## Simboliskie aprēķini

Aprēķiniet ab, ņemot vērā, ka rezultāts var būt lielāks par 264

```
3^{100} = 515 \ 377 \ 520 \ 732 \ 011 \ 331 \ 036 \ 461 \ 129 \ 765 \ 621 \ 272 \ 702 \ 107 \ 522 \ 001
typedef int digits[1000]; // 1024 -> 4, 2, 0, 1, -1 ...
int length(digits dig){
   int len = 0;
   while (dig[len] >= 0) len++;
   return len;
}
string toString(digits dig) {
   string res{ "" };
   for (int d = length(dig) - 1; d >= 0; d--) {
      res += dig[d] + '0';
      if (d % 3 == 0 && d != 0) res += ' ';
   return res;
}
```

## Simboliskie aprēķini

```
void mul(digits num, int multiplier) {
   int carry = 0, d;
   for (d = 0; num[d] >= 0; d++) {
     num[d] = num[d] * multiplier + carry;
     carry = num[d] / 10;
     num[d] %= 10;
  while (carry) {
     num[d++] = carry % 10;
     carry /= 10;
  num[d] = -1;
void power(digits result, int base, int exponent) {
  result[0] = 1;
   result[1] = -1;
   for (int i = 0; i < exponent; i++) mul(result, base);</pre>
```

## Simboliskie aprēķini

```
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
using namespace std;
typedef int digits[1000]; // 1024 -> 4, 2, 0, 1, -1 ...
int length(digits dig) {...}
string toString(digits dig) {...}
void mul(digits num, int multiplier) {...}
void power(digits result, int base, int exponent) {...}
int main()
{
   digits pow;
   int base, exp;
   cout << "Enter the base of power: "; cin >> base;
   cout << "Enter the exponent of power: "; cin >> exp;
   power(pow, base, exp);
   cout << base << " ^ " << exp << " = " << toString(pow) << "\n";</pre>
```

## Mājas uzdevums: simboliskie aprēķini

Pieprasīt no klaviatūras veselo skaitli **n** (**0 < n < 10000**), izmantojot simboliskus aprēķinus, aprēķināt un izvadīt uz ekrāna:

```
A: n! (n! = 1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 4 \cdot ... \cdot n)
         30! = 265 252 859 812 191 058 636 308 480 000 000
         50! = 30 414 093 201 713 378 043 612 608 166 064 768 844 377 641 568 960 512
                000 000 000 000
B: 3^n + 2^n
    3^{100}+2^{100} = 515 \ 377 \ 520 \ 732 \ 011 \ 332 \ 304 \ 111 \ 729 \ 993 \ 850 \ 674 \ 198 \ 810 \ 727 \ 377
    3^{200}+2^{200} = 265 613 988 875 874 769 338 781 322 035 779 628 436 171 496 912 384 771
                516 537 054 080 255 093 423 505 176 777 177 534 345 377
C: 3^n - 2^n
    3^{100}-2^{100} = 515 \ 377 \ 520 \ 732 \ 011 \ 329 \ 768 \ 810 \ 529 \ 537 \ 391 \ 871 \ 205 \ 404 \ 316 \ 625
    3^{200}-2^{200} = 265 613 988 875 874 769 338 781 322 035 779 625 222 295 408 394 404 220
                432 612 869 397 929 888 379 099 189 211 591 863 742 625
D: 3^{n} \times 2^{n}
    3^{50} \times 2^{50} = 808\ 281\ 277\ 464\ 764\ 060\ 643\ 139\ 600\ 456\ 536\ 293\ 376
    3^{100} \times 2^{100} = 653 318 623 500 070 906 096 690 267 158 057 820 537 143 710 472 954 871
                543 071 966 369 497 141 477 376
```