

CCNA v6.0 Exam 2018

Free ICT Training Service

CCNA3 v6.0 Chapter 6 Exam Full 100%

Posted on June 30, 2017 by admin

CCNA3 v6.0 Chapter 6 Exam Full 100%

1. Question

When an EIGRP-enabled router uses a password to accept routes from other EIGRP-enabled routers, which mechanism is used?

- ☐ bounded updates
- ☐ partial updates
- ☒ EIGRP authentication
- ☐ Diffusing Update Algorithm
- ☐ Reliable Transport Protocol

2. Question

What is the purpose of using protocol-dependent modules in EIGRP?

- ☐ to describe different routing processes
- ☐ to identify different application layer protocols
- ☐ to use different transport protocols for different packets
- ☒ to accommodate routing of different network layer protocols

3. Question

If all router Ethernet interfaces in an EIGRP network are configured with the default EIGRP timers, how long will a router wait by default to receive an EIGRP packet from its neighbor before declaring the neighbor unreachable?

- ☐ 10 seconds
- ☒ 15 seconds
- ☐ 20 seconds
- ☐ 30 seconds

4. Question

Which statement describes a characteristic of the delivery of EIGRP update packets?

- ☐ EIGRP uses UDP to send all update packets.
- ☐ EIGRP sends all update packets via unicast.
- ☐ EIGRP sends all update packets via multicast.
- ☒ EIGRP uses a reliable delivery protocol to send all update packets.

5. Question

Which two EIGRP packet types are sent with unreliable delivery? (Choose two.)

- ☐ update
- ☐ query
- ☒ hello
- ☐ reply
- ☒ acknowledgment

6. Question

Which destination MAC address is used when a multicast EIGRP packet is encapsulated into an Ethernet frame?

- ☐ 01-00-5E-00-00-09
- ☐ 01-00-5E-00-00-10
- ☒ 01-00-5E-00-00-0A
- ☐ 01-00-5E-00-00-0B

7. Question

What is identified within the opcode of an EIGRP packet header?

- ☒ the EIGRP message type that is being sent or received from a neighbor
- ☐ the EIGRP autonomous system metrics
- ☐ the EIGRP hold timer agreed upon with a neighbor
- ☐ the EIGRP sum of delays from source to destination

8. Question

An administrator issues the router eigrp 100 command on a router. What is the number 100 used for?

- ☒ as the autonomous system number
- ☐ as the number of neighbors supported by this router
- ☐ as the length of time this router will wait to hear hello packets from a neighbor
- ☐ as the maximum bandwidth of the fastest interface on the router

9. Question

Why would a network administrator use a wildcard mask in the network command when configuring a router to use EIGRP?

- ☐ to lower the router overhead
- ☐ to send a manual summarization
- ☒ to exclude some interfaces from the EIGRP process
- ☐ to subnet at the time of the configuration

10. Question

What information does EIGRP maintain within the routing table?

- ☐ both successors and feasible successors
- ☐ only feasible successors
- ☐ adjacent neighbors
- ☐ all routes known to the router
- ☒ only successors

11. Question

Which table is used by EIGRP to store all routes that are learned from EIGRP neighbors?

- ☐ the routing table
- ☐ the neighbor table
- ☒ the topology table
- ☐ the adjacency table

12. Question

Which command or commands must be entered on a serial interface of a Cisco router to restore the bandwidth to the default value of that specific router interface?

- bandwidth 1500
- shutdown
- no shutdown
- copy running-config startup-config
- reload
- ☒ no bandwidth

13. Question

Which three metric weights are set to zero by default when costs in EIGRP are being calculated? (Choose three.)

- ☐ k1
- ☒ k2
- ☐ k3
- ☒ k4
- ☒ k5
- ☐ k6

14. Question

A new network administrator has been asked to verify the metrics that are used by EIGRP on a Cisco device. Which two EIGRP metrics are measured by using static values on a Cisco device? (Choose two.)

- ☒ bandwidth
- ☐ load
- ☐ reliability
- ☒ delay
- ☐ MTU

15. Question

Refer to the exhibit. Which two networks contain feasible successors? (Choose two.)

```
R4#show ip eigrp topology all-links
IP-EIGRP Topology Table for AS 54

Codes: P - Passive, A - Active, U - Update, Q - Query, R -Reply,
       r - Reply status

P 192.168.41.0/25, 1 successors, FD is 128256
   via Connected, Loopback0
P 10.44.103.252/30, 1 successors, FD is 2816
   via Connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
P 10.44.104.252/30, 1 successors, FD is 25600256
   via Connected, GigabitEthernet0/1
P 192.168.51.0/25, 1 successors, FD is 130816
   via 10.44.103.253 (130816/128256), GigabitEthernet0/0
   via 10.44.104.253 (25600512/261899), GigabitEthernet0/1
P 10.44.101.252/30, 1 successors, FD is 3072
   via 10.44.103.253 (3072/2816), GigabitEthernet0/0
P 10.44.100.252/30, 1 successors, FD is 3072
   via 10.44.103.253 (3072/2816), GigabitEthernet0/0
   via 10.44.104.253 (25600512/2816), GigabitEthernet0/1
P 192.168.71.0/25, 1 successors, FD is 131072
   via 10.44.103.253 (131072/130816), GigabitEthernet0/0
   via 10.44.104.253 (25728256/128256), GigabitEthernet0/1
```

CCNA3 v6.0 Chapter 6 Exam 003

- ☒ 192.168.71.0
- ☐ 192.168.51.0
- ☒ 10.44.100.252
- ☐ 10.44.104.253
- ☐ 10.44.101.252

16. Question

A network administrator wants to verify the default delay values for the interfaces on an EIGRP-enabled router. Which command will display these values?

- ☐ show ip protocols
- ☐ show running-config
- ☒ show interfaces
- ☐ show ip route

17. Question

Refer to the exhibit. R3 has two possible paths to the 172.16.99.0 network. What is the reported distance of the feasible successor route?

```
R3# show ip eigrp topology
IP-EIGRP Topology Table for AS 5
Codes: P - Passive, A - Active, U - Update, Q - Query, R - Reply,
       r - Reply status, s - sia Status

<output omitted>

P 172.16.99.0/24, 1 successors, FD is 2340608
   via 10.0.0.9 (2340608/2169856), Serial0/1/0
   via 10.0.0.5 (10512128/2816), Serial0/1/1

<output omitted>
```

CCNA3 v6.0 Chapter 6 Exam 002

- ☐ 2340608
- ☐ 2169856
- ☐ 10512128
- ☒ 2816

18. Question

Refer to the exhibit. R2 has two possible paths to the 192.168.10.4 network. What would make the alternate route meet the feasibility condition?

```
R2# show ip eigrp topology
EIGRP-IPv4 Topology Table for AS(1)/ID(2.2.2.2)
Codes: P - Passive, A - Active, U - Update, Q - Query, R - Reply,
       r - reply Status, s - sia Status

<output omitted>

P 192.168.10.4/30, 1 successors, FD is 3523840
   via 192.168.10.10 (3523840/2169856), Serial0/0/1
   via 172.16.3.1 (41024000/2169856), Serial0/0/0

<output omitted>
```

CCNA3 v6.0 Chapter 6 Exam 001

- ☒ a reported distance less than 3523840
- ☐ a reported distance greater than 41024000
- ☐ a feasible distance greater than 41024000
- ☐ an administrative distance less than 170

19. Question

Which two factors does an EIGRP router use to determine that a route to a remote network meets the feasible condition and is therefore loop-free? (Choose two.)

- ☐ the successor route on a neighbor router
- ☐ the feasible successor route on the remote router
- ☒ the reported distance on a neighbor router
- ☐ the administrative distance on the remote router
- ☒ the feasible distance on the local router

20. Question

Which configuration is necessary to ensure successful operation of EIGRP for IPv6?

- ☐ The eigrp router-id command requires an IPv6 address within the router configuration mode.
- ☐ The network command is required within the router configuration mode.
- ☒ The no shutdown command is required within the router configuration mode.
- ☐ The router eigrp autonomous-system command is required within the router configuration mode.

21. Question

Fill in the Blank. Use the abbreviation.

EIGRP uses the protocol RTP to deliver EIGRP packets to neighbors.

22. Question

Fill in the blank.

In an EIGRP topology table, a route that is in a/an active state will cause the Diffusing Update Algorithm to send EIGRP queries that ask other routers for a path to this network.

23. Question

Order the precedence in which an EIGRP router would choose the router ID. (Not all options are used.)

first	eigrp router-id command
second	highest priority on active physical interfaces
third	highest IPv4 address on active physical interfaces
	highest IPv4 address on loopback interfaces

CCNA3 v6.0 Chapter 6 Exam 01

24. Question

Match the correct version of EIGRP with the EIGRP features. (Not all options are used.)

EIGRP for IPv4 only	uses Dijkstra's algorithm
EIGRP for IPv6 only	source address for EIGRP messages is a routable address
both EIGRP for IPv4 and EIGRP for IPv6	uses a 32-bit router ID
	source address for EIGRP messages is a link-local address

CCNA3 v6.0 Chapter 6 Exam 02

25. Question

Open the PT Activity. Perform the tasks in the activity instructions and then answer the question.

Which code is displayed on the web server?

- ☐ Done
- ☐ EIGRP
- ☒ Complete
- ☐ IPv6EIGRP

Comments

0 comments

0 Comments

Sort by Newest

 Add a comment...

Facebook Comments Plugin

Categories

Answer – CCNA1 v6.0
Answer – CCNA2 v6.0
Answer – CCNA3 v6.0
Answer – CCNA4 v6.0
IT Essentials – Online-Test
Online Assessment – CCNA1 v6.0
Online Assessment – CCNA2 v6.0
Online Assessment – CCNA3 v6.0
Online Assessment – CCNA4 v6.0
Online Assessment – CCNA2 v6.0
Packet Tracer 7 Download
Uncategorized