

Quiz 6

$$\begin{aligned}
 V_g &= 40 \text{ mV} & \text{Find } V_o(t) \\
 R_a &= 400 \text{ k} & R_1 = 500 \text{ k} \\
 R_b &= 400 \text{ k} & R_2 = 2.5 \times 10^6 \\
 C_1 &= 250 \times 10^{-9} & C_2 = 100 \times 10^{-9}
 \end{aligned}$$

particular solution: $V_o(\infty) = V_g \left(\frac{-R_a}{R_1} \right) = \frac{40}{1000} \left(\frac{-4 \times 10^5}{5 \times 10^5} \right) = 0.04 \times (-0.8) = -0.032$

$$\Rightarrow V_o(t) = -0.032 + B e^{-at}$$

$$T_1 = 5 \times 10^5 \times 250 \times 10^{-9} = 0.125$$

$$T_2 = 2.5 \times 10^6 \times 100 \times 10^{-9} = 0.25$$

$$\frac{d^2 V_o}{dt^2} + (8+4) \frac{dV_o}{dt} + (32) V_o = \frac{0.04}{4 \times 10^5 \times 250 \times 10^{-9} \times 400 \times 10^3 \times 100 \times 10^{-9}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{d^2 V_o}{dt^2} + 12 \frac{dV_o}{dt} + 32 V_o = 10$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \Delta &= (R_1 + R_2)^2 C_2^2 - 4 R_1 C_1 R_2 C_2 \\
 &= (3 \text{ M})^2 (10^{-14}) - 125 \times 10^{10} \times 25000 \times 10^{-18} \\
 &= 9 \times 10^{-12} - 0.03125
 \end{aligned}$$

< 0

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