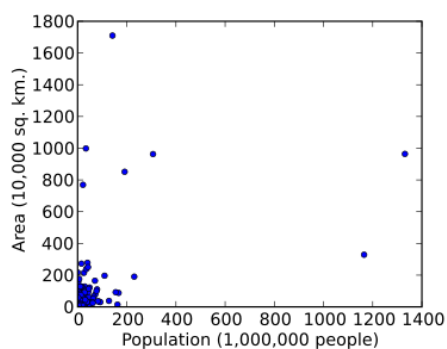


## 01. Self-assessment questions

January 2, 2021

- Look at the scatterplot below<sup>1</sup>



Can you clearly see if there is a dependence between Population and Area?  
Are there any transformations that can help to unveil the possible dependency? If yes, would you apply such transformation on the x-axis, y-axis or both?

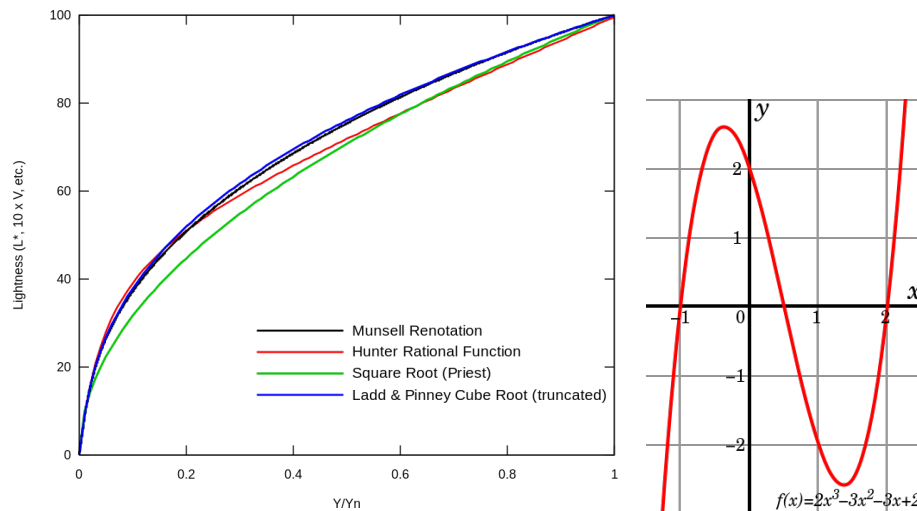
- Look at the two plots below<sup>2 3</sup>

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<sup>1</sup>Attribution Skbkekaskas, CC BY-SA 3.0 <<http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-sa/3.0/>>, via Wikimedia Commons

<sup>2</sup>Attribution: Creative Commons Attribution-ShareAlike 2.5 , [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:Lightness\\_approximations.svg](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:Lightness_approximations.svg)

<sup>3</sup>Attribution: Krishnavedala, CC BY-SA 3.0 <<https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-sa/3.0/>>, via Wikimedia Commons



For each graph, tell if there is a dependence between the x and y variables. If yes, would this result in a null, positive or negative Pearson's correlation coefficient?

- Assume one of your features has 4 values, you can encode them in two ways: (i) Transform them in 0,1,2,3 or (ii) Apply One-Hot Encoding. When would you choose (i) and when (ii)?
- Suppose you have a dataset with 200 columns. One column has 0.1% of missing values. The other column has 30% of missing values. What pre-processing would you apply before applying any supervised or unsupervised machine learning methods? [See the code related to pre-processing]
- Suppose you have a column with the following values: very bad, bad, medium, good, very good, excellent, no-opinion. How would you transform it in numerical form?
- Suppose you have a column with the following values: student, medical doctor, engineer, cashier, no-info-available. How would you transform such column in numerical form?
- Write the formulas of variance (of a feature), standard deviation, Pearson's correlation coefficient.
- Explain how you construct a boxplot and what is the meaning of all the lines that compose it.
- Explain how to calculate the 35-th percentile.