

## *Feuille de travaux dirigés n° 2* Multi-objective Linear Programming

### Exercise 2.1

We consider the following bi-objective linear programme

$$\begin{array}{ll} \min & -2x_1 + x_2 \\ \min & -4x_1 - 3x_2 \\ \text{s. t.} & x_1 + 2x_2 \leq 10 \\ & x_1 \leq 5 \\ & x \geq 0 \end{array}$$

Solve this problem using the parametric simplex method.

### Exercise 2.2

We consider the following bi-objective linear programme

$$\begin{array}{ll} \min & x_1 + 2x_2 \\ \min & -2x_2 \\ \text{s. t.} & -x_1 + x_2 \leq 3 \\ & x_1 + x_2 \geq 3 \\ & x \geq 0 \end{array}$$

Solve this problem using the parametric simplex method. What happens? What can you say about  $X_E$ ?

### Exercise 2.3

Give examples of MOLPs with the following properties :

1.  $p = 2$  objectives and an optimal solution of the weighted sum  $LP(\lambda)$  with  $\lambda \geq 0$  but  $\lambda_i = 0$  for  $i = 1$  or  $i = 2$  is weakly efficient, but not efficient.
2.  $X_E$  is a singleton, although  $X$  is full-dimensional, i.e.  $\dim X = n$ .
3.  $X \neq \emptyset$  but  $X_E = \emptyset$ .

### Exercise 2.4

Given a MOLP with objective matrix  $C$ .

Let  $x^0 \in X = \{x \geq 0 : Ax = b\}$ . We consider the following LP

$$\begin{array}{ll} \max & e^T z \\ \text{s. t.} & Ax = b \\ & Cx + Iz = Cx^0 \\ & x, z \geq 0 \end{array} \tag{1}$$

where  $e = (1, \dots, 1) \in \mathbb{R}^p$ .

1. Show that if  $(\hat{x}, \hat{z})$  is an optimal solution of (1) then  $\hat{x}$  is an efficient solution of the MOLP.
2. Show that if (1) is unbounded then  $X_E = \emptyset$ .