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# Bit Fields in C

#include <stdio.h>

In C, we can specify size (in bits) of structure and union members. The idea is to use memory efficiently when we know that the value of a field or group of fields will never exceed a limit or is withing a small range.

For example, consider the following declaration of date without use of bit fields.

```
// A simple representation of date
struct date
{
    unsigned int d;
    unsigned int m;
    unsigned int y;
};

int main()
{
    printf("Size of date is %d bytes\n", sizeof(struct date));
    struct date dt = {31, 12, 2014};
    printf("Date is %d/%d/%d", dt.d, dt.m, dt.y);
}
```

Run on IDE

## Output:

```
Size of date is 12 bytes
Date is 31/12/2014
```

The above representation of 'date' takes 12 bytes on a compiler where an unsigned int takes 4 bytes. Since we know that the value of d is always from 1 to 31, value of m is from 1 to 12, we can optimize the space using bit fields.

```
#include <stdio.h>
// A space optimized representation of date
struct date
{
    // d has value between 1 and 31, so 5 bits
    // are sufficient
    unsigned int d: 5;

    // m has value between 1 and 12, so 4 bits
    // are sufficient
```



```
unsigned int m: 4;
unsigned int y;
};
int main()
{
  printf("Size of date is %d bytes\n", sizeof(struct date));
  struct date dt = {31, 12, 2014};
  printf("Date is %d/%d/%d", dt.d, dt.m, dt.y);
  return 0;
}
```

Run on IDE

Output:

```
Size of date is 8 bytes
Date is 31/12/2014
```

### Following are some interesting facts about bit fields in C.

1) A special unnamed bit field of size 0 is used to force alignment on next boundary. For example consider the following program.

```
#include <stdio.h>
// A structure without forced alignment
struct test1
    unsigned int x: 5;
   unsigned int y: 8;
};
// A structure with forced alignment
struct test2
   unsigned int x: 5;
   unsigned int: 0;
   unsigned int y: 8;
};
int main()
   printf("Size of test1 is %d bytes\n", sizeof(struct test1));
printf("Size of test2 is %d bytes\n", sizeof(struct test2));
    return 0;
}
```

Run on IDE

Output:

```
Size of test1 is 4 bytes
Size of test2 is 8 bytes
```

2) We cannot have pointers to bit field members as they may not start at a byte boundary.

#include <stdio.h>



```
struct test
{
   unsigned int x: 5;
   unsigned int y: 5;
   unsigned int z;
};
int main()
   struct test t;
   // Uncommenting the following line will make
   // the program compile and run
printf("Address of t.x is %p", &t.x);
   // The below line works fine as z is not a
   // bit field member
   printf("Address of t.z is %p", &t.z);
   return 0;
}
                                                                                                    Run on IDE
Output:
  error: attempt to take address of bit-field structure member 'test::x'
It is implementation defined to assign an out-of-range value to a bit field member.
#include <stdio.h>
struct test
{
   unsigned int x: 2;
   unsigned int y: 2; unsigned int z: 2;
int main()
{
   struct test t;
   t.x = 5;
printf("%d", t.x);
   return 0;
                                                                                                    Run on IDE
Output:
 Implementation-Dependent
4) In C++, we can have static members in a structure/class, but bit fields cannot be static.
// The below C++ program compiles and runs fine
struct test1 {
   static unsigned int x;
```

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// But below C++ program fails in compilation as bit fields

int main() { }

// cannot be static
struct test1 {

```
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      static unsigned int x: 5;
  int main() { }
  // error: static member 'x' cannot be a bit-field
                                                                                                     Run on IDE
  5) Array of bit fields is not allowed. For example, the below program fails in compilation.
  struct test
     unsigned int x[10]: 5;
  };
  int main()
  {
  }
                                                                                                     Run on IDE
  Output:
```

```
error: bit-field 'x' has invalid type
```

### **Exercise:**

Predict the output of following programs. Assume that unsigned int takes 4 bytes and long int takes 8 bytes.

1)

```
#include <stdio.h>
struct test
   unsigned int x;
   unsigned int y: 33;
   unsigned int z;
};
int main()
{
   printf("%d", sizeof(struct test));
   return 0;
}
```

Run on IDE

2)

```
#include <stdio.h>
struct test
   unsigned int x;
   long int y: 33;
   unsigned int z;
int main()
   struct test t;
```



```
unsigned int *ptrl = &t.x;
unsigned int *ptr2 = &t.z;
printf("%d", ptr2 - ptrl);
return 0;
}
```

Run on IDE

Run on IDE

4) Use bit fields in C to figure out a way whether a machine is little endian or big endian.

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