 : End of transmission
```

- **Test 1.5:** When the Atmega 2 sends a word with one missing letter (“stdent”), Atmega 1 must receive it and translate it correctly.

```
Request Arduino 1 Listen
Request Arduino 22 tosay a word
Log : From Arduino 22 : Message to send: stdent
Log : From Arduino 1 : Received message : stdent
Log : From Arduino 1 : Next message to send : cubsat
Log : From Arduino 22 : End of transmission
```

- **Test 1.6:** When the Atmega 2 sends an unrecognized word (“xxx”), Atmega 1 must receive it, raise an error and find a new word to send next.

```
Request Arduino 1 Listen
Request Arduino 22 tosay a word
Log : From Arduino 22 : Message to send: xxx
Log : From Arduino 1 : Received message : xxx
Log : From Arduino 1 : Error no translation for : xxx
Log : From Arduino 1 : Next message to send : student
Log : From Arduino 22 : End of transmission
```

- **Test 1.7:** When the Atmega 2 sends an unrecognized character (“????”) Atmega 1 must receive it, raise an error and find a new word to send next.

```
Request Arduino 1 Listen
Request Arduino 22 to say a word
Log : From Arduino 22 : Message to send: ???
Log : From Arduino 1 : Received message : ???
Log : From Arduino 1 : Error no translation for : ???
Log : From Arduino 1 : Next message to send : launch
Log : From Arduino 22 : End of transmission
```

During Round 2 :

- **Test 1.7:** The Atmega 1 must calibrate its photoresistor at the beginning of the round

```
#####
- beginning of the round 2 :
- No reception acceptance test
- #####
- Request Arduino 1 Init LDR
- Request Arduino 22 Init LDR
- Log : From Arduino 1 : Calibrating the LDR ...
- Log : From Arduino 22 : Calibrating the LDR ...
- Log : From Arduino 1 : LDR Calibration Done.
- Log : From Arduino 1 : Max Luminosity = 1
- Log : From Arduino 1 : Mean Luminosity = 0.25
- Log : From Arduino 1 : Threshold Value = 50
- Log : From Arduino 22 : LDR Calibration Done.
- Log : From Arduino 22 : Max Luminosity = 7
- Log : From Arduino 22 : Mean Luminosity = 6.35
- Log : From Arduino 22 : Threshold Value = 56
```

- **Test 1.8:** When Atmega 1 doesn't receive anything in Listen mode, it must raise an error and the Atmega1 must find a new word to send next.

```
- Request Arduino 1 Listen
- Request Arduino 22 to not say anything
- Log : From Arduino 1 : Error no message received
- Log : From Arduino 1 : Next message to send : launch
```

Annexe

Checklist

Test	Description	Pass	Fail
Test 1	Test 1 is only a test of the code, checking if the basic behaviour of is correct and if it can handle small issues.		
Test 1.1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• The code can send a log to the master.• The code can receive the InitLDR request from the master.• The code is calibrating the LDR when requested		
Test 1.2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• The code can be the first to say a word.• The code handle morse transmission correctly.		
Test 1.3 *	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• The code can translate words with a one-character mistake.		
Test 1.4 *	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• The code can translate words with one character missing		
Test 1.5	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• The software can receive an unknown word and continue properly.• When receiving an unknown word, the code raises an error.		
Test 1.6	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• The code can receive unknown characters and continue properly.• When receiving unknown characters, the code raises an error.		
Test 1.7	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• The code is calibrating the LDR when requested even after some time		
Test 1.8	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• The code can receive nothing during the listen mode and continue properly.• When receiving nothing during the listen mode, the code raises an error.		

The tests with * (Test 1.3 & 1.4) are not necessary to work but are good to include for completeness.

Connection



Testing Board	Arduino
Pin 40	Gnd
Pin 38	3V3
Pin 3	A2
Pin 1	A3